

ABB GENERAL PURPOSE DRIVES

### **ACS580 standard control program** Firmware manual



Related documents are listed on page 15.

## **Firmware manual**

### ACS580 standard control program

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# 1

# Introduction to the manual

### Contents of this chapter

The chapter describes applicability, target audience and purpose of this manual. It also describes the contents of this manual and refers to a list of related manuals for more information.

### Applicability

The manual applies to the ACS580 standard control program ASCKX version 2.11. ASCK2 is used for frame sizes R1...R5, and ASCK4 is used for frames sizes R6...R11.

To check the firmware version of the control program in use, see system information (select **Menu - System info - Drive**) or parameter 07.05 *Firmware version* (see page 214) on the control panel.

### Safety instructions

Follow all safety instructions.

- Read the **complete safety instructions** in the *Hardware manual* of the drive before you install, commission, or use the drive.
- Read the **firmware function-specific warnings and notes** before changing parameter values. These warnings and notes are included in the parameter descriptions presented in chapter *Parameters* on page *195*.

### **Target audience**

The reader is expected to know the fundamentals of electricity, wiring, electrical components and electrical schematic symbols.

The manual is written for readers worldwide. Both SI and imperial units are shown. Special US instructions for installations in the United States are given.

### Purpose of the manual

This manual provides information needed for designing, commissioning, or operating the drive system.

### Contents of this manual

The manual consists of the following chapters:

- *Introduction to the manual* (this chapter, page *13*) describes applicability, target audience, purpose and contents of this manual. At the end, it lists terms and abbreviations.
- Start-up, control with I/O and ID run (page 21) describes how to start up the drive as well as how to start, stop, change the direction of the motor rotation and adjust the motor speed through the I/O interface.
- Control panel (page 41) contains instructions for removing and reinstalling the assistant control panel and briefly describes its display, keys and key shortcuts.
- Settings, I/O and diagnostics on the control panel (page 49) describes the simplified settings and diagnostic functions provided on the assistant control panel.
- *Control macros* (page 77) contains a short description of each macro together with a connection diagram. Macros are pre-defined applications which will save the user time when configuring the drive.
- *Program features* (page 107) describes program features with lists of related user settings, actual signals, and fault and warning messages.
- Parameters (page 195) describes the parameters used to program the drive.
- Additional parameter data (page 443) contains further information on the parameters.
- *Fieldbus control through the embedded fieldbus interface (EFB)* (page 505) describes the communication to and from a fieldbus network using the drive embedded fieldbus interface with the Modbus RTU protocol.
- *Fieldbus control through a fieldbus adapter* (page 535) describes the communication to and from a fieldbus network using an optional fieldbus adapter module.
- *Fault tracing* (page 479) lists the warning and fault messages with possible causes and remedies.
- Control chain diagrams (page 551) describes the parameter structure within the drive.
- *Further information* (inside of the back cover, page 569) describes how to make product and service inquiries, get information on product training, provide feedback on ABB Drives manuals and find documents on the Internet.

### **Related documents**

You can find manuals and other product documents in PDF format on the Internet. See section Document library on the Internet on the inside of the back cover. For manuals not available in the Document library, contact your local ABB representative

Drive manuals and guides	Code (English)
Drive/converter/inverter safety instructions	3AXD50000037978
ACS580-01 (0.75 to 250 kW, 1.0 to 350 hp) hardware manual	3AXD50000044794
ACS580-01 frames R1 to R5 quick installation and start- up guide	3AXD50000044838
ACS580-01 frames R6 to R9 quick installation and start- up guide	3AXD50000009286
ACS580-04 drive modules (250 to 500 kW) hardware manual	3AXD50000015497
ACS580-04 modules (250 to 500 kW) quick installation guide	3AXD50000015469
ACS580-07 drives (75 to 500 kW) hardware manual	3AXD50000045815
ACx-AP-x assistant control panels user's manual	3AUA0000085685
ACS-BP-S basic control panels user's manual	3AXD50000032527
Option manuals and guides	Code (English)
ACS580, ACH580 and ACQ580 drive module frames R3 and R5 to R9 for cabinet installation (options +P940 and +P944) supplement	3AXD50000210305
ACS580-01, ACH580-01 and ACQ580-01 installation guide for UK gland plate (option +H358)	3AXD50000034735
CPTC-02 ATEX-certified thermistor protection module, Ex II (2) GD (+L537+Q971) user's manual	3AXD50000030058
CDPI-01 communication adapter module user's manual	3AXD50000009929
DPMP-01 mounting platform for control panels	
	3AUA0000100140
DPMP-02/03 mounting platform for control panels	3AUA0000100140 3AUA0000136205
DPMP-02/03 mounting platform for control panels DPMP-04 and DPMP-05 mounting platform for control panels	
DPMP-04 and DPMP-05 mounting platform for control panels FCAN-01 CANopen adapter module user's manual	3AUA0000136205
DPMP-04 and DPMP-05 mounting platform for control panels FCAN-01 CANopen adapter module user's manual FCNA-01 ControlNet adapter module user's manual	3AUA0000136205 3AXD50000308484
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DPMP-04 and DPMP-05 mounting platform for control panels FCAN-01 CANopen adapter module user's manual FCNA-01 ControlNet adapter module user's manual FDNA-01 DeviceNet™ adapter module user's manual FECA-01 EtherCAT adapter module user's manual	3AUA0000136205 3AXD50000308484 3AFE68615500 3AUA0000141650 3AFE68573360 3AUA0000068940
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FPNO-21 PROFINET adapter module user's manual	3AXD50000158614
FSCA-01 RS-485 adapter module user's manual	3AUA0000109533
FSPS-21 Safety functions fieldbus module user's manual	3AXD50000158638
ACS580-01, ACH580-01 and ACQ580-01+C135 drives with flange mounting kit supplement	3AXD50000019100
ACS580-01, ACH580-01 and ACQ580-01+C135 frames R1 to R3 flange mounting kit quick installation guide	3AXD50000119172
ACS580-01, ACH580-01 and ACQ580-01+C135 frames R4 to R5 flange mounting kit quick installation guide	3AXD50000287093
ACS880-01, ACS580-01, ACH580-01 and ACQ580-01+C135 frames R6 to R9 flange mounting kit quick installation guide	3AXD50000019099
Main switch and EMC C1 filter options (+F278, +F316, +E223) installation supplement for ACS580-01,	3AXD50000155132
ACH580-01 and ACQ580-01 frames R1 to R5	
ACH580-01 and ACQ580-01 frames R1 to R5 UL Type 12 hood quick installation guide for ACS580- 01, ACH580-01 and ACQ580-01 frames R1 to R9	3AXD50000196067
ACH580-01 and ACQ580-01 frames R1 to R5 UL Type 12 hood quick installation guide for ACS580- 01, ACH580-01 and ACQ580-01 frames R1 to R9	
ACH580-01 and ACQ580-01 frames R1 to R5 UL Type 12 hood quick installation guide for ACS580- 01, ACH580-01 and ACQ580-01 frames R1 to R9 Tool and maintenance manuals and guides	Code (English)
ACH580-01 and ACQ580-01 frames R1 to R5 UL Type 12 hood quick installation guide for ACS580- 01, ACH580-01 and ACQ580-01 frames R1 to R9 <b>Tool and maintenance manuals and guides</b> Drive composer PC tool user's manual	<b>Code (English)</b> 3AUA0000094606
ACH580-01 and ACQ580-01 frames R1 to R5 UL Type 12 hood quick installation guide for ACS580- 01, ACH580-01 and ACQ580-01 frames R1 to R9 <b>Tool and maintenance manuals and guides</b> Drive composer PC tool user's manual Converter module capacitor reforming instructions	Code (English) 3AUA0000094606 3BFE64059629
ACH580-01 and ACQ580-01 frames R1 to R5 UL Type 12 hood quick installation guide for ACS580- 01, ACH580-01 and ACQ580-01 frames R1 to R9 <b>Tool and maintenance manuals and guides</b> Drive composer PC tool user's manual	<b>Code (English)</b> 3AUA0000094606

The code(s) below open online listings of the manuals applicable to the products.



guide

ACS580-01 manuals



ACS580-04 manuals



ACS580-07 manuals

Term/abbreviation	Explanation
ACS-BP-S	Basic control panel, basic operator keypad for communication with the drive.
ACX-AP-x	Assistant control panel, advanced operator keypad for communication with the drive.
	The ACS580 supports types ACS-AP-I, ACS-AP-S and ACS-AP-W (with a Bluetooth interface).
AI	Analog input; interface for analog input signals
AO	Analog output; interface for analog output signals
Brake chopper	Conducts the surplus energy from the intermediate circuit of the drive to the brake resistor when necessary. The chopper operates when the DC link voltage exceeds a certain maximum limit. The voltage rise is typically caused by deceleration (braking) of a high inertia motor.
Brake resistor	Dissipates the drive surplus braking energy conducted by the brake chopper to heat. Essential part of the brake circuit. See chapter <i>Brake chopper</i> in the <i>Hardware manual</i> of the drive.
Control board	Circuit board in which the control program runs.
Control unit	Control board built in a housing
CBAI-01	Bipolar to unipolar voltage converter option module
CDPI-01	Communication adapter module
CCA-01	Configuration adapter
CHDI-01	Optional 115/230 V digital input extension module
CMOD-01	Optional multifunction extension module (external 24 V AC/DC and digital I/O extension)
CMOD-02	Optional multifunction extension module (external 24 V AC/DC and isolated PTC interface)
CPTC-02	Optional multifunction extension module (external 24 V and ATEX certified PTC interface)
DC link	DC circuit between rectifier and inverter
DC link capacitors	Energy storage which stabilizes the intermediate circuit DC voltage
DI	Digital input; interface for digital input signals
DO	Digital output; interface for digital output signals
DPMP-01	Mounting platform for ACX-AP control panel (flange mounting)
DPMP-02/03	Mounting platform for ACX-AP control panel (surface mounting)
Drive	Frequency converter for controlling AC motors
EFB	Embedded fieldbus
FBA	Fieldbus adapter
FCAN-01	Optional CANopen adapter module
FCNA-01	ControlNet adapter module
FDNA-01	Optional DeviceNet adapter module

### Terms and abbreviations

Term/abbreviation	Explanation
FECA-01	Optional EtherCAT adapter module
FENA-21	Optional Ethernet adapter module for EtherNet/IP, Modbus/TCP and PROFINET IO protocols
FEIP-21	Optional EtherNet/IP adapter module
FEPL-02	Ethernet POWERLINK adapter module
FMBT-21	Optional Modbus/TCP adapter module
FPBA-01	Optional PROFIBUS DP adapter module
FPNO-21	Optional PROFINET IO adapter module
Frame (size)	Refers to drive physical size, for example R1 and R2. The type designation label attached to the drive shows the frame of the drive, see chapter Operation principle and hardware description, section Type designation label in the Hardware manual of the drive.
FSCA-01	Optional RSA-485 adapter module (Modbus/RTU)
ID run	Motor identification run. During the identification run, the drive will identify the characteristics of the motor for optimum motor control.
IGBT	Insulated gate bipolar transistor
Intermediate circuit	See DC link.
Inverter	Converts direct current and voltage to alternating current and voltage.
I/O	Input/Output
LSW	Least significant word
Macro	Pre-defined default values of parameters in drive control program. Each macro is intended for a specific application. See chapter <i>Control macros</i> on page 77.
NETA-21	Remote monitoring tool
Network control	<ul> <li>With fieldbus protocols based on the Common Industrial Protocol (CIP<sup>TM</sup>), such as DeviceNet and Ethernet/IP, denotes the control of the drive using the Net Ctrl and Net Ref objects of the ODVA AC/DC Drive Profile. For more information, see <u>www.odva.org</u>, and the following manuals:</li> <li><i>FDNA-01 DeviceNet adapter module user's manual</i> (3AFE68573360 [English]), and</li> <li><i>FENA-01/-11/-21 Ethernet adapter module user's manual</i> (3AUA0000093568 [English]).</li> </ul>
Parameter	User-adjustable operation instruction to the drive, or signal measured or calculated by the drive
PID controller	Proportional-integral-derivative controller. Drive speed control is based on PID algorithm.
PLC	Programmable logic controller
PROFIBUS, PROFIBUS DP, PROFINET IO	Registered trademarks of PI - PROFIBUS & PROFINET International

Term/abbreviation	Explanation
PTC	Positive temperature coefficient, thermistor whose resistance is dependent on temperature,
R1, R2,	Frame (size)
RO	Relay output; interface for a digital output signal. Implemented with a relay.
Rectifier	Converts alternating current and voltage to direct current and voltage.
STO	Safe torque off. See chapter <i>The Safe torque off function</i> in the <i>Hardware manual</i> of the drive.

### Cybersecurity disclaimer

This product is designed to be connected to and to communicate information and data via a network interface. It is Customer's sole responsibility to provide and continuously ensure a secure connection between the product and Customer network or any other network (as the case may be). Customer shall establish and maintain any appropriate measures (such as but not limited to the installation of firewalls, application of authentication measures, encryption of data, installation of anti-virus programs, etc) to protect the product, the network, its system and the interface against any kind of security breaches, unauthorized access, interference, intrusion, leakage and/or theft of data or information. ABB and its affiliates are not liable for damages and/or losses related to such security breaches, any unauthorized access, interference, intrusion, leakage and/or theft of data or information.

See also section User lock on page 192.

2

# Start-up, control with I/O and ID run

### Contents of this chapter

The chapter describes how to:

- · perform the start-up
- start, stop, change the direction of the motor rotation and adjust the speed of the motor through the I/O interface
- perform an Identification run (ID run) for the drive.



### How to start up the drive

# How to start up the drive using the First start assistant on the assistant control panel

		Safety				
	Do not start-up the drive unless you are a qualified electrician. Read and obey the instructions in chapter <i>Safety instructions</i> at the beginning of the <i>Hardware manual</i> of the drive. Ignoring the instructions can cause physical injury or death, or damage to the equipment					
		Check the installation. See chapter <i>Installation che</i> drive.	<i>cklist</i> in the <i>Hardware manual</i> of the			
>	<ul> <li>Make sure there is no active start on (DI1 in factory settings, that is, ABB standa macro). The drive will start up automatically at power-up if the external run command is on and the drive is in the remote control mode.</li> <li>Check that the starting of the motor does not cause any danger.</li> <li>De-couple the driven machine if         <ul> <li>there is a risk of damage in case of an incorrect direction of rotation, or</li> <li>a Normal ID run is required during the drive start-up, when the load torque is higher than 20% or the machinery is not able to withstand the nominal torque transient durin the ID run.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>					
		Hints on using the assistan	t control panel			
Hints on using the assistant control panel         The two commands at the bottom of the display (Options and Menu in the figure on the right), show the functions of the two softkeys () and ) located below the display. The commands assigned to the softkeys vary depending on the context.         Use keys (), (), (), () and () to move the cursor and/or change values depending on the active view.       () to move the cursor and/or change values depending on the active view.         Key (?) shows a context-sensitive help page.         For more information, see ACx-AP-x assistant control panels user's manual (3AUA0000085685 [English]).						
		1 – First start assistant gu Language, date and time, and m	-			
		Have the motor name plate data at hand.				
		Power up the drive.				

The First start assistant guides you through the first start-up. The assistant begins automatically. Wait until the control panel enters the view shown on the right. Select the language you want to use by highlighting it (if not already highlighted) and pressing (OK). <b>Note:</b> After you have selected the language, it takes a few minutes to download the language file to the control panel. Select <b>Start set-up</b> and press (Next).	English Deutsch Suomi Français Italiano Nederlands Svenska OK►
	Set-up assistant       Set up drive now?       Start set-up       Exit & don't show at power-up       Back     15:52
Select the localization you want to use and press (Next).	Local ◆
<ul> <li>Change the units shown on the panel if needed.</li> <li>Go to the edit view of a selected row by pressing ●.</li> <li>Scroll the view with ▲ and ●.</li> <li>Go to the next view by pressing (Next).</li> </ul>	Local
<ul> <li>Set the date and time as well as date and time display formats.</li> <li>Go to the edit view of a selected row by pressing ●.</li> <li>Scroll the view with ● and ●.</li> <li>Go to the next view by pressing ● (Next).</li> </ul>	Local ◆       ✓ ACS580       \$0.0 Hz         Date & time       ■         Please enter the current date and time.         Date       04.07.2014 ▶         Time       15:54:04 ▶         Show date as       day.month.year ▶         Show time as       24-hour ▶         Back       15:54       Next

<ul> <li>In an edit view:</li> <li>Use  and  to move the cursor left and right.</li> <li>Use  and  to change the value.</li> <li>Press  (Save) to accept the new setting, or press (Cancel) to go back to the previous view without making changes.</li> </ul>	Local
To give the drive a name that will be shown at the top, press <b>•</b> . If you do not want to change the default name (ACS580), continue straight to the set-up of the motor nominal values by pressing <b>•</b> ( <b>Next</b> ).	Local ◆ ← ACS580 \$0.0 Hz Naming the drive The name will show at the top of the panel screen, making it easier to see which motor this drive controls. Drive name ACS580 ► Back 15:54 Next
<ul> <li>Enter the name:</li> <li>To select the character mode (lower case / upper case / numbers / special characters), press  ▲ until symbol  → is highlighted and then select the mode with  ▲ and  ▲. Now you can start adding characters. The mode remains selected until you select another one.</li> <li>To add a character, highlight it with  ▲ and  ▼, and press  ▲.</li> <li>To remove a letter, press  ▲.</li> <li>Press   (Save) to accept the new setting, or press   (Cancel) to go back to the previous view without making changes.</li> </ul>	Local ◆       ✓ ACS580       \$0.0 Hz         Drive name       abc         ↓       ACS580       abc         ↓       Length: 7/52       Cancel       15:54       Save         Local ◆       ✓ ACS580       \$0.0 Hz       Accondent in the save         ↓       Length: 7/52       Cancel       15:54       Save         ↓       Accs580       \$0.0 Hz       Drive name         Ŷ       abc       ABC       123 J?         Z       Z       Accs580       \$0.0 Hz         ↓       Length: 7/52       Cancel       15:54       Save

Refer to the motor nameplate for the following nominal value settings of the motor. Enter the values exactly as shown on the motor nameplate. Example of a nameplate of an induction (asynchronous) motor: (€ ⊕ Ð ABB Motors M2AA 200 MLA 4 3 ~ motor IEC 200 M/L 55 -No Ins cl IP 55 F cos PIA/IN <sup>t</sup>E/s Hz kW r/min Α V 690 Y 30 1475 32.5 0.83 50 400 D 50 30 1475 56 0.83 660 Y 50 1470 34 0.83 30 380 D 0.83 50 1470 59 30 415 D 50 30 1475 54 0.83 440 D 60 35 1770 59 0.83 Cat. no 3GAA 202 001 - ADA 6312/C3 6210/C3 180 kg -Ð-IEC 34-1 Ð Select the motor type. Local C ACS580 \$0.0 Hz Check that the motor data is correct. Values are Motor nominal values predefined on the basis of the drive size but you Find the values on the motor's should verify that they correspond to the motor. nameplate, and enter them here: Start with the motor nominal current. Туре: Asynchronous motor < If you have to change the value, go to the edit Current: 18A 🕨 view of the selected row by pressing ( ) (when Voltage: 400.0 V 🕨 this symbol is shown at the end of the row). Back 15:56 Next Set the correct value: ACS580 Π Local 🛇 **\$**0.0 Hz • Use 
and 
to move the cursor left and Current: riaht. Use (A) and (v) to change the value. 1.8 🗚 Press (Save) to accept the new setting, or press (Cancel) to go back to the previous view without making changes. ΠŪ 52 Cancel 15:56 Save Continue to check/edit the nominal values and Local� **C** ACS580 \$0.0 Hz select scalar or vector control mode. Motor nominal values Motor nominal  $\cos \Phi$  and nominal torgue are Find the values on the motor's optional. nameplate, and enter them here: Roll down with  $[\mathbf{v}]$  to see the last row in the view. Cos  $\phi$  (optional): 0.00 ► After editing the last row, the control panel goes to 0.000 Nm 🕨 Torque (optional): the next view. Control mode: Scalar < To go directly to the next view, press (Next). Back 15:58 Next

	Direction test is optional, and requires rotating the motor. Do not do this if it could cause any risk, or if the mechanical set-up does not allow it. To do the direction test, select <b>Spin the motor</b> and press (Next).	Local <b>⊘</b> Direction Spin the m Not now Spin the r	notor to check dire	¢0.0 Hz
		Back	15:58	Next
	Press the Start key 💿 on the control panel to start the drive.	are not ac Hz. Press Sta	ACS580 art Until set-up is don tive and motor sp rt now to spin the k the direction of 15:59	eed is 5 motor,
	Check the direction of the motor. If it is forward, select Yes, motor is spinning forward and press (Next) to continue. If the direction is not forward, select No, fix direction and press (Next) to continue. Forward direction Reverse direction	the new d	"No, fix direction" nange direction, ar irection "forward" r is spinning forw	<i>"</i> .
	If you want to make a backup of the settings made so far, select <b>Backup</b> and press (Next). If you do not want to make a backup, select <b>Not</b> <b>now</b> and press (Next).	stored in t	ACS580 ckup? settings into a ba the control panel. go to Menu > Baa 16:00	To restore

The first start is now complete and the drive is	Local 🛇	<b>(*</b> ACS580	<b>≎</b> 0.0 Hz
ready for use.	First sta	rt complete	
Press (Done) to enter the Home view.	Drive is re	eady for use.	
	Start/Sto	ip:	DI1
	Direction		DI2
	Referenc	e (freq):	Al1 scaled
	Back	16:00	Done
The Home view monitoring the values of the	Local⊘	<b>(~</b> ACS580	<b>\$</b> 0.0 Hz
selected signals is shown on the control panel.		requency	)
There are several different Home view displays	Hz	equency	0.00
(see page 45). You can browse them with the	_ Motor ci	urrent	
arrow keys ( 🗨 and 🕩).	A		0.00
	Motor to	rque	
	%	1	0.0
	Options	16:00	Menu
2 – Additional settings in the Pri	mary sett	ings menu	
Make any additional adjustments, for example,	Local 🛇	<b>(*</b> ACS580	<b>\$</b> 0.0 Hz
macro, ramps, and limits, starting from the <b>Main</b>	Main me	-	¥0.0112
menu – press 🦳 (Menu) to enter the Main		mary settings	
		mary secongs	
Select <b>Primary settings</b> and press (Select) (or ).	📲 🖁 1/0	)	►₩
ABB recommends that you make at least these		ignostics	
additional settings:		ignostics	
Choose a macro or set start, stop and reference	Exit	16:00	Select
values individually	Local 🛇	C ACS580	<b>\$</b> 0.0 Hz
Ramps	Primary :	settings ——	
Limits	🔭 Масго	: A	BB standard
With the <b>Primary settings</b> menu, you can also	Motor		•
adjust settings related to the motor, PID, fieldbus,		p, reference	►₩
advanced functions and clock, region and display.	Ramps		►
In addition, the menu contains an item to reset the	Limits		
control panel Home view.	Back	16:00	Select
To get more information on <b>Primary settings</b> menu items, press <b>?</b> to open the help page.			

	2 – Additional settings: Macro				
	Select Macro: and press (Select) (or ).	Local 🛇	<b>(~</b> ACS580	\$0.0 Hz	
		Primary s			
		🔭 Масго:	AB	B standard	
		Motor Search and		<b>•</b>	
		Ramps	p, reference		
		Limits		•	
		Back	16:00	Select	
	To change the macro in use, select the new macro	Local			
	and press 🦳 ( <b>Select</b> ), or to go back without	Control m	<b>~</b> ACS580	\$0.0 Hz	
	changes, press 🥏 ( <b>Back</b> ).		iacro for wiring descript	tions	
	Notes:	WARNING	δ: Resets all settir	igs.	
	<ul> <li>Changing macro resets all settings except motor data to the default values of the selected</li> </ul>	ABB stan	dard	1	
	macro.	3-wire		Ű.	
		PID			
		Back	16:01	Select	
	• When you change the macro, you also change	Local 🛇	<b>(~</b> ACS580	\$0.0 Hz	
	the use of the I/O signals in the drive. Make sure the actual I/O wiring and the use of I/O in		standard	ſ	
	the control program match each other. You can	_	al for start/stop; a	another	
	check the current I/O use in the I/O menu under	for directi default	ion. This is the fac	ctory	
	the <b>Main</b> menu (see page <i>30</i> ).	derault.			
	To get information on a selected macro, press 7. The help page shows the use of signals and	1/0 conn macro:	ections for this co	ontrol	
	I/O connections. For detailed I/O connection	Exit	16:01		
	diagrams, see chapter Control macros (page	Local	C ACS580	<b>≎</b> 0.0 Hz	
	77).		standard	10.0112	
	Scroll the page with ▲ and ▼. T <u>o re</u> turn to the <b>Control macro</b> submenu, press		ections for this co	ntrol 0	
	(Exit).	тасго:			
	All macros, except the ABB standard (vector)	DI1: Sta DI2: For	rt/stop ward/reverse	U I	
	macro, use scalar motor control by default. At the first start you can select to use scalar or	DI3: Cor	nstant speed seled	ction	
	vector motor control. If you later want to change	DI4: Cor	nstant speed seled 16:02	ction	
	the selection, Select Menu - Primary settings -	EXIL	10:02		
	Motor - Control mode and follow the instructions.				
1	instructions.				

I)

2 – Additional settings: Start, stop and reference values				
If you do not wish to use a macro, define the settings for start, stop and reference:	Local 🔷 🧨 ACS580 🗘 \$0.0 Hz	2		
Select Start, stop, reference and press (Select) (or ).	Primary settings ★Macro: ABB standard Motor ►			
	Start, stop, reference			
Adjust the parameters according to your needs.	Back 16:02 Select	-		
Select parameter and press (Select).	Local  ACS580 \$0.0 Hz	41		
When you change the settings, you also change the use of the I/O signals in the drive. Make sure the actual I/O wiring and the use of I/O in the control program match each other. You can check the current I/O use in the <b>I/O</b> menu under the <b>Main</b> menu (see page 30).	Reference from:       All directly ▲         All scaling       ►         Start/stop/dir from:       DI1 start/stop,         Secondary control location       Off ►         Constant frequencies       On ►			
After making the adjustments, go back to the <b>Primary settings</b> menu by pressing (Back).	Back 16:02 Edit	:		
2 – Additional setting (acceleration and deceleration t				
Select <b>Ramps</b> and press (Select) (or ).	Local 🔷 🌈 ACS580 🗘 0.0 Hz	z		
	Primary settings       ★Macro:     ABB standard       Motor     >       Start, stop, reference     >       Ramps     >       Limits     >       Back     16:02     Select			
Adjust the parameters according to your needs. Select a parameter and press (Edit). After making the adjustments, go back to the <b>Primary settings</b> menu by pressing (Back).	Local ◆			

2 – Additional settings: Limits					
	Select Limits and press 🦳 (Select) (or 🕨).	Local 🛇	<b>(*</b> ACS580	\$0.0 Hz	
		Primary s	settings —		
		👗 Масго:	:	ABB standard 🛛	
		Motor		►	
			p, reference	►Ų	
		Ramps		•	
		Limits			
		Back	16:02	Select	
	Adjust the parameters according to your needs.	Local	<b>(</b> * ACS580	<b>\$</b> 0.0 Hz	
	Select a parameter and press 🔙 ( <b>Select</b> ).	Limits —	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
	After making the adjustments, go back to the	Minimum	frequency:	-50.00 Hz	
	Primary settings menu by pressing	Maximum	i frequency:	50.00 Hz	
	(Back).	Maximum	i current:	3.24 A	
		Back	16:03	Edit	
	3 – I/O menu	1			
	After the additional adjustments, make sure that	Local 🛇	<b>C</b> ACS580	<b>\$</b> 0.0 Hz	
	the actual I/O wiring matches the I/O use in the	Main me	nu ———		
	control program.	Pri			
	In the Main menu, select a I/O and press $\bigcirc$		mary setting	S ▶∥	
	(Select) to enter the I/O menu		mary setting	s ►	
	(Select) to enter the I/O menu.			s ►	
	(Select) to enter the I/O menu.			s •	
	(Select) to enter the I/O menu.		)	s • • Select	
	Select a the connection you want to check and	Exit	agnostics	► ► Select	
		Exit	) agnostics	Þ	
	Select a the connection you want to check and	Exit	agnostics	► ► Select	
	Select a the connection you want to check and	Exit	agnostics	Select	
	Select a the connection you want to check and	Exit           Local Φ           I/O           DI1: 0           DI2: 1           DI3: 0	agnostics <u>16:03</u> C ACS580 Used in se	► Select \$0.0 Hz Start/stop ► Direction ► weral places ►	
	Select a the connection you want to check and	Image: Constraint of the second se	ngnostics <u>16:03</u> C ACS580 Used in se Used in se	► ► ► ► ► ► ► ► ► ► ► ► ► ►	
	Select a the connection you want to check and	Exit           Local Φ           I/O           DI1: 0           DI2: 1           DI3: 0	ngnostics <u>16:03</u> C ACS580 Used in se Used in se	► Select \$0.0 Hz Start/stop ► Direction ► weral places ►	

To view the details of a parameter that cannot be adjusted via the <b>I/O</b> menu, press (View).	Local <b>⊘</b> DI1: — Actual value Used for: Add use:		¢0.0 Hz 0 Start∕stop Not used	
	Back	16:04	View	
To adjust the value of a parameter, press (Edit), adjust the value using (A), (V), (A) and (A) keys and press (Save). Note that the actual wiring must match the new value. Go back to the Main menu by pressing (Back) repeatedly.	Local <b>()</b> DI1:	C ACS580	¢0.0 Hz 0 Start∕stop Not used	
	Back	16:04	Edit	
	Local <b>¢</b> Used for:	<b>~</b> ACS580	\$0.0 Hz	$\triangle$
	Not used DI1 start <mark>DI1 start</mark> DI1 forw	ł		
4 – Diagnostics n	nenu			
After making the additional adjustments and checking the I/O connections, use the <b>Diagnostics</b> menu to make sure that the setup is functioning correctly. In the <b>Main</b> menu, select <b>Diagnostics</b> and press (Select) (or ).	1/0	nary settings	¢0.0 Hz ► ► Select	
Select the diagnostics item you want to view and press (Select). Return to the Diagnostics menu by pressing (Back).	Local <b>⊘</b> Diagnosti Start/stop Limit statu Active fau Active ara Active inhe Back	r/reference sur Is Ins Mongs	¢0.0 Hz nmary ► F Select	

5 – Backup	
After you have finished start-up, ABB recommends that you make a backup. In the <b>Main</b> menu, select <b>Backups</b> and press (Select) (or ).	Local ( ACS580 \$0.0 Hz Main menu System info Energy efficiency Backups Exit 16:05 Select
Press (Select) to start backup.	Local ◆         ▲ ACS580         \$0.0 Hz           Backups         Create backup           ▲         ACS580 04.07.2014 autobackup ▶           ▲         ACS580 04.07.2014           ▲         ACS580 04.07.2014           ▲         Back           Back         18:36           Select

### How to control the drive through the I/O interface

The table below describes how to operate the drive through the digital and analog inputs when:

- the motor start-up is performed, and
- the default parameter settings of the ABB standard macro are in use.

Preliminary settings				
If you need to change the direction of rotation, check that limits allow reverse direction: Go to <b>Menu -</b> <b>Primary settings - Limits</b> and make sure that the minimum limit has a negative value and the maximum limit has a positive value.				
Make sure that the control connections are wired according to the connection diagram given for the ABB standard macro.	See section <i>ABB standard macro</i> on page 78.			
Make sure that the drive is in remote control. Press key [LocRem] to switch between remote and local control.	In remote control, the control panel display shows text <b>Remote</b> at the top left.			
Starting and controlling the sp	eed of the motor			
Start by switching digital input DI1 on. The arrow starts rotating. It is dotted until the setpoint is reached. Regulate the drive output frequency (motor speed) by adjusting voltage of analog input AI1.	Remote       ₹. ACS580       20.2 Hz         Output frequency       14.20         Hz       14.20         Motor current       0.39         Motor torque %       1.4         Øptions       13:51			
Changing the direction of the	e motor rotation			
Reverse direction: Switch digital input DI2 on. Forward direction: Switch digital input DI2 off.	Remote       .5 ACS580       -20.3 Hz         Output frequency       -14.90         Hz       -14.90         Motor current       0.39         Motor torque %       -0.9         %       -0.9         Options       14:03			

Stopping the me	otor	
Switch digital input DI1 off. The arrow stops rotating.	Remote 🈙 ACS580	-20.3 Hz
	Output frequency Hz	0.00
	Motor current A	0.00
	Motor torque % %	0.0
	Options 13:52	Menu

### How to perform the ID run

The drive automatically estimates motor characteristics using *Standstill* ID run when the drive is started for the first time in vector control and after any motor parameter (group *99 Motor data*) is changed. This is valid when

- parameter 99.13 ID run requested selection is Standstill and
- parameter 99.04 Motor control mode selection is Vector.

In most applications there is no need to perform a separate ID run. The ID run should be selected manually if:

- vector control mode is used (parameter 99.04 Motor control mode is set to Vector), and
- permanent magnet motor (PM) is used (parameter 99.03 *Motor type* is set to *Permanent magnet motor*), or
- synchronous reluctance motor (SynRM) is used (parameter 99.03 Motor type is set to SynRM), or
- · drive operates near zero speed references, or
- operation at torque range above the motor nominal torque, over a wide speed range is needed.

Do the ID run with the ID run assistant by selecting **Menu - Primary settings - Motor** - **ID run** (see page 36) or with parameter 99.13 *ID run requested* (see page 38).

**Note:** If motor parameters (group 99 *Motor data*) are changed after the ID run, it must be repeated.

**Note:** If you have already parameterized your application using the scalar motor control mode (*99.04 Motor control mode* is set to *Scalar*) and you need to change motor control mode to *Vector*,

 change the control mode to vector with the Control mode assistant (go to Menu -Primary settings - Motor - Control mode) and follow the instructions. The ID run assistant then guides you through the ID run.

or

- set parameter 99.04 Motor control mode to Vector, and
  - for I/O controlled drive, check parameters in groups 22 Speed reference selection, 23 Speed reference ramp, 12 Standard AI, 30 Limits and 46 Monitoring/scaling settings.
  - for torque controlled drive, check also parameters in group 26 Torque reference chain.



### ID run procedure

### With the ID run assistant

	Pre-check			
	WARNING! The motor will run at up to approximately 5080% of the nominal speed during the ID run. The motor will rotate in the forward direction. Make sure that it is safe to run the motor before performing the ID run. Do not do ID run on a rotating motor. Make sure that the motor is stopped before starting the ID run.			
		De-couple the motor from the driven equipment		
		Check that the values of the motor data parameters are equivalent to those on the motor nameplate.		
		Check that the STO circuit is closed.		
The assistant will ask if you want to use temporary n following conditions:			y motor limits. They must meet the	
		Minimum speed ≤ 0 rpm		
		Maximum speed = motor rated speed (Normal ID run procedure needs the motor to be run at 100% speed.)		
$\square Maximum current > I_{HD}$		Maximum current > I <sub>HD</sub>		
		Maximum torque > 50%		
		Make sure that the control panel is in local control key $\boxed{\text{Loc/Rem}}$ to switch between local and remote c	· · · ·	
		ID run		
		Go to the <b>Main</b> menu by pressing (Menu) in the Home view.	Local 🔷 🌈 ACS580 💠 0.0 Hz	
		Select Primary settings and press	Main menu — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	
		(Select) (or (►).	Primary settings     ►	
			Diagnostics	
			Exit 16:00 Select	
		Select <b>Motor</b> and press (Select) (or ().	Local� 🌈 ACS580 🗘 0.0 Hz	
			Primary settings	
			X Macro: ABB standard Motor ►	
			Start, stop, reference	
			Ramps 🕨	
			Limits	
			Back 16:00 Select	

Select <b>ID run</b> (shown only when the drive is in vector control mode) and press (Select) (or ).	Local
Select the type of ID run you want to do and press (Select) (or ().	Local
Warning message <b>Identification run</b> is shown at	Local� 🌈 ACS580 💠 0.0 rpm
the top for a few seconds. Control panel LED starts blinking green to indicate an active warning. Check the motor limits shown on the control panel. If you need other limits during the ID run you can enter them here. The originals limits will be restored after the ID run. Press (Next).	Temporary motor limits         If you need special limits during thelD         run, adjust the values now. Current         values are restored after the ID run.         Minimum speed       -1500.00 rpm ▶         Maximum speed       1360.00 rpm ▶         Back       16:03
Press the start key (()) to start the ID run. In general, ABB recommends not to press any control panel keys during the ID run. However, you can stop the ID run at any time by pressing the stop key (()). During the ID run a progress view is shown. After the ID run is completed, text <b>ID run done</b> is shown. The LED stops blinking. If the ID run fails, fault <i>FF61 ID run</i> is shown. See chapter <i>Fault tracing</i> on page 479 for more	Local ◆
information.	ID run in progress This may take a few minutes. Motor speed used 1351.92 rpm Motor current 1.09 A Motor torque 0.0 % 16:04

With parameter	99.13 ID	run red	quested
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	Pre-check							
Ζ	WARNING! The motor will run at up to approximately 5080% of the nominal speed during the ID run. The motor will rotate in the forward direction. Make sure that it is safe to run the motor before performing the ID run. Do not do ID run on a rotating motor. Make sure that the motor is stopped before starting the ID run.							
	De-couple the motor from the driven equipment							
	Check that the values of the motor data parameter nameplate.	ers are equivalent to those on the motor						
	Check that the STO circuit is closed.							
	If parameter values (from group <i>10 Standard DI, I</i> before the ID run, check that the new settings me	<b>v</b> , v						
	] 30.11 Minimum speed ≤ 0 rpm							
	30.12 Maximum speed = motor rated speed (Norm be run at 100% speed.)	mal ID run procedure needs the motor to						
	30.17 Maximum current > I <sub>HD</sub>							
	<i>30.20 Maximum torque 1</i> > 50% or <i>30.24 Maximum torque 2</i> > 50%, depending on which torque limit set is in use according to parameter <i>30.18 Torq lim sel</i> .							
	Check that signals							
	run enable (parameter 20.12 Run enable 1 source	e) is active						
	start enable (parameter 20.19 Enable start comn	nand) is active						
	enable to rotate (parameter 20.22 Enable to rotate	te) is active.						
	Make sure that the control panel is in local control key Loc/Rem to switch between local and remote	,						
	ID run							
	Go to the <b>Main</b> menu by pressing (Menu) in the Home view.	Local� 🍊 ACS580 \$0.0 Hz						
	Press 🔺.	Main menu Primary settings						
		Filmary settings     F						
		A → Diagnostics ►						
		Exit 16:00 Select						

Select <b>Parameters</b> and press (Select) (or ). Select <b>Complete list</b> and press (Select) (or ).		menu Ener Back Para	gy efficiency cups meters 16:00 C <sup>•</sup> ACS580 s	\$0.0 rpm	
	Back		16:00	Select	
Scroll the page with ▲ and ♥, and select parameter group 99 Motor data and press (Select) (or ►).	96 Sy: 97 Mo	lete l V coni stem itor co er mo	figuration ontrol otor parameters	\$0.0 rpm	<
Scroll the page with A and , and select parameter <b>99.13 ID run requested</b> ( <i>99.13 ID run</i> <i>requested</i> ) and press (Select) (or ).	99.10 M 99.11 M 99.12 M	o <b>tor d</b> Motor Motor Motor Motor	C ACS580 lata nominal speed nominal power nominal cos φ nominal torque requested 16:01	\$0.0 rpm 1360 rpm 0.18 kW 0.00 0.000 Nm None Edit	
Select the ID run type and press (Save) (or ().	[0] [1] [2] [3]	<b>ID ru</b> None Norm Reduc Stand Advar	ced still	\$0.0 rpm	

 $\langle \! \rangle$ 

<

	The control panel returns to the previous view and warning message <b>Identification run</b> is shown at the top for a few seconds. Control panel LED starts blinking green to indicate an active warning ( <i>AFF6</i> ). The <i>AFF6</i> warning view is shown when no key has been pressed for one minute. Pressing ( <b>How to fix</b> ) shows text informing that the ID run will be done at the next start. You can hide the warning view by pressing $\bigcirc$ ( <b>Hide</b> ). Press the start key ( $\bigcirc$ ) to start the ID run. In general, ABB recommends not to press any control panel keys during the ID run. However, you can stop the ID run at any time by pressing the stop key ( $\bigcirc$ ).	⚠ Identification run         99         99.09         Motor data         99.09         99.09         Motor nominal speed         1360 rpm         99.10         Motor nominal power         0.18         99.11         Motor nominal power         0.18         99.11         Motor nominal cos φ         0.00         99.12         Motor nominal torque         0.000         99.13         ID run requested         Normal         Back         16:02         Edit         Local          ✓         Marning AFF6         Aux code: 0000 0000         Identification run         16:01:53         Motor identification run about to be performed         Hide       16:02
	During the ID run the arrow is rotating at the top. After the ID run is completed, text <b>ID run done</b> is shown. The LED stops blinking. If the ID run fails, fault <i>FF61 ID run</i> is shown. See chapter <i>Fault tracing</i> on page 479 for more information.	Local       ▲ ACS580       \$0.0 rpm         99       Motor data         99.09       Motor nominal speed       1360 rpm         99.10       Motor nominal power       0.18 kW         99.11       Motor nominal cos φ       0.00         99.12       Motor nominal torque       0.000 Nm         99.13       ID run requested       Normal         Back       16:03       Edit

# 3

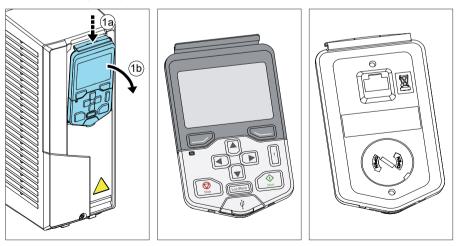
# **Control panel**

# Contents of this chapter

This chapter contains instructions for removing and reinstalling the assistant control panel and briefly describes its display, keys and key shortcuts. For more information, see *ACx-AP-x* assistant control panels user's manual (3AUA0000085685 [English]).

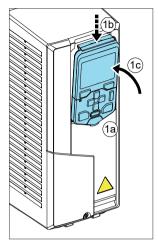
# Removing and reinstalling the control panel

To remove the control panel, press the retaining clip at the top (1a) and pull it forward from the top edge (1b).

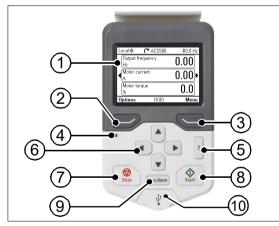


### 42 Control panel

To reinstall the control panel, put the bottom of the container in position (1a), press the retaining clip at the top (1b) and push the control panel in at the top edge (1c).



# Layout of the control panel

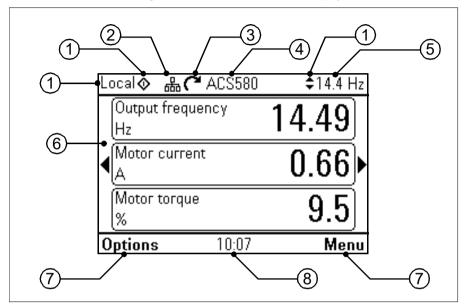


1	Layout of the control panel display
2	Left softkey
3	Right softkey
4	Status LED, see chapter <i>Maintenance</i> and hardware diagnostics, section <i>LEDs</i> in the <i>Hardware manual of the</i> <i>drive</i> .
5	Help

6	The arrow keys
7	Stop (see Start and Stop)
8	Start (see Start and Stop)
9	Local/Remote (see <i>Loc/Rem</i> )
10	USB connector

# Layout of the control panel display

In most views, the following elements are shown on the display:



- 1. Control location and related icons: Indicates how the drive is controlled:
  - **No text**: The drive is in local control, but controlled from another device. The icons in the top pane indicate which actions are allowed:

Text/Icons	•		Giving reference from this panel
	Not allowed	Not allowed	Not allowed

• Local: The drive is in local control, and controlled from this control panel. The icons in the top pane indicate which actions are allowed:

Text/Icons		Starting from this control panel	Stopping from this control panel	Giving reference from this panel
Local	¢	\$ Allowed	Allowed	Allowed

• **Remote**: The drive is in remote control, that is, controlled through I/O or fieldbus. The icons in the top pane indicate which actions are allowed with the control panel:

Text/Icons		Starting from this control panel	Stopping from this control panel	Giving reference from this panel
Remote		Not allowed	Not allowed	Not allowed
Remote 🕎		Allowed	Allowed	Not allowed
Remote	\$	Not allowed	Allowed	Allowed
Remote 🕎	ŧ	Allowed	Allowed	Allowed

- 2. **Panel bus:** Indicates that there are more than one drive connected to this panel. To switch to another drive, go to **Options Select drive**.
- 3. **Status icon**: Indicates the status of the drive and the motor. The direction of the arrow indicates forward (clockwise) or reverse (counter-clockwise) rotation.

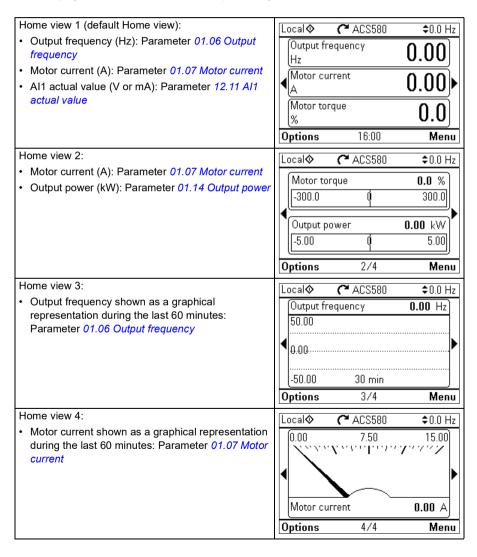
Status icon	Animation	Drive status
۲ ۲	-	Stopped
え	-	Stopped, start inhibited
C+K	Blinking	Stopped, start command given but start inhibited. See <b>Menu - Diagnostics</b> on the control panel
≈⇔⊗	Blinking	Faulted
(~↔	Blinking	Running, at reference, but the reference value is 0
(*⇔?)	Rotating	Running, not at reference
<b>૯</b> ⇔	Rotating	Running, at reference
∭	-	Pre-heating (motor heating) active
$\mathbf{Z}_{\mathbf{Z}_2}$	-	PID sleep mode active

- Drive name: If a name has been given, it is displayed in the top pane. By default, it is "ACS580". You can change the name on the control panel by selecting Menu
   Primary settings Clock, region, display (see page 66).
- Reference value: Speed, frequency, etc. is shown with its unit. For information on changing the reference value in the **Primary settings** menu (see page 50) or in the **Options** menu (see page 75).
- Content area: The actual content of the view is displayed in this area. The content varies from view to view. The example view on page 43 is the main view of the control panel which is called the Home view.
- 7. **Softkey selections**: Displays the functions of the softkeys ( ) in a given context.
- Clock: The clock displays the current time. You can change the time and time format on the control panel by selecting Menu - Primary settings - Clock, region, display (see page 66).

You can adjust the display contrast and back light functionality on the control panel by selecting **Menu - Primary settings - Clock, region, display** (see page <u>66</u>).

# Home view displays

There are four different preconfigured basic configurable Home view displays for assistant panel. Home view 1 is the default Home view. You can browse them with the arrow keys ( $\bigcirc$  and  $\bigcirc$ ). At first the bottom row shows the number of the Home view display, and after a while this is replaced by the time.



You can replace parameters in the Home view displays with other parameters or create new Home view displays showing selected parameters.

- Go to the Home view you want to edit and press the Options softkey (
  ) and select Edit Home view (see page 75), or
- Go to the **Main** menu and select **Parameters**. Open the parameter and press the **Add to view** softkey and select a Home view display, or create a new one.

# Keys

The keys of the control panel are described below.



### Left softkey

The left softkey  $(\bigcirc)$  is usually used for exiting and canceling. Its function in a given situation is shown by the softkey selection in the bottom left corner of the display.

Holding  $\bigcirc$  down exits each view in turn until you are back in the Home view. This function does not work in special screens.

# **Right softkey**

The right softkey ( ) is usually used for selecting, accepting and confirming. The function of the right softkey in a given situation is shown by the softkey selection in the bottom right corner of the display.

# The arrow keys

The up and down arrow keys (  $\bigcirc$  and  $\bigcirc$ ) are used to highlight selections in menus and selection lists, to scroll up and down on text pages, and to adjust values when, for example, setting the time, entering a passcode or changing a parameter value.

The left and right arrow keys (  $\blacksquare$  and  $\bigcirc$  ) are used to move the cursor left and right in parameter editing and to move forward and backward in assistants. In menus,  $\blacksquare$  and  $\bigcirc$  function the same way as  $\bigcirc$  and  $\bigcirc$ , respectively.

# Help

The help key (?) opens a help page. The help page is context-sensitive, in other words, the content of the page is relevant to the menu or view in question.

# Start and Stop

In local control, the start key ( ) and the stop key ( ) starts and stops the drive, respectively.

### Loc/Rem

The location key (LocRem) is used for switching the control between the control panel (Local) and remote connections (Remote). When switching from Remote to Local while the drive is running, the drive keeps running at the same speed. When switching from Local to Remote, the status of the remote location is adopted.

# Key shortcuts

The table below lists key shortcuts and combinations. Simultaneous key presses are indicated by the plus sign (+).

Shortcut	Available in	Effect
+ •	any view	Save a screenshot. Up to fifteen images may be stored in the control panel memory. To transfer images to PC, connect the assistant control panel to PC with a USB cable and the panel will mount itself as an MTP (media transfer protocol) device. Pictures are stored in the screen shots folder. For more instructions, see ACx-AP-x assistant control
		panels user's manual (3AUA0000085685 [English]).
→ + ▲, → + ▼	any view	Adjust backlight brightness.
↓ + ▲, ↓ + ▼	any view	Adjust display contrast.
🔺 or 🔻	Home view	Adjust reference.
▲ + ▼	parameter edit views	Revert an editable parameter to its default value.
◀ + ►	view showing a list of selections for a parameter	Show/hide selection index numbers.
(keep down)	any view	Return to the Home view by pressing down the key until the Home view is shown.

### 48 Control panel

# 4

# Settings, I/O and diagnostics on the control panel

# Contents of this chapter

This chapter provides detailed information about the **Primary settings**, **I/O**, **Diagnostics**, **Systems info**, **Energy efficiency** and **Backups** menus on the control panel.

To get to the **Primary settings**, **I/O**, **Diagnostics**, **Systems info**, **Energy efficiency** or **Backups** menu from the Home view (see section *Home view displays* on page 45), first select **Menu** to go the **Main** menu, and in the **Main** menu, select the menu you want.

Local 🛇	<b>(*</b> ACS580	<b>\$</b> 0.0 Hz	Local 🛇	<b>(*</b> ACS580	\$0.0 Hz
Output fr Hz	equency	0.00	Main me	nu — imary settings	▶
<b>●</b> A	irrent	0.00			► I
Motor to	rque	0.0	A Di	agnostics	•
Options	16:00	Menu	Exit	16:00	Select

To read about the **Options** menu opening from the **Options** softkey ( $\bigcirc$ ), see page 75.

# Primary settings menu

Local 🛇	<b>~</b> ACS580	<b>\$</b> 0.0 Hz
Primary s	ettings —	
👗 Масго:		ABB standard
Motor		•
Start, stop	, reference	►Ų
Ramps		▶
Limits		•
Back	16:00	Select

To go the **Primary settings** menu from the Home view, select **Menu - Primary settings**.

The **Primary settings** menu enables you to adjust and define additional settings used in the drive.

After making the guided settings using the first start assistant, ABB recommends that you make at least these additional settings:

- · Select a Macro or set Start, stop, reference values
- Ramps
- Limits

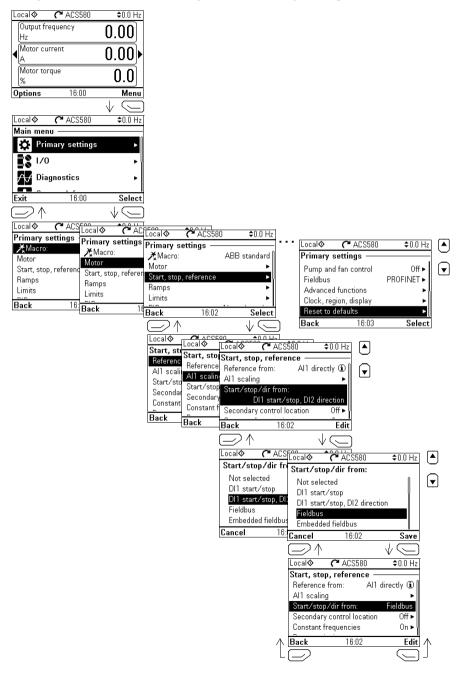
With the **Primary settings** menu, you can also adjust settings related to the motor, PID, fieldbus, advanced functions and clock, region and display. In addition, you can reset the fault and event logs, control panel Home view, parameters not related to hardware, fieldbus settings, motor data and ID run results, all parameters, end user texts as well as reset everything to factory defaults.

Note that the **Primary settings** menu only enables you to modify some of the settings: more advanced configuration is done via the parameters: Select **Menu - Parameters**. For more information on the different parameters, see chapter *Parameters* on page *195*.

In the **Setting** menu, the  $\triangle$  symbol indicates multiple connected signals/parameters. The  $\bigstar$  symbol indicates that the setting provides an assistant when modifying the parameters.

To get more information on **Primary settings** menu items, press the **?** key to open the help page.

The figure below shows how to navigate in the Primary settings menu.



The sections below provide detailed information about the contents of the different submenus available in the **Primary settings** menu.

### Macro

Local 🛇	<b>(~</b> ACS580	<b>\$</b> 0.0 Hz
Control m	асго	
Press [?] f WARNING	or wiring descript ): Resets all settin	tions. Igs.
ABB stan	dard	Û
3-wire		Ŭ
PID		
Back	16:01	Select
Dack	10:01	Select

Use the **Macro** submenu to quickly set up drive control and reference source by selecting from a set of predefined wiring configurations.

**Note:** For detailed information about the available macros, see *Control macros* (page 77).

If you do not wish to use a macro, manually define the settings for **Start, stop, reference**. Note that even if you select to use a macro, you can also modify the other settings to suit your needs.

### Motor

Local� 🍊 ACS580	<b>\$</b> 0.0 Hz	] [	Local�	<b>(~</b> ACS580	\$0.0 rpm
Motor			Motor —		
🕂 Control mode	Scalar		🔏 Contro		Vector
ᄎ Nominal values			XNomin	al values	
Thermal protection estimated	20 °C ► 🛛		👗 ID run		Done
Thermal protection measured	•		Thermal (	protection estimated	20 °C ► 🛛
Start mode:	Normal		Thermal (	protection measured	•
<b>Back</b> 16:00	Select		Back	 16:00	Select

Use the **Motor** submenu to adjust motor-related settings, such as nominal values, control mode or thermal protection.

Note that settings that are visible depend on other selections, for example vector or scalar control mode, used motor type or selected start mode.

Three assistants are available: Control mode, Nominal value and ID run (for vector control mode only).

The table below provides detailed information about the available setting items in the **Motor** menu.

Menu item	Description	Corresponding parameter
Control mode	Selects whether to use scalar or vector control mode.	99.04 Motor control mode
	For information on scalar control mode, see <i>Scalar motor control</i> on page <i>156.</i>	
	For information on vector control mode, see Vector motor control on page 157.	
Nominal values	Enter the motor's nominal values from the motor's nameplate.	99.06 Motor nominal current 99.12 Motor nominal torque
Thermal protection estimated	The settings in this submenu are meant to protect the motor from overheating by automatically triggering a fault or warning above a certain temperature.	35 Motor thermal protection
	By default, motor thermal estimate protection is on. ABB recommends checking the values for the protection to function properly.	
	For more information, see <i>Motor thermal protection</i> on page <i>177</i> .	
Thermal protection measured	The settings in this submenu are meant to protect the motor with a thermal measurement from overheating by automatically triggering a fault or warning above a certain temperature.	35 Motor thermal protection
	For more information, see <i>Motor thermal protection</i> on page 177.	
Start mode:	Sets how the drive starts the motor (for example pre-magnetize or not).	21 Start/stop mode
Flux braking:	Sets how much current to use for braking, that is, how the motor is magnetized before starting. For more information, see <i>Flux braking</i> on page 160.	97.05 Flux braking
U/f ratio:	The form of voltage to frequency ratio below field weakening point.	97.20 U/F ratio
IR compensation:	Sets how much to boost voltage at zero speed. Increase this for higher break-away torque. For more information, see <i>IR compensation for scalar</i> <i>motor control</i> on page 157.	97.13 IR compensation
Pre-heating	Turns pre-heating on or off. The drive can prevent condensation in a stopped motor by feeding it a fixed current (% of motor nominal current). Use in humid or cold conditions to prevent condensation.	21.14 Pre-heating input source 21.16 Pre-heating current
Phase order:	If the motor turns in the wrong direction, change this setting to fix the direction instead of changing the phase order on the motor cable.	99.16 Motor phase order

### Start, stop, reference

Local 🛇	<b>(*</b> ACS580	<b>≎</b> 0.0 Hz
Start, stop	, reference —	
Reference	from: Al1	directly 🛆
Al1 scaling	l	•
Start/stop/dir from: DI1 start/stop,		
Secondary control location Off ►		
Constant frequencies On 🕨		
- ·		
Back	16:02	Edit

Use the **Start, stop, reference** submenu to set up start/stop commands, reference, and related features, such as constant speeds or run permissions.

The table below provides detailed information about the available setting items in the **Start, stop, reference** menu.

Menu item	Description	Corresponding parameter
Reference from	Sets where the drive gets its reference when remote control (EXT1) is active.	28.11 Ext1 frequency ref1 or 22.11 Ext1 speed ref1 12.19 Al1 scaled at Al1 min
Reference-related settings (e.g. Al scaling, Al2 scaling, Motor potentiometer settings) depending on the selected reference	The voltage or current fed to the input is converted into a value the drive can use (for example reference).	12.20 Al1 scaled at Al1 max
Start/stop/dir from:	Sets where the drive gets start, stop, and (optionally) direction commands when remote control (EXT1) is active.	20.01 Ext1 commands
Secondary control location	Settings for the secondary remote control location, EXT2. These settings include reference source, start, stop, direction and command sources for EXT2. By default, EXT2 is set to <b>Off</b> .	19.11 Ext1/Ext2 selection 28.15 Ext2 frequency ref1 or 22.18 Ext2 speed ref1 12.17 Al1 min 12.18 Al1 max 12.27 Al2 min 12.28 Al2 max 20.06 Ext2 commands 20.08 Ext2 in1 source 20.09 Ext2 in2 source 20.10 Ext2 in3 source

Menu item	Description	Corresponding parameter
Constant speeds / Constant frequencies	These settings are for using a constant value as the reference. By default, this is set to <b>On</b> . For more information, see <i>Constant</i> <i>speeds/frequencies</i> on page <i>124</i> .	28.21 Constant frequency function or 22.21 Constant speed function 28.26 Constant frequency 1 28.27 Constant frequency 2 28.28 Constant frequency 3 22.26 Constant speed 1 22.27 Constant speed 2 22.28 Constant speed 3
Jogging	These settings allow you to use a digital input to briefly run the motor using predefined speed and acceleration/deceleration ramps. By default, jogging is disabled and it can only be used in the Vector control mode. For more information, see <i>Jogging</i> on page <i>165</i> .	20.25 Jogging enable 22.42 Jogging 1 ref 22.43 Jogging 2 ref 23.20 Acc time jogging 23.21 Dec time jogging
Run permissions	Settings to prevent the drive from running or starting when a specific digital input is low.	20.12 Run enable 1 source 20.11 Run enable stop mode 20.19 Enable start command 20.22 Enable to rotate 21.05 Emergency stop source 21.04 Emergency stop mode 23.23 Emergency stop time

### Ramps

Local� 🏾 🥐 Al	CS580	¢0.0 Hz
Ramps ———		
Acceleration time	:	20.000 s
Deceleration time		20.000 s
Frequency scaling	g for ram:	50.00 Hz 🕴
Shape time:		0.000 s
Stop mode:		Coast
Back 1	6:02	Edit

Use the **Ramps** submenu to set up acceleration and deceleration settings.

**Note:** To set ramps, you also have to specify parameter *46.01 Speed scaling* (in speed control mode) or *46.02 Frequency scaling* (in frequency control mode).

The table below provides detailed information about the available setting items in the **Ramps** menu.

Menu item	Description	Corresponding parameter
Acceleration time:	This is the time between standstill and "scaling speed" when using the default ramps (set 1).	23.12 Acceleration time 1 28.72 Freq acceleration time 1
Deceleration time:	This is the time between standstill and "scaling speed" when using the default ramps (set 1).	23.13 Deceleration time 1 28.73 Freq deceleration time 1
Frequency scaling for ramps:	This is the maximum speed/frequency value for acceleration ramp rate and the initial value for deceleration ramp rate. Applies to both ramp sets.	46.02 Frequency scaling
Shape time:	Sets the shape of the default ramps (set 1).	23.32 Shape time 1 28.82 Shape time 1
Stop mode:	Sets how the drive stops the motor.	21.03 Stop mode
Use two ramp sets	Sets the use of a second acceleration/deceleration ramp set. If unselected, only one ramp set is used. Note that if this selection is not enabled, the selections below are not available.	
Activate ramp set 2:	<ul> <li>To switch ramp sets, you can either:</li> <li>use a digital input (low = set 1; high = set 2), or</li> <li>automatically switch to set 2 above a certain frequency/speed.</li> </ul>	23.11 Ramp set selection 28.71 Freq ramp set selection
Acceleration time 2:	Sets the time between standstill and "scaling speed" when using ramp set 2.	23.14 Acceleration time 2 28.74 Freq acceleration time 2
Deceleration time 2:	Sets the time between standstill and "scaling speed" when using ramp set 2.	23.15 Deceleration time 2 28.75 Freq deceleration time 2

Menu item	Description	Corresponding parameter
Shape time 2: Sets the shape of ramps in set 2.		23.33 Shape time 2
		28.83 Shape time 2

### Limits

Local 🛇	<b>(*</b> ACS580	<b>\$</b> 0.0 Hz
Limits —		
Minimum fr	requency:	-50.00 Hz
Maximum f	requency:	50.00 Hz
Maximum current:		3.24 A
Back	16:03	Edit

Use the **Limits** submenu to set the allowed operating range. This function is intended to protect the motor, connected hardware and mechanics. The drive stays within these limits, no matter what reference value it gets.

**Note:** To set ramps, you also have to specify parameter 46.01 Speed scaling (in speed control mode) or 46.02 Frequency scaling (in frequency control mode); these limit parameters have no effect on ramps.

The table below provides detailed information about the available setting items in the **Limits** menu.

Menu item	Description	Corresponding parameter
Minimum frequency	Sets the minimum operating frequency. Affects scalar control only.	30.13 Minimum frequency
Maximum frequency	Sets the maximum operating frequency. Affects scalar control only.	30.14 Maximum frequency
Minimum speed	Sets the minimum operating speed. Affects vector control only.	30.11 Minimum speed
Maximum speed	Sets the maximum operating speed. Affects vector control only.	30.12 Maximum speed
Minimum torque	Sets the minimum operating torque. Affects vector control only.	30.19 Minimum torque 1
Maximum torque	Sets the maximum operating torque. Affects vector control only.	30.20 Maximum torque 1
Maximum current	Sets the maximum output current.	30.17 Maximum current

PID
-----

Local� 🍊 ACS580	<b>≎</b> 0.0 Hz
PID ———	
PID is controlling:	Not selected
PID output:	0.00 ►
Unit:	°C
Deviation:	0.00 °C ► 🕯
Setpoint:	0.00 °C ►
	<u> </u>
Back 16:02	Edit

The **PID** submenu contains settings and actual values for the process PID controller for controlling multiple pumps or fans through the drive's relay outputs.

The table below provides detailed information about the available setting items in the **PID** menu.

Menu item	Description	Corresponding parameter
PID is controlling:	Sets what to use PID output for:	40.07 Process PID
	<ul> <li>Not selected: PID not used.</li> </ul>	operation mode
	• Frequency reference (or Speed reference, depending on the motor control mode): Uses PID output as a frequency (speed) reference when remote control (EXT1) is active.	
PID output:	View the process PID output or set its range.	40.01 Process PID output actual 40.36 Set 1 output min 40.37 Set 1 output max
Unit:	PID customer unit. Sets the text shown as the unit for setpoint, feedback and deviation.	
Deviation:	View or invert process PID deviation.	40.04 Process PID deviation actual 40.31 Set 1 deviation inversion
Setpoint:	View or configure the process PID setpoint, that is, the target process value.	setpoint actual
	You can also use a constant setpoint value instead of (or in addition to) an external setpoint source. When a constant setpoint is active, it overrides the normal setpoint.	40.16 Set 1 setpoint 1 source
Feedback:	View or configure process PID feedback, that is, the measured value.	40.02 Process PID feedback actual 40.08 Set 1 feedback 1 source 40.11 Set 1 feedback filter time

Menu item	Description	Corresponding parameter
Tuning	<ul> <li>The <b>Tuning</b> submenu contains settings for gain, integration time and derivation time.</li> <li>1. Make sure it is safe to start the motor and run the actual process.</li> <li>2. Start the motor in remote control.</li> <li>3. Change setpoint by a small amount.</li> <li>4. Watch how feedback reacts.</li> <li>5. Adjust gain/integration/derivation.</li> <li>6. Repeat steps 3-5 until feedback reacts as</li> </ul>	40.32 Set 1 gain 40.33 Set 1 integration time 40.34 Set 1 derivation time 40.35 Set 1 derivation filter time
Sleep function	<ul> <li>The sleep function can be used to save energy by stopping the motor during low demand. By default, sleep function is disabled. If enabled, the motor automatically stops when demand is low, and starts again when deviation grows too large. This saves energy when rotating the motor at low speeds would be useless.</li> <li>See section <i>Sleep and boost functions for process PID control</i> on page <i>132</i>.</li> </ul>	40.45 Set 1 sleep boost time 40.46 Set 1 sleep boost step 40.47 Set 1 wake-up deviation 40.49 Set 1 wake up

### Pump and fan control

Local� 🛛 🥐 ACS5	580 \$0.0 Hz
Pump and fan cont	rol ———
PFC mode:	PFC
Configure PFC 1/0	•
Configure PFC contro	ol 🕨
Configure Autochang	je Not selected 🕨
Back 16:0	2 Edit

The **Pump and fan control** submenu contains settings for the Pump and fan control logic. The Pump and fan control is supported in external control location EXT2 only.

The table below provides detailed information about the available setting items in the **Pump and fan control** menu.

Menu item	Description	Corresponding parameter
PFC mode:	See section <i>Pump and fan control (PFC)</i> on page 142.	76.21 Multipump configuration
	Selects the PFC or SPFC control.	
Configure PFC I/O	Configures PFC/SPFC I/O. <ul> <li>Number of motors</li> <li>ROs</li> <li>Interlocks</li> <li>Check I/O configuration (See I/O menu on page 69.)</li> </ul>	76.25 Number of motors 76.27 Max number of motors allowed 76.59 PFC contactor delay 10.24 RO1 source 10.27 RO2 source 10.30 RO3 source 76.81 PFC 1 interlock 76.82 PFC 2 interlock 76.83 PFC 3 interlock 76.84 PFC 4 interlock
Configure PFC control	Configures PFC/SPFC control	76.85 PFC 5 interlock         76.86 PFC 6 interlock         76.30 Start point 1         76.31 Start point 2         76.33 Start point 3         76.33 Start point 4         76.34 Start point 5         76.41 Stop point 1         76.42 Stop point 2         76.43 Stop point 3         76.45 Stop point 4         76.55 Start delay         76.56 Stop delay
Configure Autochange	Configures Autochange	76.70 PFC autochange 76.71 PFC autochange interval 76.72 Maximum wear imbalance 76.73 Autochange level

### Fieldbus

Local <b>(</b>	acs580	\$0.0 Hz	Local�
Fieldbus			Fieldb
Fieldbus	selection:	Not selected	Fieldb
			Comm
			Drive
			Receiv
<b>D</b> 1	10.00	E 12.	<u> </u>
Back	16:02	Edit	Back

Use the settings in the Fieldbus submenu to use the drive with a fieldbus:

- CANopen
- ControlNet
- DeviceNet<sup>TM</sup>
- Ethernet POWERLINK
- EtherCAT
- Ethernet/IP<sup>TM</sup>
- RS-485
- Modbus (RTU or TCP)
- PROFIBUS DP
- PROFINET IO

You can also configure all the fieldbus related settings via the parameters (parameter groups 50 Fieldbus adapter (FBA), 51 FBA A settings, 52 FBA A data in, 53 FBA A data out, 58 Embedded fieldbus), but the purpose of the **Fieldbus** menu is to make the protocol configurations easier.

Note that only Modbus RTU is embedded and the other fieldbus modules are optional adapters. For the optional modules, the following adapters are required to the needed protocols:

- CANopen: FCAN-01
- ControlNet: FCNA-01
- DeviceNet<sup>TM</sup>: FDNA-01
- Ethernet POWERLINK: FEPL-02
- EtherCAT: FECA-01
- Ethernet/IP<sup>TM</sup>: FENA-21
- Modbus/TCP: FMBT-21, FENA-21
- RS-485: FSCA-01
- PROFIBUS DP: FPBA-01
- PROFINET IO: FENA-21

The table below provides detailed information about the available setting items in the **Fieldbus** menu. Note that some of the items only become active once you have enabled fieldbus.

Menu item	Description	Corresponding parameter
Fieldbus selection	Select this if you want to use the drive with a	51.01 FBA A type
	fieldbus.	58.01 Protocol enable
Communication	To set up communication between the drive and	51 FBA A settings
setup	the fieldbus master, define these settings and then	51.01 FBA A type
	select Apply settings to fieldbus module.	51.02 FBA A Par2
		51.27 FBA A par refresh
		51.31 D2FBA A comm status
		50.13 FBA A control
		word
		50.16 FBA A status
		word
		58 Embedded fieldbus
		58.01 Protocol enable
		58.03 Node address
		58.04 Baud rate
		58.05 Parity 58.25 Control profile
Drive control actum	Cata have a fieldhua maatar aan aantral this drive	20.01 Ext1 commands
Drive control setup	Sets how a fieldbus master can control this drive, and how the drive reacts if the fieldbus	19.11 Ext1/Ext2
	communication fails.	selection
	communication fails.	22.11 Ext1 speed ref1
		28.11 Ext1 frequency
		ref1
		22.41 Speed ref safe
		28.41 Frequency ref
		safe 50.03 FBA A comm loss
		t out
		46.01 Speed scaling
		46.02 Frequency scaling
		23.12 Acceleration time
		1
		23.13 Deceleration time
		1 29.72 Error acceleration
		28.72 Freq acceleration time 1
		28.73 Freq deceleration
		time 1
		51.27 FBA A par refresh
		58.14 Communication
		loss action
		58.15 Communication loss mode
		58.16 Communication
		loss time
Received data from	Sets what the drive's fieldbus module expects to	50.13 FBA A control
master	receive from the fieldbus master (PLC). After	word
	changing these settings, select Apply settings to	53 FBA A data out
	fieldbus module.	51.27 FBA A par refresh
		58.18 EFB control word 03.09 EFB reference 1
		US.US EFB relefence T

Menu item	Description	Corresponding parameter
Send data to master	Sets what the drive's fieldbus module sends to the fieldbus master (PLC). After changing these settings, select <b>Apply settings to fieldbus module</b> .	50.16 FBA A status word 52 FBA A data in 51.27 FBA A par refresh 58.19 EFB status word
Apply settings to fieldbus module	Applies modified settings to the fieldbus module.	51.27 FBA A par refresh 58.06 Communication control

# Advanced functions

Back	16:02	Select
Supervisior	ו	•
Autoreset f		Off►
Reset from	keypad and	Custom
□ Addition	al fault reset	
External ev	ents	►
Advanced	functions —	
Local <b>(</b>	C ACS580	¢0.0 Hz

The **Advanced functions** submenu contains settings for advanced functions, such as triggering or resetting faults via I/O, signal supervision, using the drive with timed functions, or switching between several entire sets of settings.

The table below provides detailed information about the available setting items in the **Advanced functions** menu.

Menu item	Description	Corresponding parameter
External events	Enables you to define custom faults or warnings you can trigger via digital input. The texts of these messages are customizable.	31.01 External event 1 source 31.02 External event 1 type 31.03 External event 2 source 31.04 External event 2 type 31.05 External event 3 source 31.06 External event 3 type
Additional fault reset	You can reset an active fault via I/O: a rising pulse in the selected input means reset.	31.11 Fault reset selection
	A fault can be reset from the fieldbus even if <b>Reset</b> faults manually is unselected.	
Reset from keypad and	Define from where you want to reset faults manually. Note that this submenu is active only if you have selected to reset faults manually.	31.11 Fault reset selection

Menu item	Description	Corresponding parameter
Autoreset faults	Reset faults automatically. For more information, see <i>Automatic fault resets</i> on page <i>185</i> .	31.12 Autoreset selection 31.14 Number of trials 31.15 Total trials time 31.16 Delay time
Supervision	You can select three signals to be supervised. If a signal is outside predefined limits a fault or warning is generated. For complete settings, see group 32 <i>Supervision</i> on page 319.	32.01 Supervision status 32.05 Supervision 1 function 32.06 Supervision 1 action 32.07 Supervision 1 signal 32.09 Supervision 1 low 32.10 Supervision 1 high 32.11 Supervision 1 hysteresis  32.25 Supervision 3 function 32.26 Supervision 3 action 32.27 Supervision 3 signal 32.29 Supervision 3 low 32.30 Supervision 3 high 32.31 Supervision 3 hysteresis
Stall protection	<ul> <li>The drive can detect a motor stall and automatically fault or show a warning message.</li> <li>Stall condition is detected when:</li> <li>current is high (above certain % of motor nominal current), and</li> <li>output frequency (scalar control) or motor speed (vector control) is below a certain limit, and</li> <li>the conditions above have been true for a certain minimum duration.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>31.24 Stall function</li> <li>31.25 Stall current limit</li> <li>31.26 Stall speed limit</li> <li>31.27 Stall frequency limit</li> <li>31.28 Stall time</li> </ul>

Menu item	Description	Corresponding parameter	
Timed functions	Enables using the drive with timed functions. For complete settings, see group <i>34 Timed functions</i> on page <i>327</i> .	34.100 Timed function 1 34.101 Timed function 2 34.102 Timed function 3 34.11 Timer 1 configuration 34.12 Timer 1 start time 34.13 Timer 1 duration  34.44 Timer 12 configuration 34.45 Timer 12 start time 34.46 Timer 12 duration 34.111 Boost time activation source 34.112 Boost time duration	
User sets	This submenu enables you to save multiple sets of settings for easy switching. For more information about user sets, see <i>User parameter sets</i> on page 190.	save/load	

### Clock, region, display

Local 🛇	<b>(*</b> ACS580	\$0.0 Hz
Clock, reg	ion, display —	
Language		►
Date & tim	е	•
Units		•
Drive name	)	ACS580
Contact inf	o in fault view	Off ►
Back	16:02	Select

The **Clock, region, display** submenu contains settings for language, date and time, display (such as brightness) and settings for changing how information is displayed on screen.

The table below provides detailed information about the available setting items in the **Clock, region, display** menu.

Menu item	Description	Corresponding parameter
Language	Change the language used on the control panel screen. Note that the language is loaded from the drive so this takes some time.	96.01 Language
Date & time	Set the time and date, and their formats.	
Units	Select the units used for power, temperature and torque.	
Drive name:	The drive name defined in this setting is shown in the status bar at the top of the screen while using the drive. If more than one drives are connected to the control panel, the drive names make it easy to identify each drive. It also identifies any backups you create for this drive.	
Contact info in fault view	Define a fixed text that is shown during any fault (for example, who to contact in case of a fault). If a fault occurs, this information appears on the	
	control panel screen (in addition to the fault- specific information).	
Display settings	Adjust the brightness, contrast and display power save delay of the control panel screen or to invert white and black.	
Show in lists	Show or hide the numeric IDs of:	
	<ul> <li>parameters and groups</li> </ul>	
	option list items	
	• bits	
	<ul> <li>devices in Options &gt; Select drive</li> </ul>	
Show inhibit pop-up	Enables or disables pop-up views showing information on inhibits, for example when you try to start the drive but it is prevented.	

# Reset to defaults

Back		Select
₩Reset	motor data and ID	run resu
₩Reset	all fieldbus setting:	s
₩Reset	non-HW parameter	гs
₩Reset	home view layout	
🖵 Reset	fault and event log	s
Reset to	defaults ——	
Local <b>۞</b>	<b>(~</b> ACS580	\$0.0 Hz

# The Reset to defaults submenu enables you to reset parameters and other settings.

Menu item	Description	Corresponding parameter
Reset fault and event logs	Clears all events from the drive's fault and event logs.	96.51 Clear fault and event logger
Reset home view layout	Restores the Home view layout back to show the values of the default parameters defined by the control macro in use.	96.06 Parameter restore, selection Reset home view
Reset non-HW parameters	<ul> <li>Restores all editable parameter values to default values, except</li> <li>motor data and ID run results</li> <li>I/O extension module settings</li> <li>end user texts, such as customized warnings and faults, and the drive name</li> <li>control panel/PC communication settings</li> <li>fieldbus adapter settings</li> <li>control macro selection and the parameter defaults</li> <li>parameter 95.01 Supply voltage</li> <li>differentiated defaults implemented by parameters 95.20 HW options word 1 and 95.21 HW options word 2</li> <li>user lock configuration parameters 96.10096.102.</li> </ul>	96.06 Parameter restore, selection Restore defaults
Reset all fieldbus settings	Restores all fieldbus and communication related settings to default values. <b>Note:</b> Fieldbus, control panel and PC tool communication are interrupted during the restore.	96.06 Parameter restore, selection Reset all fieldbus settings
Reset motor data and IR run results	Restores all motor nominal values and motor ID run results to default values.	96.06 Parameter restore, selection Reset motor data

Menu item	Description	Corresponding parameter
Reset all parameters	Restores all editable parameter values to default values, except	96.06 Parameter restore, selection Clear all
	<ul> <li>end user texts, such as customized warnings and faults, and the drive name</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>control panel/PC communication</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>settings control macro selection and the parameter defaults</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>parameter 95.01 Supply voltage</li> </ul>	
	differentiated defaults implemented by     parameters 95.20 HW options word 1 and 95.21     HW options word 2	
	<ul> <li>user lock configuration parameters 96.10096.102</li> </ul>	
	• group 49 Panel port communication parameters.	
Reset end user texts	Restores all end user texts to default values, including the drive name, contact info, customized fault and warning texts, PID unit and currency unit.	96.06 Parameter restore, selection Reset end user texts
Reset all to factory defaults	Restores settings and all editable parameters back to initial factory values, except	96.06 Parameter restore, selection All to factory defaults
	• differentiated defaults implemented by parameters 95.20 HW options word 1 and 95.21 HW options word 2.	

# I/O menu

Local 🛇	C ACS580	\$0.0 Hz
1/0 —		
DI1: 0	Si	:art/stop 🕨
DI2: 1		Direction 🕨
DI3: 0	Used in sever	al places 🕨 🖡
DI4: 0	Used in sever	al places 🕨
DI5: 0	Switch to ra	mp set 2 🕨
Back	16:03	Select

To go the I/O menu from the Home view, select Menu - I/O.

Use the **I/O** menu to make sure that the actual I/O wiring matches the I/O use in the control program. It answers the questions:

- What is each input being used for?
- What is the meaning of each output?

In the I/O menu, each row provides the following information:

- Terminal name and number
- Electrical status
- · Logical meaning of the drive

Each row also provides a submenu that provides further information on the menu item and lets you make changes to the I/O connections.

The table below provides detailed information about the contents of the different submenus available in the **I/O** menu.

Menu item	Description
DI1	This submenu lists the functions that use DI1 as input.
DI2	This submenu lists the functions that use DI2 as input.
DI3	This submenu lists the functions that use DI3 as input.
DI4	This submenu lists the functions that use DI4 as input.
DI5	This submenu lists the functions that use DI5 or FI as input. The
	connector can be used as either digital input or frequency input.
DI6	This submenu lists the functions that use DI6 as input. The connector can
	be used as either digital input or thermistor input.
Al1	This submenu lists the functions that use Al1 as input.
AI2	This submenu lists the functions that use Al2 as input.
RO1	This submenu lists what information goes into relay output 1.
RO2	This submenu lists what information goes into relay output 2.
RO3	This submenu lists what information goes into relay output 3.
AO1	This submenu lists what information goes into AO1.
AO2	This submenu lists what information goes into AO2.

# **Diagnostics menu**

Local <b>(</b>	<b>~</b> ACS580	<b>≎</b> 0.0 Hz
Diagnostic	s ———	
Start/stop/	reference sumr	nary 🕨
Limit status	;	•
Active fault	\$	
Active wan	wng-s	Ϋ́
Active inhib	-875 -	
- · ·		
Back	16:04	Select

To go the Diagnostics menu from the Home view, select Menu - Diagnostics.

The **Diagnostics** menu provides you with diagnostic information, such as faults and warnings, and helps you to resolve potential problems. Use the menu to make sure that the drive setup is functioning correctly.

The table below provides detailed information about the contents of the different views available in the **Diagnostics** menu.

Menu item	Description
Start, stop, reference summary	This view shows where the drive is currently taking its start and stop commands and reference. The view is updated in real time.
	If the drive is not starting or stopping as expected, or runs at an undesired speed, use this view to find out where the control comes from.
Limit status	This view describes any limits currently affecting operation.
	If the drive is running at undesired speed, use this view to find out if any limitations are active.
Active faults	This view shows the currently active faults and provides instructions on how to fix and reset them.
Active warnings	This view shows the currently active warnings and provides instructions on how to fix them.
Active inhibits	This view shows up to five simultaneous active start inhibits and how to fix them.
Fault & event log	This view lists the faults, warnings and other events that have occurred in the drive.
	Press <b>Details</b> to see, for each stored fault, the fault code, time and values of parameters (actual signals and status words) <i>05.80</i> stored at the time of the fault.
Fieldbus	This view provides status information and sent and received data from fieldbus for troubleshooting.
Load profile	This view provides status information regarding load distribution (that is, how much of the drive's running time was spent on each load level) and peak load levels.

# System info menu

Local <b>(</b>	<b>~</b> ACS580	\$0.0	l Hz
System inf	o ———		
Drive			•
Control pan	el		٠
QR code			•
🗐 Option :	slot 1 name	FENA-21	•
Back	16:05	Sel	ect

To go the System info menu from the Home view, select Menu - System info.

The **System info** menu shows information about the drive and the control panel. In problem situations you can also request the drive to generate a QR code for ABB service, so they can better assist you.

The table below shows the different views in the **System info** menu.

Menu item	Description	Corresponding parameter
Drive	Shows the following information about the drive:	07.05 Firmware version 07.07 Loading package version
	Local� 🌈 ACS580 💠 0.0 Hz	
	Drive Panel bus id: 1 Product name: ACS580 Product type: ACS580 FW version: ASCK2 v2.04.0.0 LP version: ASCD2 v2.04.0.0 Backup version: 00.01.00.00	
	Back 16:05	
Control panel	Shows the following information about the control panel:	
	Local� 🌈 ACS580 💠 0.0 Hz	
	Control panel ————	
	Product type: ACS-AP-S	
	HW version: D Flash AT32 FW version: GPAPS v5.80 Serial number: D3381633SB Manufacturing date: 11.10.2013	
	Back 16:05	

Menu item	Description	Corresponding parameter
QR code	The drive generates a QR code (or a series of QR codes), which contains drive identification data, information on the latest events, and values of status and counter parameters. You can read the QR code with a mobile device containing the ABB service application, which then sends the QR code to ABB for analysis.	
	<pre>     1/1</pre>	
Option slot x name	Shows he following information about the option in the slot:	
	Local  ACS580  COL Hz Serial number: 41746A0053 Option slot 1 name: FENA-21 Option slot 1 SW ver: FFPNS00 Option slot 1 MRP: 3AUA0000089108 Book 18:08	
	Back 16:06	

# Energy efficiency menu

Local� 🏼 🥐 A	\CS580	\$0.0 Hz
Energy efficien	су —	
Saved energy		0.0 kWh
Saved amount		0.00€
Total saved CO2		0.0 metric ton
Current hour kW	/h	0.00 kWh 🛛
Previous hour k	Wh	0.00 kWh
<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Back	16:06	View

To go the **Energy efficiency** menu from the Home view, select **Menu - Energy efficiency**.

The **Energy efficiency** menu provides you with information about energy efficiency, such as saved energy and energy consumption. You can also configure energy calculation settings.

The table below lists the energy efficiency values shown in the **Energy efficiency** menu, as well as configurable energy calculation settings.

Menu item	Description	Corresponding parameter
Saved energy	Energy saved in kWh compared to direct-on-line motor connection.	45.04 Saved energy
Saved amount	Corresponding money saved compared to direct- on-line motor connection.	45.07 Saved amount
	You can define the currency unit you want to use in submenu <b>Configuration</b> .	
Total saved CO2	Reduction in CO2 emissions in metric tons compared to direct-on-line motor connection.	45.10 Total saved CO2
Current hour kWh	Current hour energy consumption. This is the energy of the last 60 minutes (not necessarily continuous) the drive has been running, not the energy of a calendar hour.	01.50 Current hour kWh
Previous hour kWh	Previous hour energy consumption. The value of 01.51 Previous hour kWh is stored here when its values has been cumulated for 60 minutes.	01.51 Previous hour kWh
Current day kWh	Current day energy consumption. This is the energy of the last 24 hours (not necessarily continuous) the drive has been running, not the energy of a calendar day.	01.52 Current day kWh
Previous day kWh	Previous day energy consumption. The value of 01.53 Previous day kWh is stored here when its value has been cumulated for 24 hours.	01.53 Previous day kWh
Configuration	In this submenu, you can configure energy calculation settings.	

Menu item	Description	Corresponding parameter
Energy optimizer	Enables/disables the energy optimization function. The function optimizes the motor flux so that total energy consumption and motor noise level are reduced when the drive operates below the nominal load. The total efficiency (motor and drive) can be improved by 120% depending on load torque and speed	45.11 Energy optimizer
Energy tariff 1	hergy tariff 1 Defines energy tariff 1 (price of energy per kWh). Depending on the setting of parameter 45.14 Tariff selection, either this value or 45.13 Energy tariff 2 is used for reference when monetary savings are calculated	
Energy tariff 1	Defines energy tariff 2 (price of energy per kWh).	45.13 Energy tariff 2
Tariff selection	Selects (or defines a source that selects) which pre-defined energy tariff is used.	45.14 Tariff selection
CO2 conversion factor	Defines a factor for conversion of saved energy into CO2 emissions (kg/kWh or tn/MWh).	45.18 CO2 conversion factor
Comparison power	Actual power that the motor absorbs when connected direct-on-line and operating the application. The value is used for reference when energy savings are calculated.	45.19 Comparison power
Energy calculations reset	Resets the savings counter parameters, eg. 45.04 Saved energy45.10 Total saved CO2.	45.21 Energy calculations reset
Currency	Defines the currency unit you want to use in energy calculations.	

# Backups menu

Local <b>(</b>	acs580	<b>≎</b> 0.0 Hz	Local <b>(</b>	🌈 ACS580	\$0.0 Hz
Backups			ACS580	18.02.2020 autob	ackup —
Create ba		•	i Vees	<pre>v back up contents</pre>	•
	80 18.02.2020 auto	obackup 🕨	🗢 Rest	ore all	
	80 27.11.2019	•	Select p	ar restore group	•
🗅 ACS5	80 28.11.2019	•	Select u	iser sets	•
			Select p	rod. data items	•
Back	16:09	Select	Back	16:09	Select

To go the **Backups** menu from the Home view, select **Menu - Backups**.

For backups and restores, see section *Backup and restore* on page 189.

# **Options menu**

Local� 🥂	ACS580	\$0.0 Hz	Local <b>(</b>	<b>(~</b> ACS580	\$0.0 Hz
Output frequ	ency	<u>0 00</u>	Options		
Hz		0.00	Referenc	-	▶
Motor currer	nt	0 00	Direction	5	
¶_A		0.00	Select dr		►
Motor torque	!	0.0	Edit Hom		►∥
%			Active fa	ulos	
Options	16:00	Menu	Exit	16:00	Select

To go to the **Options** menu, press the **Options** softkey ( $\bigcirc$ ) in any of the Home view displays. The table below provides information about the different options available in the **Options** menu.

Menu item	Description	
Reference	You can change the reference, which is visible on the top right corner of the panel displays.	
Direction change	Alters the sign of active reference between positive and negative. Absolute value of reference is not changed.	
Select drive	You can select a drive that you want to monitor or control from the list of drives showing the drives connected on the panel bus. You can also clear the list of drives.	

Menu item	Description		
Edit Home view	You can edit the Home view displays. Scroll with the arrow keys ( $\bigcirc$ and $\bigcirc$ ) to the Home view you want to edit. Select the display slot, that is, which of the current parameter(s) you want to edit (Home views show one to three parameters). Edit the parameter and how you want to display it.		
	Local		
	Motor current 0.00		
	%         U.U           Done         16:01         Edit		
	Local 🛇 🌈 ACS580 🗢 0.0 Hz		
	Display slot ───── Parameter: Motor current∬		
	Display style: Numeric Display decimals: 2		
	Display name: "Motor current" Min: 0.00 A		
	Done 16:01 Edit		
Active faults	Shows the active faults.		
Active warnings	Shows the active warnings.		
Active inhibits	Shows the active inhibits.		

# 5

# **Control macros**

# Contents of this chapter

This chapter describes the intended use, operation and default control connections of the application. At the end of chapter there are tables showing those parameter default values that are not the same for all macros.

# General

Control macros are sets of default parameter values suitable for a certain control configuration. When starting up the drive, the user typically selects the best-suited control macro as a starting point, then makes any necessary changes to tailor the settings to their purpose. This usually results in a much lower number of user edits compared to the traditional way of programming a drive.

Control macros can be selected in the Primary settings menu: **Menu - Primary** settings - Macro or with parameter *96.04 Macro select* (page *417*).

**Note:** All macros are made for scalar control except ABB standard which exists in two versions. If you want to use vector control, do as follows:

- Select the ABB standard (vector) macro.
- Check nominal values of the motor: Menu -Primary settings - Motor - Nominal values.

Back	16:02	Next
Maximum cur	rent	3.24 A ►
Maximum spe		1500.00 rpm 🕨
Minimum spe	ed	-1500.00 rpm 🕨
These motor li control. Adjust	imits app t the valu	ly to vector es if needed:
Check motor	limits	
🛆 Identificatio	n run	

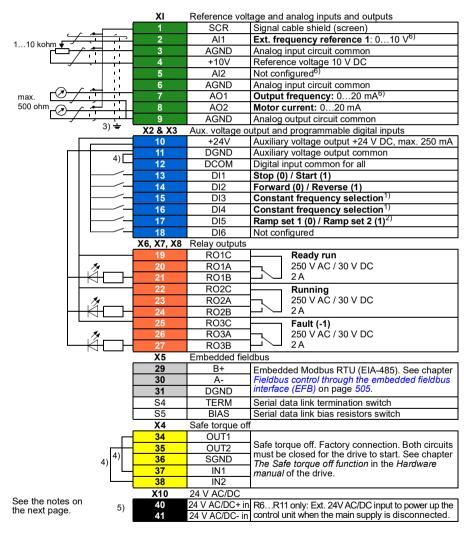
Change motor control mode to vector: Menu

 Primary settings - Motor - Control mode, and follow the instructions (see the figure on the right).

# ABB standard macro

This is the default macro. It provides a general purpose, 2-wire I/O configuration with three constant speeds. One signal is used to start or stop the motor and another to select the direction. The ABB standard macro uses scalar control; for vector control, use the ABB standard (vector) macro (page *80*).

# Default control connections for the ABB standard macro



```
R1...R5: 0.2...2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (terminals +24V, DGND, DCOM, B+, A-)
0.14...1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (terminals DI, AI, AO, AGND, RO, STO)
R6...R11: 0.14...2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (all terminals)
```

```
Tightening torgues: 0.5...0.6 N·m (0.4 lbf·ft)
```

# Notes:

<sup>1)</sup> See Menu - Primary settings - Start, stop, reference - Constant frequencies or parameter group 28 Frequency reference chain.

DI3	DI4	Operation/Parameter
0	0	Set frequency through AI1
1	0	28.26 Constant frequency 1
0	1	28.27 Constant frequency 2
1	1	28.28 Constant frequency 3

<sup>2)</sup> See Menu - Primary settings - Ramps or parameter group 28 Frequency reference chain.

DI5	Ramp set	Parameters
0	1	28.72 Freq acceleration time 1
		28.73 Freq deceleration time 1
1	2	28.74 Freq acceleration time 2
		28.75 Freq deceleration time 2

- <sup>3)</sup> Ground the outer shield of the cable 360 degrees under the grounding clamp on the grounding shelf for the control cables.
- <sup>4)</sup> Connected with jumpers at the factory.
- <sup>5)</sup> Only frames R6...R11 have terminals 40 and 41 for external 24 V AC/DC input.
- <sup>6)</sup> Select voltage or current for inputs Al1 and Al2 and output AO1 with parameters 12.15, 12.25 and 13.15, respectively.

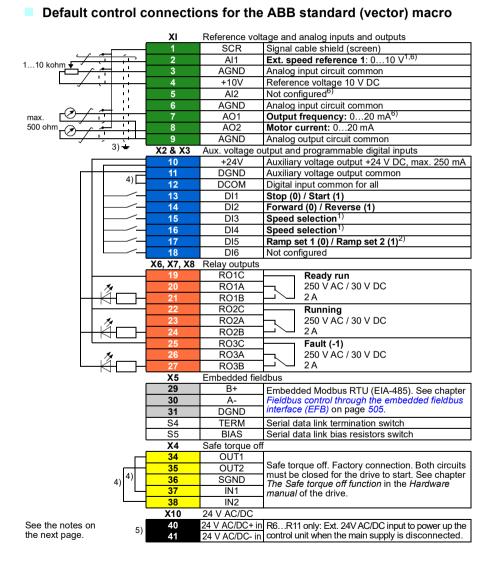
### Input signals

- Analog frequency reference (AI1)
- Start/stop selection (DI1)
- Direction selection (DI2)
- Constant frequency selection (DI3, DI4)
- Ramp set (1 of 2) selection (DI5)

- Analog output AO1: Output frequency
- Analog output AO2: Motor current
- Relay output 1: Ready run
- Relay output 2: Running
- Relay output 3: Fault (-1)

# ABB standard (vector) macro

The ABB standard (vector) uses vector control; otherwise it is similar to the ABB standard macro, providing a general purpose, 2-wire I/O configuration with three constant speeds. One signal is used to start or stop the motor and another to select the direction. To enable the macro, select it in the **Primary settings** menu or set parameter 96.04 Macro select to ABB standard (vector).



```
R1...R5: 0.2...2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (terminals +24V, DGND, DCOM, B+, A-)
0.14...1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (terminals DI, AI, AO, AGND, RO, STO)
R6...R11: 0.14...2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (all terminals)
```

Tightening torques: 0.5...0.6 N·m (0.4 lbf·ft)

# Notes:

<sup>1)</sup> See Menu - Primary settings - Start, stop, reference - Constant speeds or parameter group 22 Speed reference selection.

DI3	DI4	Operation/Parameter	
0	0	Set speed through AI1	
1	0	22.26 Constant speed 1	
0	1	22.27 Constant speed 2	
1	1	22.28 Constant speed 3	

<sup>2)</sup> See Menu - Primary settings - Ramps or parameter group 23 Speed reference ramp.

DI5	Ramp set	Parameters
0	1	23.12 Acceleration time 1
		23.13 Deceleration time 1
1	2	23.14 Acceleration time 2
		23.15 Deceleration time 2

- <sup>3)</sup> Ground the outer shield of the cable 360 degrees under the grounding clamp on the grounding shelf for the control cables.
- <sup>4)</sup> Connected with jumpers at the factory
- <sup>5)</sup> Only frames R6...R11 have terminals 40 and 41 for external 24 V AC/DC input.
- <sup>6)</sup> Select voltage or current for inputs Al1 and Al2 and output AO1 with parameters 12.15, 12.25 and 13.15, respectively.

Input signals

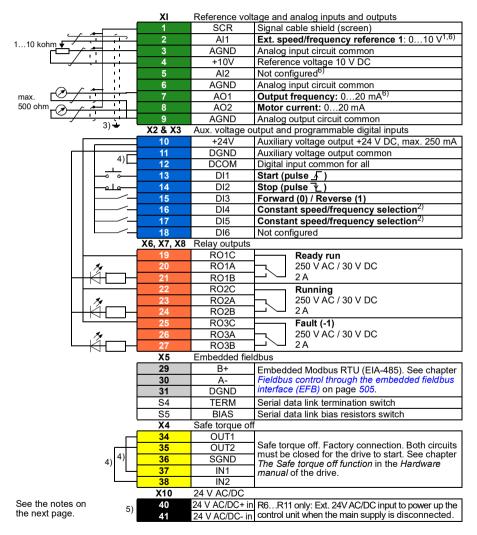
- Analog speed reference (AI1)
- Start/stop selection (DI1)
- Direction selection (DI2)
- Constant speed selection (DI3, DI4)
- Ramp set (1 of 2) selection (DI5)

- Analog output AO1: Output frequency
- Analog output AO2: Motor current
- Relay output 1: Ready run
- Relay output 2: Running
- Relay output 3: Fault (-1)

# 3-wire macro

This macro is used when the drive is controlled using momentary push-buttons. It provides three constant speeds. To enable the macro, select it in the **Primary settings** menu or set parameter 96.04 Macro select to 3-wire.

# Default control connections for the 3-wire macro



```
R1...R5: 0.2...2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (terminals +24V, DGND, DCOM, B+, A-)
0.14...1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (terminals DI, AI, AO, AGND, RO, STO)
R6...R11: 0.14...2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (all terminals)
```

Tightening torques: 0.5...0.6 N·m (0.4 lbf·ft)

# Notes:

<sup>1)</sup> Al1 is used as a speed reference if vector control is selected.

<sup>2)</sup> In scalar control (default): See Menu - Primary settings - Start, stop, reference - Constant frequencies or parameter group 28 Frequency reference chain. In vector control: See Menu - Primary settings - Start, stop, reference - Constant speeds

or parameter group 22 Speed reference selection.

DI4	DI5	Operation/Parameter		
		calar control (default) Vector control		
0	0	Set frequency through Al1	Set speed through AI1	
1	0	28.26 Constant frequency 1	22.26 Constant speed 1	
0	1	28.27 Constant frequency 2	22.27 Constant speed 2	
1	1	28.28 Constant frequency 3	22.28 Constant speed 3	

- <sup>3)</sup> Ground the outer shield of the cable 360 degrees under the grounding clamp on the grounding shelf for the control cables.
- <sup>4)</sup> Connected with jumpers at the factory.
- <sup>5)</sup> Only frames R6...R11 have terminals 40 and 41 for external 24 V AC/DC input.
- <sup>6)</sup> Select voltage or current for inputs Al1 and Al2 and output AO1 with parameters *12.15*, *12.25* and *13.15*, respectively.

Input signals

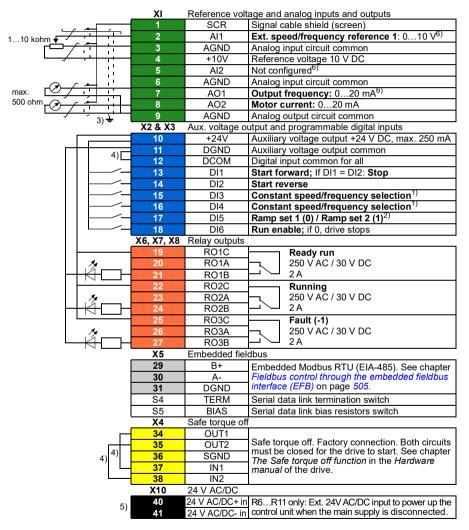
- Analog speed/frequency reference (Al1)
- Start, pulse (DI1)
- Stop, pulse (DI2)
- Direction selection (DI3)
- Constant speed/frequency selection (DI4, DI5)

- Analog output AO1: Output frequency
- Analog output AO2: Motor current
- Relay output 1: Ready run
- Relay output 2: Running
- Relay output 3: Fault (-1)

# Alternate macro

This macro provides an I/O configuration where one signal starts the motor in the forward direction and another signal to start the motor in the reverse direction. To enable the macro, select it in the **Primary settings** menu or set parameter 96.04 Macro select to Alternate.

# Default control connections for the Alternate macro



See the notes on the next page.

```
R1...R5: 0.2...2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (terminals +24V, DGND, DCOM, B+, A-)
0.14...1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (terminals DI, AI, AO, AGND, RO, STO)
R6...R11: 0.14...2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (all terminals)
```

```
Tiahtening torques: 0.5...0.6 N·m (0.4 lbf·ft)
```

# Notes:

<sup>1)</sup> In scalar control (default): See Menu - Primary settings - Start, stop, reference - Constant frequencies or parameter group 28 Frequency reference chain.

In vector control: See Menu - Primary settings - Start, stop, reference - Constant speeds or parameter group 22 Speed reference selection.

DI3	DI4	Operation/Parameter		
		Scalar control (default)	Vector control	
0	0	Set frequency through Al1	Set speed through AI1	
1	0	28.26 Constant frequency 1	22.26 Constant speed 1	
0	1	28.27 Constant frequency 2	22.27 Constant speed 2	
1	1	28.28 Constant frequency 3	22.28 Constant speed 3	

<sup>2)</sup> In scalar control (default): See Menu - Primary settings - Ramps or parameter group 28 Frequency reference chain.

In vector control: See **Menu - Primary settings - Ramps** or parameter group 23 Speed reference ramp.

DI5	Ramp	Parameters		
	set	Scalar control (default)	Vector control	
0	1	28.72 Freq acceleration time 1	23.12 Acceleration time 1	
		28.73 Freq deceleration time 1	23.13 Deceleration time 1	
1	2	28.74 Freq acceleration time 2	23.14 Acceleration time 2	
		28.75 Freq deceleration time 2	23.15 Deceleration time 2	

- <sup>3)</sup> Ground the outer shield of the cable 360 degrees under the grounding clamp on the grounding shelf for the control cables.
- <sup>4)</sup> Connected with jumpers at the factory.
- <sup>5)</sup> Only frames R6...R11 have terminals 40 and 41 for external 24 V AC/DC input.
- <sup>6)</sup> Select voltage or current for inputs Al1 and Al2 and output AO1 with parameters 12.15, 12.25 and 13.15, respectively.

### Input signals

- Analog speed/frequency reference (AI1)
- Start motor forward (DI1)
- Start motor in reverse (DI2)
- Constant speed/frequency selection (DI3, DI4)
- Ramp set (1 of 2) selection (DI5)
- Run enable (DI6)

- Analog output AO1: Output frequency
- Analog output AO2: Motor current
- Relay output 1: Ready run
- Relay output 2: Running
- Relay output 3: Fault (-1)

# Motor potentiometer macro

This macro provides a way to adjust the speed with the help of two-push buttons, or a costeffective interface for PLCs that vary the speed of the motor using only digital signals. To enable the macro, select it in the **Primary settings** menu or set parameter *96.04 Macro select* to *Motor potentiometer*.

# Default control connections for the Motor potentiometer macro

XI			Reference volt	tage and analog inputs and outputs
	<u> </u>	1	SCR	Signal cable shield (screen)
		2	Al1	Not configured <sup>6)</sup>
		3	AGND	Analog input circuit common
		4	+10V	Reference voltage 10 V DC
		5	Al2	Not configured <sup>6)</sup>
		6	AGND	Analog input circuit common
max.		7	AO1	Output frequency: 020 mA <sup>6)</sup>
500 ohm		8	AO2	Motor current: 020 mA
	3) 🗕	9	AGND	Analog output circuit common
	3) =	X2 & X3	Aux. voltage o	utput and programmable digital inputs
	-	10	+24V	Auxiliary voltage output +24 V DC, max. 250 mA
		11	DGND	Auxiliary voltage output common
	4)	12	DCOM	Digital input common for all
		13	DI1	Stop (0) / Start (1)
		14	DI2	Forward (0) / Reverse (1)
		15	DI3	Reference up <sup>1)</sup>
		16	DI4	Reference down <sup>1)</sup>
		17	DI5	Constant frequency/speed 1 <sup>2)</sup>
		18	DI6	Run enable; If 0, drive stops
		X6, X7, X8	Relay outputs	· · · ·
		19	RO1C	Ready run
	14	20	RO1A	250 V AC / 30 V DC
		21	RO1B	→ <sup>2</sup> 2 A
		22	RO2C	Running
	14	23	RO2A	250 V AC / 30 V DC
		24	RO2B	→ <sup>\</sup> 2A
		25	RO3C	Fault (-1)
	14	26	RO3A	250 V AC / 30 V DC
	╶────────	27	RO3B	→ <sup>\</sup> 2A
		X5	Embedded fiel	dbus
		29	B+	Embedded Modbus RTU (EIA-485). See chapter
		30	A-	Fieldbus control through the embedded fieldbus
		31	DGND	<i>interface (EFB)</i> on page 505.
		S4	TERM	Serial data link termination switch
		S5	BIAS	Serial data link bias resistors switch
		X4	Safe torque of	f
	_	34	OUT1	
		35	OUT2	Safe torque off. Factory connection. Both circuits
	4) 4)	36	SGND	must be closed for the drive to start. See chapter The Safe torgue off function in the Hardware
37		37	IN1	manual of the drive.
		38	IN2	
	•	X10	24 V AC/DC	
See the notes or	n 5)	40	24 V AC/DC+ in	R6R11 only: Ext. 24V AC/DC input to power up the
the next page.	5)	41	24 V AC/DC- in	control unit when the main supply is disconnected.

```
R1...R5: 0.2...2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (terminals +24V, DGND, DCOM, B+, A-)
0.14...1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (terminals DI, AI, AO, AGND, RO, STO)
R6...R11: 0.14...2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (all terminals)
```

Tightening torgues: 0.5...0.6 N·m (0.4 lbf·ft)

# Notes:

- <sup>1)</sup> If DI3 and DI4 are both active or inactive, the frequency/speed reference is unchanged. The existing frequency/speed reference is stored during stop and power down.
- <sup>2)</sup> In scalar control (default): See Menu Primary settings Start, stop, reference Constant frequencies or parameter 28.26 Constant frequency 1. In vector control: See Menu - Primary settings - Start, stop, reference - Constant speeds or parameter 22.26 Constant speed 1.
- <sup>3)</sup> Ground the outer shield of the cable 360 degrees under the grounding clamp on the grounding shelf for the control cables.
- <sup>4)</sup> Connected with jumpers at the factory.
- <sup>5)</sup> Only frames R6...R11 have terminals 40 and 41 for external 24 V AC/DC input.
- <sup>6)</sup> Select voltage or current for inputs Al1 and Al2 and output AO1 with parameters 12.15, 12.25 and 13.15, respectively.

### Input signals

- Start/Stop selection (DI1)
- Direction selection (DI2)
- Reference up (DI3)
- Reference down (DI4)
- Constant frequency/speed 1 (DI5)
- Run enable (DI6)

- Analog output AO1: Output frequency
- Analog output AO2: Motor current
- Relay output 1: Ready run
- Relay output 2: Running
- Relay output 3: Fault (-1)

# Hand/Auto macro

This macro can be used when switching between two external control devices is needed. Both have their own control and reference signals. One signal is used to switch between these two. To enable the macro, select it in the **Primary settings** menu or set parameter *96.04 Macro select* to *Hand/Auto*.

### XI Reference voltage and analog inputs and outputs SCR Signal cable shield (screen) 1 2 AI1 Ext. speed/freq, reference (Hand): 0...10 V<sup>5)</sup> 1...10 kohm AGND 3 Analog input circuit common ιī. 4 +10V Reference voltage 10 V DC Ext. speed/freg, ref. (Auto): 4...20 mA<sup>1,5)</sup> 5 Al2 AGND Analog input circuit common 6 AO1 max Output frequency: 0...20 mA<sup>5)</sup> 500 ohm 8 AO2 Motor current: 0...20 mA 9 AGND Analog output circuit common X2 & X3 Aux. voltage output and programmable digital inputs Auxiliary voltage output +24 V DC, max. 250 mA +24V 10 11 DGND Auxiliary voltage output common 3) Digital input common for all 12 DCOM 13 DI1 Stop (0) / Start (1) (Hand) 14 DI2 Forward (0) / Reverse (1) (Hand) 15 DI3 Hand control (0) / Auto control (1) 16 DI4 Run enable; if 0, drive stops 17 Forward (0) / Reverse (1) (Auto) 18 DI6 Stop (0) / Start (1) (Auto) X6. X7. X8 Relav outputs RO1C Ready run RO1A 250 V AC / 30 V DC 21 RO1B 2 A RO2C Runnina 250 V AČ / 30 V DC RO2A 2 A RO2B RO3C Fault (-1) RO3A 250 V AC / 30 V DC 26 2 A RO3B X5 Embedded fieldbus 29 B+ Embedded Modbus RTU (EIA-485). See chapter 30 A-Fieldbus control through the embedded fieldbus interface (EFB) on page 505. 31 DGND S4 TERM Serial data link termination switch S5 BIAS Serial data link bias resistors switch X4 Safe torque off OUT1 34 Safe torque off. Factory connection. Both circuits 35 OUT2 must be closed for the drive to start. See chapter 3) 36 SGND The Safe torgue off function in the Hardware 3) 37 IN1 manual of the drive. 38 IN<sub>2</sub> X10 24 V AC/DC See the notes on 40 24 V AC/DC+ in R6...R11 only: Ext. 24V AC/DC input to power up the the next page. 41 control unit when the main supply is disconnected. 24 V AC/DC- in

# Default control connections for the Hand/Auto macro

```
R1...R5: 0.2...2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (terminals +24V, DGND, DCOM, B+, A-)
0.14...1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (terminals DI, AI, AO, AGND, RO, STO)
R6...R11: 0.14...2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (all terminals)
```

Tightening torques: 0.5...0.6 N·m (0.4 lbf·ft)

# Notes:

- <sup>1)</sup> The signal source is powered externally. See the manufacturer's instructions. To use sensors supplied by the drive aux. voltage output, see chapter *Electrical installation*, section *Connection examples of two-wire and three-wire sensors* in the *Hardware manual* of the drive.
- <sup>2)</sup> Ground the outer shield of the cable 360 degrees under the grounding clamp on the grounding shelf for the control cables.
- <sup>3)</sup> Connected with jumpers at the factory.
- <sup>4)</sup> Only frames R6...R11 have terminals 40 and 41 for external 24 V AC/DC input.
- <sup>5)</sup> Select voltage or current for inputs Al1 and Al2 and output AO1 with parameters *12.15*, *12.25* and *13.15*, respectively.

### Input signals

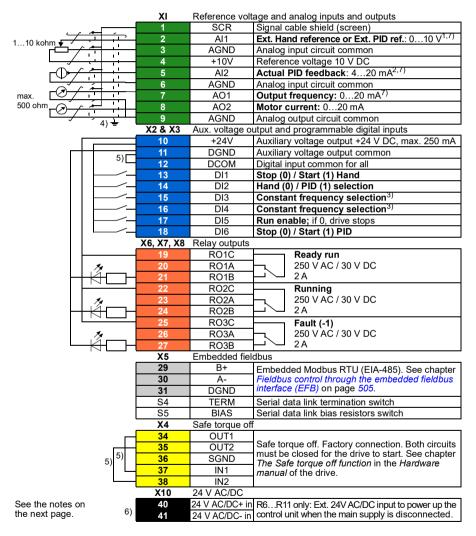
- Two speed/frequency analog references (AI1, AI2)
- Control location (Hand or Auto) selection (DI3)
- Start/stop selection, Hand (DI1)
- Direction selection, Hand (DI2)
- Start/stop selection, Auto (DI6)
- Direction selection, Auto (DI5)
- Run enable (DI4)

- Analog output AO1: Output frequency
- Analog output AO2: Motor current
- Relay output 1: Ready run
- Relay output 2: Running
- Relay output 3: Fault (-1)

# Hand/PID macro

This macro controls the drive with the built-in process PID controller. In addition this macro has a second control location for the direct speed/frequency control mode. To enable the macro, select it in the **Primary settings** menu or set parameter 96.04 Macro select to Hand/PID.

# Default control connections for the Hand/PID macro



```
R1...R5: 0.2...2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (terminals +24V, DGND, DCOM, B+, A-)
0.14...1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (terminals DI, AI, AO, AGND, RO, STO)
R6...R11: 0.14...2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (all terminals)
```

Tightening torques: 0.5...0.6 N·m (0.4 lbf·ft)

# Notes:

- Hand: 0...10 V -> frequency reference.
   PID: 0...10 V -> 0...100% PID setpoint.
- <sup>2)</sup> The signal source is powered externally. See the manufacturer's instructions. To use sensors supplied by the drive aux. voltage output, see chapter *Electrical installation*, section *Connection examples of two-wire and three-wire sensors* in the *Hardware manual* of the drive.
- <sup>3)</sup> In scalar control (default): See Menu Primary settings Start, stop, reference Constant frequencies or parameter group 28 Frequency reference chain.

DI3	DI4	Operation (parameter)	
		Scalar control (default)	
0	0	Set frequency through Al1	
1	0	28.26 Constant frequency 1	
0	1	28.27 Constant frequency 2	
1	1	28.28 Constant frequency 3	

- <sup>4)</sup> Ground the outer shield of the cable 360 degrees under the grounding clamp on the grounding shelf for the control cables.
- <sup>5)</sup> Connected with jumpers at the factory.
- <sup>6)</sup> Only frames R6...R11 have terminals 40 and 41 for external 24 V AC/DC input.
- <sup>7)</sup> Select voltage or current for inputs Al1 and Al2 and output AO1 with parameters 12.15, 12.25 and 13.15, respectively.

# Input signals

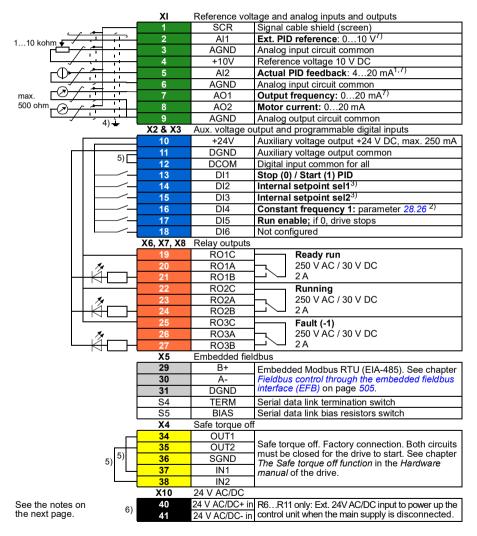
- Analog reference (AI1)
- Actual feedback from PID (Al2)
- Control location (Hand or PID) selection (DI2)
- Start/stop selection, Hand (DI1)
- Start/stop selection, PID (DI6)
- Constant frequency selection (DI3, DI4)
- Run enable (DI5)

- Analog output AO1: Output frequency
- Analog output AO2: Motor current
- Relay output 1: Ready run
- Relay output 2: Running
- Relay output 3: Fault (-1)

# **PID** macro

This macro is suitable for applications where the drive is always controlled by PID and the reference comes from analog input AI1. To enable the macro, select it in the **Primary settings** menu or set parameter 96.04 *Macro select* to *PID*.

# Default control connections for the PID macro



```
R1...R5: 0.2...2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (terminals +24V, DGND, DCOM, B+, A-)
0.14...1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (terminals DI, AI, AO, AGND, RO, STO)
R6...R11: 0.14...2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (all terminals)
```

Tightening torques: 0.5...0.6 N·m (0.4 lbf·ft)

# Notes:

- <sup>1)</sup> The signal source is powered externally. See the manufacturer's instructions. To use sensors supplied by the drive aux. voltage output, see chapter *Electrical installation*, section *Connection examples of two-wire and three-wire sensors* in the *Hardware manual* of the drive.
- <sup>2)</sup> If Constant frequency is activated it overrides the reference from the PID controller output.
- <sup>3)</sup> See parameters 40.19 Set 1 internal setpoint sel1 and 40.20 Set 1 internal setpoint sel2 source table.

Source defined by par. 40.19 DI2	Source defined by par. 40.20 DI3	Internal setpoint active
0	0	Setpoint source: Al1 (par. 40.16)
1	0	1 (parameter 40.21)
0	1	2 (parameter 40.22)
1	1	3 (parameter 40.23)

- <sup>4)</sup> Ground the outer shield of the cable 360 degrees under the grounding clamp on the grounding shelf for the control cables.
- <sup>5)</sup> Connected with jumpers at the factory.
- <sup>6)</sup> Only frames R6...R11 have terminals 40 and 41 for external 24 V AC/DC input.
- <sup>7)</sup> Select voltage or current for inputs Al1 and Al2 and output AO1 with parameters 12.15, 12.25 and 13.15, respectively.

### Input signals

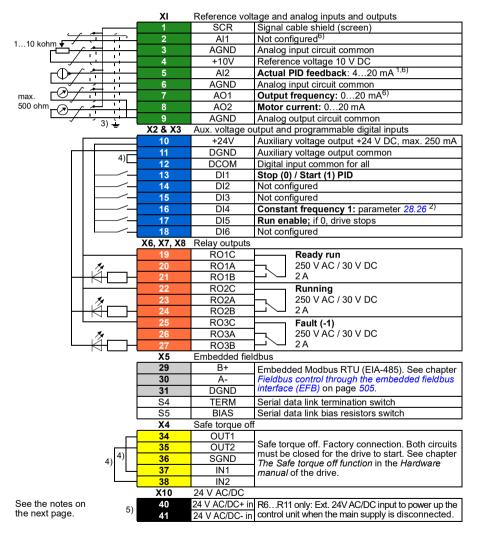
- Analog reference (AI1)
- Actual feedback from PID (AI2)
- Start/Stop selection, PID (DI1)
- Constant setpoint 1 (DI2)
- Constant setpoint 1 (DI3)
- Constant frequency 1 (DI4)
- Run enable (DI5)

- Analog output AO1: Output frequency
- Analog output AO2: Motor current
- Relay output 1: Ready run
- Relay output 2: Running
- Relay output 3: Fault (-1)

# Panel PID macro

This macro is suitable for applications where the drive is always controlled by PID and the setpoint is defined with the control panel. To enable the macro, select it in the **Primary settings** menu or set parameter *96.04 Macro select* to *Panel PID*.

# Default control connections for the Panel PID macro



```
R1...R5: 0.2...2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (terminals +24V, DGND, DCOM, B+, A-)
0.14...1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (terminals DI, AI, AO, AGND, RO, STO)
R6...R11: 0.14...2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (all terminals)
```

Tightening torques: 0.5...0.6 N·m (0.4 lbf·ft)

# Notes:

- <sup>1)</sup> The signal source is powered externally. See the manufacturer's instructions. To use sensors supplied by the drive aux. voltage output, see chapter *Electrical installation*, section *Connection examples of two-wire and three-wire sensors* in the *Hardware manual* of the drive.
- <sup>2)</sup> If Constant frequency is activated it overrides the reference from the PID controller output.
- <sup>3)</sup> Ground the outer shield of the cable 360 degrees under the grounding clamp on the grounding shelf for the control cables.
- <sup>4)</sup> Connected with jumpers at the factory.
- <sup>5)</sup> Only frames R6...R11 have terminals 40 and 41 for external 24 V AC/DC input.
- <sup>6)</sup> Select voltage or current for inputs Al1 and Al2 and output AO1 with parameters 12.15, 12.25 and 13.15, respectively.

### Input signals

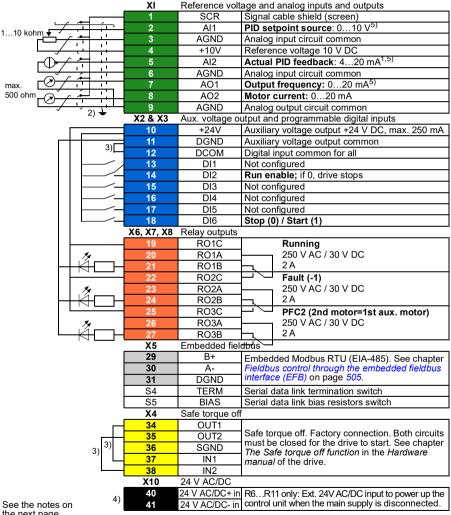
- PID setpoint given from the control panel
- Ext1 speed reference
- Torque reference (Al2)
- Start/Stop selection, PID (DI1)
- Constant frequency 1 (DI4)
- Run enable (DI5)

- Analog output AO1: Motor speed
- Analog output AO2: Motor current
- Relay output 1: Ready run
- Relay output 2: Running
- Relay output 3: Fault (-1)

# PFC macro

Pump and fan control logic for controlling multiple pumps or fans through the drive's relay outputs. To enable the macro, select it in the **Primary settings** menu or set parameter 96.04 Macro select to PEC

# Default control connections for the PEC macro



the next page.

```
R1...R5: 0.2...2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (terminals +24V, DGND, DCOM, B+, A-)
0.14...1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (terminals DI, AI, AO, AGND, RO, STO)
R6...R11: 0.14...2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (all terminals)
```

Tightening torques: 0.5...0.6 N·m (0.4 lbf·ft)

### Notes:

- <sup>1)</sup> The signal source is powered externally. See the manufacturer's instructions. To use sensors supplied by the drive aux. voltage output, see chapter *Electrical installation*, section *Connection examples of two-wire and three-wire sensors* in the *Hardware manual* of the drive.
- <sup>2)</sup> Ground the outer shield of the cable 360 degrees under the grounding clamp on the grounding shelf for the control cables.
- <sup>3)</sup> Connected with jumpers at the factory.
- <sup>4)</sup> Only frames R6...R11 have terminals 40 and 41 for external 24 V AC/DC input.
- <sup>5)</sup> Select voltage or current for inputs Al1 and Al2 and output AO1 with parameters *12.15*, *12.25* and *13.15*, respectively.

### Input signals

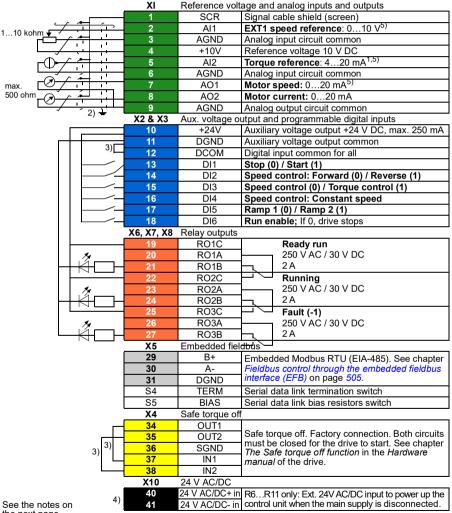
- Setpoint for PID (AI1)
- Actual feedback from PID (Al2)
- Run enable (DI2)
- Start/Stop selection (DI6)

- Analog output AO1: Output frequency
- Analog output AO2: Motor current
- Relay output 1: Running
- Relay output 2: Fault (-1)
- Relay output 3: PFC2 (first PFC auxiliary motor)

# **Torque control macro**

This macro is used in applications in which torque control of the motor is required. These are typically tension applications, where a particular tension needs to be maintained in the mechanical system. To enable the macro, select it in the Primary settings menu (not yet there) or set parameter 96.04 Macro select to Torque control.

# Default control connections for the Torque control macro



the next page.

```
R1...R5: 0.2...2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (terminals +24V, DGND, DCOM, B+, A-)
0.14...1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (terminals DI, AI, AO, AGND, RO, STO)
R6...R11: 0.14...2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (all terminals)
```

Tightening torques: 0.5...0.6 N·m (0.4 lbf·ft)

# Notes:

- <sup>1)</sup> The signal source is powered externally. See the manufacturer's instructions. To use sensors supplied by the drive aux. voltage output, see chapter *Electrical installation*, section *Connection examples of two-wire and three-wire sensors* in the *Hardware manual* of the drive.
- <sup>2)</sup> Ground the outer shield of the cable 360 degrees under the grounding clamp on the grounding shelf for the control cables.
- <sup>3)</sup> Connected with jumpers at the factory.
- <sup>4)</sup> Only frames R6...R11 have terminals 40 and 41 for external 24 V AC/DC input.
- <sup>5)</sup> Select voltage or current for inputs Al1 and Al2 and output AO1 with parameters *12.15*, *12.25* and *13.15*, respectively.

### Input signals

- Ext1 speed reference (AI1)
- Torque reference (Al2)
- Start/Stop selection (DI1)
- In speed control: Forward/ Reverse selection (DI2)
- Speed control / Torque control selection (DI3)
- In speed control: Constant speed (DI4)
- Ramp 1 / Ramp 2 selection (DI5)
- Run enable (DI6)

- Analog output AO1: Motor speed
- Analog output AO2: Motor current
- Relay output 1: Ready run
- Relay output 2: Running
- Relay output 3: Fault (-1)

# Parameter default values for different macros

Chapter *Parameters* on page *195* shows the default values of all parameters for the ABB standard macro (factory macro). Some parameters have different default values for other macros. The tables below lists the default values for those parameter for each macro.

96.04	Macro select	1 = ABB standard	17 = ABB stan- dard (vector)	11 = <i>3-wire</i>	12 = Alternate	13 = Motor potenti- ometer
10.24	RO1 source	2 = Ready run	2 = Ready run	2 = Ready run	2 = Ready run	2 = Ready run
10.27	RO2 source	7 = Running	7 = Running	7 = Running	7 = Running	7 = Running
10.30	RO3 source	15 = Fault (-1)	15 = Fault (-1)	15 = Fault (-1)	15 = Fault (-1)	15 = <i>Fault (-1)</i>
12.20	Al1 scaled at Al1 max	50.000	1500.000	50.000	50.000	50.000
13.12	AO1 source	2 = Output frequency	1 = Motor speed used	2 = Output frequency	2 = Output frequency	2 = Output frequency
13.18	AO1 source max	50.0	1500.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
19.11	Ext1/Ext2 selection	0 = <i>EXT1</i>	0 = <i>EXT1</i>	0 = <i>EXT1</i>	0 = <i>EXT1</i>	0 = <i>EXT1</i>
20.01	Ext1 commands	2 = In1 Start; In2 Dir	2 = In1 Start; In2 Dir	5 = In1P Start; In2 Stop; In3 Dir	3 = In1 Start fwd; In2 Start rev	2 = In1 Start; In2 Dir
20.03	Ext1 in1 source	2 = DI1	2 = DI1	2 = <b>DI1</b>	2 = DI1	2 = <b>D</b> I1
20.04	Ext1 in2 source	3 = <b>D</b> I2	3 = <i>DI</i> 2	3 = <i>DI</i> 2	3 = <i>DI</i> 2	3 = <b>D</b> /2
20.05	Ext1 in3 source	0 = Always off	0 = Always off	4 = <i>DI</i> 3	0 = Always off	0 = Always off
20.06	Ext2 commands	0 = Not selected	0 = Not selected	0 = Not selected	0 = Not selected	0 = Not selected
20.08	Ext2 in1 source	0 = Always off	0 = Always off	0 = Always off	0 = Always off	0 = Always off
20.09	Ext2 in2 source	0 = Always off	0 = Always off	0 = Always off	0 = Always off	0 = Always off
20.12	Run enable 1 source	1 = Selected	1 = Selected	1 = Selected	7 = <i>D</i> /6	7 = <i>D</i> /6
22.11	Ext1 speed ref1	1 = Al1 scaled	1 = Al1 scaled	1 = Al1 scaled	1 = Al1 scaled	15 = Motor potentiometer
22.18	Ext2 speed ref1	0 = Zero	0 = Zero	0 = Zero	0 = Zero	0 = Zero
22.22	Constant speed sel1	4 = <i>DI</i> 3	4 = <i>DI</i> 3	5 = <b>D</b> I4	4 = <i>DI</i> 3	6 = <b>D</b> /5
22.23	Constant speed sel2	5 = <b>DI</b> 4	5 = <b>DI</b> 4	6 = <i>DI5</i>	5 = <b>DI</b> 4	0 = Always off

96.04	Macro select	2 = Hand/Auto	3 = Hand/PID	14 = PID	15 = Panel PID	16 = <i>PFC</i>
10.24	RO1 source	2 = Ready run	2 = Ready run	2 = Ready run	2 = Ready run	7 = Running
10.27	RO2 source	7 = Running	7 = Running	7 = Running	7 = Running	15 = Fault (-1)
10.30	RO3 source	15 = <i>Fault (-1)</i>	15 = <i>Fault (-1)</i>	15 = Fault (-1)	15 = Fault (-1)	46 = <i>PFC</i> 2
12.20	Al1 scaled at Al1 max	50.000	50.000	50.000	50.000	50.000
13.12	AO1 source	2 = Output frequency	2 = Output frequency	2 = Output frequency	2 = Output frequency	2 = Output frequency
13.18	AO1 source max	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
19.11	Ext1/Ext2 selection	5 = <b>D</b> /3	4 = DI2	0 = <i>EXT1</i>	0 = <i>EXT1</i>	5 = <b>D</b> /3
20.01	Ext1 commands	2 = In1 Start; In2 Dir	1 = In1 Start	1 =In1 Start	1 =In1 Start	1 =In1 Start
20.03	Ext1 in1 source	2 = <b>D</b> I1	2 = <b>D</b> I1	2 = <b>D</b> I1	2 = <b>D</b> I1	2 = <b>D</b> I1
20.04	Ext1 in2 source	3 = <b>D</b> I2	0 = Always off			
20.05	Ext1 in3 source	0 = Always off	0 = Always off	0 = Always off	0 = Always off	0 = Always off
20.06	Ext2 commands	2 = In1 Start; In2 Dir	1 = In1 Start	0 = Not selected	0 = Not selected	1 = In1 Start
20.08	Ext2 in1 source	7 = DI6	7 = DI6	0 = Always off	0 = Always off	7 = DI6
20.09	Ext2 in2 source	6 = <b>D</b> <i>I</i> 5	0 = Always off			
20.12	Run enable 1 source	5 = <b>D</b> I4	6 = <b>D</b> <i>I</i> 5	6 = <i>DI5</i>	6 = <b>D</b> /5	3 = <i>DI</i> 2
22.11	Ext1 speed ref1	1 = AI1 scaled	1 = AI1 scaled	16 = <i>PID</i>	16 = <i>PID</i>	1 = Al1 scaled
22.18	Ext2 speed ref1	2 = AI2 scaled	16 = <i>PID</i>	0 = Zero	0 = <i>Zero</i>	16 = <i>PID</i>
22.22	Constant speed sel1	0 = Always off	4 = <b>D</b> /3	5 = <b>D</b> I4	5 = <b>D</b> I4	0 = Always off
22.23	Constant speed sel2	0 = Always off	5 = <b>D</b> I4	0 = Always off	0 = Always off	0 = Always off

96.04	Macro select	28 =
		Torque control
10.24	RO1 source	7 = Ready run
10.27	RO2 source	15 = Running
10.30	RO3 source	46 = Fault (-1)
12.20	Al1 scaled at Al1 max	50.000
13.12	AO1 source	1 = Motor speed used
13.18	AO1 source max	50.0
19.11	Ext1/Ext2 selection	5 = <i>DI3</i>
19.14	Ext2 control mode	3 = Torque
20.01	Ext1 commands	2 = In1 Start; In2 Dir
20.03	Ext1 in1 source	2 = DI1
20.04	Ext1 in2 source	3 = DI2
20.05	Ext1 in3 source	0 = Always off
20.06	Ext2 commands	1 = In1 Start
20.08	Ext2 in1 source	2 = DI1
20.09	Ext2 in2 source	3 = DI2
20.12	Run enable 1 source	7 = <i>D</i> /6
22.11	Ext1 speed ref1	1 = Al1 scaled
22.18	Ext2 speed ref1	2 = Al2 scaled
22.21	Constant speed function	Bit 0 Constant speed = Separate, Bit 1 Direction enable = Accord
22.22	Constant speed sel1	5 = <i>DI</i> 4
22.23	Constant speed sel2	0 = Always off

96.04	Macro select	1 = ABB standard	17 = ABB stan- dard (vector)	11 = <i>3-wir</i> e	12 = Alternate	13 = Motor potenti- ometer
22.71	Motor potentiometer function	0 = Disabled	0 = Disabled	0 = Disabled	0 = Disabled	1 = Enabled (init at stop /power-up)
22.73	Motor potentiometer up source	0 = Not used	0 = Not used	0 = Not used	0 = Not used	4 = DI3
22.74	Motor potentiometer down source	0 = Not used	0 = Not used	0 = Not used	0 = Not used	5 = <b>D</b> I4
23.11	Ramp set selection	6 = <i>DI5</i>	6 = <i>DI5</i>	0 = Acc/Dec time 1	6 = <i>DI5</i>	0 = Acc/Dec time 1
28.11	Ext1 frequency ref1	1 = Al1 scaled	1 = Al1 scaled	1 = Al1 scaled	1 = Al1 scaled	15 = Motor potentiometer
28.15	Ext1 frequency ref2	0 = Zero	0 = <i>Zero</i>	0 = <i>Zero</i>	0 = <i>Zero</i>	0 = <b>Zero</b>
28.22	Constant frequency sel1	4 = <i>DI</i> 3	4 = DI3	5 = <b>DI</b> 4	4 = DI3	6 = <b>DI</b> 5
28.23	Constant frequency sel2	5 = <b>D</b> I4	5 = <b>DI</b> 4	6 = <i>DI5</i>	5 = <b>D</b> I4	0 = Always off
28.71	Freq ramp set selection	6 = <i>DI</i> 5	6 = <b>D</b> <i>I</i> 5	0 = Acc/Dec time 1	6 = <b>D</b> <i>I</i> 5	0 = Acc/Dec time 1
40.07	Process PID operation mode	0 = Off	0 = <b>Off</b>	0 = <b>Off</b>	0 = <b>Off</b>	0 = <b>Off</b>
40.16	Set 1 setpoint 1 source	11 = <i>Al1</i> <i>percent</i>	11 = <i>Al1</i> <i>percent</i>	11 = <i>Al1</i> <i>percent</i>	11 = <i>Al1</i> <i>percent</i>	11 = <i>Al1</i> <i>percent</i>
40.17	Set 1 setpoint 2 source	0 = Not selected	0 = Not selected	0 = Not selected	0 = Not selected	0 = Not selected
40.19	Set 1 internal setpoint sel1	0 = Not selected	0 = Not selected	0 = Not selected	0 = Not selected	0 = Not selected
40.20	Set 1 internal setpoint sel2	0 = Not selected	0 = Not selected	0 = Not selected	0 = Not selected	0 = Not selected
40.32	Set 1 gain	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
40.33	Set 1 integration time	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0
76.21	Multipump configuration	0 = <i>Off</i>	0 = <i>Off</i>	0 = <i>Off</i>	0 = <b>Off</b>	0 = <i>Off</i>
76.25	Number of motors	1	1	1	1	1
76.27	Max number of motors allowed	1	1	1	1	1
99.04	Motor control mode	1 = Scalar	0 = Vector	1 = <i>Scalar</i>	1 = <i>Scalar</i>	1 = Scalar

96.04	Macro select	2 = Hand/Auto	3 = Hand/PID	14 = <i>PID</i>	15 = Panel PID	16 = <i>PFC</i>
22.71	Motor potentiometer function	0 = Disabled	0 = Disabled	0 = Disabled	0 = Disabled	0 = Disabled
22.73	Motor potentiometer up source	0 = Not used	0 = Not used	0 = Not used	0 = Not used	0 = Not used
22.74	Motor potentiometer down source	0 = Not used	0 = Not used	0 = Not used	0 = Not used	0 = Not used
23.11	Ramp set selection	0 = Acc/Dec time 1	0 = Acc/Dec time 1	0 = Acc/Dec time 1	0 = Acc/Dec time 1	0 = Acc/Dec time 1
28.11	Ext1 frequency ref1	1 = AI1 scaled	1 = Al1 scaled	16 = <i>PID</i>	16 = <i>PID</i>	1 = Al1 scaled
28.15	Ext1 frequency ref2	2 = AI2 scaled	16 = <i>PID</i>	0 = Zero	0 = Zero	16 = <i>PID</i>
28.22	Constant frequency sel1	0 = Always off	4 = DI3	5 = <b>DI</b> 4	5 = <b>DI</b> 4	0 = Always off
28.23	Constant frequency sel2	0 = Always off	5 = <b>D</b> I4	0 = Always off	0 = Always off	0 = Always off
28.71	Freq ramp set selection	0 = Acc/Dec time 1	0 = Acc/Dec time 1	0 = Acc/Dec time 1	0 = Acc/Dec time 1	0 = Acc/Dec time 1
40.07	Process PID operation mode	0 = <b>O</b> ff	2 = On when drive running			
40.16	Set 1 setpoint 1 source	11 = AI1 percent	11 = AI1 percent	11 = AI1 percent	13 = Control panel (ref	11 = AI1 percent
40.17	Set 1 setpoint 2 source	0 = Not selected	0 = Not selected	2 = Internal setpoint	0 = Not selected	0 = Not selected
40.19	Set 1 internal setpoint sel1	0 = Not selected	0 = Not selected	3 = <b>DI</b> 2	0 = Not selected	0 = Not selected
40.20	Set 1 internal setpoint sel2	0 = Not selected	0 = Not selected	4 = <i>DI</i> 3	0 = Not selected	0 = Not selected
40.32	Set 1 gain	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.50
40.33	Set 1 integration time	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	3.0
76.21	Multipump configuration	0 = <i>Off</i>	0 = <i>Off</i>	0 = <b>Off</b>	0 = <b>Off</b>	2 = <b>PFC</b>
76.25	Number of motors	1	1	1	1	2
76.27	Max number of motors allowed	1	1	1	1	2
99.04	Motor control mode	1 = Scalar	1 = Scalar	1 = Scalar	1 = Scalar	1 = Scalar

96.04	Macro select	28 = Torque con- trol
22.71	Motor potentiometer function	0 = Disabled
22.73	Motor potentiometer up source	0 = Not used
22.74	Motor potentiometer down source	0 = Not used
23.11	Ramp set selection	6 = <i>DI5</i>
26.11	Torque ref1 source	2 = AI2 scaled
28.11	Ext1 frequency ref1	1 = Al1 scaled
28.15	Ext1 frequency ref2	2 = AI2 scaled
28.22	Constant frequency sel1	5 = <b>D</b> I4
28.23	Constant frequency sel2	0 = Always off
28.71	Freq ramp set selection	6 = <b>D</b> /5
40.07	Process PID operation mode	0 = <i>Off</i>
40.16	Set 1 setpoint 1 source	11 = AI1 percent
40.17	Set 1 setpoint 2 source	0 = Not selected
40.19	Set 1 internal setpoint sel1	0 = Not selected
40.20	Set 1 internal setpoint sel2	0 = Not selected
40.32	Set 1 gain	1.00
40.33	Set 1 integration time	60.0
76.21	Multipump configuration	0 = <i>Off</i>
76.25	Number of motors	1
76.27	Max number of motors allowed	1
99.04	Motor control mode	0 = Vector

# 6

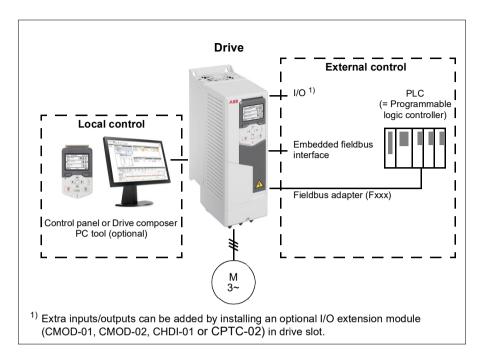
# **Program features**

# What this chapter contains

This chapter describes some of the more important functions within the control program, how to use them and how to program them to operate. It also explains the control locations and operating modes.

# Local control vs. external control

The ACS580 has two main control locations: external and local. The control location is selected with the Loc/Rem key on the control panel or in the PC tool.



# Local control

The control commands are given from the control panel keypad or from a PC equipped with Drive composer when the drive is in local control. Speed and torque control modes are available in vector motor control mode; frequency mode is available when scalar motor control mode is used (see parameter *19.16*).

Local control is mainly used during commissioning and maintenance. The control panel always overrides the external control signal sources when used in local control. Changing the control location to local can be prevented by parameter *19.17*.

The user can select by a parameter (49.05) how the drive reacts to a control panel or PC tool communication break. (The parameter has no effect in external control.)

# Settings and diagnostics

Parameters: 19.16 Local control mode...19.17 Local control disable (page 246) and 49.05 Communication loss action (page 384).

Events: -

# External control

When the drive is in external (remote) control, control commands are given through

- the I/O terminals (digital and analog inputs), or optional I/O extension modules
- the fieldbus interface (via the embedded fieldbus interface or an optional fieldbus adapter module).

Two external control locations, EXT1 and EXT2, are available. The user can select the sources of the start and stop commands separately for each location in the Primary settings menu (**Menu - Primary settings - Start, stop, reference**) or by setting parameters 20.01...20.10. The operating mode can be selected separately for each location, which enables quick switching between different operating modes, for example speed and torque control. Selection between EXT1 and EXT2 is done via any binary source such as a digital input or fieldbus control word (**Menu - Primary settings - Start, stop, reference - Secondary control location** or parameter *19.11*). The source of reference is selectable for each operating mode separately.

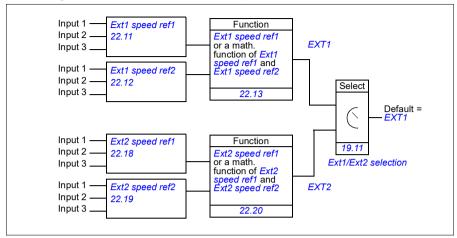
### Settings and diagnostics

Parameters: 20.01 Ext1 commands...20.10 Ext2 in3 source (page 247), and 19.11 Ext1/Ext2 selection (page 245).

Events: -

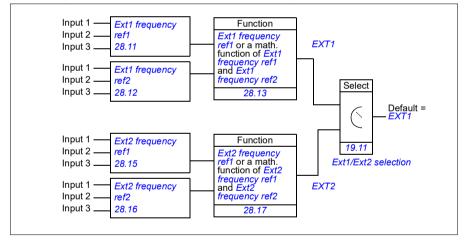
### **Communication fail functionality**

The communication fail functionality ensures continuous process without interruptions. If there is a communication loss, the drive automatically changes the control location from EXT1 to EXT2. This enables process to be controlled, for example, with the drive PID controller. When the original control location recovers, the drive automatically switches control back to the communication network (EXT1).



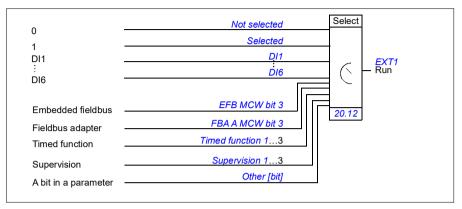
### Block diagram: EXT1/EXT2 selection for speed control

### Block diagram: EXT1/EXT2 selection for frequency control



### Block diagram: Run enable source for EXT1

The figure below shows the parameters that select the interface for run enable for external control location *EXT1*.



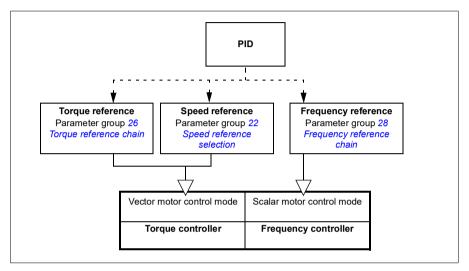
#### Settings and diagnostics

Menu - Primary settings - Start, stop, reference - Secondary control location; Menu - Primary settings - Start, stop, reference

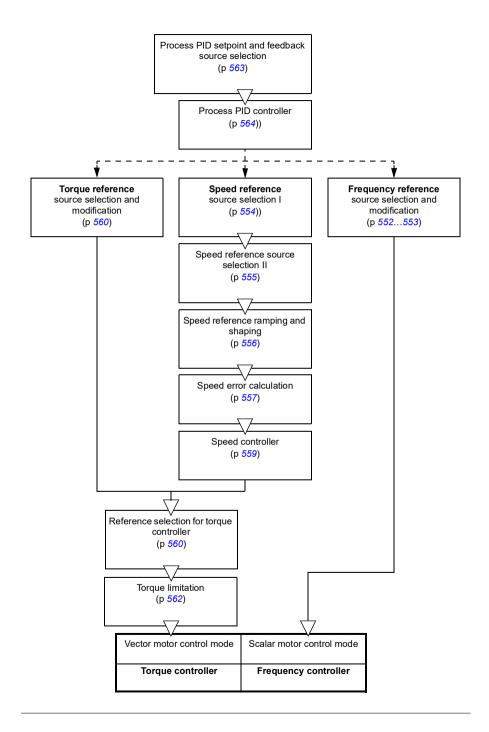
Parameters: 19.11 Ext1/Ext2 selection (page 245) and 20.01 Ext1 commands...20.10 Ext2 in3 source (page 247).

# Operating modes of the drive

The drive can operate in several operating modes with different types of reference. The mode is selectable for each control location (Local, EXT1 and EXT2) in parameter group *19 Operation mode*. An overview of the different reference types and control chains is shown below.



The following is a more detailed representation of the reference types and control chains. The page numbers refer to detailed diagrams in chapter *Control chain diagrams*.



# Speed control mode

The motor follows a speed reference given to the drive. This mode can be used either with estimated speed used as feedback.

Speed control mode is available in both local and external control. It is supported in vector motor control only.

Speed control uses speed reference chain. Select speed reference with parameters in group 22 Speed reference selection on page 266.

#### Settings and diagnostics

Parameter group: 22 Speed reference selection (page 266).

Events: -

# Torque control mode

Motor torque follows a torque reference given to the drive. Torque control mode is available in both local and external control. It is supported in vector motor control only.

Torque control uses torque reference chain. Select torque reference with parameters in group 26 *Torque reference chain* on page 286.

Settings and diagnostics

Parameter group: 26 Torque reference chain (page 286).

Events: -

# Frequency control mode

The motor follows a frequency reference given to the drive. Frequency control is available in both local and external control. It is supported in scalar motor control only.

Frequency control uses frequency reference chain. Select frequency reference with parameters in group 28 *Frequency reference chain* on page 290.

Settings and diagnostics

Parameter group: 28 Frequency reference chain (page 290).

# Special control modes

In addition to the above-mentioned control modes, the following special control modes are available:

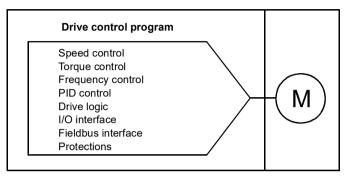
- Process PID control. For more information, see section *Process PID control* (page 131).
- Emergency stop modes OFF1 and OFF3: Drive stops along the defined deceleration ramp and drive modulation stops, see section *Emergency stop* (page 176).
- Jogging mode: Drive starts and accelerates to the defined speed when the jogging signal is activated. For more information, see section *Jogging* (page 165).
- Pre-magnetization: DC magnetization of the motor before start. For more information, see section *Pre-magnetization* (page 161).
- DC hold: Locking the rotor at (near) zero speed in the middle of normal operation. For more information, see section *DC hold* (page *162*).
- Pre-heating (motor heating): Keeping the motor warm when the drive is stopped. For more information, see section *Pre-heating (Motor heating)* (page 163).

### Settings and diagnostics

Parameter groups: 06 Control and status words (page 208), 20 Start/stop/direction (page 247), 22 Speed reference selection (page 266), 23 Speed reference ramp (page 276 and 40 Process PID set 1 (page 353).

# Drive configuration and programming

The drive control program performs the main control functions, including speed, torque and frequency control, drive logic (start/stop), I/O, feedback, communication and protection functions. Control program functions are configured and programmed with parameters.



# Configuring via parameters

Parameters configure all of the standard drive operations and can be set via

- the control panel, as described in chapter Control panel
- the Drive composer PC tool, as described in *Drive composer user's manual* (3AUA0000094606 [English]), or
- the fieldbus interface, as described in chapters *Fieldbus control through the embedded fieldbus interface (EFB)* and *Fieldbus control through a fieldbus adapter*.

All parameter settings are stored automatically to the permanent memory of the drive. However, if an external +24 V DC power supply is used for the drive control unit, ABB highly recommends to force a save by using parameter *96.07 Parameter save manually* before powering down the control unit after any parameter changes have been made.

If necessary, the default parameter values can be restored by parameter <u>96.06</u> *Parameter restore*.

### Settings and diagnostics

Parameters: 96.06 Parameter restore...96.07 Parameter save manually (page 418).

# Adaptive programming

Conventionally, the user can control the operation of the drive by parameters. However, the standard parameters have a fixed set of choices or a setting range. To further customize the operation of the drive, an adaptive program can be constructed out of a set of function blocks.

The Drive composer pro PC tool (version 1.10 or later, available separately) has an Adaptive programming feature with a graphical user interface for building the custom program. The function blocks include the usual arithmetic and logical functions, as well as for example, selection, comparison and timer blocks. The adaptive program is executed on a 10 ms time level.

The physical inputs, drive status information, actual values, constants and parameters can be used as the input for the program. The output of the program can be used for example, as a start signal, external event or reference, or connected to the drive outputs. See the table below for a listing of the available inputs and outputs.

If you connect the output of the adaptive program to a selection parameter that is a pointer parameter, the selection parameter will be write-protected.

### Example

If parameter *31.01 External event 1 source* is connected to an adaptive programming block output, the parameter value is shown as Adaptive program on a control panel or PC tool. The parameter is write-protected (= the selection cannot be changed).

The status of the adaptive program is shown by parameter 07.30 Adaptive program status. The adaptive program can be disabled by 96.70 Disable adaptive program.

Inputs available to the adaptive program		
Input	Source	
I/O		
DI1	10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0	
DI2	10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1	
DI3	10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2	
DI4	10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3	
DI5	10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4	
DI6	10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5	
Al1	12.11 Al1 actual value	
Al2	12.21 Al2 actual value	
Actual signals		
Motor speed	01.01 Motor speed used	
Output frequency	01.06 Output frequency	
Motor current	01.07 Motor current	
Motor torque	01.10 Motor torque	
Motor shaft power	01.17 Motor shaft power	
Status		
Enabled	06.16 Drive status word 1, bit 0	

For more information, see the *Adaptive programming application guide* (3AXD50000028574 [English].

Inputs available to the adaptive program		
Input	Source	
Inhibited	06.16 Drive status word 1, bit 1	
Ready to start	06.16 Drive status word 1, bit 3	
Tripped	06.11 Main status word, bit 3	
At setpoint	06.11 Main status word, bit 8	
Limiting	06.16 Drive status word 1, bit 7	
Ext1 active	06.16 Drive status word 1, bit 10	
Ext2 active	06.16 Drive status word 1, bit 11	
Data storage		
Data storage 1 real32	47.01 Data storage 1 real32	
Data storage 2 real32	47.02 Data storage 2 real32	
Data storage 3 real32	47.03 Data storage 3 real32	
Data storage 4 real32	47.04 Data storage 4 real32	

Outputs available to the adap	tive program
Output	Target
I/O	·
RO1	10.24 RO1 source
RO2	10.27 RO2 source
RO3	10.30 RO3 source
AO1	13.12 AO1 source
AO2	13.22 AO2 source
Start control	·
Ext1/Ext2 selection	19.11 Ext1/Ext2 selection
Run enable 1	20.12 Run enable 1 source
Ext1 in1 cmd	20.03 Ext1 in1 source
Ext1 in2 cmd	20.04 Ext2 in2 source
Ext1 in3 cmd	20.05 Ext1 in3 source
Ext2 in1 cmd	20.08 Ext2 in1 source
Ext2 in2 cmd	20.09 Ext2 in2 source
Ext2 in3 cmd	20.10 Ext2 in3 source
Fault reset	31.11 Fault reset selection
Speed control	·
Ext1 speed reference	22.11 Ext1 speed ref1
Speed proportional gain	25.02 Speed proportional gain
Speed integration time	25.03 Speed integration time
Acceleration time 1	23.12 Acceleration time 1
Deceleration time 1	23.13 Deceleration time 1
Frequency control	·
Ext1 frequency reference	28.11 Ext1 frequency ref1
Torque control	
Ext1 torque reference	26.11 Torque ref1 source
Ext2 torque reference	26.12 Torque ref2 source
Limit function	•
Minimum torque 2	30.21 Min torque 2 source
Maximum torque 2	30.22 Max torque 2 source
Events	•
External event 1	31.01 External event 1 source
External event 2	31.03 External event 2 source

Outputs available to the adaptive program		
Output	Target	
External event 3	31.05 External event 3 source	
External event 4	31.07 External event 4 source	
External event 5	31.09 External event 5 source	
Data Storage		
Data storage 1 real32	47.01 Data storage 1 real32	
Data storage 2 real32	47.02 Data storage 2 real32	
Data storage 3 real32	47.03 Data storage 3 real32	
Data storage 4 real32	47.04 Data storage 4 real32	
Process PID		
Set 1 setpoint 1	40.16 Set 1 setpoint 1 source	
Set 1 setpoint 2	40.17 Set 1 setpoint 2 source	
Set 1 feedback 1	40.08 Set 1 feedback 1 source	
Set 1 feedback 2	40.09 Set 1 feedback 2 source	
Set 1 gain	40.32 Set 1 gain	
Set 1 integration time	40.33 Set 1 integration time	
Set 1 tracking mode	40.49 Set 1 tracking mode	
Set 1 track reference	40.50 Set 1 tracking ref selection	

### Adaptive program fault and aux code formats

The format of the aux code:

Bits 24-31: State number	Bits 16-23: block number	Dite 0 15, error ande
Bits 24-31: State number	Bits 16-23: block number	Bits 0-15: error code

If the state number is zero but the block number has a value, the fault is related to a function block in the base program. If both state number and block number are zero, the fault is a generic fault that is not related to a specific block.

See fault 64A6.

#### Sequence program

An adaptive program can contain base program and sequence program parts. Base program is run continuously when adaptive program is in running mode. The functionality of the base program is programmed using function blocks and system inputs and outputs.

Sequence program is a state machine. This means that only one state of the sequence program is run at a time. You can create a sequence program by adding states and programming the state programs using the same program elements as in the base program. You can program state transitions by adding state transition outputs to the state programs. The state transition rules are programmed using function blocks.

The number of the active state of the sequence program is shown by parameter 07.31 AP sequence state.

### Settings and diagnostics

Parameter groups: 01 Actual values (page 199), 06 Control and status words (page 208), 07 System info (page 214), 10 Standard DI, RO (page 216), 12 Standard AI (page 226), 13 Standard AO (page 231), 19 Operation mode (page 245), 20 Start/stop/direction (page 247), 23 Speed reference ramp (page 276), 25 Speed control (page 280), 26 Torque reference chain (page 286), 30 Limits (page 301), 31 Fault functions (page 309), 40 Process PID set 1 (page 353), 47 Data storage (page 383), and 96 System (page 415).

Event: 64A6 Adaptive program (page 498).

# **Control interfaces**

# Programmable analog inputs

The control unit has two programmable analog inputs. Each of the inputs can be independently set as a voltage (0/2...10 V) or current (0/4...20 mA) input with parameters. Each input can be filtered, inverted and scaled.

Settings and diagnostics

Parameter group: 12 Standard AI (page 226).

Events: -

# Programmable analog outputs

The control unit has two current (0...20 mA) analog outputs. Analog output 1 can be set as a voltage (0/2...10 V) or current (0/4...20 mA) output with a parameter. Analog output 2 always uses current. Each output can be filtered, inverted and scaled.

Settings and diagnostics

Parameter group: 13 Standard AO (page 231).

Events: -

# Programmable digital inputs and outputs

The control unit has six digital inputs.

Digital input DI5 can be used as a frequency input. The control panel shows the appropriate selection only.

Digital input DI6 can used as a thermistor input.

Six digital inputs can be added by using a CHDI-01 115/230 V digital input extension module and one digital output by using a CMOD-01 multifunction extension module.

#### Settings and diagnostics

Parameter groups: 10 Standard DI, RO (page 216) and 11 Standard DIO, FI, FO (page 225).

Events: -

# Programmable frequency input and output

Digital input DI5 can be used as a frequency input.

A frequency output can be implemented with a CMOD-01 multifunction extension module.

### 122 Program features

#### Settings and diagnostics

Parameter groups: 10 Standard DI, RO (page 216) and 11 Standard DIO, FI, FO (page 225).

Events: -

# Programmable relay outputs

The control unit has three relay outputs. The signal to be indicated by the outputs can be selected by parameters.

Two relay outputs can be added by using a CMOD-01 multifunction extension module or a CHDI-01 115/230 V digital input extension module.

Settings and diagnostics

Parameter group: 10 Standard DI, RO (page 216).

Events: -

# Programmable I/O extensions

Inputs and outputs can be added by using a CMOD-01 or CMOD-02 multifunction extension module or a CHDI-01 115/230 V digital input extension module. The module is mounted on option slot 2 of the control unit.

The table below shows the number of I/O on the control unit as well as optional CMOD-01, CMOD-02 and a CHDI-01 modules.

Location	Digital inputs (DI)	Digital outputs (DO)	Digital I/Os (DIO)	Analog inputs (AI)	Analog outputs (AO)	Relay outputs (RO)
Control unit	6	-	-	2	2	3
CMOD-01	-	1	-	-	-	2
CMOD-02	-	-	-	-	-	1 (non- configurable)
CHDI-01	6 (115/230 V)	-	-	-	-	2

The I/O extension module can be activated and configured using parameter group 15.

The CMOD-02 offers, in addition to the relay output (non-configurable), a +24VDC/AC input and a thermistor input.

**Note:** The configuration parameter group contains parameters that display the values of the inputs on the extension module. These parameters are the only way of utilizing the inputs on an I/O extension module as signal sources. To connect to an input, choose the setting *Other* in the source selector parameter, then specify the appropriate value parameter (and bit, for digital signals) in group 15.

**Note:** With the CHDI-01, you can use up to six additional digital inputs. The CHDI-01 does not affect the standard digital inputs on the control unit.

Settings and diagnostics

Parameter group: 15 I/O extension module (page 236).

Events: -

### Fieldbus control

The drive can be connected to several different automation systems through its fieldbus interfaces. See chapters *Fieldbus control through the embedded fieldbus interface (EFB)* (page 505) and *Fieldbus control through a fieldbus adapter* (page 535).

### Settings and diagnostics

Parameter groups: 50 Fieldbus adapter (FBA) (page 386), 51 FBA A settings (page 390), 52 FBA A data in (page 392), and 53 FBA A data out (page 392) and 58 Embedded fieldbus (page 393).

Events: -

# **Application control**

# Reference ramping

Acceleration and deceleration ramping times can be set individually for speed, torque and frequency reference (**Menu - Primary settings - Ramps**).

With a speed or frequency reference, the ramps are defined as the time it takes for the drive to accelerate or decelerate between zero speed or frequency and the value defined by parameter 46.01 or 46.02. The user can switch between two preset ramp sets using a binary source such as a digital input. For speed and frequency reference, also the shape of the ramp can be controlled.

With a torque reference, the ramps are defined as the time it takes for the reference to change between zero and nominal motor torque (parameter *01.30*).

### Variable slope

Variable slope controls the slope of the speed ramp during a reference change. With this feature a constantly variable ramp can be used. See parameters 23.28 and 23.29.

Variable slope is only supported in remote control.

#### Special acceleration/deceleration ramps

The acceleration/deceleration times for the jogging function can be defined separately; see section *Jogging* (page *165*).

The change rate of the motor potentiometer function (page *150*) is adjustable. The same rate applies in both directions.

A deceleration ramp can be defined for emergency stop ("Off3" mode).

### Settings and diagnostics

# Menu - Primary settings - Ramps

Parameters:

- Speed reference ramping: Parameters 23.11 Ramp set selection...23.15 Deceleration time 2 (page 276) and 46.01 Speed scaling (pages 379).
- Torque reference ramping: Parameters 01.30 Nominal torque scale (page 200), 26.18 Torque ramp up time and 26.19 Torque ramp down time(pages 289).
- Frequency reference ramping: Parameters 28.71 Freq ramp set selection...28.75 Freq deceleration time 2 (page 298) and 46.02 Frequency scaling (pages 379).
- Jogging: Parameters 23.20 Acc time jogging and 23.21 Dec time jogging (page 277).
- Motor potentiometer: Parameter 22.75 *Motor potentiometer ramp time* (page 275).
- Emergency stop ("Off3" mode): Parameter 23.23 Emergency stop time (page 278).
- Variable slope: Parameters 23.28 Variable slope enable (page 278) and 23.29 Variable slope rate (page 278).

Events: -

# Constant speeds/frequencies

Constant speeds and frequencies are predefined references that can be quickly activated, for example, through digital inputs. It is possible to define up to 7 speeds for speed control and 7 constant frequencies for frequency control.

**WARNING:** Speeds and frequencies override the normal reference irrespective of where the reference is coming from.

# Settings and diagnostics

Menu - Primary settings - Start, stop, reference - Constant frequencies, Menu - Primary settings - Start, stop, reference - Constant speeds

Parameter groups: 22 Speed reference selection (page 266) and 28 Frequency reference chain (page 290).

# Critical speeds/frequencies

Critical speeds (sometimes called "skip speeds") can be predefined for applications where it is necessary to avoid certain motor speeds or speed ranges because of, for example, mechanical resonance problems.

The critical speeds function prevents the reference from dwelling within a critical band for extended times. When a changing reference (22.87 Speed reference act 7) enters a critical range, the output of the function (22.01 Speed ref unlimited) freezes until the reference exits the range. Any instant change in the output is smoothed out by the ramping function further in the reference chain.

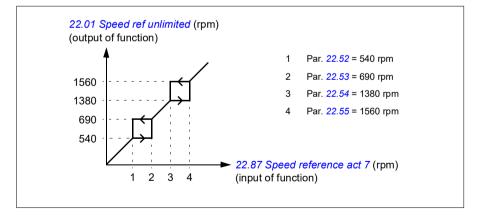
When the drive is limiting the allowed output speeds/frequencies, it limits to the absolutely lowest critical speed (critical speed low or critical frequency low) when accelerating from standstill, unless the speed reference is over the upper critical speed/ frequency limit.

The function is also available for scalar motor control with a frequency reference. The input of the function is shown by 28.96 *Frequency ref act* 7.

### Example

A fan has vibrations in the range of 540...690 rpm and 1380...1560 rpm. To make the drive avoid these speed ranges,

- the critical speeds function by turning on bit 0 of parameter 22.51 Critical speed function, and
- set the critical speed ranges as in the figure below.



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### Settings and diagnostics

Parameters:

- Critical speeds: Parameters 22.01 Speed ref unlimited (page 266), 22.51 Critical speed function...22.57 Critical speed 3 high (page 273) and 22.87 Speed reference act 7 (page 276).
- Critical frequencies: Parameters 28.51 Critical frequency function...28.57 Critical frequency 3 high (page 297) and 28.96 Frequency ref act 7 (page 301).

Events: -

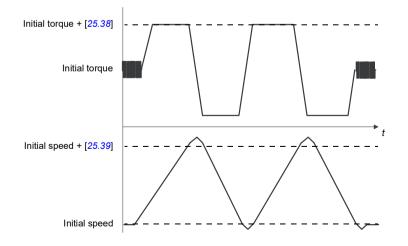
# Speed controller autotune

The speed controller of the drive can be automatically adjusted using the autotune function. Autotuning is based on an estimation of the mechanical time constant (inertia) of the motor and machine.

The autotune routine will run the motor through a series of acceleration/deceleration cycles, the number of which can be adjusted by parameter *25.40*. Higher values will produce more accurate results, especially if the difference between initial and maximum speeds is small.

The maximum torque reference used during autotuning will be the initial torque (that is, torque when the routine is activated) plus 25.38, unless limited by the maximum torque limit (parameter group 30 *Limits*) or the nominal motor torque (99 *Motor data*). The calculated maximum speed during the routine is the initial speed (that is, speed when the routine is activated) + 25.39, unless limited by parameter 30.12 or 99.09.

The diagram below shows the behavior of speed and torque during the autotune routine. In this example, 25.40 is set to 2.



### Notes:

- If the drive cannot produce the requested braking power during the routine, the results will be based on the acceleration stages only, and not as accurate as with full braking power.
- The motor will exceed the calculated maximum speed slightly at the end of each acceleration stage.

### Before activating the autotune routine

The prerequisites for performing the autotune routine are:

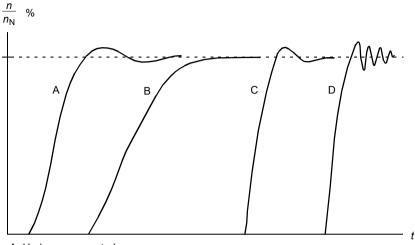
- The motor identification run (ID run) has been successfully completed
- Speed and torque limits (parameter group 30 Limits) have been set
- The drive has been started and is running in speed control mode.

After these conditions have been fulfilled, autotuning can be activated by parameter 25.33 (or the signal source selected by it).

### Autotune modes

Autotuning can be performed in three different ways depending on the setting of parameter 25.34. The selections *Smooth*, *Normal* and *Tight* define how the drive torque reference should react to a speed reference step after tuning. The selection *Smooth* will produce a slow but robust response; *Tight* will produce a fast response

but possibly too high gain values for some applications. The figure below shows speed responses at a speed reference step (typically 1...20%).



- A: Undercompensated
- B: Normally tuned (autotuning)
- C: Normally tuned (manually). Better dynamic performance than with B
- D: Overcompensated speed controller

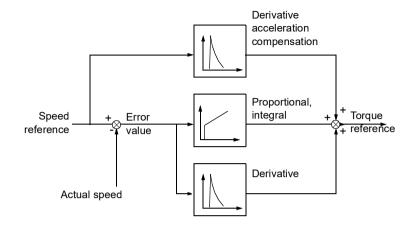
# Autotune results

At the end of a successful autotune routine, its results are automatically transferred into parameters

- 25.02 (proportional gain of the speed controller)
- 25.03 (integration time of the speed controller)
- 25.37 (mechanical time constant of the motor and machine).

Nevertheless, it is still possible to manually adjust the controller gain, integration time and derivation time.

The figure below is a simplified block diagram of the speed controller. The controller output is the reference for the torque controller.



### Warning indications

A warning message *AF90*, will be generated if the autotune routine does not complete successfully. See chapter *Fault tracing* (page 479) for further information.

#### Settings and diagnostics

Parameters groups: 25 Speed control (page 280), 30 Limits (page 301) and 99 Motor data (page 431).

Parameters: 25.02 Speed proportional gain (page 281), 25.03 Speed integration time (page 282), 25.33 Speed controller autotune...25.40 Autotune repeat times (page 285), 30.12 Maximum speed (page 303) and 99.09 Motor nominal speed (page 433).

Event: AF90 Speed controller autotuning (page 491).

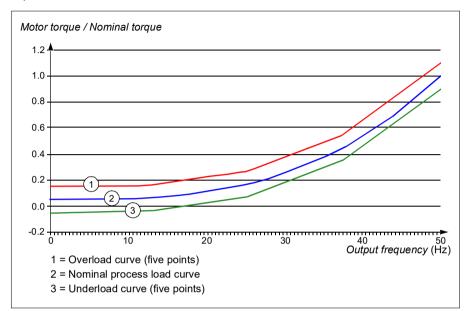
# User load curve

The User load curve provides a supervisory function that monitors an input signal as a function of frequency or speed, and load. It shows the status of the monitored signal and can give a warning or fault based on the violation of a user defined profile.

The user load curve consists of an overload and an underload curve, or just one of them. Each curve is formed by five points that represent the monitored signal as a function of frequency or speed.

In the example below, the user load curve is constructed from the motor nominal torque to which a 10% margin is added and subtracted. The margin curves define a

working envelope for the motor so that excursions outside the envelope can be supervised, timed and detected.



An overload warning and/or fault can be set to occur if the monitored signal stays continuously over the overload curve for a defined time. An underload warning and/or fault can be set to occur if the monitored signal stays continuously under the underload for a defined time.

Overload can be for example used to monitor for a saw blade hitting a knot or fan load profiles becoming too high.

Underload can be for example used to monitor for load dropping and breaking of conveyer belts or fan belts.

# Settings and diagnostics

Parameter group: 37 User load curve (page 349).

Events: A6E6 ULC configuration (page 487), A8BE ULC overload warning (page 490), A8BF ULC underload warning (page 490), 8001 ULC underload fault (page 501), 8002 ULC overload fault page 501).

# Control macros

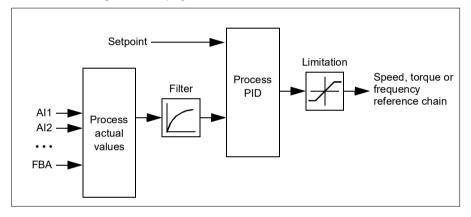
Control macros are predefined parameter edits and I/O configurations. See chapter *Control macros* (page 77).

# Process PID control

There are two built-in process PID controllers (PID set 1 and PID set 2) in the drive. The controller can be used to control process variables such as pressure or flow in the pipe or fluid level in the container.

In process PID control, a process reference (setpoint) is connected to the drive instead of a speed reference. An actual value (process feedback) is also brought back to the drive. The process PID control adjusts the drive speed in order to keep the measured process quantity (actual value) at the desired level (setpoint). This means that user does not need to set a frequency/speed/torque reference to the drive but the drive adjust its operation according to the process PID.

The simplified block diagram below illustrates the process PID control. For more detailed block diagrams, see pages 563 and 564.



The drive contains two complete sets of process PID controller settings that can be alternated whenever necessary; see parameter 40.57 PID set1/set2 selection.

**Note:** Process PID control is only available in external control; see section *Local control vs. external control* (page 107).

### Quick configuration of the process PID controller

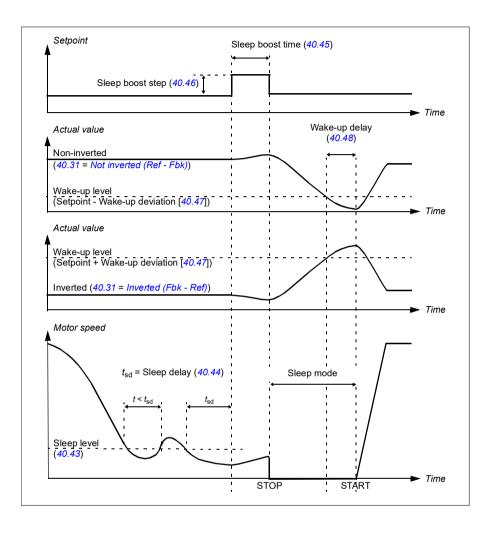
- 1. Activate the process PID controller: Menu Primary settings PID PID controls
- 2. Select a feedback source: Menu Primary settings PID Feedback
- 3. Select a setpoint source: Menu Primary settings PID Setpoint
- 4. Set the gain, integration time, derivation time: **Menu Primary settings PID -Tuning**
- 5. Set the PID output limits: Menu Primary settings PID PID output
- 6. Select the PID controller output as the source of, for example, 22.11 Ext1 speed *ref1*: Menu Primary settings Start, stop, reference Reference from

### Sleep and boost functions for process PID control

The sleep function is suitable for PID control applications where the consumption varies, such as clean water pumping systems. When used, it stops the pump completely during low demand, instead of running the pump slowly below its efficient operating range. The following example visualizes the operation of the function.

**Example:** The drive controls a pressure boost pump. The water consumption falls at night. As a consequence, the process PID controller decreases the motor speed. However, due to natural losses in the pipes and the low efficiency of the centrifugal pump at low speeds, the motor would never stop rotating. The sleep function detects the slow rotation and stops the unnecessary pumping after the sleep delay has passed. The drive shifts into sleep mode, still monitoring the pressure. The pumping resumes when the pressure falls under the predefined minimum level and the wake-up delay has passed.

The user can extend the PID sleep time by the boost functionality. The boost functionality increases the process setpoint for a predetermined time before the drive enters the sleep mode.



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### Tracking

In tracking mode, the PID block output is set directly to the value of parameter 40.50 (or 41.50) Set 1 tracking ref selection. The internal I term of the PID controller is set so that no transient is allowed to pass on to the output, so when the tracking mode is left, normal process control operation can be resumed without a significant bump.

Settings and diagnostics

### Menu - Primary settings - PID

Parameter: 96.04 Macro select (page 417) (macro selection).

Parameter groups: 40 Process PID set 1 (page 353) and 41 Process PID set 2 (page 369).

# PID trim function

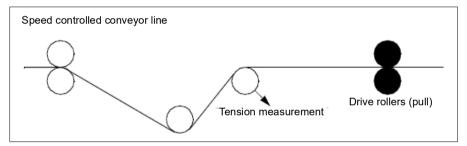
The PID trim function is used to maintain the set tension either by trimming the drive main speed reference or torque reference (speed controller output).

**WARNING:** Make sure that the drive acceleration and deceleration time is set to 0 when using PID trim function. This is required to do quick tension control by speed correction.

PID trim is implemented as one of the Process PID functions (parameter groups 40 *Process PID set 1* and 41 *Process PID set 2*). Both PID set 1 and PID set 2 can be used for this functionality.

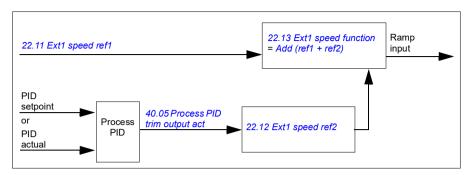
The trimmed output is calculated from parameter 40.01 Process PID output actual or 40.03 Process PID setpoint actual. This is base on the selection in parameter 40.56 Set 1 trim source (for process PID set 1) or 41.56 Set 2 trim source (for process PID set 2). In most of the use cases, 40.01 Process PID output actual is used, that is 40.56 Set 1 trim source or 41.56 Set 2 trim source is set to PID output.

PID trim functionality in Variable Frequency Drives (VFD) is used in applications where tension control of the material is very essential, for example, in auxiliary drives in metal process industries, infeed and outfeed of rotogravure printing machines and surface winders.



You must link the trimmed output from PID to the speed chain manually if PID trimmed output is used for trimming speed. Set the below parameters as follows:

Parameter	Value
22.11 Ext1 speed ref1	Process speed reference given by 22.11 Ext1 speed ref1 source
22.12 Ext1 speed ref2	Other, 40.05 Process PID trim output act
22.13 Ext1 speed function	Add (ref1 + ref2)



### Notes:

- The above settings are for EXT1 control location. Accordingly, you can set for EXT2 control location.
- The examples provided here are based on PID set 1. You can set the desired values for PID trim function's parameters to get the expected result.

The following PID trim modes are available:

- Direct
- Proportional
- Combined.

### Direct

The direct mode is suitable where you need tension control at fixed rpm/line speed.

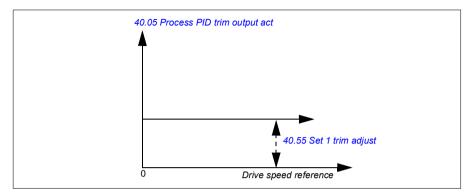
In this mode, the PID trimmed output (40.05 Process PID trim output act) is relative to the maximum speed (parameter 30.12 Maximum speed), torque (30.20 Maximum torque 1) or frequency (30.14 Maximum frequency). You make the selection with parameter 40.52 Set 1 trim selection.

The calculated trimmed output actual is the same throughout the speed range with respect to the stable PID output.

The 40.05 Process PID trim output act is calculated using the below formula:

Par40.05 =  $\left(\frac{\text{Par40.01}}{100}\right) \times (\text{Par30.12 or } 30.20 \text{ or } 30.14) \times \text{Par40.55}$ 

The below graph shows the PID trim output in direct mode throughout the speed range. A fixed trim speed reference is added throughout the speed range.



**Note:** In the above graph, it is assumed that the PID output is limited/stable at 100. This is for understanding purpose only. In real case scenarios, PID output can vary based on the setpoint and actual.

### Example:

```
If,
parameter 40.52 Set 1 trim selection = Speed
parameter 40.56 Set 1 trim source = PID output
parameter 30.12 Maximum speed = 1500 rpm
parameter 40.01 Process PID output actual = 100 (limited to 100)
parameter 40.55 Set 1 trim adjust = 0.5
then
Par40.05 = \left(\frac{100}{100}\right) \times 1500 \times 0.5
```

Par40.05 =  $\left(\frac{100}{100}\right) \times 1500 \times 0$ Par40.05 = 750

### Proportional

The proportional mode is suitable for applications where tension control is required throughout the speed range but not near zero speed.

In this mode, the PID trim output (40.05 Process PID trim output act) is relative to the reference selected by parameter 40.53 Set 1 trimmed ref pointer and with 40.01 Process PID output actual or 40.03 Process PID setpoint actual.

It is recommended that the speed reference selected in 40.53 Set 1 trimmed ref pointer and the reference source selected in 22.11 Ext1 speed ref1 are same. This is required to make the proportional mode active.

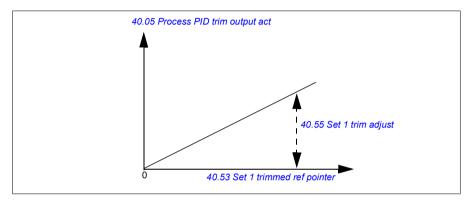
In most of the use cases, the process speed reference is connected to *40.53 Set 1 trimmed ref pointer*. For example, if EXT1 control mode is used and the reference

source is AI scaled, then 22.11 Ext1 speed ref1 and 40.53 Set 1 trimmed ref pointer should be configured to AI1 scaled.

The 40.05 Process PID trim output act calculated using the below formula:

$$Par40.05 = \left(\frac{Par40.01}{100}\right) \times Par40.53 \times Par40.55$$

The below graph shows the PID trim output in proportional mode throughout the speed range. Here, the trimmed output is directly proportional to the value of parameter *40.53 Set 1 trimmed ref pointer*.



**Note:** In the above graph, it is assumed that the PID output is limited/stable at 100. This is for understanding purpose only. In real case scenario, PID output can vary based on the setpoint and actual.

# Example:

```
If,
parameter 40.52 Set 1 trim selection = Speed
parameter 40.56 Set 1 trim source = PID output
parameter 40.53 Set 1 trimmed ref pointer = Al1 scaled
parameter 22.11 Ext1 speed ref1 = Al1 scaled
parameter 12.20 Al1 scaled at Al1 max = 1500
parameter 12.12 Al1 scaled value = 750 (Al1 actual scaled value)
parameter 40.01 Process PID output actual = 100 (limited to 100)
parameter 40.55 Set 1 trim adjust = 0.5
then
Par40.05 = \left(\frac{100}{100}\right) \times 750 \times 0.5
Par40.05 = 375
```

# Combined

The combined mode is suitable for applications where you need to maintain tension from zero speed to maximum speed.

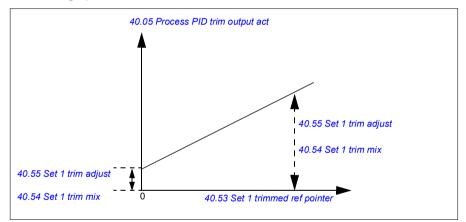
The combined mode is a combination of direct and proportional mode. Here, the trim for zero speed is defined by 40.54 Set 1 trim mix and the trim for speed greater than zero speed is defined by 40.55 Set 1 trim adjust. The trim value is directly proportional to value of 40.53 Set 1 trimmed ref pointer.

The process speed reference is connected in 40.53 Set 1 trimmed ref pointer. For example, if EXT1 control mode is used and the reference source is AI scaled, then 22.11 Ext1 speed ref1 and 40.53 Set 1 trimmed ref pointer should be configured to AI1 scaled.

The 40.05 Process PID trim output act is calculated using the below formula:

 $Par40.05 = \{(Par30.12 \times Par40.54) + [(1 - Par40.54) \times Par40.53]\} \times Par40.55$ 

The below graph shows the trim increase in the combined mode.



**Note:** In the above graph, it is assumed that the PID output is limited/stable at 100. This is for understanding purpose only. In real case scenario, PID output can vary based on the setpoint and actual.

# Example:

```
If,
parameter 40.52 Set 1 trim selection = Speed
parameter 40.56 Set 1 trim source = PID output
parameter 30.12 Maximum speed = 1500 rpm
parameter 40.53 Set 1 trimmed ref pointer = AI1 scaled
parameter 22.11 Ext1 speed ref1 = AI1 scaled
parameter 12.20 AI1 scaled at AI1 max = 1500
parameter 12.12 AI1 scaled value = 750 (AI1 actual scaled value)
parameter 40.01 Process PID output actual = 100 (limited to 100)
parameter 40.54 Set 1 trim mix = 0.1
parameter 40.55 Set 1 trim adjust = 0.5
```

then

If 40.53 Set 1 trimmed ref pointer is 0

Par40.05 = 
$$\left(\frac{100}{100}\right) \times \{(1500 \times 0.1) + [(1 - 0.1) \times 0]\} \times 1$$

Par40.05 = 150

If 40.53 Set 1 trimmed ref pointeris 750

Par40.05 = 
$$\left(\frac{100}{100}\right) \times \{(1500 \times 0.1) + [(1 - 0.1) \times 750]\} \times 1$$
  
Par40.05 = 825

If 40.53 Set 1 trimmed ref pointer is 1500

Par40.05 =  $\left(\frac{100}{100}\right) \times \{(1500 \times 0.1) + [(1 - 0.1) \times 1500]\} \times 1$ Par40.05 = 1500

### PID trim auto connection

PID trim auto connection (40.54 Set 1 trim mix) enables the connection of PID trim output actual (40.05 Process PID trim output act)) to the respective speed, torque or frequency reference chains. You can use parameter 40.52 Set 1 trim selection (for PID set 1) or 41.52 Set 2 trim selection (for PID set 2) and select the respective trim (speed, torque or frequency).

The motor control mode (99.04 Motor control mode) also impacts the PID trim output actual (40.05 Process PID trim output act) added to the speed, torque or frequency reference chains. In scalar control mode, the speed trim and torque trim values are zero and in vector control mode, the frequency trim value is zero.

See the control chain diagram on page 568.

**Note:** If the parameter 40.54 Set 1 trim mix is disabled and the drive stops through Ramp stop (Off1) or Emergency ramp stop (Off3) emergency stop mode (21.04)

*Emergency stop mode*), the PID trim output actual (*40.05 Process PID trim output act*) is not added to the frequency reference chain during the drive deceleration condition.

#### Speed trim connection

Speed trim is added to parameter 23.02 Speed ref ramp output. Parameter 24.01 Used speed reference displays the final speed reference after the addition of speed trim.

#### Torque trim connection

Torque trim is added to parameter 26.75 *Torque reference act* 5. Parameter 26.76 *Torque reference act* 6 displays the final torque reference after the addition of torque trim.

#### Frequency trim connection

Frequency trim is added to parameter 28.02 Frequency ref ramp output and generates the final frequency after the trim addition. At present, no parameter displays the final frequency reference after the addition of frequency trim.

#### Settings and diagnostics

Parameter groups: 40 Process PID set 1, especially parameters 40.51...40.56 (page 364) and 41 Process PID set 2, especially parameters 41.51...41.56 (page 370).

# Pump and fan control (PFC)

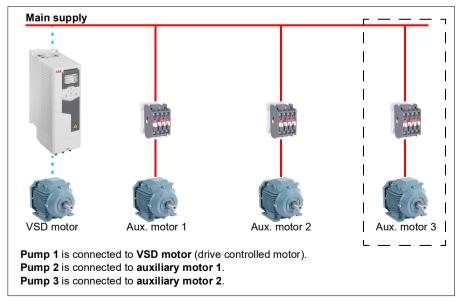
The Pump and fan control (PFC) is used in pump or fan systems consisting of one drive and multiple pumps or fans. The drive controls the speed of one of the pumps/fans and in addition connects (and disconnects) the other pumps/fans directly to the supply network through contactors.

The PFC control logic switches auxiliary motors on and off as required by the capacity changes of the process. In a pump application for example, the drive controls the motor of the first pump, varying the motor speed to control the output of the pump. This pump is the speed regulated pump. When the demand (represented by the process PID reference) exceeds the capacity of the first pump (a user defined speed/frequency limit), the PFC logic automatically starts an auxiliary pump. The logic also reduces the speed of the first pump, controlled by the drive, to account for the addition to the total system output by the auxiliary pump. Then, as before, the PID controller adjusts the speed/frequency of the first pump in such a way that the system output meets the process needs. If the demand continues to increase, the PFC logic adds further auxiliary pumps, in a similar manner as just described.

As the demand drops, making the speed of the first pump fall below a minimum limit (user defined as a speed/frequency limit), the PFC logic automatically stops an auxiliary pump. The PFC logic also increases the speed of the drive controlled pump to account for the missing output of the stopped auxiliary pump.

The Pump and fan control (PFC) is supported in external control location EXT2 only.

Example: Three-pump constant pressure water supply application



Flow consumption vs. pump status			
Consumption	Pump 1	Pump 2	Pump 3
Low	VSD	Off	Off
$\checkmark$	VSD	DOL	Off
High	VSD	DOL	DOL
$\checkmark$	VSD	DOL	Off
Low	VSD	Off	Off

**VSD** = Controlled by drive, tuning the output speed according to PID control.

**DOL** = Direct On Line. Pump is running at fixed motor nominal speed.

**Off** = Off-line. Pump stops.

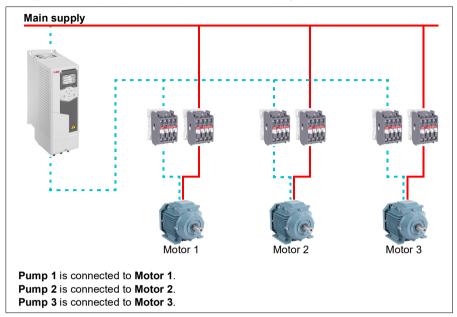
### Soft pump and fan control (SPFC)

The Soft pump and fan control (SPFC) logic is a variant of the PFC logic for pump and fan alternation applications where lower pressure peaks are desirable when a new auxiliary motor is to be started. The SPFC logic is an easy way to implement soft starting of direct on line (auxiliary) motors.

The main difference between traditional PFC and SPFC logic is how the SPFC logic connects auxiliary motors on-line. When the criteria for starting a new motor is fulfilled (see above) the SPFC logic connects the drive controlled motor to the supply network in a flying start, that is, while the motor is still coasting. The drive then connects to the next pump/fan unit to be started and starts controlling the speed of that one, while the previously controlled unit is now connected directly on line through a contactor.

Further (auxiliary) motors are started in a similar manner. The motor stopping routine is the same as for the normal PFC routine.

In some cases SPFC makes it possible to soften the start-up current while connecting auxiliary motors on-line. Lower pressure peaks on the pipelines and pumps may be achieved as a result.



Flow consumption and pump status			
Consumption	Pump 1	Pump 2	Pump 3
Low	VSD	Off	Off
$\checkmark$	DOL	VSD	Off
High	DOL	DOL	VSD
$\checkmark$	DOL	Off	VSD
Low	Off	Off	VSD
$\checkmark$	VSD	Off	DOL
High	DOL	VSD	DOL
$\checkmark$	DOL	VSD	Off
Low	Off	VSD	Off
$\checkmark$	VSD	DOL	Off
High	DOL	DOL	VSD

**VSD** = Controlled by drive, tuning the output speed according to PID control.

**DOL** = Direct On Line. Pump is running at fixed motor nominal speed.

**Off** = Off-line. Pump stops.

### Autochange

Automatic rotation of the start order, or Autochange functionality, serves two main purposes in many PFC type setups. One is to keep the run times of the pumps/fans equal over time to even their wear. The other is to prevent any pump/fan from standing still for too long, which would clog up the unit. In some cases it is desirable to rotate the start order only when all units are stopped, for example to minimize the impact on the process.

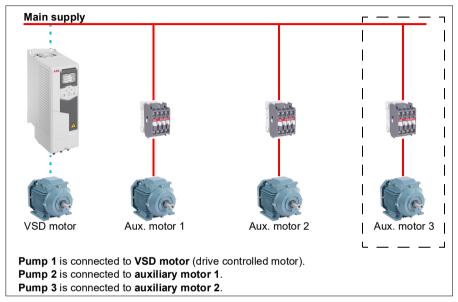
The Autochange can also be triggered by the Timed function (see page 156).

There are three modes of autochange according to what kind of PFC and SPFC together with auxiliary circuit are implemented.

# 1. Autochange PFC with auxiliary motors only

Example: Three-pump constant pressure water supply application

Two pumps fulfill the flow consumption for long term running, and the third pump is reserved for shifting. In this mode, only two auxiliary motors, pump 2 and pump 3, shift working.



Flow consumption and pump status							
Consumption Pump 1 Pump 2 Pump 3							
Low	VSD	Off	Off				
Normal	VSD	DOL	Off				
$\checkmark$	VSD	Off	DOL				
$\checkmark$	VSD	DOL	Off				
Normal	VSD	Off	DOL				

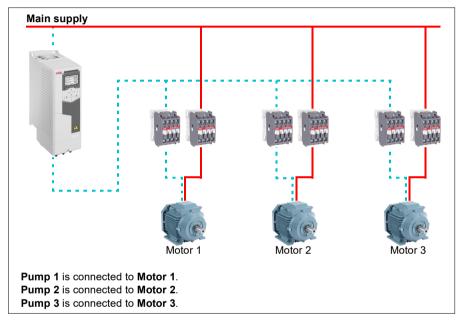
- **VSD** = Controlled by drive, tuning the output speed according to PID control.
- **DOL** = Direct On Line. Pump is running at fixed motor nominal speed.
- **Off** = Off-line. Pump stops.

### 2. Autochange PFC with all motors

**Example:** Three-pump constant pressure water supply application

Two pumps fulfill the flow consumption for long term running, and the third pump is reserved for shifting. Because all motors will be shifted for autochange routine, special auxiliary circuit is needed, which is the same as for the SPFC system.

In this mode, the VSD motor will move to the next pump one by one, but the auxiliary motor will always be put on-line in DOL mode. However, three pumps are shifted overall.



]	Flow consumption and pump status						
	Consumption	Pump 1	Pump 2	Pump 3			
	Low	VSD	Off	Off			
	Normal	VSD	DOL	Off			
	$\checkmark$	Off	VSD	DOL			
	$\checkmark$	DOL	Off	VSD			
	Normal	VSD	DOL	Off			

**VSD** = Controlled by drive, tuning the output speed according to PID control.

**DOL** = Direct On Line. Pump is running at fixed motor nominal speed.

**Off** = Off-line. Pump stops.

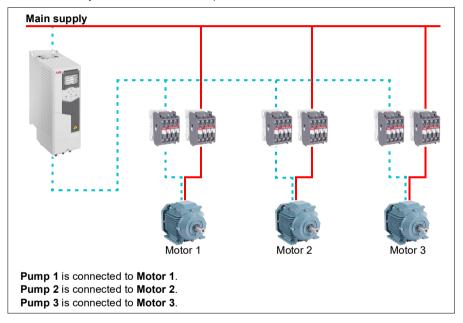
# 3. Autochange with SPFC

Auxiliary motor is meaningless in SPFC. So it does not matter if you select All motors or Aux motor only.

Example: Three-pump constant pressure water supply application

Two pumps fulfills the flow consumption for long term running, and the third pump is reserved for shifting.

SPFC system supports autochange naturally. No extra component is needed as long as SPFC is already working there. In this mode, all the pumps are always started by the drive as they are in SPFC normal operation.



	Flow consumption and pump status						
	Consumption	Pump 1	Pump 2	Pump 3			
	Low	VSD	Off	Off			
	Normal	DOL	VSD	Off			
ſ	$\downarrow$	Off	DOL	VSD			
	$\checkmark$	VSD	Off	DOL			
<u> </u>	Normal	DOL	VSD	Off			

**VSD** = Controlled by drive, tuning the output speed according to PID control.

**DOL** = Direct On Line. Pump is running at fixed motor nominal speed.

**Off** = Off-line. Pump stops.

# Interlock

There is an option to define interlock signals for each motor in the PFC system. When the interlock signal of a motor is Available, the motor participates in the PFC starting sequence. If the signal is Interlocked, the motor is excluded. This feature can be used for informing the PFC logic that a motor is not available (for example due to maintenance or manual direct-on-line starting).

### Settings and diagnostics

Parameter: 96.04 Macro select (page 417) (macro selection).

Parameter groups: 10 Standard DI, RO (page 216), 40 Process PID set 1 (page 353), 76 PFC configuration (page 403) and 77 PFC maintenance and monitoring (page 411).

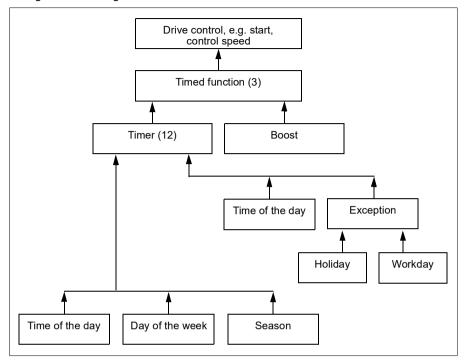
Events: D501 No more available PFC motors (page 492), D502 All motors interlocked (page 492), D503 VSD controlled PFC motor interlocked (page 492).

# Timed functions

A Timer can be active based on time of the day, day of the week and season of the year. In addition to these time related parameters, the Timer activation can be influenced by so called exceptional days (configurable as holiday or workday). A Timer can be set to be active or inactive during the exceptional days.

Several Timers can be connected to a Timed function with the OR function. Thus if any of the Timers connected to a Timed function is active, the Timed function is also active. Timed function is then in turn controlling normal drive functions like starting the drive, choosing the right speed or right setpoint for the PID loop controller.

In many cases where a fan or pump is controlled with a Timed function, it is often required that there is a possibility to override the time program for a short while. The overriding functionality is called Boost. The Boost is directly affecting selected Timed function(s) and switches it (them) on for a predefined time. The Boost mode is typically activated through a digital input and its operation time is set in parameters.



A diagram illustrating the relations of the Timed functions entities is shown below.

### Settings and diagnostics

Parameter group: 34 Timed functions (page 327).

Events: -

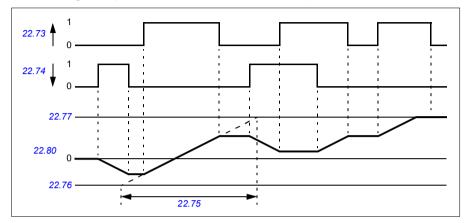
# Motor potentiometer

The motor potentiometer is, in effect, a counter whose value can be adjusted up and down using two digital signals selected by parameters 22.73 *Motor potentiometer up source* and 22.74 *Motor potentiometer down source*.

When enabled by 22.71 *Motor potentiometer function*, the motor potentiometer assumes the value set by 22.72 *Motor potentiometer initial value*. Depending on the mode selected in 22.71, the motor potentiometer value is either retained or reset over a power cycle.

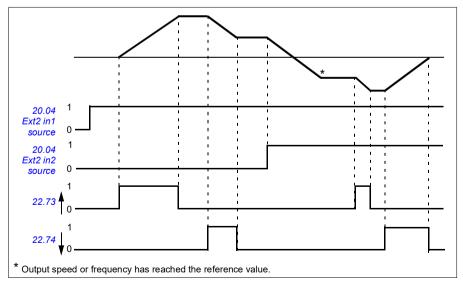
The change rate is defined in 22.75 Motor potentiometer ramp time as the time it would take for the value to change from the minimum (22.76 Motor potentiometer min value) to the maximum (22.77 Motor potentiometer max value) or vice versa. If the up and down signals are simultaneously on, the motor potentiometer value does not change.

The output of the function is shown by 22.80 *Motor potentiometer ref act*, which can directly be set as the reference source in the main selector parameters, or used as an input by other source selector parameters, both in scalar and vector control.



The following example shows the behavior of the motor potentiometer value.

Parameters 22.73 *Motor potentiometer up source* and 22.74 *Motor potentiometer down source* control speed or frequency from zero to maximum speed or frequency. The running direction can be changed with parameter 20.04 *Ext1 in2 source*. See the following example.



### 152 Program features

#### Settings and diagnostics

Parameters: 20.04 Ext2 in2 source (page 249) and 22.71 Motor potentiometer function ...22.80 Motor potentiometer ref act (page 274).

Events: -

# Mechanical brake control

A mechanical brake can be used for holding the motor and driven machinery at zero speed when the drive is stopped, or not powered. The brake control logic observes the settings of parameter group *44 Mechanical brake control* as well as several external signals, and moves between the states presented in the diagram on page *153*. The tables below the state diagram detail the states and transitions. The timing diagram on page *154* shows an example of a close-open-close sequence.

### Inputs of the brake control logic

The start command of the drive (bit 5 of *06.16 Drive status word 1*) is the main control source of the brake control logic.

## Outputs of the brake control logic

The mechanical brake is to be controlled by bit 0 of parameter 44.01 Brake control status. This bit should be selected as the source of a relay output (or a digital input/output in output mode) which is then wired to the brake actuator through a relay. See the wiring example on page 155.

The brake control logic, in various states, will request the drive control logic to hold the motor or ramp down the speed. These requests are visible in parameter *44.01 Brake control status*.

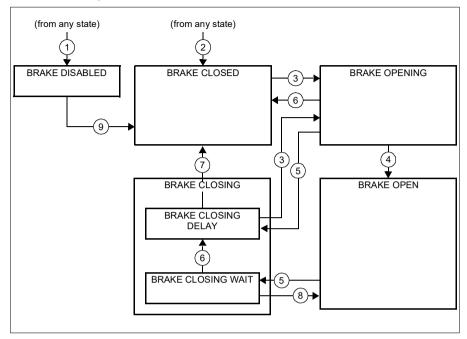
### Settings and diagnostics

Parameter group: 44 Mechanical brake control (page 373).

Parameters: 06.16 Drive status word 1 (page 210) and 44.01 Brake control status (page 373).

Event: A7A2 Mechanical brake opening failed (page 488).

# Brake state diagram



### State descriptions

State name	Description
BRAKE DISABLED	Brake control is disabled (parameter 44.06 Brake control enable = 0, and 44.01 Brake control status b4 = 0). The open signal is active (44.01 Brake control status b0 = 1).
BRAKE OPENING:	Brake has been requested to open. (44.01 Brake control status b2 = 1). Open signal has been activated (44.01 Brake control status b0 is set). The load is held in place by the speed control of the drive until 44.08 Brake open delay elapses.
BRAKE OPEN	The brake is open (44.01 Brake control status $b0 = 1$ ). Hold request is removed (44.01 Brake control status $b2 = 0$ ), and the drive is allowed to follow the reference.
BRAKE CLOSING:	
BRAKE CLOSING WAIT	Brake has been requested to close. The drive logic is requested to ramp down the speed to a stop (44.01 Brake control status $b3 = 1$ ). The open signal is kept active (44.01 Brake control status $b0 = 1$ ). The brake logic will remain in this state until the motor speed is below 44.14 Brake close level.
BRAKE CLOSING DELAY	Closing conditions have been met. The open signal is deactivated (44.01 Brake control status $b0 \rightarrow 0$ ). The ramp-down request is maintained (44.01 Brake control status $b3 = 1$ ). The brake logic will remain in this state until 44.13 Brake close delay has elapsed. At this point, the logic proceeds to BRAKE CLOSED state.
BRAKE CLOSED	The brake is closed (44.01 Brake control status b0 = 0). The drive is not necessarily modulating.

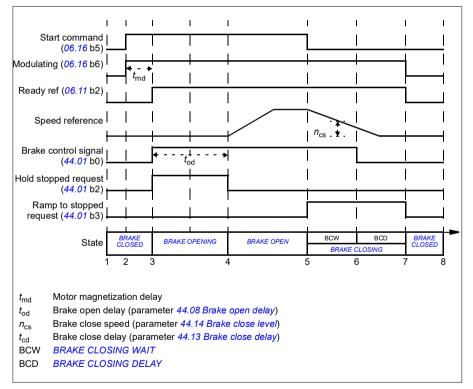
#### 154 Program features

### State change conditions ( (n) )

- 1 Brake control disabled (parameter 44.06 Brake control enable  $\rightarrow$  0).
- 2 06.11 Main status word, bit 2 = 0.
- 3 Brake has been requested to open.
- 4 44.08 Brake open delay has elapsed.
- 5 Brake has been requested to close.
- 6 Motor speed is below closing speed 44.14 Brake close level.
- 7 44.13 Brake close delay has elapsed.
- 8 Brake has been requested to open.
- 9 Brake control enabled (parameter 44.06 Brake control enable  $\rightarrow$  1).

#### Timing diagram

The simplified timing diagram below illustrates the operation of the brake control function. Refer to the state diagram above.

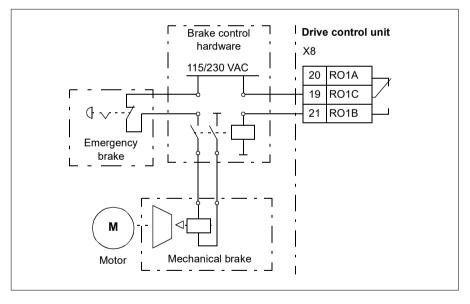


### Wiring example

The figure below shows a brake control wiring example. The brake control hardware and wiring is to be sourced and installed by the customer.

**WARNING!** Make sure that the machinery into which the drive with brake control function is integrated fulfils the personnel safety regulations. Note that the frequency converter (a Complete Drive Module or a Basic Drive Module, as defined in IEC/EN 61800-2), is not considered as a safety device mentioned in the European Machinery Directive and related harmonised standards. Thus, the personnel safety of the complete machinery must not be based on a specific frequency converter feature (such as the brake control function), but it has to be implemented as defined in the application specific regulations.

The brake is controlled by bit 0 of parameter 44.01 Brake control status. In this example, parameter 10.24 RO1 source is set to Brake command (ie. bit 0 of 44.01 Brake control status.



# **Motor control**

# Motor types

The drive supports asynchronous AC induction, permanent magnet (PM) and synchronous reluctance motors (SynRM).

# Motor identification

The performance of vector control is based on an accurate motor model determined during the motor start-up.

A motor Identification magnetization is automatically performed the first time the start command is given. During this first start-up, the motor is magnetized at zero speed for several seconds and the motor and motor cable resistance are measured to allow the motor model to be created. This identification method is suitable for most applications.

In demanding applications a separate Identification run (ID run) can be performed.

#### Settings and diagnostics

Parameter: 99.13 ID run requested (page 434).

Events: AFF6 Identification run (page 492) and FF61 ID run (page 503).

# Scalar motor control

Scalar motor control is the default motor control method. In scalar control mode, the drive is controlled with a frequency reference. However, the excellent performance of vector control is not achieved in scalar control.

ABB recommends to activate scalar motor control mode in the following situations:

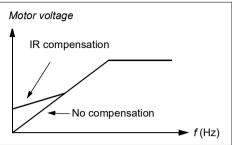
- If the exact nominal motor values are not available or the drive needs to run different motor after the commissioning phase
- · If a short commissioning time is needed or no ID run is wanted
- In multimotor systems: 1) if the load is not equally shared between the motors, 2) if the motors are of different sizes, or 3) if the motors are going to be changed after motor identification (ID run)
- If the nominal current of the motor is less than 1/6 of the nominal output current of the drive
- If the drive is used without a motor connected (for example, for test purposes)
- If the drive runs a medium-voltage motor through a step-up transformer.
- If the drive is equipped with a sine filter.

In scalar control, some standard features are not available.

See also section Operating modes of the drive (page 112).

#### IR compensation for scalar motor control

IR compensation (also known as voltage boost) is available only when the motor control mode is scalar. When IR compensation is activated, the drive gives an extra voltage boost to the motor at low speeds. IR compensation is useful in applications, such as positive displacement pumps, that require a high break-away torque.



In vector control, no IR compensation is possible or needed as it is applied automatically.

#### Settings and diagnostics

#### Menu - Primary settings - Motor - IR compensation

Parameter group: 28 Frequency reference chain (page 290).

Parameters: 97.13 IR compensation (page 428) and 99.04 Motor control mode (page 431).

Events: -

### Vector motor control

Vector control is the motor control mode that is intended for applications where high control accuracy is needed. It offers better control over the whole speed range, in particular in applications where slow speed with high torque is needed. It requires an identification run at startup. Vector control cannot be used in all applications, for example, when sine filters are being used or there are multiple motors connected to single drive.

The switching of the output semiconductors is controlled to achieve the required stator flux and motor torque. The reference value for the torque controller comes from the speed controller or directly from an external torque reference source.

Stator flux is calculated by integrating the motor voltage in vector space. Rotor flux can be calculated from stator flux and the motor model. Motor torque is produced by controlling current 90 degrees from the rotor flux. By utilizing the identified motor model, the rotor flux estimate is improved. Actual motor shaft speed is not needed for the motor control.

Vector control is required when using synchronous reluctance motors (SynRM).

See also section Speed compensated stop (page 168).

#### Settings and diagnostics

### Menu - Primary settings - Motor - Control mode

Parameters: 99.04 *Motor control mode* (page 431) and 99.13 *ID run requested* (page 434).

Events: -

# Speed control performance figures

The table below shows typical performance figures for speed control.

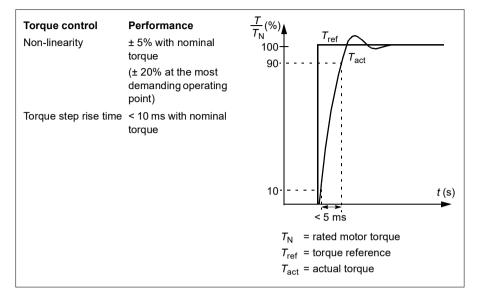
Speed control	Performance	$\frac{T}{T_{\rm N}}(\%)$	
Static accuracy	20% of motor nominal slip	100 -	T <sub>load</sub>
Dynamic accuracy	< 10% s with 100% torque step (with default speed controller tuning)		<i>t</i> (s)
Dynamic accuracy with tuned speed controller	< 2% s with 100% torque step	$\frac{n_{\rm act}-n_{\rm ref}}{n_{\rm N}}$	⊠ Area < 10% s
		11	

# Settings and diagnostics

Parameter group: 25 Speed control (page 280).

# Torque control performance figures

The drive can perform precise torque control without any speed feedback from the motor shaft. The table below shows typical performance figures for torque control.



# Power loss ride-through

See section Undervoltage control (power loss ride-through) on page 169.

# U/f ratio

The *U*/f function is only available in scalar motor control mode, which uses frequency control.

The function has two modes: linear and squared.

In linear mode, the ratio of voltage to frequency is constant below the field weakening point. This is used in constant torque applications where it may be necessary to produce torque at or near the rated torque of the motor throughout the frequency range.

In squared mode (default), the ratio of the voltage to frequency increases as the square of the frequency below the field weakening point. This is typically used in centrifugal pump or fan applications. For these applications, the torque required follows the square relationship with frequency. Therefore, if the voltage is varied using the square relationship, the motor operates at improved efficiency and lower noise levels in these applications.

The *U*/f function cannot be used with energy optimization; if parameter 45.11 Energy optimizer is set to *Enable*, parameter 97.20 *U*/*F* ratio is ignored.

#### Settings and diagnostics

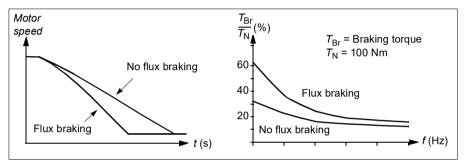
### Menu - Primary settings - Motor - U/f ratio

Parameters: 45.11 Energy optimizer (page 377) and 97.20 U/F ratio (page 428).

Events: -

# Flux braking

The drive can provide greater deceleration by raising the level of magnetization in the motor. By increasing the motor flux, the energy generated by the motor during braking can be converted to motor thermal energy.



The drive monitors the motor status continuously, also during flux braking. Therefore, flux braking can be used both for stopping the motor and for changing the speed. The other benefits of flux braking are:

- The braking starts immediately after a stop command is given. The function does not need to wait for the flux reduction before it can start the braking.
- The cooling of the induction motor is efficient. The stator current of the motor increases during flux braking, not the rotor current. The stator cools much more efficiently than the rotor.
- Flux braking can be used with induction motors and permanent magnet synchronous motors.

Two braking power levels are available:

- Moderate braking provides faster deceleration compared to a situation where flux braking is disabled. The flux level of the motor is limited to prevent excessive heating of the motor.
- Full braking exploits almost all available current to convert the mechanical braking energy to motor thermal energy. Braking time is shorter compared to moderate braking. In cyclic use, motor heating may be significant.



**WARNING:** The motor needs to be rated to absorb the thermal energy generated by flux braking.

<u>Settings</u>

# Menu - Primary settings - Motor - Flux braking

Parameter: 97.05 Flux braking (page 426).

Events: -

# DC magnetization

The drive has different magnetization functions for different phases of motor start/rotation/stop: pre-magnetization, DC hold, post-magnetization and pre-heating (motor heating).

### **Pre-magnetization**

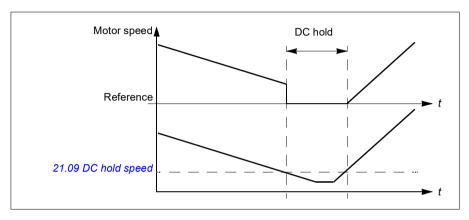
Pre-magnetization refers to DC magnetization of the motor before start. Depending on the selected start mode (*21.01 Start mode* or *21.19 Scalar start mode*), pre-magnetization can be applied to guarantee the highest possible breakaway torque, up to 200% of the nominal torque of the motor. By adjusting the pre-magnetization time (*21.02 Magnetization time*), it is possible to synchronize the motor start and, for example, the release of a mechanical brake.

#### Settings and diagnostics

Parameters: 21.01 Start mode (page 257), 21.02 Magnetization time (page 258) and 21.19 Scalar start mode (page 262).

# DC hold

The function makes it possible to lock the rotor at (near) zero speed in the middle of normal operation. DC hold is activated by parameter 21.08 DC current control. When both the reference and motor speed drop below a certain level (parameter 21.09 DC hold speed), the drive will stop generating sinusoidal current and start to inject DC into the motor. The current is set by parameter 21.10 DC current reference. When the reference exceeds parameter 21.09 DC hold speed, normal drive operation continues.



### Settings and diagnostics

Parameters: 21.08 DC current control (page 261) and 21.09 DC hold speed (page 261).

Events: -

# Post-magnetization

The function keeps the motor magnetized for a certain period (parameter 21.11 Post magnetization time) after stopping. This is to prevent the machinery from moving under load, for example before a mechanical brake can be applied. Post-magnetization is activated by parameter 21.08 DC current control. The magnetization current is set by parameter 21.10 DC current reference.

**Note:** Post-magnetization is only available when ramp stop is selected (see parameter *21.03 Stop mode*).

Settings and diagnostics

Parameters: 21.03 Stop mode (page 258), 21.08 DC current control (page 261) and 21.11 Post magnetization time (page 261).

## Pre-heating (Motor heating)

The pre-heating function keeps the motor warm and prevents condensation inside the motor by feeding it with DC current when the drive has been stopped. The heating can only be on when the drive is in the stopped state, and starting the drive stops the heating.

When pre-heating is activated and the stop command is given, pre-heating starts immediately if the drive is running below the zero speed limit (see bit 0 in parameter 06.19 Speed control status word). If the drive is running above the zero speed limit, pre-heating is delayed by the time defined by parameter 21.15 Pre-heating time delay to prevent excessive current.

The function can be defined to be always active when the drive is stopped or it can be activated by a digital input, fieldbus, timed function or supervision function. For example, with the help of signal supervision function, the heating can be activated by a thermal measurement signal from the motor.

The pre-heating current fed to the motor can be defined as 0...30% of the nominal motor current.

When the pre-heating is active, an icon is shown on the status bar to indicate that current is being fed to the motor, see page 44.

#### Notes:

- In applications where the motor keeps rotating for a long time after the modulation is stopped, ABB recommends to use ramp stop with pre-heating to prevent a sudden pull at the rotor when the pre-heating is activated.
- The heating function requires that the STO circuit is closed or not triggered open.
- The heating function requires that the drive is not faulted.
- The heating function is allowed even if Enable to rotate signal is missing.
- The heating function is allowed even if Start enable signal is missing.
- · Pre-heating uses DC hold to produce current.

#### Settings and diagnostics

#### Menu - Primary settings - Motor - Pre-heating

Parameters: 21.14 Pre-heating input source (page 261), 21.15 Pre-heating time delay (page 262) and 21.16 Pre-heating current (page 262).

# Energy optimization

The function optimizes the motor flux so that total energy consumption and motor noise level are reduced when the drive operates below the nominal load. The total efficiency (motor and drive) can be improved by 1...20% depending on load torque and speed.

**Note:** With permanent magnet and synchronous reluctance motors, energy optimization is always enabled.

Settings and diagnostics

### Menu - Energy efficiency

Parameter: 45.11 Energy optimizer (page 377).

Events: -

# Switching frequency

The drive has two switching frequencies: reference switching frequency and minimum switching frequency. The drive tries to keep the highest allowed switching frequency (= reference switching frequency) if thermally possible, and then adjusts dynamically between the reference and minimum switching frequencies depending on the drive temperature. When the drive reaches the minimum switching frequency (= lowest allowed switching frequency), it starts to limit output current as the heating up continues.

For derating, see chapter *Technical data*, section *Switching frequency derating* in the *Hardware manual* of the drive.

**Example 1:** If you need to fix the switching frequency to a certain value as with some external filters, for example, with EMC C1 or sine filters (see the *Hardware manual of the drive*), set both the reference and the minimum switching frequency to this value and the drive will retain this switching frequency.

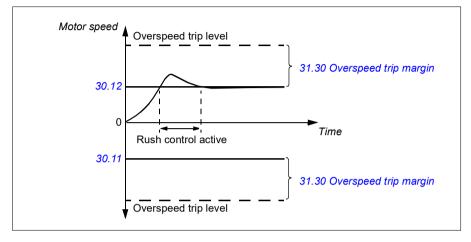
**Example 2:** If the reference switching frequency is set to 12 kHz and the minimum switching frequency is set to the smallest available value, the drive maintains the highest possible switching frequency to reduce motor noise and only when the drive heats it will decrease the switching frequency. This is useful, for example, in applications where low noise is necessary but higher noise can be tolerated when the full output current is needed.

#### Settings and diagnostics

Parameters: 97.01 Switching frequency reference and 97.02 Minimum switching frequency (page 412).

# Rush control

In torque control, the motor could potentially rush if the load were suddenly lost. The control program has a rush control function that decreases the torque reference whenever the motor speed exceeds *30.11 Minimum speed* or *30.12 Maximum speed*.



The function is based on a PI controller. The proportional gain and integration time can be defined by parameters. Setting these to zero disables rush control.

### Settings and diagnostics

Parameters: 25.02 Speed proportional gain (page 281), 25.03 Speed integration time (page 281), 30.11 Minimum speed (page 303), 30.12 Maximum speed (page 303) and 31.30 Overspeed trip margin (page 307).

Events: -

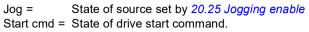
# Jogging

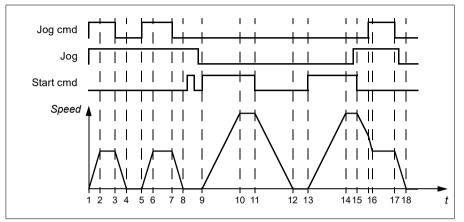
The jogging function enables the use of a momentary switch to briefly rotate the motor. The jogging function is typically used during servicing or commissioning to control the machinery locally.

Two jogging functions (1 and 2) are available, each with their own activation sources and references. The signal sources are selected by parameters 20.26 Jogging 1 start source and 20.27 Jogging 2 start source (Menu - Primary settings - Start, stop, reference - Jogging). When jogging is activated, the drive starts and accelerates to the defined jogging speed (22.42 Jogging 1 ref or 22.43 Jogging 2 ref) along the defined jogging acceleration ramp (23.20 Acc time jogging). After the activation signal switches off, the drive decelerates to a stop along the defined jogging deceleration ramp (23.21 Dec time jogging).

The figure and table below provide an example of how the drive operates during jogging. In the example, the ramp stop mode is used (see parameter *21.03 Stop mode*).

Jog cmd = State of source set by 20.26 Jogging 1 start source or 20.27 Jogging 2 start source





Phase	Jog cmd	Jog	Start cmd	Description	
1-2	1	1	0	Drive accelerates to the jogging speed along the acceleration ramp of the jogging function.	
2-3	1	1	0	Drive follows the jog reference.	
3-4	0	1	0	Drive decelerates to zero speed along the deceleration ramp of the jogging function.	
4-5	0	1	0	Drive is stopped.	
5-6	1	1	0	Drive accelerates to the jogging speed along the acceleration ramp of the jogging function.	
6-7	1	1	0	Drive follows the jog reference.	
7-8	0	1	0	Drive decelerates to zero speed along the deceleration ramp of the jogging function.	
8-9	0	1->0	0	Drive is stopped. As long as the jog signal is on, start commands are ignored. After jog switches off, a fresh start command is required.	
9-10	x	0	1	Drive accelerates to the speed reference along the selected acceleration ramp (parameters 23.1123.15).	
10-11	х	0	1	Drive follows the speed reference.	
11-12	x	0	0	Drive decelerates to zero speed along the selected deceleration ramp (parameters 23.1123.15).	

Phase	Jog cmd	Jog	Start cmd	Description
12-13	х	0	0	Drive is stopped.
13-14	x	0	1	Drive accelerates to the speed reference along the selected acceleration ramp (parameters 23.1123.15).
14-15	x	0->1	1	Drive follows the speed reference. As long as the start command is on, the jog signal is ignored. If the jog signal is on when the start command switches off, jogging is enabled immediately.
15-16	0->1	1	0	Start command switches off. The drive starts to decelerate along the selected deceleration ramp (parameters 23.1123.15). When the jog command switches on, the decelerating drive adopts the deceleration ramp of the jogging function.
16-17	1	1	0	Drive follows the jog reference.
17-18	0	1->0	0	Drive decelerates to zero speed along the deceleration ramp of the jogging function.

See also the block diagram on page 556.

#### Notes:

- Jogging is not available when the drive is in local control.
- Jogging cannot be enabled when the drive start command is on, or the drive started when jogging is disabled. Starting the drive after the jog switches off requires a fresh start command.



**WARNING!** If jogging is enabled and activated while the start command is on, jogging will activate as soon as the start command switches off.

- · If both jogging functions are activated, the one that was activated first has priority.
- Jogging uses vector control.
- The inching functions activated through fieldbus (see *06.01 Main control word*, bits 8...9) use the references and ramp times defined for jogging, but do not require the jog signal.

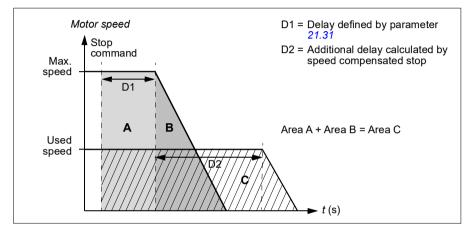
Settings and diagnostics

#### Menu - Primary settings - Start, stop, reference - Jogging

Parameters: 20.25 Jogging enable...20.27 Jogging 2 start source (page 255), 22.42 Jogging 1 ref...22.43 Jogging 2 ref (page 273) and 23.20 Acc time jogging...23.21 Dec time jogging (page 277).

# Speed compensated stop

Speed compensation stop is available for example for applications where a conveyer needs to travel a certain distance after receiving the stop command. At maximum speed, the motor is stopped normally along the defined deceleration ramp, after the application of a user defined delay to adjust the distance traveled. Below maximum speed, stop is delayed still more by running the drive at current speed before the motor is ramped to a stop. As shown in the figure, the distance traveled after the stop command is the same in both cases, that is, area A + area B equals area C.



Speed compensation does not take into account shape times (parameters 23.32 *Shape time 1* and 23.33 *Shape time 2*). Positive shape times lengthen the distance traveled.

Speed compensation can be restricted to forward or reverse rotating direction.

Speed compensation is supported in both vector and scalar motor control.

#### Settings and diagnostics

Parameters: 21.30 Speed compensated stop mode...21.32 Speed comp stop threshold (page 265).

# DC voltage control

# Overvoltage control

Overvoltage control of the intermediate DC link is typically needed when the motor is in generating mode. The motor can generate when it decelerates or when the load overhauls the motor shaft, causing the shaft to turn faster than the applied speed or frequency. To prevent the DC voltage from exceeding the overvoltage control limit, the overvoltage controller automatically decreases the generating torque when the limit is reached. The overvoltage controller also increases any programmed deceleration times if the limit is reached; to achieve shorter deceleration times, a brake chopper and resistor may be required.

See also section Voltage control and trip limits on page 172.

#### Settings and diagnostics

Parameter: 30.30 Overvoltage control (page 307).

Events: A3A1 DC link overvoltage (page 483) and 3210 DC link overvoltage (page 494.

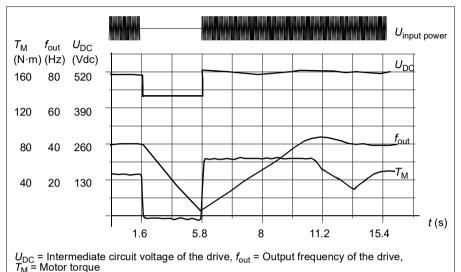
# Undervoltage control (power loss ride-through)

If the incoming supply voltage is cut off, the drive will continue to operate by utilizing the kinetic energy of the rotating motor. The drive will be fully operational as long as the motor rotates and generates energy to the drive. The drive can continue operation after the break if the main contactor (if present) remained closed.

See also section Voltage control and trip limits on page 172.

### 170 Program features

**Note:** Units equipped with a main contactor must be equipped with a hold circuit (for example, UPS) to keep the contactor control circuit closed during a short supply break.



Loss of supply voltage at nominal load ( $f_{out}$  = 40 Hz). The intermediate circuit DC voltage drops to the minimum limit. The controller keeps the voltage steady as long as the input power is switched off. The drive runs the motor in generator mode. The motor speed falls but the drive is operational as long as the motor has enough kinetic energy.

### Implementing the undervoltage control (power loss ride-through)

Implement the undervoltage control function as follows:

- Check that the undervoltage control function of the drive is enabled with parameter 30.31 Undervoltage control.
- Parameter 21.01 Start mode must be set to Automatic (in vector mode) or parameter 21.19 Scalar start mode to Automatic (in scalar mode) to make flying start (starting into a rotating motor) possible.

If the installation is equipped with a main contactor, prevent its tripping at the input power break. For example, use a time delay relay (hold) in the contactor control circuit.



**WARNING!** Make sure that the flying restart of the motor will not cause any danger. If you are in doubt, do not implement the undervoltage control function.

### Automatic restart

It is possible to restart the drive automatically after a short (max. 10 seconds) power supply failure by using the Automatic restart function, provided that the drive is allowed to run for 10 seconds without the cooling fans operating.

When enabled, the function takes the following actions upon a supply failure to a successful restart:

- The undervoltage fault is suppressed (but a warning is generated).
- · Modulation and cooling is stopped to conserve any remaining energy.
- DC circuit pre-charging is enabled.

If the DC voltage is restored before the expiration of the period defined by parameter *21.18 Auto restart time* and the start signal is still on, normal operation will continue. However, if the DC voltage remains too low at that point, the drive trips on a fault, *3220 DC link undervoltage*.

If parameter *21.34 Force auto restart* is set to *Enable*, the drive never trips on the undervoltage fault and the start signal is on forever. When he DC voltage is restored, the normal operation continues.

**WARNING!** Before you activate the function, make sure that no dangerous situations can occur. The function restarts the drive automatically and continues operation after a supply break.

#### Settings and diagnostics

Parameters: 21.01 Start mode (page 257), 21.18 Auto restart time...21.19 Scalar start mode (page 262), 21.34 Force auto restart (page 265) and 30.31 Undervoltage control (page 307).

Events: A3A2 DC link undervoltage (page 483) and 3220 DC link undervoltage (page 495).

# Voltage control and trip limits

The control and trip limits of the intermediate DC voltage regulator are relative to the supply voltage as well as drive/inverter type. The DC voltage ( $U_{DC}$ ) is approximately 1.35 times the line-to-line supply voltage, and it is displayed by parameter 01.11 DC voltage.

The following tables show the values of selected DC voltage levels, for both when adaptive voltage limit is enabled by parameter *95.02 Adaptive voltage limits* and when adaptive voltage limit is disabled by parameter *95.02 Adaptive voltage limits*. Note that the absolute voltages vary according to the drive/inverter type and AC supply voltage range.

	DC voltage level [V]							
See 95.01 Supply voltage.	AC supply voltage range [V] 380415	AC supply voltage range [V] 440480	95.01 Supply voltage = Automatic / not selected					
Overvoltage fault limit	842	842	842					
Overvoltage control limit	779	779	779					
Internal brake chopper start limit	779	779	779					
Internal brake chopper stop limit	759	759	759					
Overvoltage warning limit	745	745	745					
Undervoltage warning limit	0.85×1.41×par 95.03 value	0.85×1.41×par 95.03 value	0.85×1.41×par 95.03 value					
Undervoltage control limit	0.78×1.41×par 95.03 value	0.78×1.41×par 95.03 value	0.78×1.41×par 95.03 value					
Charging relay closing limit / Charging deactivation	0.78×1.41×par 95.03 value	0.78×1.41×par 95.03 value	0.78×1.41×par 95.03 value					
Charging relay opening limit / Charging activation	0.73×1.41×par <u>95.03</u> value	0.73×1.41 ×par 95.03 value	0.73×1.41×par 95.03 value					
DC voltage at upper bound of supply voltage range (U <sub>DCmax</sub> )	560	648	(variable)					
DC voltage at lower bound of supply voltage range (U <sub>DCmin</sub> )	513	594	(variable)					
Standby limit	0.73×1.41×par 95.03 value	0.73×1.41×par 95.03 value	0.73×1.41×par 95.03 value					
Undervoltage fault limit	0.73×1.41×par 95.03 value	0.73×1.41×par 95.03 value	0.73×1.41×par 95.03 value					

#### Adaptive voltage limit enabled by parameter 95.02 Adaptive voltage limits

**Note**: Parameter 95.03 *Estimated AC supply voltage* is the estimated AC supply voltage while powering up the drive and it will not be continuously updated during run time.

	DC voltage level [V]				
See 95.01 Supply voltage.	AC supply voltage range [V] 380415	AC supply voltage range [V] 440480	95.01 Supply voltage = Automatic / not selected		
			If 95.03 Estimated AC supply voltage < 456 V	If 95.03 Estimated AC supply voltage > 456 V	
Overvoltage fault limit	842	842	842	842	
Overvoltage control limit	779	779	779	779	
Internal brake chopper start limit	779	779	779	779	
Internal brake chopper stop limit	759	759	759	759	
Overvoltage warning limit	745	745	745	745	
Undervoltage warning limit	0.85×1.35×380 = 436	0.85×1.35×440 = 504	0.85×1.35×380 = 436	0.85×1.35×440 = 504	
Undervoltage control limit	0.78×1.35×380 = 400	0.78×1.35×440 = 463	0.78×1.35×380 = 400	0.78×1.35×440 = 463	
Charging relay closing limit / Charging deactivation	0.78×1.35×380 = 400	0.78×1.35×440 = 463	0.78×1.35×380 = 400	0.78×1.35×440 = 463	
Charging relay opening limit / Charging activation	0.73×1.35×380 = 374	0.73×1.35×440 = 433	0.73×1.35×380 = 374	0.73×1.35×440 = 433	
DC voltage at upper bound of supply voltage range (U <sub>DCmax</sub> )	560	648	(variable)	(variable)	
DC voltage at lower bound of supply voltage range (U <sub>DCmin</sub> )	513	594	(variable)	(variable)	
Standby limit	0.73×1.35×380 = 374	0.73×1.35×440 = 433	0.73×1.35×380 = 374	0.73×1.35×440 = 433	
Undervoltage fault limit <sup>1)</sup>	0.73×1.35×380 = 374	0.73×1.35×440 = 433	0.73×1.35×380 = 374	0.73×1.35×440 = 433	

### Adaptive voltage limit disabled by parameter 95.02 Adaptive voltage limits

<sup>1)</sup> See section *Triggering the undervoltage fault* on page 174.

# Triggering the undervoltage warning

The undervoltage warning *A3A2* is triggered if one of the following conditions is active:

- If the DC link voltage goes below the undervoltage warning limit (85%) when the drive is not modulating.
- If the DC link voltage goes below the standby limit (73%) when the drive is modulating, and auto restart is enabled (that is 21.18 Auto restart time > 0.0 s). The warning will continue to appear if the actual DC link voltage is continuously

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below the standby limit and until the auto restart time is elapsed. The drive control board must be externally powered by 24 VDC for this functionality; otherwise the control board can be switched off if the voltage goes below the hardware limit.

### Triggering the undervoltage fault

The undervoltage fault <u>3220</u> is triggered if the drive is modulating and one of the following conditions is active:

- If the DC link voltage goes below the undervoltage trip limit (73%) and auto restart is not enabled (that is *21.18 Auto restart time* = 0.0 s).
- If the DC link voltage goes below the undervoltage trip limit (73%) and auto restart is enabled (that is 21.18 Auto restart time > 0.0 s), the undervoltage trip will occur if DC link voltage is continuously below the undervoltage trip limit and after the auto restart time is elapsed. The drive control board must be externally powered by 24 VDC for this functionality; otherwise the control board can be switched off just showing the undervoltage warning.

#### Settings and diagnostics

Parameters 01.11 DC voltage (page 199), 30.30 Overvoltage control...30.31 Undervoltage control (page 307) and 95.01 Supply voltage...95.02 Adaptive voltage limits (page 412).

Events: A3A2 DC link undervoltage (page 483) and 3220 DC link undervoltage (page 495).

# Brake chopper

A brake chopper can be used to handle the energy generated by a decelerating motor. When the DC voltage rises high enough, the chopper connects the DC circuit to an external brake resistor. The chopper operation is based on hysteresis.

The internal brake choppers in the drive (in frames R1...R3) start conducting at internal brake chopper start limit 780 V and stop conducting at internal brake chopper stop limit 760 V (AC supply 380...480 V).

For information on external brake choppers, refer to their documentation.

Note: Overvoltage control needs to be disabled for the chopper to operate.

Settings and diagnostics

Parameter group: 43 Brake chopper (page 371).

Parameter: 01.11 DC voltage (page 199).

Events: A792 Brake resistor wiring (page 487), A793 BR excess temperature (page 488), A79C BC IGBT excess temperature (page 488), 7183 BR excess temperature (page 500) and 7192 BC IGBT excess temperature (page 500).

# Safety and protections

# Fixed/Standard protections

## Overcurrent

If the output current exceeds the internal overcurrent limit, the IGBTs are shut down immediately to protect the drive.

## DC overvoltage

See section Overvoltage control on page 169.

### DC undervoltage

See section Undervoltage control (power loss ride-through) on page 169.

#### **Drive temperature**

If the temperature rises high enough, the drive first starts to limit the switching frequency and then the current to protect itself. If it is still keeps heating up, for example because of a fan failure, an overtemperature fault is generated.

## Short circuit

In case of a short circuit, the IGBTs are shut down immediately to protect the drive.

# Emergency stop

The emergency stop signal is connected to the input selected by parameter 21.05 *Emergency stop source*. An emergency stop can also be generated through fieldbus (parameter *06.01 Main control word*, bits 0...2).

The mode of the emergency stop is selected by parameter *21.04 Emergency stop mode*. The following modes are available:

- Off1: Stop along the standard deceleration ramp defined for the particular reference type in use
- · Off2: Stop by coasting
- Off3: Stop by the emergency stop ramp defined by parameter 23.23 *Emergency stop time*.

With Off1 or Off3 emergency stop modes, the ramp-down of the motor speed can be supervised by parameters 31.32 *Emergency ramp supervision* and 31.33 *Emergency ramp supervision delay*.

### Notes:

- The installer of the equipment is responsible for installing the emergency stop devices and all additional devices needed for the emergency stop function to fulfill the required emergency stop categories. For more information, contact your local ABB representative.
- After an emergency stop signal is detected, the emergency stop function cannot be canceled even though the signal is canceled.
- If the minimum (or maximum) torque limit is set to 0%, the emergency stop function may not be able to stop the drive.

#### Settings and diagnostics

#### Menu - Primary settings - Start, stop, reference - Run permissions

Parameters: 21.04 Emergency stop mode...21.05 Emergency stop source (page 258), 23.23 Emergency stop time (page 278) and 31.32 Emergency ramp supervision...31.33 Emergency ramp supervision delay (page 317).

Events: *AFE1 Emergency stop* (off2)...*AFE2 Emergency stop* (off1 or off3) (page 491) and 73B0 Emergency ramp failed (page 500).

# Motor thermal protection

The control program features two separate motor temperature monitoring functions. The temperature data sources and warning/trip limits can be set up independently for each function.

The motor temperature can be monitored using

- the motor thermal protection model (estimated temperature derived internally inside the drive), or
- sensors installed in the windings. This will result in a more accurate motor model.

The motor thermal protection model fulfills standard IEC/EN 61800-5-1 ed. 2.1 requirements for thermal memory retention and speed sensitivity. The estimated temperature is retained over power down. Speed dependency is set by parameters.

#### Motor thermal protection model

The drive calculates the temperature of the motor on the basis of the following assumptions:

- When power is applied to the drive for the first time, the motor is assumed to be at ambient temperature (defined by parameter 35.50 Motor ambient temperature). After this, when power is applied to the drive, the motor is assumed to be at the estimated temperature.
- Motor temperature is calculated using the user-adjustable motor thermal time and motor load curve. The load curve should be adjusted in case the ambient temperature exceeds 30 °C.

**Note:** The motor thermal model can be used when only one motor is connected to the inverter.

# Insulation

**WARNING!** IEC 60664 requires double or reinforced insulation between live parts and the surface of accessible parts of electrical equipment which are either non-conductive or conductive but not connected to the protective earth.

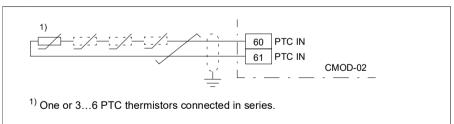
To fulfil this requirement, connect a thermistor to the drive's control terminals using any of these alternatives:

- Separate the thermistor from live parts of the motor with double reinforced insulation.
- Protect all circuits connected to the drive's digital and analog inputs. Protect against contact, and insulate from other low voltage circuits with basic insulation (rated for the same voltage level as the drive's main circuit).
- Use an external thermistor relay. The relay insulation must be rated for the same voltage level as the drive's main circuit.

When CMOD-02 multifunction module is used, it provides sufficient insulation.

### Temperature monitoring using PTC sensors

PTC sensors are connected through a CMOD-02 multifunction module (see chapter *Optional I/O extension modules*, section *CMOD-02 multifunction extension module* (external 24 V AC/DC and isolated PTC interface) in the Hardware manual of the drive).



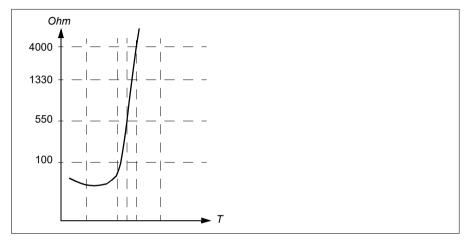
The resistance of the PTC sensor increases when its temperature rises. The increasing resistance of the sensor decreases the voltage at the input, and eventually its state switches from 1 to 0, indicating overtemperature.

1...3 PTC sensors can also be connected in series to an analog input and an analog output. The analog output feeds a constant excitation current of 1.6 mA through the sensor. The sensor resistance increases as the motor temperature rises, as does the voltage over the sensor. The temperature measurement function calculates the resistance of the sensor and generates an indication if overtemperature is detected.

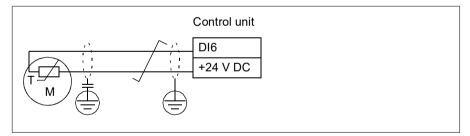
Leave the sensor end of the cable shield unconnected.

For wiring of the sensor, see chapter Electrical installation in the *Hardware manual* of the drive.

The figure below shows typical PTC sensor resistance value as a function of temperature.



Isolated PTC sensor can also be connected directly to digital input DI6. At the motor end, the cable shield should be earthed through a capacitor. If this is not possible, leave the shield unconnected. See section *Insulation* on page *178*.



For wiring of the sensor, see the Hardware manual of the drive.

### Temperature monitoring using Pt100 sensors

1...3 Pt100 sensors can be connected in series to an analog input and an analog output.

The analog output feeds a constant excitation current of 9.1 mA through the sensor. The sensor resistance increases as the motor temperature rises, as does the voltage over the sensor. The temperature measurement function reads the voltage through the analog input and converts it into degrees Celsius.

It is possible to adjust the motor temperature supervision limits and select how the drive reacts when overtemperature is detected.

See section Insulation on page 178.

For the wiring of the sensor, see chapter *Electrical installation*, section *Al1 and Al2 as Pt100*, *Pt1000*, *Ni1000*, *KTY83 and KTY84 sensor inputs (X1)* in the *Hardware manual* of the drive.

## Temperature monitoring using Pt1000 sensors

1...3 Pt1000 sensors can be connected in series to an analog input and an analog output.

The analog output feeds a constant excitation current of 0.1 mA through the sensor. The sensor resistance increases as the motor temperature rises, as does the voltage over the sensor. The temperature measurement function reads the voltage through the analog input and converts it into degrees Celsius.

See section Insulation on page 178.

For the wiring of the sensor, see chapter *Electrical installation*, *Al1 and Al2 as Pt100*, *Pt1000*, *Ni1000*, *KTY83 and KTY84 sensor inputs (X1)* in the *Hardware manual* of the drive.

### Temperature monitoring using Ni1000 sensors

One Ni1000 sensor can be connected to an analog input and an analog output on the control unit.

The analog output feeds a constant excitation current of 9.1 mA through the sensor. The sensor resistance increases as the motor temperature rises, as does the voltage over the sensor. The temperature measurement function reads the voltage through the analog input and converts it into degrees Celsius.

See section Insulation on page 178.

For the wiring of the sensor, see chapter *Electrical installation*, *Al1 and Al2 as Pt100*, *Pt1000*, *Ni1000*, *KTY83 and KTY84 sensor inputs (X1)* in the *Hardware manual* of the drive.

# Temperature monitoring using KTY84 sensors

One KTY84 sensor can be connected to an analog input and an analog output on the control unit.

The analog output feeds a constant excitation current of 2.0 mA through the sensor. The sensor resistance increases as the motor temperature rises, as does the voltage over the sensor. The temperature measurement function reads the voltage through the analog input and converts it into degrees Celsius.

The figure and table on page *181* show typical KTY84 sensor resistance values as a function of the motor operating temperature.

See section Insulation on page 178.

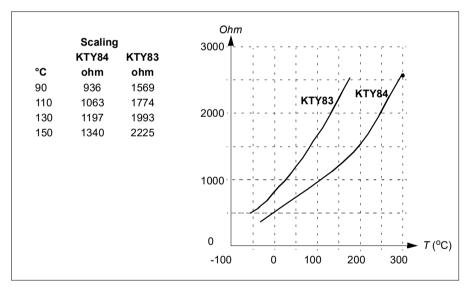
For the wiring of the sensor, see chapter *Electrical installation*, *Al1 and Al2 as Pt100*, *Pt1000*, *Ni1000*, *KTY83 and KTY84 sensor inputs (X1)* in the *Hardware manual* of the drive.

#### Temperature monitoring using KTY83 sensors

One KTY83 sensor can be connected to an analog input and an analog output on the control unit.

The analog output feeds a constant excitation current of 1.0 mA through the sensor. The sensor resistance increases as the motor temperature rises, as does the voltage over the sensor. The temperature measurement function reads the voltage through the analog input and converts it into degrees Celsius.

The figure and table below show typical KTY83 sensor resistance values as a function of the motor operating temperature.



It is possible to adjust the motor temperature supervision limits and select how the drive reacts when overtemperature is detected.

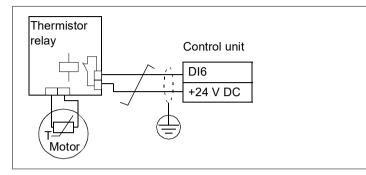
See section Insulation on page 178.

For the wiring of the sensor, see chapter *Electrical installation*, *Al1 and Al2 as Pt100*, *Pt1000*, *Ni1000*, *KTY83 and KTY84 sensor inputs (X1)* in the *Hardware manual* of the drive.

#### Temperature monitoring using thermistor relays

A normally closed or a normally open thermistor relay can be connected to digital input DI6.

See section Insulation on page 178.



Settings and diagnostics

#### Menu - Primary settings - Motor - Thermal protection estimated, Menu - Primary settings - Motor - Thermal protection measured

Parameter group: 35 Motor thermal protection (page 335).

Events: A491 External temperature 1 (page 483), A492 External temperature 2 (page 483), 4981 External temperature 1 (page 495) and 4982 External temperature 2 (page 495).

#### Motor overload protection

This section describes motor overload protection without using motor thermal protection model, either with estimated or measured temperature. For protection with the motor thermal protection model, see section *Motor thermal protection* on page 177.

Motor overload protection is required and specified by multiple standards including the US National Electric Code (NEC), UL 508C and the common UL\IEC 61800-5-1 standard in conjunction with IEC 60947-4-1. The standards allow for motor overload protection without external temperature sensors.

The Motor overload protection fulfills standard IEC/EN 61800-5-1 ed. 2.1 requirements for thermal memory retention and speed sensitivity. The estimated temperature is retained over power down. Speed dependency is set by parameters.

The protection feature allows the user to specify the class of operation in the same manner as the overload relays are specified in standards IEC 60947-4-1 and NEMA ICS 2.

Motor overload protection requires that you specify a motor current tripping level. This is defined by a curve using parameters 35.51, 35.52 and 35.53. The tripping level is the motor current at which the overload protection will ultimately trip if the motor current remains at this level continuously.

The motor overload class (class of operation), parameter *35.57 Motor overload class*, is given as the time required for the overload relay to trip when operating at 7.2 times the tripping level in the case of IEC 60947-4-1 and 6 times the tripping level in the case of NEMA ICS 2. The standards also specify the time to trip for current levels between the tripping level and the 6 times tripping level. The drive satisfies the IEC standard and NEMA standard trip times.

Using class 20 satisfies the UL 508C requirements.

The motor overload algorithm monitors the squared ratio (motor current / tripping level)<sup>2</sup> and accumulates this over time. This is sometimes referred to as  $I^{2}t$  protection. The accumulated value is shown with parameter 35.05.

You can define with parameter 35.56 that when 35.05 reaches 88%, a motor overload warning will be generated, and when it reaches 100%, the drive will trip on the motor overload fault. The rate at which this internal value is increased depends on the actual current, tripping level current and overload class selected.

Parameters 35.51, 35.52 and 35.53 serve a dual purpose. They determine the load curve for temperature estimate as well as specify the overload tripping level.

#### Settings and diagnostics

Parameters common to motor thermal protection and motor overload protection: 35.51 Motor load curve...35.53 Break point (page 344).

Parameters specific to motor overload protection: *35.05 Motor overload level* (page 336), *35.56 Motor overload action*...*35.57 Motor overload class* (page 346).

Events: A783 Motor overload (page 487) and 7122 Motor overload (page 500).

#### Programmable protection functions

#### External events (parameters 31.01...31.10)

Five different event signals from the process can be connected to selectable inputs to generate trips and warnings for the driven equipment. When the signal is lost, an external event (fault, warning, or a mere log entry) is generated. The contents of the messages can be edited on the control panel by selecting **Menu - Primary settings -Advanced functions - External events**.

#### Motor phase loss detection (parameter 31.19)

The parameter selects how the drive reacts whenever a motor phase loss is detected.

#### Supply phase loss detection (parameter 31.21)

The parameter selects how the drive reacts whenever a supply phase loss is detected.

#### Safe torque off detection (parameter 31.22)

The drive monitors the status of the Safe torque off input, and this parameter selects which indications are given when the signals are lost. (The parameter does not affect the operation of the Safe torque off function itself). For more information on the Safe torque off function, see chapter *Safe torque off function* in the *Hardware manual* of the drive.

#### Swapped supply and motor cabling (parameter 31.23)

The drive can detect if the supply and motor cables have accidentally been swapped (for example, if the supply is connected to the motor connection of the drive). The parameter selects if a fault is generated or not.

#### Stall protection (parameters 31.24...31.28)

The drive protects the motor in a stall situation. It is possible to adjust the supervision limits (current, frequency and time) and choose how the drive reacts to a motor stall condition.

#### Overspeed protection (parameters 31.30 and 31.31)

The user can set overspeed and overfrequency limits by specifying a margin that is added to the currently-used maximum and minimum speed or frequency limits.

#### Local control loss detection (parameter 49.05)

The parameter selects how the drive reacts to a control panel or PC tool communication break.

#### Al supervision (parameters 12.03...12.04)

The parameters select how the drive reacts when an analog input signal moves out of the minimum and/or maximum limits specified for the input. This can be due to broken I/O wiring or sensor.

#### Main fan fault (parameter 31.35)

The parameter selects how the drive reacts when a main cooling fan speed problem is detected. For frame sizes R6 or larger only.

#### Auxiliary fan fault (parameter 31.36)

The parameter selects how the drive reacts when an auxiliary fan problem is detected.

#### Settings and diagnostics

Parameters:12.03 Al supervision function...12.04 Al supervision selection (page 226), 31.01 External event 1 source...31.35 Main fan fault function (page 318)31.36 Aux fan fault function (page 318) and 49.05 Communication loss action (page 384).

Events:

- A981 External warning 1 (page 490)...A985 External warning 5 (page 491), 9081 External fault 1 (page 502)...9085 External fault 5 (page 502)
- 3381 Output phase loss (page 495)
- 3130 Input phase loss (page 494)
- *B5A0 STO event* (page 492), *A5A0 Safe torque off* (page 485), *5091 Safe torque off* (page 496), *FA81 Safe torque off 1* (page 502), *FA82 Safe torque off 2*, (page 502)
- 3181 Wiring or earth fault (page 494)
- A780 Motor stall (page 487), 7121 Motor stall (page 499)
- 7310 Overspeed (page 500), 73F0 Overfrequency (page 500)
- A7EE Panel loss (page 489), 7081 Control panel loss (page 499)
- A8A0 AI supervision (page 489), 80A0 AI supervision (page 501)
- 73B0 Emergency ramp failed (page 500)
- A581 Fan (page 484), 5080 Fan (page 496)
- A582 Auxiliary fan missing (page A582), 5081 Auxiliary fan broken (page 496).

#### Automatic fault resets

The drive can automatically reset itself after overcurrent, overvoltage, undervoltage and external faults. The user can also specify a fault that is automatically reset.

By default, automatic resets are off and must be specifically activated by the user.

**WARNING!** Before you activate the function, make sure that no dangerous situations can occur. The function resets the drive automatically and continues operation after a fault.

#### Settings and diagnostics

#### Menu - Primary settings - Advanced functions - Autoreset faults

Parameters: 31.12 Autoreset selection...31.16 Delay time (page 311).

Events: -

# Diagnostics

#### Signal supervision

Six signals can be selected to be supervised by this function. Whenever a supervised signal exceeds or falls below predefined limits, a bit in *32.01 Supervision status* is activated, and a warning or fault generated.

The supervised signal is low-pass filtered.

#### Settings and diagnostics

Parameter group: 32 Supervision (page 319).

Parameter: 32.01 Supervision status (page 319).

Events: A8B0 ABB Signal supervision 1 (page 490)...A8B5 ABB Signal supervision 6 (page 490), 80B0 Signal supervision 1 (page 501)...80B5 Signal supervision 6 (page 502).

#### Energy saving calculators

This feature consists of the following functionalities:

- An energy optimizer that adjusts the motor flux in such a way that the total system efficiency is maximized
- A counter that monitors used and saved energy by the motor and displays them in kWh, currency or volume of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions, and
- A load analyzer showing the load profile of the drive (see separate section on page 187).

In addition, there are counters that show energy consumption in kWh of the current and previous hour as well as the current and previous day.

The amount of energy that has passed through the drive (in either direction) is counted and shown full as GWh, MWh and kWh. The cumulative energy is also shown as full kWh. All these counters are resettable.

**Note:** The accuracy of the energy savings calculation is directly dependent on the accuracy of the reference motor power given in parameter *45.19 Comparison power*.

Settings and diagnostics

#### Menu - Energy efficiency

Parameter group: 45 Energy efficiency (page 375).

Parameters: 01.50 Current hour kWh...01.53 Previous day kWh (page 200), 01.55 Inverter GWh counter (resettable)...01.58 Cumulative inverter energy (resettable) (page 201).

Events: -

#### Load analyzer

#### Peak value logger

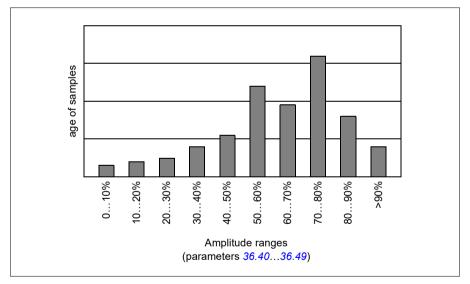
The user can select a signal to be monitored by a peak value logger. The logger records the peak value of the signal along with the time the peak occurred, as well as motor current, DC voltage and motor speed at the time of the peak. The peak value is sampled at 2 ms intervals.

#### **Amplitude loggers**

The control program has two amplitude loggers.

For amplitude logger 2, the user can select a signal to be sampled at 200 ms intervals, and specify a value that corresponds to 100%. The collected samples are sorted into 10 read-only parameters according to their amplitude. Each parameter represents an amplitude range 10 age points wide, and displays the age of the collected samples that have fallen within that range.

You can view this graphically with the assistant control panel or the Drive composer PC tool.



Amplitude logger 1 is fixed to monitor motor current, and cannot be reset. With amplitude logger 1, 100% corresponds to the maximum output current of the drive ( $I_{max}$ ), which is listed in the *Hardware manual* of the drive. The measured current is logged continuously. The distribution of samples is shown by parameters 36.20...36.29.

#### Settings and diagnostics

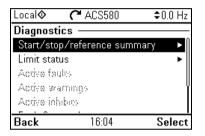
#### Menu - Diagnostics - Load profile

Parameter group: 36 Load analyzer (page 346).

Events: -

#### Diagnostics menu

The **Diagnostics** menu provides quick information about active faults, warnings and inhibits in the drive and how to fix and reset them. It also helps you to find out why the drive is not starting, stopping or running at the desired speed.



- Start/stop/reference summary: Use this view to find out where the control comes from if the drive is not starting or stopping as expected, or runs at an undesired speed.
- Limit status: Use this view to find out whether any limitations are active if the drive is running at undesired speed.
- Active faults: Use this view to see currently active faults and how to fix and reset them.
- Active warnings: Use this view to see currently active warnings and how to fix them.
- Active inhibits: Use this view to see the active inhibits and how to fix them. In addition, in the Clock, region, display menu you can disable (enabled by default) and pop-up views showing information on inhibits when you try to start the drive but it is prevented.
- Fault and event log: Shows lists faults and other events.
- **Fieldbus:** Use this view to find out status information and sent and received data from fieldbus.
- Load profile: Use this view to see the status information of load distribution (that is, drive running time spent on each load level) and peak load levels.

#### Settings and diagnostics

#### Menu - Diagnostics

Menu - Primary settings - Clock, region, display - Show inhibit pop-up.

### Miscellaneous

#### Backup and restore

You can make backups of the settings manually to the assistant control panel. The assistant control panel also keeps one automatic backup. You can restore a backup to another drive, or a new drive replacing a faulty one. You can make backups and restore on the control panel or with the Drive composer PC tool.

#### Backup

#### Manual backup

Make a backup when necessary, for example, after you have started up the drive or when you want to copy the settings to another drive.

Parameter changes from fieldbus interfaces are ignored unless you have forced parameter saving with parameter <u>96.07</u> Parameter save manually.

#### Automatic backup

The assistant control panel has a dedicated space for one automatic backup. An automatic backup is created two hours after the last parameter change. After completing the backup, the control panel waits for 24 hours before checking if there are additional parameter changes. If there are, it creates a new backup overwriting the previous one when two hours have passed after the latest change.

You cannot adjust the delay time or disable the automatic backup function.

Parameter changes from fieldbus interfaces are ignored unless you have forced parameter saving with parameter <u>96.07</u> Parameter save manually.

#### Restore

The backups are shown on the control panel. Automatic backups are marked with icon  $\triangle$  and manual backups with  $\square$ . To restore a backup, select it and press  $\bigcirc$ . In the following display you can view backup contents and restore all or select a subset to be restored.

Note: To restore a backup, the drive has to be in Local control.

**Note:** There is a risk of removing the **QR code** menu entry permanently if a backup from a drive with an old firmware or old control panel firmware is restored to a drive with a new firmware from October 2014 or later.

Local <b>⊘</b>	<b>(~</b> ACS580	≎0.0 Hz	Local <b>(</b>	<b>(~</b> ACS580	\$0.0 Hz
Backups			ACS580	18.02.2020 autob	ackup —
Create ba		•	👔 Vees	backup contents	•
	580 18.02.2020 auto	obackup 🕨	🗢 Rest	tore all	
🗅 ACS5	580 27.11.2019	•	Select p	ar restore group	•
🗅 ACS5	580 28.11.2019	•	Select u	iser sets	•
			Select p	rod. data items	•
Back	16:09	Select	Back	16:09	Select

Settings and diagnostics

#### Menu - Backups

Parameter: 96.07 Parameter save manually (page 418).

Events: -

#### User parameter sets

The drive supports four user parameter sets that can be saved to the permanent memory and recalled using drive parameters. It is also possible to use digital inputs to switch between user parameter sets. To change a user parameter set, the drive has to be stopped.

A user parameter set contains all editable values in parameter groups 10...99 except

- forced I/O values such as parameters 10.03 DI force selection and 10.04 DI forced data
- I/O extension module settings (group 15)
- data storage parameters (group 47)
- fieldbus communication settings (groups 50...53 and 58)
- parameter 95.01 Supply voltage.

As the motor settings are included in the user parameter sets, make sure the settings correspond to the motor used in the application before recalling a user set. In an application where different motors are used with the drive, the motor ID run needs to be performed with each motor and the results saved to different user sets. The appropriate set can then be recalled when the motor is switched.

#### Settings and diagnostics

#### Menu - Primary settings - Advanced functions - User sets

Parameters: 10.03 DI force selection...10.04 DI forced data (page 217), 95.01 Supply voltage (page 412) and 96.10 User set status...96.13 User set I/O mode in2 (page 419).

Event: 64B2 User set fault (page 498).

#### Data storage parameters

Twelve (eight 32-bit, four 16-bit) parameters are reserved for data storage. These parameters are unconnected by default and can be used for linking, testing and commissioning purposes. They can be written to and read from using other parameters' source or target selections.

Settings and diagnostics

Parameter group: 47 Data storage (page 383).

Events: -

#### Parameter checksum calculation

Two parameter checksums, A and B, can be calculated from a set of parameters to monitor changes in the drive configuration. The sets are different for checksums A and B. Each of these checksum is compared to the corresponding reference checksum; in case of a mismatch, an event (a pure event, warning or fault) is generated. The calculated checksum can be set as the new reference checksum.

The set of parameters for checksum A does not include fieldbus settings.

The parameters included in the checksum A calculation are user editable parameters in parameter groups 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 28, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35, 36, 37, 40, 41, 43, 45, 46, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 76, 80, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99.

The set of parameters for checksum B does not include

- · fieldbus settings
- motor data settings
- energy data settings.

The parameters included in the checksum B calculation are user editable parameters in parameter groups 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 28, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35, 36, 37, 40, 41, 43, 46, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 76, 80, 94, 95, 96, 97.

#### Settings and diagnostics

Parameters: 96.54 Checksum action...96.69 Actual checksumB (page 422) and 96.71 Approved checksum A...96.72 Approved checksum B (page 423).

Events: *B686 Checksum mismatch* (page 482), *A686 Checksum mismatch* (page 486) and 6200 Checksum mismatch (page 497).

#### User lock

For better cybersecurity, ABB highly recommends that you set a master pass code to prevent, for example, the changing of parameter values and/or the loading of firmware and other files.

**WARNING!** ABB will not be liable for damages or losses caused by the failure to activate the user lock using a new pass code. See *Cybersecurity disclaimer* (page 20).

- To activate the user lock for the first time:
- Enter the default pass code, 10000000, into 96.02 Pass code. This will make parameters 96.100...96.102 visible.
- Enter a new pass code into 96.100 Change user pass code. Always use eight digits; if using Drive composer, finish with Enter.
- Confirm the new pass code in 96.101 Confirm user pass code.



**WARNING!** Store the pass code in a safe place – the user lock cannot be opened even by ABB if the pass code is lost.

- In 96.102 User lock functionality, define the actions that you want to prevent (ABB recommends you select all the actions unless otherwise required by the application).
- Enter an invalid pass code into 96.02 Pass code.
- Activate 96.08 Control board boot, or cycle the power to the drive.
- Check that parameters 96.100...96.102 are hidden. If they are not, enter another random pass code into 96.02.

To reopen the lock, enter your pass code into 96.02 Pass code. This will again make parameters 96.100...96.102 visible.

#### Settings and diagnostics

Parameters: 96.02 Pass code (page 417) and 96.100 Change user pass code...96.102 User lock functionality (page 424).

Events: *A6B0 User lock is open* (page 486) and *A6B1 User pass code not confirmed* (page 486).

#### Sine filter support

The control program has a setting that enables the use of ABB sine filters (available separately). With a sine filter connected to the output of the drive, bit 1 of 95.15

*Special HW settings* must be switched on. The setting forces the drive to use the scalar motor control mode, and limits the switching and output frequencies to

- prevent the drive from operating at filter resonance frequencies, and
- protect the filter from overheating.

Contact your local ABB representative before connecting a sine filter from another manufacturer.

Settings and diagnostics

Parameter: 95.15 Special HW settings (page 412).

Events: -

#### 194 Program features

# 7

# **Parameters**

# What this chapter contains

The chapter describes the parameters, including actual signals, of the control program. At the end of the chapter, on page 437, there is a separate list of the parameters whose default values are different between 50 Hz and 60 Hz supply frequency settings.

Term	Definition
Actual signal	Type of <i>parameter</i> that is the result of a measurement or calculation by the drive, or contains status information. Most actual signals are read- only, but some (especially counter-type actual signals) can be reset.
Def	(In the following table, shown on the same row as the parameter name) The default value of a <i>parameter</i> when used in the Factory macro. For information on other macro-specific parameter values, see chapter <i>Control macros</i> (page 77).
FbEq16	(In the following table, shown on the same row as the parameter range, or for each selection)
	<ul><li>16-bit fieldbus equivalent: The scaling between the value shown on the control panel and the integer used in communication when a 16-bit value is selected for transmission to an external system.</li><li>A dash (-) indicates that the parameter is not accessible in 16-bit format.</li></ul>
	The corresponding 32-bit scalings are listed in chapter <i>Additional parameter data</i> (page 443).
Other	The value is taken from another parameter. Choosing "Other" displays a parameter list in which the user can specify the source parameter.
Other [bit] The value is taken from a specific bit in another parameter. Choosing "Other" displays a parameter list in which the user can the source parameter and bit.	
Parameter	Either a user-adjustable operating instruction for the drive, or an <i>actual</i> signal.
p.u.	Per unit
[parameter number]	Value of the parameter

## Terms and abbreviations

# Summary of parameter groups

Group	Contents	Page
01 Actual values	Basic signals for monitoring the drive.	199
03 Input references	Values of references received from various sources.	202
04 Warnings and faults	Information on warnings and faults that occurred last.	203
05 Diagnostics	Various run-time-type counters and measurements related to drive maintenance.	205
06 Control and status words	Drive control and status words.	208
07 System info	Drive hardware and firmware information.	214
10 Standard DI, RO	Configuration of digital inputs and relay outputs.	216
11 Standard DIO, FI, FO	Configuration of the frequency input.	225
12 Standard Al	Configuration of standard analog inputs.	226
13 Standard AO	Configuration of standard analog outputs.	231
15 I/O extension module	Configuration of the I/O extension module installed in slot 2.	236
19 Operation mode	Selection of local and external control location sources and operating modes.	245
20 Start/stop/direction	Start/stop/direction and run/start/jog enable signal source selection; positive/negative reference enable signal source selection.	247
21 Start/stop mode	Start and stop modes; emergency stop mode and signal source selection; DC magnetization settings.	257
22 Speed reference selection	Speed reference selection; motor potentiometer settings.	266
23 Speed reference ramp	Speed reference ramp settings (programming of the acceleration and deceleration rates for the drive).	276
24 Speed reference conditioning	Speed error calculation; speed error window control configuration; speed error step.	280
25 Speed control	Speed controller settings.	280
26 Torque reference chain	Settings for the torque reference chain.	286
28 Frequency reference chain	Settings for the frequency reference chain.	290
30 Limits	Drive operation limits.	301
31 Fault functions	Configuration of external events; selection of behavior of the drive upon fault situations.	309
32 Supervision	Configuration of signal supervision functions 16.	319
34 Timed functions	Configuration of the timed functions.	327
35 Motor thermal protection	Motor thermal protection settings such as temperature measurement configuration, load curve definition and motor fan control configuration.	335
36 Load analyzer	Peak value and amplitude logger settings.	346
37 User load curve	Settings for user load curve.	349
40 Process PID set 1	Parameter values for process PID control.	353
41 Process PID set 2	A second set of parameter values for process PID control.	369
43 Brake chopper	Settings for the internal brake chopper.	371
44 Mechanical brake control	Configuration of mechanical brake control.	373
45 Energy efficiency	Settings for the energy saving calculators as well as peak and energy loggers.	375

Group	Contents	Page	
46 Monitoring/scaling settings	Speed supervision settings; actual signal filtering; general scaling settings.		
47 Data storage	Data storage parameters that can be written to and read from using other parameters' source and target settings.		
49 Panel port communication	Communication settings for the control panel port on the drive.	384	
50 Fieldbus adapter (FBA)	Fieldbus communication configuration.	386	
51 FBA A settings	Fieldbus adapter A configuration.	390	
52 FBA A data in	Selection of data to be transferred from drive to fieldbus controller through fieldbus adapter A.	392	
53 FBA A data out	Selection of data to be transferred from fieldbus controller to drive through fieldbus adapter A.	392	
58 Embedded fieldbus	Configuration of the embedded fieldbus (EFB) interface.	393	
71 External PID1	Configuration of external PID.	400	
76 PFC configuration	PFC configuration PFC (Pump and fan control) and Autochange configuration parameters. See also section Pump and fan control (PFC) on page 142.		
77 PFC maintenance and monitoring	PFC (Pump and fan control) and Autochange configuration parameters. See also section Pump and fan control (PFC) on page 142.	411	
95 HW configuration	Various hardware-related settings.	412	
96 System	6 System Language selection; access levels; macro selection; parameter save and restore; control unit reboot; user parameter sets; unit selection; parameter checksum; user lock.		
97 Motor control	Switching frequency; slip gain; voltage reserve; flux braking; anti- cogging (signal injection); IR compensation.	425	
98 User motor parameters	<i>lser motor parameters</i> Motor values supplied by the user that are used in the motor model.		
99 Motor data	Motor configuration settings.	431	

# **Parameter listing**

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
01 Act	ual values	Basic signals for monitoring the drive. All parameters in this group are read-only unless otherwise noted. <b>Note:</b> Values of these actual signals are filtered with the filter time defined in group <i>46 Monitoring/scaling settings</i> . The selection lists for parameters in other groups mean the raw value of the actual signal instead. For example, if a selection is "Output frequency" it does not point to the value of parameter <i>01.06 Output frequency</i> but to the raw value.	
01.01	Motor speed used	Estimated motor speed. A filter time constant for this signal can be defined by parameter 46.11 Filter time motor speed.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Estimated motor speed.	See par. 46.01
01.02	Motor speed estimated	Estimated motor speed in rpm. A filter time constant for this signal can be defined by parameter <i>46.11 Filter time motor speed</i> .	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Estimated motor speed.	See par. 46.01
01.03	Motor speed %	Motor speed in percent of the synchronous motor speed.	-
	-1000.00 1000.00%	Motor speed.	10 = 1%
01.06	Output frequency	Estimated drive output frequency in Hz. A filter time constant for this signal can be defined by parameter <i>46.12 Filter time output frequency</i> .	-
	-500.00500.00 Hz	Estimated output frequency.	See par. 46.02
01.07	Motor current	Measured (absolute) motor current in A.	-
	0.0030000.00 A	Motor current.	See par. 46.0510 = 1A
01.08	Motor current % of motor nom	Motor current (drive output current) in percent of the nominal motor current.	-
	0.01000.0%	Motor current.	1 = 1%
01.09	Motor current % of drive nom	Motor current (drive output current) in percent of the nominal drive current.	-
	0.01000.0%	Motor current.	1 = 1%
01.10	Motor torque	Motor torque in percent of the nominal motor torque. See also parameter <i>01.30 Nominal torque scale</i> . A filter time constant for this signal can be defined by parameter <i>46.13 Filter time motor torque</i> .	-
	-1600.01600.0%	Motor torque.	See par. 46.03
01.11	DC voltage	Measured DC link voltage.	-
	0.002000.00 V	DC link voltage.	10 = 1 V
01.13	Output voltage	Calculated motor voltage in V AC.	-
	02000 V	Motor voltage.	1 = 1 V

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
01.14	Output power	Drive output power. The unit is selected by parameter 96.16 Unit selection. A filter time constant for this signal can be defined by parameter 46.14 Filter time power.	-
	-32768.00 32767.00 kW	Output power.	See par. 46.04
01.15	Output power % of motor nom	Output power in percent of the nominal motor power.	-
	-300.00 300.00%	Output power.	10 = 1%
01.17	Motor shaft power	Estimated mechanical power at motor shaft.	-
	-32768.00 32767.00 kW or hp	Motor shaft power.	See par. 46.04
01.18	Inverter GWh counter	Amount of energy that has passed through the drive (in either direction) in full gigawatt-hours. The minimum value is zero.	-
	065535 GWh	Energy in GWh.	1 = 1 GWh
01.19	Inverter MWh counter	Amount of energy that has passed through the drive (in either direction) in full megawatt-hours. Whenever the counter rolls over, 01.18 Inverter GWh counter is incremented. The minimum value is zero.	-
	01000 MWh	Energy in MWh.	1 = 1 MWh
01.20	Inverter kWh counter	Amount of energy that has passed through the drive (in either direction) in full kilowatt-hours. Whenever the counter rolls over, 01.19 Inverter MWh counter is incremented. The minimum value is zero.	-
	01000 kWh	Energy in kWh.	10 = 1 kWh
01.24	Flux actual %	Used flux reference in percent of nominal flux of motor.	-
	0200%	Flux reference.	1 = 1%
01.30	Nominal torque scale	Torque that corresponds to 100% of nominal motor torque. The unit is selected by parameter 96.16 Unit selection. <b>Note:</b> This value is copied from parameter 99.12 Motor nominal torque, if entered. Otherwise the value is calculated from other motor data.	-
	0.000 4000000.000 N∙m or Ib∙ft	Nominal torque.	1 = 100 unit
01.50	Current hour kWh	Current hour energy consumption. This is the energy of the last 60 minutes (not necessarily continuous) the drive has been running, not the energy of a calendar hour. If the power is cycled, after the drive is again up and running, the parameter value is set to the value it had before the power cycle.	-
	0.00 1000000.00 kWh	Energy.	1 = 1 kWh
01.51	Previous hour kWh	Previous hour energy consumption. The value 01.50 Current hour kWh is stored here when its values has been cumulated for 60 minutes. If the power is cycled, after the drive is again up and running, the parameter value is set to the value it had before the power cycle.	-
	0.00 1000000.00 kWh	Energy.	1 = 1 kWh

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16	
01.52	Current day kWh	Current day energy consumption. This is the energy of the last 24 hours (not necessarily continuous) the drive has been running, not the energy of a calendar day. If the power is cycled, after the drive is again up and running, the parameter value is set to the value it had before the power cycle.	-	
	0.00 1000000.00 kWh	Energy.	1 = 1 kWh	
01.53	Previous day kWh	Previous day energy consumption. The value 01.52 Current day kWh is stored here when its value has been cumulated for 24 hours. If the power is cycled, after the drive is again up and running, the parameter value is set to the value it had before the power cycle.	-	
	0.00 1000000.00 kWh	Energy.	1 = 1 kWh	
01.54	Cumulative inverter energy	Amount of energy that has passed through the drive (in either direction) in full kilowatt-hours. The minimum value is zero.	-	
	-200000000.0 200000000.0 kWh	Energy in kWh.	10 = 1 kWh	
01.55	Inverter GWh counter (resettable)	Amount of energy that has passed through the drive (in either direction) in full gigawatt-hours. The minimum value is zero. Can be reset from the control panel by keeping Reset down for over 3 seconds. Resetting any of parameters 01.5501.58 resets all of them.	-	
	065535 GWh	Energy in GWh.	1 = 1 GWh	
01.56	Inverter MWh counter (resettable)	Amount of energy that has passed through the drive (in either direction) in full megawatt-hours. Whenever the counter rolls over, 01.55 Inverter GWh counter (resettable) is incremented. The minimum value is zero. Can be reset from the control panel by keeping Reset down for over 3 seconds. Resetting any of parameters 01.5501.58 resets all of them.	-	
	01000 MWh	Energy in MWh.	1 = 1 MWh	
01.57	Inverter kWh counter (resettable)	Amount of energy that has passed through the drive (in either direction) in full kilowatt-hours. Whenever the counter rolls over, 01.56 Inverter MWh counter (resettable) is incremented. The minimum value is zero. Can be reset from the control panel by keeping Reset down for over 3 seconds. Resetting any of parameters 01.5501.58 resets all of them.	-	
	01000 kWh	Energy in kWh.	10 = 1 kWh	
01.58	Cumulative inverter energy (resettable)	Amount of energy that has passed through the drive (in either direction) in full kilowatt-hours. The minimum value is zero. Can be reset from the control panel by keeping Reset down for over 3 seconds. Resetting any of parameters 01.5501.58 resets all of them.	-	
	-200000000.0 200000000.0 kWh	Energy in kWh.	10 = 1 kWh	
01.61	Abs motor speed used	Absolute value of parameter 01.01 Motor speed used.	-	
	0.00 30000.00 rpm	Estimated motor speed.	See par. 46.01	

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16	
01.62	Abs motor speed %	Absolute value of parameter 01.03 Motor speed %.	-	
	0.001000.00%	Estimated motor speed.	10 = 1%	
01.63	Abs output frequency	Absolute value of parameter 01.06 Output frequency.	-	
	0.00500.00 Hz	Estimated output frequency.	See par. 46.02	
01.64	Abs motor torque	Absolute value of parameter 01.10 Motor torque.	-	
	0.01600.0%	Motor torque.	See par. 46.03	
01.65	Abs output power	Absolute value of parameter 01.14 Output power.	-	
	0.00 32767.00 kW	Output power.	1 = 1 kW	
01.66	Abs output power % motor nom	Absolute value of parameter 01.15 Output power % of motor nom.	-	
	0.00 300.00%	Output power.	1 = 1%	
01.67	Abs output power % drive nom	Absolute value of output power % of drive nominal.	-	
	0.00 300.00%	Output power.	1 = 1%	
01.68	Abs motor shaft power	Absolute value of parameter 01.17 Motor shaft power.	-	
	0.00 32767.00 kW or hp	Motor shaft power.	1 = 1 kW	

03 Inp	ut references	Values of references received from various sources. All parameters in this group are read-only unless otherwise noted.		
03.01	Panel reference	Reference 1 given from the control panel or PC tool.	-	
	-100000.00 100000.00	Control panel or PC tool reference.	1 = 10	
03.02	Panel reference remote	Reference 2 given from the control panel or PC tool.	-	
	-100000.00 100000.00	Control panel or PC tool reference.	1 = 10	
03.05	FB A reference 1	Reference 1 received through fieldbus adapter A. See also chapter <i>Fieldbus control through a fieldbus adapter</i> (page 535).	-	
	-100000.00 100000.00	Reference 1 from fieldbus adapter A.	1 = 10	
03.06	FB A reference 2	Reference 2 received through fieldbus adapter A.	-	
	-100000.00 100000.00	Reference 2 from fieldbus adapter A.	1 = 10	
03.09	EFB reference 1	Scaled reference 1 received through the embedded fieldbus interface.	1 = 10	
	-30000.00 30000.00	Scaled reference 1 received through the embedded fieldbus interface.	1 = 10	

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
03.10	EFB reference 2	Scaled reference 2 received through the embedded fieldbus interface.	1 = 10
	-30000.00 30000.00	Scaled reference 2 received through the embedded fieldbus interface.	1 = 10
04 Warnings and faults		Information on warnings and faults that occurred last. For explanations of individual warning and fault codes, see chapter <i>Fault tracing</i> . All parameters in this group are read-only unless otherwise noted.	
04.01	Tripping fault	Code of the 1st active fault (the fault that caused the current trip).	-
	0000hFFFFh	1st active fault.	1 = 1
04.02	Active fault 2	Code of the 2nd active fault.	-
	0000hFFFFh	2nd active fault.	1 = 1
04.03	Active fault 3	Code of the 3rd active fault.	-
	0000hFFFFh	3rd active fault.	1 = 1
04.06	Active warning 1	Code of the 1st active warning.	-
	0000hFFFFh	1st active warning.	1 = 1
04.07	Active warning 2	Code of the 2nd active warning.	-
	0000hFFFFh	2nd active warning.	1 = 1
04.08	Active warning 3	Code of the 3rd active warning.	-
	0000hFFFFh	3rd active warning.	1 = 1
04.11	Latest fault	Code of the 1st stored (non-active) fault.	-
	0000hFFFFh	1st stored fault.	1 = 1
04.12	2nd latest fault	Code of the 2nd stored (non-active) fault.	-
	0000hFFFFh	2nd stored fault.	1 = 1
04.13	3rd latest fault	Code of the 3rd stored (non-active) fault.	-
	0000hFFFFh	3rd stored fault.	1 = 1
04.16	Latest warning	Code of the 1st stored (non-active) warning.	-
	0000hFFFFh	1st stored warning.	1 = 1
04.17	2nd latest warning	Code of the 2nd stored (non-active) warning.	-
	0000hFFFFh	2nd stored warning.	1 = 1
04.18	3rd latest warning	Code of the 3rd stored (non-active) warning.	-
	0000hFFFFh	3rd stored warning.	1 = 1

No.	Name/	Value	Descriptio	on	Def/FbEq16
04.40	Event v	vord 1	status of th by parame	user-defined event word. This word collects the events (warnings, faults or pure events) selected ters <i>04.4104.71.</i> neter is read-only.	-
	Bit	Name		Description	
	0	User bit 0		1 = Event selected by parameter 04.41 is active	
	1	User bit 1		1 = Event selected by parameter 04.43 is active	
	15	User bit 15		1 = Event selected by parameter 04.71 is active	
	0000h.	FFFFh	User-defin	ed event word.	1 = 1
04.41	Event v code	vord 1 bit 0	pure event	e hexadecimal code of an event (warning, fault or c) whose status is shown as bit 0 of <i>04.40 Event</i> e event codes are listed in chapter <i>Fault tracing</i> ).	0x2310h 2310 (p. 493)
	0000h.	FFFFh	Code of ev	vent.	1 = 1
04.43	Event word 1 bit 1 code		pure event	e hexadecimal code of an event (warning, fault or c) whose status is shown as bit 1 of <i>04.40 Event</i> e event codes are listed in chapter <i>Fault tracing</i> ).	0x3210h 3210 (p. 494)
	0000h.	FFFFh	Code of ev	Code of event. 1	
04.45	Event v code	vord 1 bit 2			0x4310h 4310 (p. 495)
04.47	Event v code	vord 1 bit 3			0x2340h 2340 (p. 494)
04.49	Event word 1 bit 4 code				0x0000h
04.51	Event v code	vord 1 bit 5			0x3220h 3220 (p. 495)
04.53	Event v code	vord 1 bit 6			0x80A0h <i>80A0</i> (p. <i>501</i> )
04.55	Event v code	vord 1 bit 7			0x0000h
04.57	Event v code	vord 1 bit 8			0x7122h 7122 (p. 500)
04.59	Event v code	vord 1 bit 9			0x7081h 7081 (p. 499)
04.61	Event v code	vord 1 bit 10			0xFF61h <i>FF61</i> (p. <i>503</i> )
04.63	Event word 1 bit 11 code				0x7121h 7121 (p. 499)
04.65	Event v code	vord 1 bit 12			0x4110h 4110 (p. 495)
04.67	Event v code	vord 1 bit 13			0x9081h 9081 (p. 502)
04.69	Event v code	vord 1 bit 14			0x9082h 9082 (p. 502)

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
04.71	Event word 1 bit 15 code	Selects the hexadecimal code of an event (warning, fault or pure event) whose status is shown as bit 15 of 04.40 Event word 1. The event codes are listed in chapter Fault tracing (page 479).	0x2330h 2330 (p. 494)
	0000hFFFFh	Code of event.	1 = 1
05 Dia	gnostics	Various run-time-type counters and measurements related to drive maintenance. All parameters in this group are read-only unless otherwise noted.	
05.01	On-time counter	On-time counter. The counter runs when the drive is powered.	-
	065535 days	On-time counter.	1 = 1 days
05.02	Run-time counter	Motor run-time counter in full days. The counter runs when the inverter modulates.	-
	065535 days	Motor run-time counter.	1 = 1 days
05.03	Hours run	Corresponding parameter to <i>05.02 Run-time counter</i> in hours, that is, 24 * <i>05.02</i> value + fractional part of a day.	-
	0.0 429496729.5 h	Hours.	1 = 1 h
05.04	Fan on-time counter	Running time of the drive cooling fan. Can be reset from the control panel by keeping Reset down for over 3 seconds.	-
	065535 days	Cooling fan run-time counter.	1 = 1 days
05.08	Cabinet temperature	(Only visible for ACS580-07 cabinet drives). Temperature inside the cabinet. Activated by bit 6 of parameter 95.21 HW options word 2.	-
	40120 °C or °F	Temperature inside the cabinet in degrees Celsius or Fahrenheit.	1 = 1 unit
05.10	Control board temperature	Measured temperature of the control unit.	-
	-100300 °C or °F	Control unit temperature in degrees Celsius or Fahrenheit.	1 = unit
05.11	Inverter temperature	Estimated drive temperature in percent of fault limit. The fault limit varies according to the type of the drive. 0.0% = 0 °C (32 °F) 100.0% = Fault limit	-
	-40.0160.0%	Drive temperature in percent.	1 = 1%

No.	Name/Value		Descri	iption	Def/FbEq16			
05.20	Diagnos	tic word 1	•	ostic word 1. For possible causes and remedies, see or <i>Fault tracing</i> .	-			
	Bit	Bit Name		Value				
	0	Any warnin fault	g or	Yes = Drive has generated a warning or tripped on a fault.				
	1	Any warnin	g	Yes = Drive has generated a warning.				
	2	Any fault		Yes = Drive has tripped on a fault.				
	3	Reserved						
	4	Overcurren	t fault	Yes = Drive has tripped on fault 2310 Overcurrent.				
	5	Reserved						
	6	DC overvol	<u> </u>	Yes = Drive has tripped on fault 3210 DC link overvolta	-			
	7	DC undervo	oltage	Yes = Drive has tripped on fault 3220 DC link undervol	tage.			
	8	Reserved		-				
	9	Device overtemper fault	ature	Yes = Drive has tripped on fault 4310 Excess temperal	ture.			
	1015	Reserved		L				
	0000h	EEEb	Diagna	potio word 1	1 = 1			
			•	ostic word 1.				
05.21				ostic word 2. For possible causes and remedies, see r <i>Fault tracing.</i>	-			
	Bit	Name		Value				
	09	Reserved						
	10	Motor overtemper fault	ature	Yes = Drive has tripped on fault 4981 External temperature 1 or 4982 Safe motor temperature.				
	1115	Reserved						
	0000h	FFFFh	Diagno	ostic word 2.	1 = 1			
05.22		tic word 3	Ű	ostic word 3.	-			
	Bit	Name		Value				
	08	Reserved						
	9	kWh pulse		Yes = kWh pulse is active.				
	10	Reserved						
	11	Fan comma	and	On = Drive fan is rotating above idle speed.				
	1215	Reserved		<b>0</b>				
	0000h	FFFFh	Diagno	iagnostic word 3.				
05.80	Motor sp	oeed at fault	ramp ii	Shows the value of copy of parameter 28.01 Frequency ref ramp input (in scalar control mode) or 23.01 Speed ref ramp input (in speed control mode) at the occurrence of the latest				
	-30000.0 30000.0		Estima	ited motor speed.	10 = 1 rpm			
05.81	Output fi fault	requency at		the value of copy of parameter <i>01.06 Output</i> ncy at the occurrence of the latest fault.	-			

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	-500.00500.00 Hz	Estimated output frequency.	
05.82	DC voltage at fault	Shows the value of copy of parameter 01.11 DC voltage at the occurrence of the latest fault.	-
	0.002000.00 V	DC link voltage.	10 = 1 V
05.83	Motor current at fault	Shows the value of copy of parameter 01.07 Motor current at the occurrence of the latest fault.	-
	0.0030000.00 A	Motor current.	10 = 1 V
05.84	Motor torque at fault	Shows the value of copy of parameter 01.10 Motor torque at the occurrence of the latest fault.	-
	-1600.01600.0%	Motor torque.	1 = 1%
05.85	Main status word at fault	Shows the value of copy of parameter <i>06.11 Main status word</i> at the occurrence of the latest fault.	-
	0000hFFFFh	Main status word.	1 = 1
05.86	DI delayed status at fault	Shows the value of copy of parameter 10.02 DI delayed status at the occurrence of the latest fault.	-
	0000hFFFFh	Delayed status for digital inputs.	1 = 1
05.87	Inverter temperature at fault	Shows the value of copy of parameter 05.11 Inverter temperature at the occurrence of the latest fault.	-
	-40160 °C	Drive temperature in °C.	1 = 1 °C
05.88	Reference used at fault		
	-30000.00 30000.00 Hz	Frequency or speed reference.	1 = 1 Hz

No.	Name/Value	Descrip	tion	Def/FbEq16		
06 Control and status words		Drive co				
06.01 Main control word		sources application For the b word and respective <b>Note:</b> W not same from PLC debug m	- www.sthe control signals as received from the selected - irces (such as digital inputs, the fieldbus interfaces and the blication program). - main control word of the drive. - the bit descriptions see page 541. The related status - d and state diagram are presented on pages 543 and 544 pectively. te: When using fieldbus control, this parameter value is same as the Control word value that the drive receives m PLC. For the exact value, see parameter 50.12 FBA A bug mode. s parameter is read-only.			
		Bit	Name			
		0	Off1 control			
		1	Off2 control			
		2	Off3 control			
		3	Run			
		4	Ramp out zero			
		5	Ramp hold			
		6	Ramp in zero			
		7	Reset			
		8	Inching 1			
		9	Inching 2			
		10	Remote cmd			
		11	Ext ctrl loc			
		12	User bit 0			
		13	User bit 1			
		14	User bit 2			
		15	User bit 3			
	0000hFFFFh	Main cor	ntrol word.	1 = 1		

No.	Name/Value	Descrip	ption	Def/FbEq16
06.11	Main status word	For the word an respecti <b>Note:</b> W not sam PLC. Fo mode.	atus word of the drive. bit descriptions see page 543. The related control id state diagram are presented on pages 541 and 544 ively. When using fieldbus control, this parameter value is the as the Status word value that the drive sends to or the exact value, see parameter 50.12 FBA A debug rameter is read-only.	-
		Bit	Name	
		0	Ready to switch ON	
		1	Ready run	
		2	Ready ref	
		3	Tripped	
		4	Off 2 inactive	
		5	Off 3 inactive	
		6	Switch-on inhibited	
		7	Warning	
		8	At setpoint	
		9	Remote	
		10	Above limit	
		11	User bit 0	
		12	User bit 1	
		13	User bit 2	
		14	User bit 3	
		15	Reserved	
	0000hFFFFh	Main sta	atus word.	1 = 1

No.	Name/Value Desc			ription	Def/FbEq16			
06.16			Drive	Drive status word 1				
			This p	This parameter is read-only.				
	Dit Nome							
	Bit			Description				
	0	Enabled		1 = Both run enable (see par. 20.12) and start enable (20.19) signals are present.				
				Note: This bit is not affected by the presence of a fault.				
	1	Inhibited		1 = Start inhibited. To start the drive, the inhibiting signal (see par. $06.18$ ) must be removed and the start signal cycled.				
	2	DC charged	ł	1 = DC circuit has been charged				
	3	Ready to st	art	1 = Drive is ready to receive a start command				
	4	Following reference		1 = Drive is ready to follow given reference				
	5	Started		1 = Drive has been started				
	6	Modulating		1 = Drive is modulating (output stage is being controlled)				
	7	Limiting		1 = Any operating limit (speed, torque, etc.) is active				
	8	Local contro	ol	1 = Drive is in local control				
	9	Network co	ntrol	1 = Drive is in <i>network control</i> (see page 18).				
	10	Ext1 active		1 = Control location EXT1 active				
	11	Ext2 active		1 = Control location EXT2 active				
	12	Reserved						
	13	Start reque	st	1 = Start requested. 0 = When Enable to rotate signal (see par. 20.22) is 0 (rotating of the motor is disabled).				
	14	Running		1 = Drive is running.				
	15	Reserved						

No.	Name/V	me/Value Descriptio		on	Def/FbEq16	
06.17	Drive status word 2		Drive statu	Drive status word 2		
			This param	neter is read-only.		
	Bit	Name		Description		
	0	Identificatio	n run done	1 = Motor identification (ID) run has been performe	ed	
	1	Magnetized	1	1 = The motor has been magnetized		
	2	Torque con	trol	1 = Torque control mode active		
	3	Speed cont	rol	1 = Speed control mode active		
	4	Reserved				
	5	Safe refere	nce active	1 = A "safe" reference is applied by functions such as parameters 49.05 and 50.02		
	6	Last speed active		1 = A "last speed" reference is applied by functions such as parameters $49.05$ and $50.02$		
	7	Reserved				
	8	Emergency	stop failed	1 = Emergency stop failed (see parameters 31.32 and 31.33)		
	9	Jogging ac	tive	1 = Jogging enable signal is on		
	10	Above limit		1 = Actual speed or frequency equals or exceeds limit (defined by parameters 46.3146.32). Valid in both directions of rotation		
	1112	Reserved				
	13	Start delay	active	1 = Start delay (par. 21.22) active.		
	1415	Reserved		•		
		•				
	0000h	.FFFFh	Drive statu	is word 2.	1 = 1	

<b>)</b> .	Name/	Value	Description	on	Def/FbEq16	
6.18	Start inhibit status word		inhibiting s The condit the start conditions inhibiting of See also p	it status word. This word specifies the source of the signal that is preventing the drive from starting. tions marked with an asterisk (*) only require that ommand is cycled. In all other instances, the condition must be removed first. parameter <i>06.16 Drive status word 1</i> , bit 1. meter is read-only.	-	
	Bit	Name		Description		
	0	Not ready run		1 = DC voltage is missing or drive has not been par correctly. Check the parameters in groups 95 and 9		
	1	Ctrl location changed SSW inhibit		* 1 = Control location has changed		
	2			1 = Control program is keeping itself in inhibited sta	ate	
	3	Fault reset		* 1 = A fault has been reset		
	4	Lost start e	nable	1 = Start enable signal missing		
	5	Lost run en	able	1 = Run enable signal missing		
	6	Reserved				
	7	STO		1 = Safe torque off function active		
	8	Current cal ended	ibration	<ul> <li>* 1 = Current calibration routine has finished</li> <li>* 1 = Motor identification run has finished</li> </ul>		
	9	ID run ende	ed			
	10	Reserved				
	11	Em Off1		1 = Emergency stop signal (mode off1)		
	12	Em Off2		1 = Emergency stop signal (mode off2) 1 = Emergency stop signal (mode off3)		
	13	Em Off3				
	14	Auto reset	inhibit	1 = The autoreset function is inhibiting operation		
		Auto reset inhibit		1 = The jogging enable signal is inhibiting operation		
	15	Jogging ac				
	15	Jogging ac				
	-	Jogging ac	Start inhib	it status word.	1 = 1	
19	0000h.			it status word. htrol status word.	1 = 1 -	
19	0000h.	FFFFh control	Speed cor		1 = 1 -	
19	0000h. Speed	FFFFh control	Speed cor	ntrol status word.	1 = 1 -	
19	0000h. Speed status	FFFFh control word	Speed cor This parar	ntrol status word. neter is read-only.	- it (par. 21.06)	
19	0000h. Speed status Bit	FFFFh control word	Speed cor This parar	ntrol status word. neter is read-only. Description 1 = Drive has been running below zero speed limi	- it (par. 21.06) d delay	
9	0000h. Speed status Bit 0	FFFFh control word Name Zero speed	Speed cor This parar	the status word.     The status word.     The status word.     Description     1 = Drive has been running below zero speed limit for a time defined by parameter <i>21.07 Zero speed</i> 1 = Drive is running in forward direction above zero	- it (par. 21.06) d delay ro speed limit	
9	0000h. Speed status Bit 0 1	FFFFh     control     word     Name     Zero speec     Forward	Speed cor This parar	htrol status word.     meter is read-only.      Description     1 = Drive has been running below zero speed lim     for a time defined by parameter 21.07 Zero speed     1 = Drive is running in forward direction above zer     (par. 21.06)     1 = Drive is running in reverse direction above zer	- it (par. 21.06) d delay ro speed limit	
19	0000h. Speed status Bit 0 1 2	Name Zero speed Forward Reverse	Speed cor This parar	htrol status word.     meter is read-only.      Description     1 = Drive has been running below zero speed lim     for a time defined by parameter 21.07 Zero speed     1 = Drive is running in forward direction above zer     (par. 21.06)     1 = Drive is running in reverse direction above zer	- it (par. 21.06) d delay ro speed limit ro speed limit	

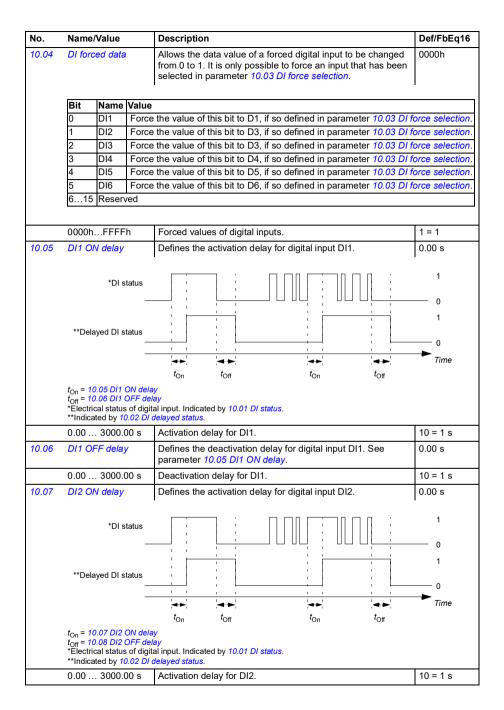
No.	Name/	Value	Descr	iption		Def/FbEq16	
06.20	Consta status v	nt speed word	consta param <i>Consta</i>	ant spe leter <i>0</i> <i>ant sp</i> e	eed/frequency status word. Indicates which eed or frequency is active (if any). See also 6.19 Speed control status word, bit 7, and section eeds/frequencies (page 124). ter is read-only.	-	
	Bit Name			Description			
	0	Constant s	Constant speed 1		1 = Constant speed or frequency 1 selected		
	1	Constant speed 2			1 = Constant speed or frequency 2 selected		
	2	Constant s	peed 3		1 = Constant speed or frequency 3 selected		
	3	Constant s			1 = Constant speed or frequency 4 selected		
	4	Constant s			1 = Constant speed or frequency 5 selected		
	5	Constant s			1 = Constant speed or frequency 6 selected		
	6	Constant s	peed 7		1 = Constant speed or frequency 7 selected		
	715	Reserved					
	0000h.	FFFFh	Consta	ant sp	eed/frequency status word.	1 = 1	
06.21	Drive s	tatus word 3	Drive s	status	word 3.	-	
	Drive status word 5		This p	This parameter is read-only.			
	Bit	Name		Desc	ription		
	0	DC hold ac	tive	1 = D	1 = DC hold is active		
	1	Post-magn active	etizing	1 = Post-magnetizing is active			
	2	Motor pre-h active	neating	1 = M	lotor pre-heating is active		
	3	PM smooth active	start	1 = PM smooth start active			
	4	Reserved					
	5	DC brake a	ictive	1 = B	rake is active		
	615	Reserved					
	0000h.	FFFFh	Drive status word 1.		1 = 1		
	0000h.	FFFFh	Start in	nhibit s	status word.	1 = 1	
06.29	MSW b			Selects a binary source whose status is transmitted as bit 10 (User bit 0) of 06.11 Main status word.		Above limit	
	False		0.			0	
	True		1.			1	
	Above	limit	Bit 10	of <mark>06</mark> .	17 Drive status word 2 (see page 211).	2	
	Other [	bit]	Source	e seleo	ction (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-	
06.30	MSW b selectio				hary source whose status is transmitted as bit 11 of 06.11 Main status word.	Ext ctrl loc	
	False		0.			0	
	True		1.			1	
	Ext ctrl	loc	Bit 11	of <mark>06</mark> .	01 Main control word (see page 209).	2	
	Other [	bit]	Source	e seleo	ction (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-	

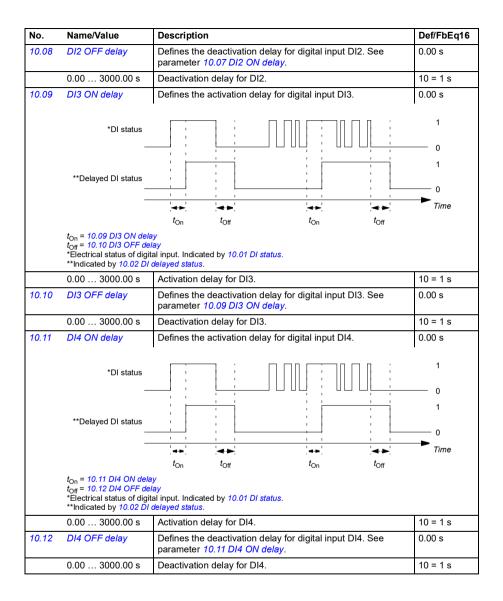
No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
06.31	MSW bit 12 selection	Selects a binary source whose status is transmitted as bit 12 (User bit 1) of 06.11 Main status word.	Ext run enable
	False	0.	0
	True	1.	1
	Ext run enable	Status of the external run enable signal (see parameter 20.12 <i>Run enable 1 source</i> ).	2
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
06.32	MSW bit 13 selection	Selects a binary source whose status is transmitted as bit 13 (User bit 2) of 06.11 Main status word.	False
	False	0.	0
	True	1.	1
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 196).	-
06.33	MSW bit 14 selection	Selects a binary source whose status is transmitted as bit 14 (User bit 3) of 06.11 Main status word.	False
	False	0.	0
	True	1.	1
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
07 Sys	stem info	Drive hardware and firmware information. All parameters in this group are read-only.	
07.03	Drive rating id	Type of the drive. (Rating ID in brackets.)	-
07.04	Firmware name	Firmware identification.	-
07.05	Firmware version	Version number of the firmware.	-
07.06	Loading package name	Name of the firmware loading package.	-
07.07	Loading package version	Version number of the firmware loading package.	-
07.10	Language file set	The language file set (language package) in use, see parameter 96.01 Language. The language file set value is written to this parameter after the first start-up, and it is available in this parameter through power-ups.	-
	Not known	No language file set in use.	0
	Global	Global language file set in use.	1
	European	European language file set in use.	2
	Asian	Asian language file set in use.	3
07.11	Cpu usage	Microprocessor load in percent.	-
	0100%	Microprocessor load.	1 = 1%
07.25	Customization package name	First five ASCII letters of the name given to the customization package. The full name is visible in the <b>System info</b> menu under the <b>Main</b> menu on the control panel or the Drive composer PC toolN/A_ = None.	-
07.26	Customization package version	Customization package version number. Also visible in the <b>System info</b> menu under the <b>Main</b> menu on the control panel or the Drive composer PC tool.	-

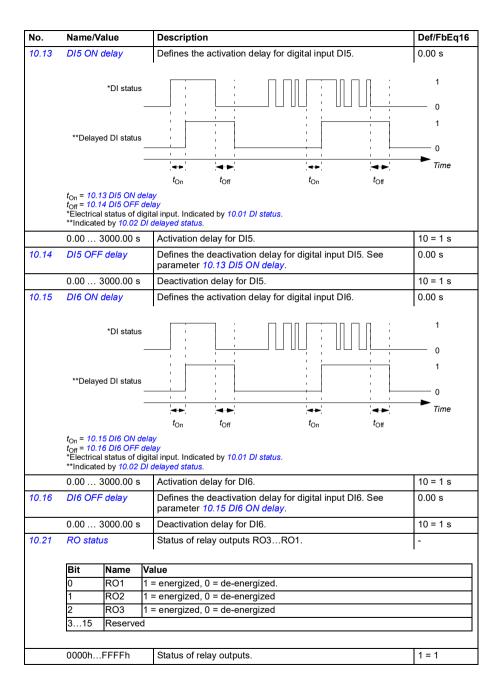
No.	Name/	Value	Descri	ption	Def/FbEq10			
07.30	Adaptiv status	ve program		the status of the adaptive program. ection <i>Adaptive programming</i> (page <i>117</i> ).	-			
	Bit	Name		Description				
	0	Initialized		1 = Adaptive program initialized				
	1	Editing		1 = Adaptive program is being edited				
	2	Edit done		1 = Editing of adaptive program finished				
	3	Running		1 = Adaptive program running				
	413	Reserved						
	14	State changing		1 = State change in progress in adaptive programm	ning engine			
	15	Faulted		1 = Error in adaptive program				
	0000h.	FFFFh	Adaptiv	ve program status.	1 = 1			
07.31	AP seq	uence state	Shows program program	the number of the active state of the sequence m part of the adaptive program (AP). If adaptive mming is not running, or it does not contain a nce program, the parameter is zero.				
	020				1 = 1			
07.35			module	e configuration of the drive. Plug 'n' play configuration				
			during any op For info detection	the HW initialization, if the drive is not able to detect tion module, the value is set to 1, Base unit. ormation on automatic setting of parameters after ng a module, see section <i>Automatic drive configuration</i> <i>dbus control</i> on page 548.				
	Bit	Name	during any op For info detectin for field	tion module, the value is set to 1, Base unit. ormation on automatic setting of parameters after ng a module, see section <i>Automatic drive configuration</i>				
	<b>Bit</b> 0	Name Not initializ	during any op For info detectin <i>for field</i>	tion module, the value is set to 1, Base unit. ormation on automatic setting of parameters after ng a module, see section <i>Automatic drive configuration</i> <i>dbus control</i> on page 548.				
			during any op For info detectin for field ed 1	tion module, the value is set to 1, Base unit. ormation on automatic setting of parameters after ng a module, see section <i>Automatic drive configuration</i> <i>dbus control</i> on page 548. escription	here is only			
	0	Not initializ	during any op For info detectin for field ed 1	tion module, the value is set to 1, Base unit. formation on automatic setting of parameters after ng a module, see section Automatic drive configuration abus control on page 548. escription = Drive configuration has not been initialized = Drive has not detected any option modules, that is, th	nere is only			
	0	Not initializ Base unit	during any op For info detectin for field ed 1 1 th	tion module, the value is set to 1, Base unit. formation on automatic setting of parameters after ng a module, see section Automatic drive configuration abus control on page 548. escription = Drive configuration has not been initialized = Drive has not detected any option modules, that is, th	-			
	0 1 2 3 4	Not initializ Base unit Reserved FENA-21 FECA-01	during any op For info detectin for field ed 1 1 th 1 1	tion module, the value is set to 1, Base unit. formation on automatic setting of parameters after ing a module, see section Automatic drive configuration abus control on page 548. escription = Drive configuration has not been initialized = Drive has not detected any option modules, that is, the base unit. = FENA-21 Two-port Ethernet adapter module included = FECA-01 EtherCAT adapter module included	-			
	0 1 2 3 4 5	Not initializ Base unit Reserved FENA-21 FECA-01 FPBA-01	during any op For info detection for field ed 1 1 th 1 1 1	tion module, the value is set to 1, Base unit. formation on automatic setting of parameters after ing a module, see section Automatic drive configuration abus control on page 548. escription = Drive configuration has not been initialized = Drive has not detected any option modules, that is, the te base unit. = FENA-21 Two-port Ethernet adapter module included = FECA-01 EtherCAT adapter module included = FPBA-01 PROFIBUS DP adapter module included	-			
	0 1 2 3 4 5 6	Not initializ Base unit Reserved FENA-21 FECA-01 FPBA-01 FCAN-01	during any op For info detection for field ed 1 1 th 1 1 1	tion module, the value is set to 1, Base unit. formation on automatic setting of parameters after ing a module, see section Automatic drive configuration abus control on page 548. escription = Drive configuration has not been initialized = Drive has not detected any option modules, that is, the base unit. = FENA-21 Two-port Ethernet adapter module included = FECA-01 EtherCAT adapter module included	-			
	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 79	Not initializ Base unit Reserved FENA-21 FECA-01 FPBA-01 FCAN-01 Reserved	during any op For info detectin for field ed 1 1 th 1 1 1	tion module, the value is set to 1, Base unit. formation on automatic setting of parameters after ing a module, see section Automatic drive configuration abus control on page 548. escription = Drive configuration has not been initialized = Drive has not detected any option modules, that is, the te base unit. = FENA-21 Two-port Ethernet adapter module included = FECA-01 EtherCAT adapter module included = FPBA-01 PROFIBUS DP adapter module included = FCAN-01 CANopen adapter module included	-			
	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 79 10	Not initializ Base unit Reserved FENA-21 FECA-01 FPBA-01 FCAN-01 Reserved FSCA-01	during any op For info detectin for field ed 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	tion module, the value is set to 1, Base unit. formation on automatic setting of parameters after ing a module, see section Automatic drive configuration abus control on page 548. escription = Drive configuration has not been initialized = Drive has not detected any option modules, that is, the base unit. = FENA-21 Two-port Ethernet adapter module included = FECA-01 EtherCAT adapter module included = FPBA-01 PROFIBUS DP adapter module included = FCAN-01 CANopen adapter module included = FSCA-01 Modbus/RTU adapter module included	1			
	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 79 10 11	Not initializ Base unit Reserved FENA-21 FECA-01 FPBA-01 FCAN-01 Reserved FSCA-01 FEIP-21	during any op For info detectin for field ed 1 1 th 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	tion module, the value is set to 1, Base unit. formation on automatic setting of parameters after ng a module, see section <i>Automatic drive configuration</i> <i>abus control</i> on page 548. escription = Drive configuration has not been initialized = Drive has not detected any option modules, that is, the base unit. = FENA-21 Two-port Ethernet adapter module included = FEA-01 EtherCAT adapter module included = FPBA-01 PROFIBUS DP adapter module included = FSCA-01 Modbus/RTU adapter module included = FEIP-21 Two-port EtherNet/IP adapter module included	ed			
	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 79 10 11 12	Not initializ Base unit Reserved FENA-21 FECA-01 FCAN-01 FCAN-01 Reserved FSCA-01 FEIP-21 FMBT-21	during any op For info detectin for field ed 1 1 th 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	tion module, the value is set to 1, Base unit. formation on automatic setting of parameters after ing a module, see section Automatic drive configuration abus control on page 548. escription = Drive configuration has not been initialized = Drive has not detected any option modules, that is, the base unit. = FENA-21 Two-port Ethernet adapter module included = FECA-01 EtherCAT adapter module included = FPBA-01 PROFIBUS DP adapter module included = FCAN-01 CANopen adapter module included = FSCA-01 Modbus/RTU adapter module included	ed			
	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 79 10 11 12 13	Not initializ Base unit Reserved FENA-21 FECA-01 FCAN-01 FCAN-01 Reserved FSCA-01 FEIP-21 FMBT-21 Reserved	during any op For info detectin for field ed 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	tion module, the value is set to 1, Base unit. formation on automatic setting of parameters after ing a module, see section <i>Automatic drive configuration</i> <i>abus control</i> on page 548. escription = Drive configuration has not been initialized = Drive has not detected any option modules, that is, the base unit. = FENA-21 Two-port Ethernet adapter module included = FEA-01 EtherCAT adapter module included = FPBA-01 PROFIBUS DP adapter module included = FCAN-01 CANopen adapter module included = FSCA-01 Modbus/RTU adapter module included = FEIP-21 Two-port EtherNet/IP adapter module included	ed uded			
	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 79 10 11 12 13 14	Not initializ Base unit Reserved FENA-21 FECA-01 FCAN-01 FCAN-01 Reserved FSCA-01 FEIP-21 FMBT-21 Reserved FPNO-21	during any op For info detectin for field ed 1 1 th 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	tion module, the value is set to 1, Base unit. formation on automatic setting of parameters after ing a module, see section <i>Automatic drive configuration</i> <i>abus control</i> on page 548. escription = Drive configuration has not been initialized = Drive has not detected any option modules, that is, the base unit. = FENA-21 Two-port Ethernet adapter module included = FEA-01 EtherCAT adapter module included = FPBA-01 PROFIBUS DP adapter module included = FCAN-01 CANopen adapter module included = FSCA-01 Modbus/RTU adapter module included = FEIP-21 Two-port EtherNet/IP adapter module included = FPBA-01 PROFIBUS DP adapter module included = FSCA-01 Modbus/RTU adapter module included = FEIP-21 Two-port EtherNet/IP adapter module included = FPNO-21 Two-port PROFINET IO adapter module included	ed uded			
	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 79 10 11 12 13	Not initializ Base unit Reserved FENA-21 FECA-01 FCAN-01 FCAN-01 Reserved FSCA-01 FEIP-21 FMBT-21 Reserved	during any op For info detectin for field ed 1 1 th 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	tion module, the value is set to 1, Base unit. formation on automatic setting of parameters after ing a module, see section <i>Automatic drive configuration</i> <i>abus control</i> on page 548. escription = Drive configuration has not been initialized = Drive has not detected any option modules, that is, the base unit. = FENA-21 Two-port Ethernet adapter module included = FEA-01 EtherCAT adapter module included = FPBA-01 PROFIBUS DP adapter module included = FCAN-01 CANopen adapter module included = FSCA-01 Modbus/RTU adapter module included = FEIP-21 Two-port EtherNet/IP adapter module included	ed uded			
	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 79 10 11 12 13 14 15	Not initializ Base unit Reserved FENA-21 FECA-01 FCAN-01 FCAN-01 Reserved FSCA-01 FEIP-21 FMBT-21 Reserved FPNO-21	during any op For infd detection for field ed 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	tion module, the value is set to 1, Base unit. formation on automatic setting of parameters after ing a module, see section <i>Automatic drive configuration</i> <i>abus control</i> on page 548. escription = Drive configuration has not been initialized = Drive has not detected any option modules, that is, the base unit. = FENA-21 Two-port Ethernet adapter module included = FEA-01 EtherCAT adapter module included = FPBA-01 PROFIBUS DP adapter module included = FCAN-01 CANopen adapter module included = FSCA-01 Modbus/RTU adapter module included = FEIP-21 Two-port EtherNet/IP adapter module included = FPBA-01 PROFIBUS DP adapter module included = FSCA-01 Modbus/RTU adapter module included = FEIP-21 Two-port EtherNet/IP adapter module included = FPNO-21 Two-port PROFINET IO adapter module included	ed uded			

No.	Name	Value	Description		Def/FbEq16	
	Bit	Name	Desc	ription		
	0	Reserved				
	1	FDNA-01	1 = F	1 = FDNA-01 DeviceNet <sup>™</sup> adapter module inclu		
	2	FCNA-01	1 = F	CNA-01 ControlNet™ adapter module inclu	ıded	
	3	CMOD-01	1 = C	MOD-01 adapter module included		
	4	CMOD-02	1 = C	MOD-02 adapter module included		
	5	CPTC-02	1 = C	PTC-02 adapter module included		
	6	CHDI-01	1 = C	HDI-01 adapter module included		
	7	FSPS-21	1 = F	SPS-21 adapter module included		
	815	Reserved	•			
	0000h	FFFFh	Drive configuration	1	1 = 1	
0 St	andard	DI, RO	Configuration of digital inputs and relay outputs.			
10.01 DI status		us	Displays the electrical status of digital inputs DI1Dl6. The activation/deactivation delays of the inputs (if any are specified) are ignored. Bits 05 reflect the status of DI1Dl6. <b>Example:</b> 00000000010011b = DI5, DI2 and DI1 are on, DI3, DI4 and DI6 are off. This parameter is read-only.		-	
	Bit	Name	Desc	ription		
	0	DI1	1 = D	igital input 1 is ON.		
	1	DI2	1 = D	igital input 2 is ON.		
	2	DI3	1 = D	igital input 3 is ON.		
	3	DI4	1 = D	igital input 4 is ON.		
	4	DI5	1 = D	igital input 5 is ON.		
	5	DI6	1 = D	igital input 6 is ON.		
	615	Reserved	•			
					1	
	0000h	FFFFh	Status for digital in	puts.	1 = 1	

No.	Name	Value		Description		Def/FbEq16		
10.02	DI delayed status			Displays the dela 05 reflect the of <b>Example:</b> 00000 DI3, DI4 and DI6 This word is upda delay. When the remain the same 2 ms, for the new This parameter is	-			
	Bit	Nam	ne	Des	scription			
	0	DI1	-		Digital input 1 is ON.			
	1	DI2		1 =	Digital input 2 is ON.			
	2	DI3		1 =	Digital input 3 is ON.			
	3	DI4		1 =	Digital input 4 is ON.			
	4	DI5		1 =	Digital input 5 is ON.			
	5	DI6		1 = Digital input 6 is ON.				
	615	Res	erved					
	0000h	FFFF	ĥ	Delayed status for	1 = 1			
10.03	DI forc	e selec	tion	The electrical statuses of the digital inputs can be overridden, for example. testing purposes. A bit in parameter 10.04 DI forced data is provided for each digital input, and its value is applied whenever the corresponding bit in this parameter is 1. <b>Note:</b> Boot and power cycle reset the force selections (parameters 10.03 and 10.04).				
	Bit	Name	Value					
	0	DI1	1 = Fo	ce DI1 to value of	bit 0 of parameter 10.04 DI forced data. (0 =	Normal mode)		
	1	DI2			bit 1 of parameter 10.04 DI forced data. (0 =	· · ·		
	2	DI3	1 = Fo	ce DI3 to value of	bit 2 of parameter 10.04 DI forced data. (0 =	Normal mode)		
	3	DI4	1 = Fo	ce DI4 to value of	bit 3 of parameter 10.04 DI forced data. (0 =	Normal mode)		
	4	DI5	1 = Force DI5 to value of bit 4 of parameter 10.04 DI forced data. (0 = Normal mode					
	5	DI6	1 = Fo	ce DI6 to value of	bit 5 of parameter 10.04 DI forced data. (0 =	Normal mode)		
	615	Reserv	ved					
	00001	FFFF	1.	<u> </u>	n for digital inputs.	1 = 1		

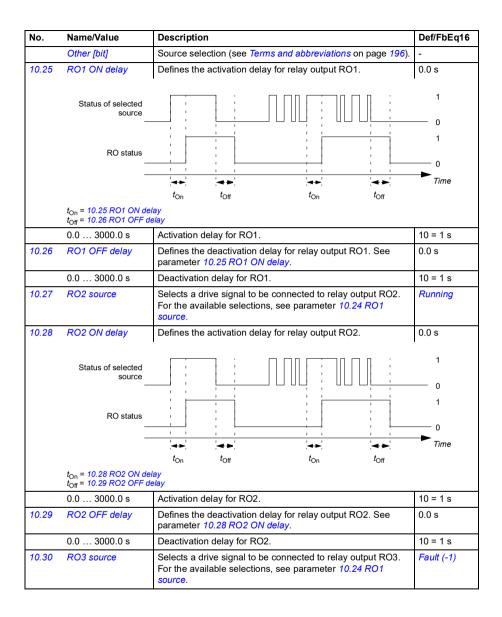






	Name/Value			Description	Def/FbEq16		
10.22	RO force selection		ction	The signals connected to the relay outputs can be overridden, for example, testing purposes. A bit in parameter <i>10.23 RO forced data</i> is provided for each relay output, and its value is applied whenever the corresponding bit in this parameter is 1. <b>Note:</b> Boot and power cycle reset the force selections (parameters <i>10.22</i> and <i>10.23</i> ).	0000h		
	Bit Name Value						
	0	RO1	1 = Fo	rce RO1 to value of bit 0 of parameter 10.23 RO forced data. (0 =	Normal mode)		
	1	RO2		rce RO2 to value of bit 1 of parameter <i>10.23 RO forced data</i> . (0 =	,		
	2	RO3		rce RO3 to value of bit 2 of parameter 10.23 RO forced data. (0 =	Normal mode)		
	315	Reser	ved				
	0000h	FFFF	ĥ	Override selection for relay outputs.	1 = 1		
10.23	RO fo	rced dai	ta	Contains the values of relay outputs that are used instead of the connected signals if selected in parameter 10.22 RO force selection. Bit 0 is the forced value for RO1.			
	Bit	Name	Value				
	0	RO1	Force select	the value of this bit to RO1, if so defined in parameter 10.22 RC ion.	) force		
	1	RO2	Force select	the value of this bit to RO2, if so defined in parameter 10.22 RC ion.	) force		
	2	RO3	Force select	prce the value of this bit to RO3, if so defined in parameter 10.22 RO force			
	315 Reserved						
	0000h	FFFF	ĥ	Forced RO values.	1 = 1		
10.24	0000h RO1 s		ĥ	Forced RO values. Selects a drive signal to be connected to relay output RO1.	1 = 1 <i>Ready run</i>		
10.24	R01 s						
10.24	R01 s	source nergized		Selects a drive signal to be connected to relay output RO1.	Ready run		
10.24	RO1 s Not er	source nergized ized		Selects a drive signal to be connected to relay output RO1. Output is not energized.	Ready run 0		
10.24	RO1 s Not er Energ	nergized ized / run		Selects a drive signal to be connected to relay output RO1. Output is not energized. Output is energized.	Ready run 0 1		
10.24	RO1 s Not en Energ Ready	nergized ized / run ed		Selects a drive signal to be connected to relay output RO1.         Output is not energized.         Output is energized.         Bit 1 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).	Ready run 0 1 2		
10.24	RO1 s Not er Energ Ready Enabl	nergized ized y run ed		Selects a drive signal to be connected to relay output RO1.         Output is not energized.         Output is energized.         Bit 1 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).         Bit 0 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).	Ready run           0           1           2           4		
10.24	RO1 s Not er Energ Ready Enabl Starte	nergized ized y run ed d etized		Selects a drive signal to be connected to relay output RO1.Output is not energized.Output is energized.Bit 1 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).Bit 0 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).Bit 5 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).	Ready run           0           1           2           4           5		
10.24	RO1 s Not en Energ Ready Enabl Starte Magne	source nergized ized y run ed d etized ng		Selects a drive signal to be connected to relay output RO1.Output is not energized.Output is energized.Bit 1 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).Bit 0 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).Bit 5 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).Bit 1 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 211).	Ready run           0           1           2           4           5           6		
10.24	RO1 s Not er Energ Ready Enabl Starte Magner	source hergized ized y run ed d etized ng y ref		Selects a drive signal to be connected to relay output RO1.Output is not energized.Output is energized.Bit 1 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).Bit 0 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).Bit 5 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).Bit 1 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 211).Bit 6 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).	Ready run           0           1           2           4           5           6           7		
10.24	RO1 s Not er Energ Ready Enabl Starte Magne Runni Ready	source hergized ized y run ed ed etized ng y ref point		Selects a drive signal to be connected to relay output RO1.Output is not energized.Output is energized.Bit 1 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).Bit 0 of 0.6.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).Bit 5 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).Bit 1 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 211).Bit 6 of 0.6.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).Bit 2 of 0.6.11 Main status word (see page 209).	Ready run           0           1           2           4           5           6           7           8		
10.24	RO1 s Not er Energ Ready Enabl Starte Magn Runni Ready At set	source nergized ized / run ed d etized ng / ref point se		Selects a drive signal to be connected to relay output RO1.Output is not energized.Output is energized.Bit 1 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).Bit 5 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).Bit 5 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).Bit 1 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 211).Bit 6 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).Bit 2 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).Bit 8 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).	Ready run           0           1           2           4           5           6           7           8           9		
10.24	RO1 s Not er Energ Ready Enabl Starte Magno Runni Ready At set Rever	source nergized ized y run ed d etized ng y ref point se speed		Selects a drive signal to be connected to relay output RO1.Output is not energized.Output is energized.Bit 1 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).Bit 0 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).Bit 5 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).Bit 1 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 211).Bit 6 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).Bit 8 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).Bit 8 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).Bit 2 of 06.19 Speed control status word (see page 212).	Ready run           0           1           2           4           5           6           7           8           9           10		
10.24	RO1s Not er Energ Ready Enabl Starte Magn Runni Ready At set Rever Zeros	source nergized ized y run ed ed etized ng y ref point se speed e limit		Selects a drive signal to be connected to relay output RO1.Output is not energized.Output is energized.Bit 1 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).Bit 0 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).Bit 5 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).Bit 1 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 211).Bit 6 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).Bit 2 of 06.17 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).Bit 8 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).Bit 2 of 06.17 Drive status word (see page 209).Bit 8 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).Bit 2 of 06.19 Speed control status word (see page 212).Bit 0 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 211).Bit 10 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 211).	Ready run           0           1           2           4           5           6           7           8           9           10           11		
10.24	RO1s Not er Energ Ready Enabl Starte Magn Runni Ready At set Rever Zeros Above	source nergized ized y run ed ed etized ng y ref point se speed e limit		Selects a drive signal to be connected to relay output RO1.Output is not energized.Output is energized.Bit 1 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).Bit 0 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).Bit 5 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).Bit 1 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 211).Bit 6 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).Bit 2 of 06.11 Main status word 1 (see page 210).Bit 2 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).Bit 2 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).Bit 2 of 06.19 Speed control status word (see page 212).Bit 0 of 06.19 Speed control status word (see page 212).	Ready run           0           1           2           4           5           6           7           8           9           10           11           12		
10.24	RO1 s Not er Energ Ready Enabl Starte Magn Runni Ready At set Rever Zero s Above Warni	source nergized ized y run ed etized ng y ref point se speed e limit ng		Selects a drive signal to be connected to relay output RO1.Output is not energized.Output is energized.Bit 1 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).Bit 0 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).Bit 5 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).Bit 1 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 211).Bit 6 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).Bit 2 of 06.17 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).Bit 2 of 06.19 Drive status word 1 (see page 209).Bit 8 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).Bit 2 of 06.19 Speed control status word (see page 212).Bit 1 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 211).Bit 1 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 212).Bit 1 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 211).Bit 1 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 212).Bit 1 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 211).Bit 1 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 212).Bit 1 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 209).	Ready run           0           1           2           4           5           6           7           8           9           10           11           12           13		

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Overcurrent	Fault 2310 Overcurrent has occurred.	17
	Overvoltage	Fault 3210 DC link overvoltage has occurred.	18
	Drive temp	Fault 2381 IGBT overload or 4110 Control board temperature or 4210 IGBT overtemperature or 4290 Cooling or 42F1 IGBT temperature or 4310 Excess temperature or 4380 Excess temperature difference has occurred.	19
	Undervoltage	Fault 3220 DC link undervoltage has occurred.	20
	Motor temp	Fault 4981 External temperature 1 or 4982 External temperature 2 has occurred.	21
	Brake command	Bit 0 of 44.01 Brake control status (see page 373).	22
	Ext2 active	Bit 11 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).	23
	Remote control	Bit 9 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).	24
	Reserved		2526
	Timed function 1	Bit 0 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	27
	Timed function 2	Bit 1 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	28
	Timed function 3	Bit 2 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	29
	Reserved		3032
	Supervision 1	Bit 0 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	33
	Supervision 2	Bit 1 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	34
	Supervision 3	Bit 2 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	35
	Reserved		3638
	Start delay	Bit 13 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 211).	39
	RO/DIO control word bit0	Bit 0 of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 224).	40
	RO/DIO control word bit1	Bit 1 of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 224).	41
	RO/DIO control word bit2	Bit 2 of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 224).	42
	Reserved		4344
	PFC1	Bit 0 of 76.01 PFC status (see page 403).	45
	PFC2	Bit 1 of 76.01 PFC status (see page 403).	46
	PFC3	Bit 2 of 76.01 PFC status (see page 403).	47
	PFC4	Bit 3 of 76.01 PFC status (see page 403).	48
	PFC5	Bit 3 of 76.01 PFC status (see page 403).	49
	PFC6	Bit 3 of 76.01 PFC status (see page 403).	50
	Event word 1	Event word 1 = 1 if any bit of $04.40$ Event word 1 (see page 204) is 1, that is, if any warning, fault or pure event that has been defined with parameters $04.4104.71$ is on.	53
	User load curve	Bit 3 (Outside load limit) of 37.01 ULC output status word (see page 349).	61
	RO/DIO control word	For 10.24 RO1 source: Bit 0 (RO1) of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 224). For 10.27 RO2 source: Bit 1 (RO2) of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 224). For 10.30 RO3 source: Bit 2 (RO3) of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 224).	62



No.	Name/V	alue	Description	Def/FbEq16
10.31	RO3 ON	l delay	Defines the activation delay for relay output RO3.	0.0 s
		of selected source	ton toff ton toff	1 −−− 0 1 −−− 0 <i>Time</i>
	$t_{\rm Off} = 10.3$	2 RO3 OFF de	elay	
	0.0 30		Activation delay for RO3.	10 = 1 s
10.32	RO3 OF	F delay	Defines the deactivation delay for relay output RO3. See parameter <i>10.31 RO3 ON delay</i> .	0.0 s
	0.0 30	000.0 s	Deactivation delay for RO3.	10 = 1 s
10.99	RO/DIO word	control	Storage parameter for controlling the relay outputs, for example, through the embedded fieldbus interface. To control the relay outputs (RO) of the drive, send a control word with the bit assignments shown below as Modbus I/O data. Set the target selection parameter of that particular data ( <i>58.10158.114</i> ) to <i>RO/DIO control word</i> . In the source selection parameter of the desired output, select the	0000h
			appropriate bit of this word.	
	Bit	Name	appropriate bit of this word. Description	
	<b>Bit</b> 0	RO1	Description Source bits for relay outputs RO1RO3. See parameter	rs 10.24,
	0	RO1 RO2	Description	rs 10.24,
	0 1 2	RO1 RO2 RO3	Description           Source bits for relay outputs RO1RO3. See parameter           10.27 and 10.30.	
	0 1 2 3	RO1 RO2 RO3 RO4	Description           Source bits for relay outputs RO1RO3. See parameter           10.27 and 10.30.           Source bits for relay outputs RO4RO5 with a CHDI-01	·
	0 1 2 3 4	RO1 RO2 RO3 RO4 RO5	Description           Source bits for relay outputs RO1RO3. See parameter           10.27 and 10.30.	·
	0 1 2 3 4 57	RO1 RO2 RO3 RO4 RO5 Reserved	Description           Source bits for relay outputs RO1RO3. See parameter           10.27 and 10.30.           Source bits for relay outputs RO4RO5 with a CHDI-01           extension module. See parameters 15.07 and 15.10.	or CMOD-01
	0 1 2 3 4	RO1 RO2 RO3 RO4 RO5	Description           Source bits for relay outputs RO1RO3. See parameter           10.27 and 10.30.           Source bits for relay outputs RO4RO5 with a CHDI-01	or CMOD-01
	0 1 2 3 4 57	RO1 RO2 RO3 RO4 RO5 Reserved	Description         Source bits for relay outputs R01R03. See parameter         10.27 and 10.30.         Source bits for relay outputs R04R05 with a CHDI-01         extension module. See parameters 15.07 and 15.10.         Source bit for digital output D01 with a CMOD-01 extension	or CMOD-01
	0 1 2 3 4 57 8	RO1 RO2 RO3 RO4 RO5 Reserved DIO1	Description         Source bits for relay outputs R01R03. See parameter         10.27 and 10.30.         Source bits for relay outputs R04R05 with a CHDI-01         extension module. See parameters 15.07 and 15.10.         Source bit for digital output D01 with a CMOD-01 extension	or CMOD-01
	0 1 2 3 4 57 8	RO1 RO2 RO3 RO4 RO5 Reserved DIO1 Reserved	Description         Source bits for relay outputs R01R03. See parameter         10.27 and 10.30.         Source bits for relay outputs R04R05 with a CHDI-01         extension module. See parameters 15.07 and 15.10.         Source bit for digital output D01 with a CMOD-01 extension	or CMOD-01
10.101	0 1 2 3 4 57 8 915	RO1 RO2 RO3 RO4 RO5 Reserved DIO1 Reserved	Description         Source bits for relay outputs RO1RO3. See parameter         10.27 and 10.30.         Source bits for relay outputs RO4RO5 with a CHDI-01         extension module. See parameters 15.07 and 15.10.         Source bit for digital output DO1 with a CMOD-01 extension         See parameter 15.23.	or CMOD-01
10.101	0 1 2 3 4 57 8 915	RO1 RO2 RO3 RO4 RO5 Reserved DIO1 Reserved FFFFh gle counter	Description         Source bits for relay outputs R01R03. See parameter         10.27 and 10.30.         Source bits for relay outputs R04R05 with a CHDI-01         extension module. See parameters 15.07 and 15.10.         Source bit for digital output D01 with a CMOD-01 extens         See parameter 15.23.         RO/DIO control word.         Displays the number of times relay output R01 has changed states. Can be reset from the control panel by keeping Reset	or CMOD-01
	0 1 2 3 4 57 8 915 0000h RO1 tog 04294	RO1 RO2 RO3 RO4 RO5 Reserved DIO1 Reserved FFFFh gle counter	Description           Source bits for relay outputs R01R03. See parameter           10.27 and 10.30.           Source bits for relay outputs R04R05 with a CHDI-01           extension module. See parameters 15.07 and 15.10.           Source bit for digital output D01 with a CMOD-01 extens           See parameter 15.23.           RO/DIO control word.           Displays the number of times relay output R01 has changed states. Can be reset from the control panel by keeping Reset down for over 3 seconds.	or CMOD-01 sion module. 1 = 1 -
	0 1 2 3 4 57 8 915 0000h RO1 tog 04294	RO1 RO2 RO3 RO4 RO5 Reserved DIO1 Reserved FFFFh gle counter 967000 gle counter	Description         Source bits for relay outputs R01R03. See parameter         10.27 and 10.30.         Source bits for relay outputs R04R05 with a CHDI-01         extension module. See parameters 15.07 and 15.10.         Source bit for digital output D01 with a CMOD-01 extens         See parameter 15.23.         RO/DIO control word.         Displays the number of times relay output R01 has changed states. Can be reset from the control panel by keeping Reset down for over 3 seconds.         State change count.         Displays the number of times relay output R02 has changed states. Can be reset from the control panel by keeping Reset	or CMOD-01 sion module. 1 = 1 -
	0 1 2 3 4 57 8 915 0000h RO1 tog 04294 RO2 tog 04294	RO1 RO2 RO3 RO4 RO5 Reserved DIO1 Reserved FFFFh gle counter 967000 gle counter	Description           Source bits for relay outputs RO1RO3. See parameter           10.27 and 10.30.           Source bits for relay outputs RO4RO5 with a CHDI-01           extension module. See parameters 15.07 and 15.10.           Source bit for digital output DO1 with a CMOD-01 extens           See parameter 15.23.           RO/DIO control word.           Displays the number of times relay output RO1 has changed states. Can be reset from the control panel by keeping Reset down for over 3 seconds.           State change count.           Displays the number of times relay output RO2 has changed states. Can be reset from the control panel by keeping Reset down for over 3 seconds.	or CMOD-01 sion module. 1 = 1 - 1 = 1 -

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
11 Sta	ndard DIO, FI, FO	Configuration of the frequency input.	
11.21	DI5 configuration	Selects how digital input 5 is used.	Digital input
	Digital input	DI5 is used as a digital input.	0
	Frequency input	DI5 is used as a frequency input.	1
11.38	Freq in 1 actual value	Displays the value of frequency input 1 (via DI5 when it is used as a frequency input) before scaling. See parameter <i>11.42 Freq in 1 min.</i> This parameter is read-only.	-
	0 16000 Hz	Unscaled value of frequency input 1.	1 = 1 Hz
11.39	Freq in 1 scaled value	Displays the value of frequency input 1 (via DI5 when it is used as a frequency input) after scaling. See parameter 11.42 <i>Freq in 1 min.</i> This parameter is read-only.	-
	-32768.000 32767.000	Scaled value of frequency input 1 (DI5).	1 = 1
11.42	Freq in 1 min	Defines the minimum for the frequency actually arriving at frequency input 1 (DI5 when it is used as a frequency input). The incoming frequency signal ( <i>11.38 Freq in 1 actual value</i> ) is scaled into an internal signal ( <i>11.39 Freq in 1 scaled value</i> ) by parameters <i>11.4211.45</i> as follows:	0 Hz
	0 16000 Hz	Minimum frequency of frequency input 1 (DI5).	1 = 1 Hz
11.43	Freq in 1 max	Defines the maximum for the frequency actually arriving at frequency input 1 (DI5 when it is used as a frequency input). See parameter <i>11.42 Freq in 1 min.</i> v	16000 Hz
	0 16000 Hz	Maximum frequency for frequency input 1 (DI5).	1 = 1 Hz
11.44	Freq in 1 at scaled min	Defines the value that is required to correspond internally to the minimum input frequency defined by parameter <i>11.42 Freq in 1 min.</i> See diagram at parameter <i>11.42 Freq in 1 min.</i>	0.000
	-32768.000 32767.000	Value corresponding to minimum of frequency input 1.	1 = 1

No.	Name/V	alue	Description	Def/FbEq16	
11.45	max		d Defines the value that is required to correspond internally to the maximum input frequency defined by parameter 11.43 Freq in 1 max. See diagram at parameter 11.42 Freq in 1 min.	1500.000; 1800.000 (95.20 b0)	
	-32768.0 32767.0		Value corresponding to maximum of frequency input 1.	1 = 1	
12 Standard Al			Configuration of standard analog inputs.		
12.02			The true readings of the analog inputs can be overridden, for example, for testing purposes. A forced value parameter is provided for each analog input, and its value is applied whenever the corresponding bit in this parameter is 1. <b>Note:</b> Al filter times (parameters <i>12.16 Al1 filter time</i> and <i>12.26 Al2 filter time</i> ) have no effect on forced Al values (parameters <i>12.13 Al1 forced value</i> and <i>12.23 Al2 forced value</i> ). <b>Note:</b> Boot and power cycle reset the force selections (parameters <i>12.02</i> and <i>12.03</i> ).	0000h	
	Bit	Name	Value		
	0	Al1	1 = Force Al1 to value of parameter 12.13 Al1 forced value.		
	1	Al2	1 = Force Al2 to value of parameter 12.23 Al2 forced value.		
	215	Reserve			
	0000h	.FFFFh	Forced values selector for analog inputs Al1 and Al2.	1 = 1	
12.03			Selects how the drive reacts when an analog input signal moves out of the minimum and/or maximum limits specified for the input. The supervision applies a margin of 0.5 V or 1.0 mA to the limits. For example, if the maximum limit for the input is 7.000 V, the maximum limit supervision activates at 7.500 V. The inputs and the limits to be observed are selected by parameter 12.04 Al supervision selection.	No action	
	No actio	n	No action taken.	0	
	Fault		Drive trips on 80A0 AI supervision.	1	
	Warning	1	Drive generates an A8A0 AI supervision warning.	2	
	Last spe	eed	Drive generates a warning (A8A0 AI supervision) and freezes the speed (or frequency) to the level the drive was operating at. The speed/frequency is determined on the basis of actual speed using 850 ms low-pass filtering.         Marking! Make sure that it is safe to continue operation in case of a communication break.	3	
	Speed r	ef safe	Drive generates a warning (A8A0 AI supervision) and sets the speed to the speed defined by parameter 22.41 Speed ref safe (or 28.41 Frequency ref safe when frequency reference is being used).         Marching! Make sure that it is safe to continue operation in case of a communication break.	4	

No.	Name/Value		Desc	ription	Def/FbEq16
12.04	AI super selectior			ifies the analog input limits to be supervised. See neter 12.03 AI supervision function.	0000h
	Bit	Name		Description	
	0	AI1 < MIN		1 = Minimum limit supervision of Al1 active.	
	1	AI1 > MAX		1 = Maximum limit supervision of AI1 active.	
	2	AI2 < MIN		1 = Minimum limit supervision of Al2 active.	
	3	AI2 > MAX		<ol> <li>Maximum limit supervision of Al2 active.</li> </ol>	
	415	Reserved			
	0000h	FFFFh	Activa	ation of analog input supervision.	1 = 1
12.11	AI1 actu	al value	on wł parar	ays the value of analog input AI1 in mA or V (depending nether the input is set to current or voltage with neter <i>12.15 AI1 unit selection</i> ). parameter is read-only.	-
		22.000 mA …11.000 V	Value	e of analog input AI1.	1000 = 1 unit
12.12	AI1 scale	ed value	parar at Al1	ays the value of analog input AI1 after scaling. See neters 12.19 AI1 scaled at AI1 min and 12.20 AI1 scaled 1 max. parameter is read-only.	-
	-32768.0 32767.0		Scale	d value of analog input Al1.	1 = 1
12.13	AI1 force	ed value		ed value that can be used instead of the true reading of put. See parameter <i>12.02 AI force selection</i> .	-
		22.000 mA 11.000 V	Force	ed value of analog input AI1.	1000 = 1 unit
12.15	AI1 unit	selection	Select input	ts the unit for readings and settings related to analog AI1.	V
	V		Volts.		2
	mA		Millia	mperes.	10

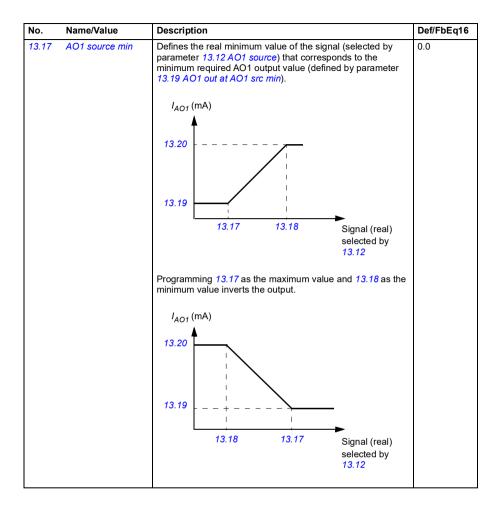
No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
12.16	Al1 filter time	Defines the filter time constant for analog input Al1.	0.100 s
	0.00030.000 s	Filter time constant.	1000 = 1 s
12.17	Al1 min	Defines the minimum site value for analog input Al1. Set the value actually sent to the drive when the analog signal from plant is wound to its minimum setting. See also parameter <i>12.19 Al1 scaled at Al1 min</i> .	4.000 mA or 0.000 V
	0.00022.000 mA or 0.00011.000 V	Minimum value of Al1.	1000 = 1 unit
12.18	Al1 max	Defines the maximum site value for analog input Al1. Set the value actually sent to the drive when the analog signal from plant is wound to its maximum setting. See also parameter <i>12.19 Al1 scaled at Al1 min</i> .	20.000 mAor 10.000 V
	0.00022.000 mA or 0.00011.000 V	Maximum value of AI1.	1000 = 1 unit

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
12.19	Al1 scaled at Al1 min	Defines the real internal value that corresponds to the minimum analog input Al1 value defined by parameter 12.17 Al1 min. (Changing the polarity settings of 12.19 and 12.20 can effectively invert the analog input.) Al <sub>scaled</sub> (12.12) 12.20	0.000
	-32768.000 32767.000	Real value corresponding to minimum Al1 value.	1 = 1
12.20	Al1 scaled at Al1 max	Defines the real internal value that corresponds to the maximum analog input Al1 value defined by parameter <i>12.18 Al1 max</i> . See the drawing at parameter <i>12.19 Al1 scaled at Al1 min</i> .	50.000; 60.000 (95.20 b0)
	-32768.000 32767.000	Real value corresponding to maximum Al1 value.	1 = 1
12.21	AI2 actual value	Displays the value of analog input Al2 in mA or V (depending on whether the input is set to current or voltage with parameter <i>12.25 Al2 unit selection</i> ). This parameter is read-only.	-
	0.00022.000 mA or 0.00011.000 V	Value of analog input Al2.	1000 = 1 unit
12.22	AI2 scaled value	Displays the value of analog input Al2 after scaling. See parameters 12.29 Al2 scaled at Al2 min and 12.101 Al1 percent value. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-32768.000 32767.000	Scaled value of analog input Al2.	1 = 1
12.23	AI2 forced value	Forced value that can be used instead of the true reading of the input. See parameter <i>12.02 AI force selection</i> .	-
	0.00022.000 mA or 0.00011.000 V	Forced value of analog input AI2.	1000 = 1 unit
12.25	AI2 unit selection	Selects the unit for readings and settings related to analog input AI2.	mA
	V	Volts.	2
	mA	Milliamperes.	10
12.26	AI2 filter time	Defines the filter time constant for analog input Al2. See parameter 12.16 Al1 filter time.	0.100 s
	0.00030.000 s	Filter time constant.	1000 = 1 s

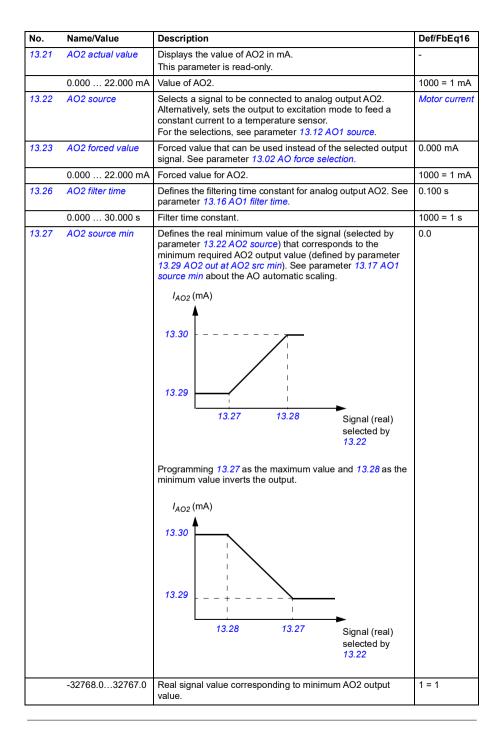
No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16	
12.27	AI2 min	Defines the minimum site value for analog input Al2. Set the value actually sent to the drive when the analog signal from plant is wound to its minimum setting.	4.000 mA or 0.000 V	
	0.00022.000 mA or 0.00011.000 V	Minimum value of Al2.	1000 = 1 unit	
12.28	Al2 max	Defines the maximum site value for analog input Al2. Set the value actually sent to the drive when the analog signal from plant is wound to its maximum setting.	20.000 mAor 10.000 V	
	0.00022.000 mA or 0.00011.000 V	Maximum value of Al2.	1000 = 1 unit	
12.29	Al2 scaled at Al2 min	Defines the real value that corresponds to the minimum analog input Al2 value defined by parameter 12.27 Al2 min. (Changing the polarity settings of 12.29 and 12.101 can effectively invert the analog input.) Al <sub>scaled</sub> (12.22) 12.101	0.000	
	-32768.000 32767.000	Real value corresponding to minimum Al2 value.	1 = 1	
12.30	Al2 scaled at Al2 max	Defines the real value that corresponds to the minimum analog input Al2 value defined by parameter 12.28 Al2 max. See the drawing at parameter of 12.29 Al2 scaled at Al2 min.	50.000	
	-32768.000 32767.000	Real value corresponding to maximum AI2 value.	1 = 1	
12.101	AI1 percent value	Value of analog input Al1 in percent of Al1 scaling ( <i>12.18 Al1 max - 12.17 Al1 min</i> ).	-	
	0.00100.00%	Al1 value	100 = 1%	
12.102	AI2 percent value	Value of analog input Al2 in percent of Al2 scaling ( <i>12.28 Al2 max - 12.27 Al2 min</i> ).	-	
	0.00100.00%	Al2 value	100 = 1%	

No.	Name/	Value		Description	Def/FbEq16
13 Sta	ndard /	40		Configuration of standard analog outputs.	
13.02	AO force selection		ion	The source signals of the analog outputs can be overridden, for example, for testing purposes. A forced value parameter is provided for each analog output, and its value is applied whenever the corresponding bit in this parameter is 1. <b>Note:</b> Boot and power cycle reset the force selections (parameters <i>13.02</i> and <i>13.11</i> ).	0000h
	Bit	Name	Valu	le	
	0	AO1	1 = F	Force AO1 to value of parameter 13.13 AO1 forced value. (0 = I	Normal mode)
	1	AO2		Force AO2 to value of parameter 13.23 AO2 forced value. (0 = 1	Normal mode)
	215	Reserve	d		
	0000h.	FFFFh		Forced values selector for analog outputs AO1 and AO2.	1 = 1
13.11	AO1 ad	ctual valu	e	Displays the value of AO1 in mA or V (depending on whether the input is set to current or voltage with parameter 13.15 AO1 unit selection). This parameter is read-only.	-
		.22.000		Value of AO1.	1 = 1 mA
13.12	AO1 so	ource		Selects a signal to be connected to analog output AO1. Alternatively, sets the output to excitation mode to feed a constant current to a temperature sensor.	Output frequency
	Zero			None.	0
	Motor s	speed us	ed	01.01 Motor speed used (page 199).	1
	Reserv	red			2
	Output	frequence	зy	01.06 Output frequency (page 199).	3
	Motor of	current		01.07 Motor current (page 199).	4
		current %	of	01.08 Motor current % of motor nom (page 199).	5
	Motor t	orque		01.10 Motor torque (page 199).	6
	DC vol	tage		01.11 DC voltage (page 199).	7
	Output	power		01.14 Output power (page 200).	8
	Reserv	red			9
	Speed	ref ramp	in	23.01 Speed ref ramp input (page 276).	10
	Speed	ref ramp	out	23.02 Speed ref ramp output (page 276).	11
	Speed	ref used		24.01 Used speed reference (page 280).	12
	Reserv	red			13
	Freq re	ef used		28.02 Frequency ref ramp output (page 291).	14
	Reserv	red			15
	Proces	s PID ou	t	40.01 Process PID output actual (page 353).	16
	Reserv	red			1719
	Temp s excitati	ensor 1 on		The output is used to feed an excitation current to the temperature sensor 1, see parameter <i>35.11 Temperature 1 source</i> . See also section <i>Motor thermal protection</i> (page 177).	20

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Temp sensor 2 excitation	The output is used to feed an excitation current to the temperature sensor 2, see parameter 35.21 Temperature 2 source. See also section <i>Motor thermal protection</i> (page 177).	21
	Reserved		2125
	Abs motor speed used	01.61 Abs motor speed used (page 201).	26
	Abs motor speed %	01.62 Abs motor speed % (page 202).	27
	Abs output frequency	01.63 Abs output frequency (page 202).	28
	Reserved		29
	Abs motor torque	01.64 Abs motor torque (page 202).	30
	Abs output power	01.65 Abs output power (page 202).	31
	Abs motor shaft power	01.68 Abs motor shaft power (page 202).	32
	External PID1 out	71.01 External PID act value ((page 400).	33
	Reserved		3436
	AO1 data storage	13.91 AO1 data storage (page 236).	37
	AO2 data storage	13.92 AO2 data storage (page 236).	38
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
13.13	AO1 forced value	Forced value that can be used instead of the selected output signal. See parameter <i>13.02 AO force selection</i> .	0.000 mA
	0.00022.000 mA / 0.00011.000 V	Forced value for AO1.	1 = 1 unit
13.15	AO1 unit selection	Selects the unit for readings and settings related to analog input AO1.	mA
	V	Volts.	2
	mA	Milliamperes.	10
13.16	AO1 filter time	Defines the filtering time constant for analog output AO1.	0.100 s
	0.000 30.000 s	Filter time constant.	1000 = 1 s



lo.	Nam	e/Value	Description			Def/FbEq16
				me the source for the AO is cha ninimum and maximum values o		
		13.12 AO1 so 13.22 AO2 so		13.17 AO1 source min, 13.27 AO2 source min	13.18 AO1 source 13.28 AO2 source	,
	0	Zero		N/A (Output is constant zero.)	)	
	1	Motor speed u	ised	0	46.01 Speed sca	aling
	3	Output freque	ncy	0	46.02 Frequency	y scaling
	4	Motor current		0	Max. value of 30 current	0.17 Maximum
	5	Motor current nominal	% of motor	0%	100%	
	6	Motor torque		0	46.03 Torque sc	aling
	7	DC voltage		Min. value of 01.11 DC voltage	Max. value of 01 voltage	.11 DC
	8	Output power		0	46.04 Power sca	aling
	10	Speed ref ram	p in	0	46.01 Speed sca	aling
	11	Speed ref ram	p out	0	46.01 Speed sca	aling
	12	Speed ref use	d	0	46.01 Speed sca	aling
	14	Freq ref used		0	46.02 Frequency	y scaling
	16	Process PID o	out	Min. value of 40.01 Process PID output actual	Max. value of 40 PID output actua	
	20	Temp sensor	1 excitation	N/A (Analog output is not sca	led; it is determine	ed by the
	21	Temp sensor	2 excitation	sensor's triggering voltage.)		
	26	Abs motor spe	ed used	0	46.01 Speed sca	aling
	27	Abs motor spe	ed %	0	46.01 Speed sca	aling
	28	Abs output fre	quency	0	46.02 Frequency	y scaling
	30	Abs motor tor	que	0	46.03 Torque sc	aling
	31	Abs output po	wer	0	46.04 Power sca	aling
	32	Abs motor sha	haft power	Min. value of 71.01 External M	46.04 Power scaling Max. value of 71.01 External PID act value	
	33	External PID1	out			
		Other		Min. value of the selected parameter	Max. value of the parameter	e selected
						T
	-327	68.032767.0	Real signal v value.	value corresponding to minimum	n AO1 output	1 = 1
3.18	A01	source max	parameter <b>1</b> maximum re	real maximum value of the signal (selected by (3.12 AO1 source) that corresponds to the equired AO1 output value (defined by parameter out at AO1 src max). See parameter 13.17 AO1		50.0; 60.0 (95.20 b0)
	-327	68.032767.0	Real signal v value.	value corresponding to maximur	m AO1 output	1 = 1
3.19	AO1 min	out at AO1 src	- · ·	minimum output value for analog wing at parameter 13.17 AO1 s	· · ·	0.000 mA
		022.000 mA / 011.000 V	Minimum AC	01 output value.		1000 = 1 un
3.20	AO1 max	out at AO1 src		maximum output value for analo wing at parameter 13.17 AO1 s	• •	20.000 mA
		022.000 mA / 011.000 V	Maximum AC	D1 output value.		1000 = 1 un



No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
13.28	AO2 source max	Defines the real maximum value of the signal (selected by parameter 13.22 AO2 source) that corresponds to the maximum required AO2 output value (defined by parameter 13.30 AO2 out at AO2 src max). See parameter 13.27 AO2 source min. See parameter 13.17 AO1 source min about the AO automatic scaling.	2.2
	-32768.032767.0	Real signal value corresponding to maximum AO2 output value.	1 = 1
13.29	AO2 out at AO2 src min	Defines the minimum output value for analog output AO2. See also drawing at parameter <i>13.27 AO2 source min</i> .	4.000 mA
	0.000 22.000 mA	Minimum AO2 output value.	1000 = 1 mA
13.30	AO2 out at AO2 src max	Defines the maximum output value for analog output AO2. See also drawing at parameter <i>13.27 AO2 source min</i> .	20.000 mA
	0.000 22.000 mA	Maximum AO2 output value.	1000 = 1 mA
13.91	AO1 data storage	Storage parameter for controlling analog output AO1, for example, through the embedded fieldbus interface. In parameter 13.12 AO1 source, select AO1 data storage. Then set this parameter as the target of the incoming value data. With the embedded fieldbus interface, simply set the target selection parameter of that particular data (58.10158.114) to AO1 data storage.	0.00
	-327.68327.67	Storage parameter for AO1.	100 = 1
13.92	AO2 data storage	Storage parameter for controlling analog output AO2, for example, through the embedded fieldbus interface. In parameter 13.22 AO2 source, select AO2 data storage. Then set this parameter as the target of the incoming value data. With the embedded fieldbus interface, simply set the target selection parameter of that particular data (58.10158.114) to AO2 data storage.	0.00
	-327.68327.67	Storage parameter for AO2.	100 = 1
15 I/O e	xtension module	Configuration of the I/O extension module installed in slot 2. See also section <i>Programmable I/O extensions</i> (page 122). <b>Note:</b> The contents of the parameter group vary according to the selected I/O extension module type.	
15.01	Extension module type	Activates (and specifies the type of) I/O extension module. If the value is <i>None</i> , when an extension module has been installed and the drive is powered, the drive automatically sets the value to the type it has detected (= value of parameter 15.02 Detected extension module); otherwise warning <i>ATAB Extension I/O configuration failure</i> is generated and you have to set the value of this parameter manually.	None
	None	Inactive.	0
	CMOD-01	CMOD-01 multifunction extension module (external 24 V AC/DC and digital I/O).	1
	CMOD-02	CMOD-02 multifunction extension module (external 24 V AC/DC and isolated PTC interface).	2
	CHDI-01	CHDI-01 115/230 V digital input extension module.	3
	CPTC-02	CPTC-02 extension module (external 24 V and ATEX certified PTC interface).	4

No.	Name/\	/alue	Description	l	Def/FbEq16
15.02	Detecte module	d extension	I/O extensio	n module detected on the drive.	None
	None		Inactive.		0
	CMOD-	01		nultifunction extension module (external ; and digital I/O).	1
	CMOD-	02		nultifunction extension module (external and isolated PTC interface).	2
	CHDI-0	1	CHDI-01 11	5/230 V digital input extension module.	3
	CPTC-0	)2	CPTC-02 ex certified PTC	ttension module (external 24 V and ATEX C interface).	4
15.03	DI statu	IS	extension m Bit 0 indicate Example: 0	status of the digital inputs DI7…DI12 on the odule es the status of DI7. 01001b = DI7 and DI10 are on, the rest are off. eter is read-only.	-
	Bit	Name		Description	
	0	DI7		1 = Digital input 7 is ON.	
	1	DI8		1 = Digital input 8 is ON.	
	2	DI9		1 = Digital input 9 is ON.	
	2	DI10		1 = Digital input 10 is ON.	
	4	DI11		1 = Digital input 11 is ON.	
	5	DI12		1 = Digital input 12 is ON.	
	615	Reserved			
	0000h	.FFFFh	Status of did	ital input/outputs.	1 = 1
15.04	RO/DO	status	Displays the	status of the relay outputs RO4 and RO5 and	-
			digital outpu Bits 01 ind the status of <b>Example:</b> 1	t DO1 on the extension module. dicates the status of RO4RO5; bit 5 indicates	
	Bit	Name		Description	
	0	RO4		1 = Relay output 4 is ON.	
	1	RO5		1 = Relay output 5 is ON	
	24	Reserved			
	5	DO1		1 = Digital output 1 is ON.	_
	615	Reserved			
	0000h.	.FFFFh	Status of rel	ay/digital outputs.	1 = 1

No.	Name/\	/alue	Description	Def/FbEq16	
15.05	RO/DO selectio		The electrical statuses of the relay/digital outputs can be overridden, for example, for testing purposes. A bit in parameter 15.06 RO/DO forced data is provided for each relay or digital output, and its value is applied whenever the corresponding bit in this parameter is 1. <b>Note:</b> Boot and power cycle reset the force selections (parameters 15.05 and 15.06).	0000h	
	Bit	Name	Value		
	0	RO4	1 = Force RO4 to value of bit 0 of parameter 15.06 RO/DO force	d data.	
	1	RO5	1 = Force RO5 to value of bit 1 of parameter 15.06 RO/DO force	d data.	
	24	Reserve			
	5	DO1	1 = Force DO1 to value of bit 5 of parameter 15.06 RO/DO force	d data.	
	615	Reserve			
	0000h	.FFFFh	Override selection for relay/digital outputs.	1 = 1	
15.06	RO/DO forced data		<ul> <li>Allows the data value of a forced relay or digital output to be changed from 0 to 1. It is only possible to force an output that has been selected in parameter 15.05 RO/DO force selection. Bits 01 are the forced values for RO4RO5; bit 5 is the forced value for DO1.</li> </ul>	0000h	
	Bit	Name	Description		
	0	RO4	Force the value of this bit to RO4, if so defined in parameter force selection.	15.05 RO/DO	
	1	RO5	Force the value of this bit to RO5, if so defined in parameter 15.05 RO/DO force selection.		
	24	Reserve			
	5	DO1	Force the value of this bit to DO1 if so defined in parameter 15.05 RO/DO force selection.		
	615 Reserved				
	0000h	.FFFFh	Forced values of relay/digital outputs.	1 = 1	
5.07	RO4 so	urce	Selects a drive signal to be connected to relay output RO4.	Not energized	
	Not ene	ergized	Output is not energized.	0	
	Energiz	ed	Output is energized.	1	
	Ready	run	Bit 1 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).	2	
	Reserve	ed		3	
	Enable	b	Bit 0 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).	4	
	Started		Bit 5 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).	5	
	Magnet	ized	Bit 1 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 211).	6	
	Running		Bit 6 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).	7	
	Ready	ref	Bit 2 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).	8	
	,		Bit 8 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).	9	
	At setpo	oint			
	At setpo Reverso		Bit 2 of 06.19 Speed control status word (see page 209). Bit 2 of 06.19 Speed control status word (see page 212).	10	

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Above limit	Bit 10 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 211).	12
	Warning	Bit 7 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).	13
	Fault	Bit 3 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).	14
	Fault (-1)	Inverted bit 3 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).	15
	Fault/Warning	Bit 3 of 06.11 Main status word OR bit 7 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).	16
	Overcurrent	Fault 2310 Overcurrent has occurred.	17
	Overvoltage	Fault 3210 DC link overvoltage has occurred.	18
	Drive temp	Fault 2381 IGBT overload or 4110 Control board temperature or 4210 IGBT overtemperature or 4290 Cooling or 42F1 IGBT temperature or 4310 Excess temperature or 4380 Excess temperature difference has occurred.	19
	Undervoltage	Fault 3220 DC link undervoltage has occurred.	20
	Motor temp	Fault 4981 External temperature 1 or 4982 External temperature 2 has occurred.	21
	Brake command	Bit 0 of 44.01 Brake control status (see page 373).	22
	Ext2 active	Bit 11 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).	23
	Remote control	Bit 9 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).	24
	Reserved		2526
	Timed function 1	Bit 0 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	27
	Timed function 2	Bit 1 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	28
	Timed function 3	Bit 2 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	29
	Reserved		3032
	Supervision 1	Bit 0 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	33
	Supervision 2	Bit 1 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	34
	Supervision 3	Bit 2 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	35
	Reserved		3638
	Start delay	Bit 13 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 211).	39
	RO/DIO control word bit0	Bit 0 of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 224).	40
	RO/DIO control word bit1	Bit 1 of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 224).	41
	RO/DIO control word bit2	Bit 2 of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 224).	42
	Reserved		4344
	PFC1	Bit 0 of 76.01 PFC status (see page 403).	45
	PFC2	Bit 1 of 76.01 PFC status (see page 403).	46
	PFC3	Bit 2 of 76.01 PFC status (see page 403).	47
	PFC4	Bit 3 of 76.01 PFC status (see page 403).	48
	PFC5	Bit 4 of 76.01 PFC status (see page 403).	49
	PFC6	Bit 5 of 76.01 PFC status (see page 403).	50
	Reserved		5152

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Event word 1	Event word $1 = 1$ if any bit of 04.40 Event word 1 (see page 204) is 1, that is, if any warning, fault or pure event that has been defined with parameters $04.4104.71$ is on.	53
	User load curve	Bit 3 (Outside load limit) of <i>37.01 ULC output status word</i> (see page <i>349</i> ).	61
	RO/DIO control word	<u>For 15.07 RO4 source:</u> Bit 3 (RO4) of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 224). <u>For 15.10 RO5 source:</u> Bit 4 (RO5) of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 224).	62
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
15.08	RO4 ON delay	Defines the activation delay for relay output RO4.	0.0 s
	Status of selected source		1 0 1
	RO status 	ton toff ton toff	0 ► Time
	t <sub>On</sub> = 15.08 RO4 ON del t <sub>Off</sub> = 15.09 RO4 OFF de	lay	
	0.0 3000.0 s	Activation delay for RO4.	10 = 1 s
15.09	RO4 OFF delay	Defines the deactivation delay for relay output RO4. See parameter <i>15.08 RO4 ON delay</i> .	0.0 s
	0.0 3000.0 s	Deactivation delay for RO4.	10 = 1 s
15.10	RO5 source	Selects a drive signal to be connected to relay output RO5. For the available selections, see parameter <i>15.07 RO4</i> <i>source</i> .	Not energized
15.11	RO5 ON delay	Defines the activation delay for relay output RO5.	0.0 s
	Status of selected source		1 0
	RO status		1 0
	_		─► Time
	t <sub>On</sub> = 15.11 RO5 ON del t <sub>Off</sub> = 15.12 RO5 OFF de	t <sub>On</sub> t <sub>Off</sub> t <sub>On</sub> t <sub>Off</sub> ay s/ay	
	0.0 3000.0 s	Activation delay for RO5.	10 = 1 s
15.12	RO5 OFF delay	Defines the deactivation delay for relay output RO5. See parameter <i>15.11 RO5 ON delay</i> .	0.0 s
	0.0 3000.0 s	Deactivation delay for RO5.	10 = 1 s
15.22	DO1 configuration	Selects how DO1 is used.	Digital output
	Digital output	DO1 is used as a digital output.	0

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Frequency output	DO1 is used as a frequency output.	2
15.23	DO1 source	Selects a drive signal to be connected to digital output DO1 when 15.22 DO1 configuration is set to Digital output.	Not energized
	Not energized	Output is not energized.	0
	Energized	Output is energized.	1
	Ready run	Bit 1 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).	2
	Reserved		3
	Enabled	Bit 0 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).	4
	Started	Bit 5 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).	5
	Magnetized	Bit 1 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 211).	6
	Running	Bit 6 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).	7
	Ready ref	Bit 2 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).	8
	At setpoint	Bit 8 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).	9
	Reverse	Bit 2 of 06.19 Speed control status word (see page 212).	10
	Zero speed	Bit 0 of 06.19 Speed control status word (see page 212).	11
	Above limit	Bit 10 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 211).	12
	Warning	Bit 7 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).	13
	Fault	Bit 3 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).	14
	Fault (-1)	Inverted bit 3 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).	15
	Fault/Warning	Bit 3 of 06.11 Main status word OR bit 7 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).	16
	Overcurrent	Fault 2310 Overcurrent has occurred.	17
	Overvoltage	Fault 3210 DC link overvoltage has occurred.	18
	Drive temp	Fault 2381 IGBT overload or 4110 Control board temperature or 4210 IGBT overtemperature or 4290 Cooling or 42F1 IGBT temperature or 4310 Excess temperature or 4380 Excess temperature difference has occurred.	19
	Undervoltage	Fault 3220 DC link undervoltage has occurred.	20
	Motor temp	Fault 4981 External temperature 1 or 4982 External temperature 2 has occurred.	21
	Brake command	Bit 0 of 44.01 Brake control status (see page 373).	22
	Ext2 active	Bit 11 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 210).	23
	Remote control	Bit 9 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 209).	24
	Reserved		2526
	Timed function 1	Bit 0 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	27
	Timed function 2	Bit 1 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	28
	Timed function 3	Bit 2 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	29
	Reserved		3032
	Supervision 1	Bit 0 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	33
	Supervision 2	Bit 1 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	34
	Supervision 3	Bit 2 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	35
	Reserved		3638
	Start delay	Bit 13 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 211).	39

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	RO/DIO control word bit0	Bit 0 of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 224).	40
	RO/DIO control word bit1	Bit 1 of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 224).	41
	RO/DIO control word bit2	Bit 2 of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 224).	42
	Reserved	Hint: To access bits 3, 4, and 8 of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 224), use selection 53 (Other [bit]).	4344
	PFC1	Bit 0 of 76.01 PFC status (see page 403).	45
	PFC2	Bit 1 of 76.01 PFC status (see page 403).	46
	PFC3	Bit 2 of 76.01 PFC status (see page 403).	47
	PFC4	Bit 3 of 76.01 PFC status (see page 403).	48
	PFC5	Bit 4 of 76.01 PFC status (see page 403).	49
	PFC6	Bit 5 of 76.01 PFC status (see page 403).	50
	Reserved		5152
	Event word 1	Event word $1 = 1$ if any bit of 04.40 Event word 1 (see page 204) is 1, that is, if any warning, fault or pure event that has been defined with parameters $04.4104.71$ is on.	53
	User load curve	Bit 3 (Outside load limit) of 37.01 ULC output status word (see page 349).	61
	RO/DIO control word	For 15.23 DO1 source: Bit 8 (DIO1) of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 224).	62
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
15.24	DO1 ON delay	Defines the activation delay for digital output DO1 when 15.22 DO1 configuration is set to Digital output.	0.0 s
	Status of selected source		1 0
	DO status 		1 ─── 0 ─► <i>Time</i>
	t <sub>On</sub> = 15.24 DO1 ON del t <sub>Off</sub> = 15.25 DO1 OFF de		
	0.0 3000.0 s	Activation delay for DO1.	10 = 1 s
15.25	DO1 OFF delay	Defines the deactivation delay for relay output DO1 when 15.22 DO1 configuration is set to Digital output. See parameter 15.24 DO1 ON delay.	0.0 s
	0.0 3000.0 s	Deactivation delay for DO1.	10 = 1 s
15.32	Freq out 1 actual value	Displays the value of frequency output 1 at digital output DO1 when 15.22 DO1 configuration is set to Frequency output. This parameter is read-only.	-
	0 16000 Hz	Value of frequency output 1.	1 = 1 Hz

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
15.33	Freq out 1 source	Selects a signal to be connected to digital output DO1 when 15.22 DO1 configuration is set to Frequency output. Alternatively, sets the output to excitation mode to feed a constant current to a temperature sensor.	Motor speed used
	Not selected	None.	0
	Motor speed used	01.01 Motor speed used (page 199).	1
	Output frequency	01.06 Output frequency (page 199).	3
	Motor current	01.07 Motor current (page 199).	4
	Motor torque	01.10 Motor torque (page 199).	6
	DC voltage	01.11 DC voltage (page 199).	7
	Output power	01.14 Output power (page 200).	8
	Speed ref ramp in	23.01 Speed ref ramp input (page 276).	10
	Speed ref ramp out	23.02 Speed ref ramp output (page 276).	11
	Speed ref used	24.01 Used speed reference (page 280).	12
	Torque ref used	26.02 Torque reference used (page 286).	13
	Freq ref used	28.02 Frequency ref ramp output (page 291).	14
	Reserved		15
	Process PID out	40.01 Process PID output actual (page 353).	16
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
15.34	Freq out 1 src min	Defines the real value of the signal (selected by parameter 15.33 Freq out 1 source) that corresponds to the minimum value of frequency output 1 (defined by parameter 15.36 Freq out 1 at src min). This applies when 15.22 DO1 configuration is set to Frequency output. (Hz) 15.36 (Hz) 15.37 (Hz) 15.37 (Hz) 15.36 (Hz) 15.36 (Hz) 15.36 (Hz) 15.36 (Hz) 15.36 (Hz) 15.36 (Hz) 15.36 (Hz) 15.36 (Hz) 15.36 (Hz) 15.37 (Hz) 15.36 (Hz) 15.36 (Hz) 15.36 (Hz) 15.36 (Hz) 15.36 (Hz) 15.37 (Hz) 15.33 (Hz) 15.33 (Hz) 15.34 (Hz) 15.35 (Hz) 15.34 (Hz) 15.35 (Hz) 15.34 (Hz) 15.35 (Hz) 15.34 (Hz) 15.35 (Hz) 15.34 (Hz) 15.35 (Hz) 15.34 (Hz) 15.33 (Hz) 15.34 (Hz) 15.35 (Hz) 15.34 (Hz) 15.33 (Hz) 15.34 (Hz) 15.35 (Hz) 15.34 (Hz) 15.35 (Hz) 15.34 (Hz) 15.33 (Hz) 15.34 (Hz) 15.34 (Hz) 15.35 (Hz) 15.34 (Hz) 15.33 (Hz) 15.34 (Hz) 15.35 (Hz) (Hz) 15.35 (Hz)	0.000
	-32768.000 32767.000	Real signal value corresponding to minimum value of frequency output 1.	1 = 1
15.35	Freq out 1 src max	Defines the real value of the signal (selected by parameter 15.33 Freq out 1 source) that corresponds to the maximum value of frequency output 1 (defined by parameter 15.37 Freq out 1 at src max). This applies when 15.22 DO1 configuration is set to Frequency output. See parameter 15.34 Freq out 1 src min.	1500.000; 1800.000 (95.20 b0)
	-32768.000 32767.000	Real signal value corresponding to maximum value of frequency output 1.	1 = 1
15.36	Freq out 1 at src min	Defines the minimum output value of frequency output 1 when 15.22 DO1 configuration is set to Frequency output. See also drawing at parameter 15.34 Freq out 1 src min.	0 Hz
	0 16000 Hz	Minimum frequency output 1 value.	1 = 1 Hz
15.37	Freq out 1 at src max	Defines the maximum value of frequency output 1 when 15.22 DO1 configuration is set to Frequency output. See also drawing at parameter 15.34 Freq out 1 src min.	16000 Hz
	0 16000 Hz	Maximum value of frequency output 1.	1 = 1 Hz

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
19 Op	peration mode	Selection of local and external control location sources and operating modes. See also section <i>Operating modes of the drive</i> (page <i>112</i> ).	
19.01	Actual operation mode	Displays the operating mode currently used. See parameters 19.1119.14. This parameter is read-only.	Scalar (Hz)
	Zero	None.	1
	Speed	Speed control (in vector motor control mode).	2
	Torque	Torque control (in vector motor control mode).	3
	Min	The torque selector is comparing the output of the speed controller (25.01 Torque reference speed control) and torque reference (26.74 Torque ref ramp out) and the smaller of the two is used (in vector motor control mode).	4
	Max	The torque selector is comparing the output of the speed controller (25.01 Torque reference speed control) and torque reference (26.74 Torque ref ramp out) and the greater of the two is used (in vector motor control mode).	5
	Add	The speed controller output is added to the torque reference (in vector motor control mode).	6
	Reserved		79
	Scalar (Hz)	Frequency control in scalar motor control mode.	10
	Forced magn.	Motor is in magnetizing mode.	20
19.11	Ext1/Ext2 selection	Selects the source for external control location EXT1/EXT2 selection. 0 = EXT1 1 = EXT2	EXT1
	EXT1	EXT1 (permanently selected).	0
	EXT2	EXT2 (permanently selected).	1
	FBA A MCW bit 11	Control word bit 11 received through fieldbus interface A.	2
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	3
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	4
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	5
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	6
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	7
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	8
	Reserved		918
	Timed function 1	Bit 0 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	19
	Timed function 2	Bit 1 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	20
	Timed function 3	Bit 2 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	21
	Reserved		2224
	Supervision 1	Bit 0 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	25
	Supervision 2	Bit 1 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	26
	Supervision 3	Bit 2 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	27
	Reserved		2831

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	EFB MCW bit 11	Control word bit 11 received through the embedded fieldbus interface.	32
	FBAA connection loss	Detected communication loss of fieldbus interface A changes control mode to EXT2.	33
	EFB connection loss	Detected communication loss of embedded fieldbus interface changes control mode to EXT2.	34
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
19.12	Ext1 control mode	Selects the operating mode for external control location EXT1 in vector motor control mode.	Speed
	Zero	None.	1
	Speed	Speed control. The torque reference used is 25.01 Torque reference speed control (output of the speed reference chain).	2
	Torque	Torque control. The torque reference used is 26.74 Torque ref ramp out (output of the torque reference chain).	3
	Minimum	Combination of selections <i>Speed</i> and <i>Torque</i> : the torque selector compares the speed controller output ( <i>25.01 Torque reference speed control</i> ) and the torque reference ( <i>26.74 Torque ref ramp out</i> ) and selects the smaller of the two. If speed error becomes negative, the drive follows the speed controller output until speed error becomes positive again. This prevents the drive from accelerating uncontrollably if the load is lost in torque control.	4
	Maximum	Combination of selections <i>Speed</i> and <i>Torque</i> : the torque selector compares the speed controller output ( <i>25.01 Torque reference speed control</i> ) and the torque reference ( <i>26.74 Torque ref ramp out</i> ) and selects the greater of the two. If speed error becomes positive, the drive follows the speed controller output until speed error becomes negative again. This prevents the drive from accelerating uncontrollably if the load is lost in torque control.	5
19.14	Ext2 control mode	Selects the operating mode for external control location EXT2 in vector motor control mode. For the selections, see parameter 19.12 Ext1 control mode.	Speed
19.16	Local control mode	Selects the operating mode for local control in vector motor control mode.	Speed
	Speed	Speed control. The torque reference used is 25.01 Torque reference speed control (output of the speed reference chain).	0
	Torque	Torque control. The torque reference used is 26.74 Torque ref ramp out (output of the torque reference chain).	1
19.17	Local control disable	Enables/disables local control (start and stop buttons on the control panel, and the local controls on the PC tool). MARNING! Before disabling local control, ensure that the control panel is not needed for stopping the drive.	No
	No	Local control enabled.	0
	Yes	Local control disabled.	1

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16		
20 Sta	rt/stop/direction	Start/stop/direction and selection; positive/negat selection. For information on contru- vs. external control (pag			
20.01	Ext1 commands	Selects the source of sta external control location See parameter 20.21 for direction. See also para	In1 Start; In2 Dir		
	Not selected	No start or stop comman	nd sources selected.		0
	In1 Start	The source of the start a parameter 20.03 Ext1 in source bits are interpret	1		
		State of source 1 (20.           0 -> 1 (20.02 = Edge           1 (20.02 = Level)           0	,		
	In1 Start; In2 Dir       The source selected by 20.03 Ext1 in1 source is the start signal; the source selected by 20.04 Ext1 in2 source determines the direction. The state transitions of the source bits are interpreted as follows:         State of source 1       State of source 2				2
		(20.03)	(20.04)	Command	
		0	Any	Stop	
		0 -> 1 (20.02 = Edge)	0	Start forward	
		1 (20.02 = Level)	1	Start reverse	
	In1 Start fwd; In2 Start rev	The source selected by start signal; the source s the reverse start signal. bits are interpreted as fo	selected by 20.04 Ext1 The state transitions of bllows:	in2 source is	3
		State of source 1 (20.03)	State of source 2 (20.04)	Command	
		0	0	Stop	
		0 -> 1 (20.02 = Edge) 1 (20.02 = Level)	0	Start forward	
		0	0 -> 1 (20.02 = Edge) 1 (20.02 = Level)	Start reverse	
		1	1	Stop	

No.	Name/Value	Description					Def/FbEq16			
	In1P Start; In2 Stop The sources of the start and stop commands are selected by parameters 20.03 Ext1 in1 source and 20.04 Ext1 in2 source The state transitions of the source bits are interpreted as follows:					Ext1 in2 source.	4			
		State of sou (20.03)		State	of source 2 (20.04)	Command				
		0 -> 1		1 0		Start				
		Any				Stop				
		this setting.	e 2 is 0, t			s no effect with s on the control				
	In1P Start; In2 Stop; In3 Dir	parameters 20.	03 Ext1 i ected by tate tran	in1 sou 20.05 l	rce and 20.04 l Ext1 in3 source	are selected by Ext1 in2 source. determines the bits are	5			
		State of source 1 (20.03)	State sourc (20.0	ce 2 04)	State of source 3 (20.05)	Command				
		0 -> 1	1		0	Start forward				
		0 -> 1	1		1	Start reverse				
		Any	0		Any	Stop				
		<ul> <li>Notes:</li> <li>Parameter 2 this setting.</li> <li>When source panel are dis</li> </ul>								
	In1P Start fwd; In2P Start rev; In3 Stop	parameters 20.	03 Ext1 i source. T nes the s	i <mark>n1 sou</mark> The sou stop. Th	rce, 20.04 Ext1 irce selected by ne state transiti	are selected by in2 source and y 20.05 Ext1 in3 ons of the	6			
		State of source 1 (20.03)	State sourc (20.0	ce 2	State of source 3 (20.05)	Command	5         6         710         11			
		0 -> 1	An	у	1	Start forward				
		Any	0 ->	· 1	1	Start reverse				
		Any	An	у	0	Stop				
		Note: Paramete with this setting		Ext1 s	tart trigger type	has no effect				
	Reserved						710			
	Control panel	The start and stop commands are taken from the control panel (or PC connected to the control panel connector).					11			
	Fieldbus A The start and stop commands are taken from fieldbus adapter A. Note: Set also 20.02 Ext1 start trigger type to Level.				12					
		Note: Set also	20.02 Ex	(t1 star	<i>t trigger type</i> to	Level.				

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Embedded fieldbus	The start and stop commands are taken from the embedded fieldbus interface. <b>Note:</b> Set also <i>20.02 Ext1 start trigger type</i> to <i>Level</i> .	14
20.02	Ext1 start trigger type	Defines whether the start signal for external control location EXT1 is edge-triggered or level-triggered. <b>Note:</b> This parameter is not effective if a pulse-type start signal is selected. See the descriptions of the selections of parameter 20.01 Ext1 commands.	Level
	Edge	The start signal is edge-triggered.	0
	Level	The start signal is level-triggered.	1
20.03	Ext1 in1 source	Selects source 1 for parameter 20.01 Ext1 commands.	DI1
	Always off	Always off.	0
	Always on	Always on.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	Reserved		817
	Timed function 1	Bit 0 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	18
	Timed function 2	Bit 1 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	19
	Timed function 3	Bit 2 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	20
	Reserved		2123
	Supervision 1	Bit 0 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	24
	Supervision 2	Bit 1 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	25
	Supervision 3	Bit 2 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	26
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
20.04	Ext1 in2 source	Selects source 2 for parameter 20.01 Ext1 commands. For the available selections, see parameter 20.03 Ext1 in1 source.	DI2
20.05	Ext1 in3 source	Selects source 3 for parameter 20.01 Ext1 commands. For the available selections, see parameter 20.03 Ext1 in1 source.	Always off
20.06	Ext2 commands	Selects the source of start, stop and direction commands for external control location 2 (EXT2). See parameter 20.21 for the determination of the actual direction. See also parameters 20.0720.10.	Not selected
	Not selected	No start or stop command sources selected.	0

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16								
	In1 Start	parameter 20.08 Ext2 in	ter 20.08 Ext2 in1 source. The state transitions of the bits are interpreted as follows:								
		State of source 1 (20	. <mark>08</mark> )	Command							
		0 -> 1 (20.07 = Edge 1 (20.07 = Level)	<del>)</del> )	Start							
		0		Stop							
	In1 Start; In2 Dir	The source selected by signal; the source selected by determines the direction bits are interpreted as for	ted b	oy <u>20.09 Ext2 in</u> e state transitio	12 so	urce	2				
		State of source 1 (20.08)	S	tate of source (20.09)	2	Command					
		0		Any		Stop					
		0 -> 1 (20.07 = Edge)		0		Start forward					
		1 (20.07 = <i>Level</i> )		1		Start reverse					
	Start rev	start signal; the source the reverse start signal. bits are interpreted as for source 1	The ollow	state transition s: tate of source	is of t						
		(20.08)		(20.09)							
		0 0 -> 1 (20.07 = Edge) 1 (20.07 = Level)		0		Stop Start forward					
		0		> 1 (20.07 = Ed (20.07 = Level	- /	Start reverse	3				
		1		1		Stop					
	In1P Start; In2 Stop	The sources of the start parameters 20.08 Ext2 The state transitions of follows:	in1 s	ource and 20.09	9 Ext	2 in2 source.	4				
		State of source 1 (20.08)	Sta	ate of source 2 (20.09)	2	Command					
		0 -> 1		1		Start					
		Any		0		Stop					
		<ul> <li>Notes:</li> <li>Parameter 20.07 Ext this setting.</li> <li>When source 2 is 0, 1 panel are disabled.</li> </ul>									

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16			
	In1P Start; In2 Stop; In3 Dir	The sources of parameters 20. The source sele direction. The s interpreted as f	5			
		State of source 1 (20.08)	State of source 2 (20.09)	State of source 3 (20.10)	Command	
		0 -> 1	1	0	Start forward	
		0 -> 1	1	1	Start reverse	
		Any	0	Any	Stop	
		this setting.			s no effect with s on the control	
	In1P Start fwd; In2P Start rev; In3 Stop	The sources of parameters 20.	the start and st 08 Ext2 in1 sou source. The sounces the direction	rce, 20.09 Ext2 irce selected by n. The state tra	are selected by <i>in2 source</i> and <i>y 20.10 Ext2 in3</i> nsitions of the	6
		State of source 1 (20.08)	State of source 2 (20.09)	State of source 3 (20.10)	Command	<ul> <li>I</li> <li>I</li> <li>G</li> <li>G</li> <li>G</li> <li>T</li> <li>T&lt;</li></ul>
		0 -> 1	Any	1	Start forward	
		Any	0 -> 1	1	Start reverse	
		Any Note: Paramete with this setting		0 tart trigger type	Stop has no effect	
	Reserved					710
	Control panel	The start and s panel (or PC co				11
	Fieldbus A	The start and st A. <b>Note:</b> Set also			ïeldbus adapter	710 11 12 13 14
	Reserved					13
	Embedded fieldbus	The start and s fieldbus interfac <b>Note:</b> Set also	ce.			14
20.07	Ext2 start trigger       Defines whether the start signal for external control location         type       EXT2 is edge-triggered or level-triggered.         Note: This parameter is not effective if a pulse-type start signal is selected. See the descriptions of the selections of parameter 20.06 Ext2 commands.				Level	
	Edge	The start signal	is edge-trigger	ed.		0
	Level	The start signal	l is level-trigger	ed.		1
20.08	Ext2 in1 source	Selects source For the availabl source.				Always off

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
20.09	Ext2 in2 source         Selects source 2 for parameter 20.06 Ext2 commands.           For the available selections, see parameter 20.03 Ext1 in1 source.		Always off
20.10	Ext2 in3 source	Selects source 3 for parameter 20.06 Ext2 commands. For the available selections, see parameter 20.03 Ext1 in1 source.	Always off
20.11	Run enable stop mode	Selects the way the motor is stopped when the run enable signal switches off. The source of the run enable signal is selected by parameter 20.12 Run enable 1 source.	Coast
	Coast	Stop by switching off the output semiconductors of the drive. The motor coasts to a stop. WARNING! If a mechanical brake is used, ensure it is safe to stop the drive by coasting.	0
	Ramp	Stop along the active deceleration ramp. See parameter group 23 Speed reference ramp on page 276.	1
_	Torque limit	Stop according to torque limits (parameters 30.19 and 30.20).	2
20.12	Run enable 1 source	Selects the source of the external run enable signal. If the run enable signal is switched off, the drive will not start. If already running, the drive will stop according to the setting of parameter 20.11 Run enable stop mode. 1 = Run enable signal on. See also parameter 20.19 Enable start command.	Selected
	Not selected	0.	0
	Selected	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	Reserved		817
	Timed function 1	Bit 0 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	18
	Timed function 2	Bit 1 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	19
	Timed function 3	Bit 2 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	20
	Reserved		2123
	Supervision 1	Bit 0 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	24
	Supervision 2	Bit 1 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	25
	Supervision 3	Bit 2 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	26
	Reserved		2729
	FBAAMCW bit 3	Control word bit 3 received through fieldbus interface A.	30
	Reserved		31
	EFB MCW bit 3	Control word bit 3 received through the embedded fieldbus interface.	32
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 196).	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
20.19	Enable start command	Selects the source for the start enable signal. 1 = Start enable. With the signal switched off, any drive start command is inhibited. (Switching the signal off while the drive is running will not stop the drive.) See also parameter 20.12 Run enable 1 source.	Selected
	Not selected	0.	0
	Selected	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	Reserved		817
	Timed function 1	Bit 0 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	18
	Timed function 2	Bit 1 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	19
	Timed function 3	Bit 2 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	20
	Reserved		2123
	Supervision 1	Bit 0 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	24
	Supervision 2	Bit 1 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	25
	Supervision 3	Bit 2 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	26
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-

No.	Name/Valu	e	Description			Def/FbEq16
20.21	Direction		rather than the sign In the table the act parameter 20.21 D	n lock. Defines the direction on of the reference, except in a ual drive rotation is shown as <i>birection</i> and Direction commi- ixt1 commands or 20.06 Ext2	some cases. s a function of and (from	Request
		Directior Forward	n command =	Direction command = Reverse	Direction com	mand not
	Par. 20.21 Direction = Forward			Forward	Forward	
	Par. 20.21 Direction = Reverse	Reverse		Reverse	Reverse	
	poten speec Panel refere • If refe			<ul> <li>Reverse, but</li> <li>If reference from Constant, PID or Jogging reference, reference used as is.</li> <li>If reference from the network, Panel, Analog input, Motor potentiometer, Safe speed or Last reference, reference multiplied by -1.</li> </ul>	Forward	
	Request		command (parame commands). If the reference coi speeds/frequencie safe, Last speed re reference, the refe If the reference coi • if the direction c as is	the direction is selected by a ter 20.01 Ext1 commands or mes from Constant (constant s), Motor potentiometer, PID, sference, Jogging speed or F rence is used as is. mes from a fieldbus: ommand is forward, the refer ommand is reverse, the refer	20.06 Ext2 Speed ref Panel	0
	Forward		reference. (Negativ	ard regardless of the sign of ve reference values are repla values are used as is.)		1
	Reverse		reference. (Negativ	rse regardless of the sign of ve reference values are repla values are multiplied by -1.)		2
20.22	Enable to ro	otate	affect any other co back to 1 starts mo This parameter can some external equ the equipment is re When this parame	n be used for example with a ipment to prevent the motor r	the parameter signal from otating before is disabled),	Selected
	Not selected	ł	0 (always off).			0
	Selected		1 (always on).			1

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	Reserved		817
	Timed function 1	Bit 0 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	18
	Timed function 2	Bit 1 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	19
	Timed function 3	Bit 2 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	20
	Reserved		2123
	Supervision 1	Bit 0 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	24
	Supervision 2	Bit 1 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	25
	Supervision 3	Bit 2 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	26
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 196).	-
20.25	Jogging enable	<ul> <li>Selects the source for a jog enable signal.</li> <li>(The sources for jogging activation signals are selected by parameters 20.26 Jogging 1 start source and 20.27 Jogging 2 start source.)</li> <li>1 = Jogging is enabled.</li> <li>0 = Jogging is disabled.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>Jogging can be enabled only when no start command from an external control location is active. On the other hand, if jogging is laready enabled, the drive cannot be started from an external control location (apart from inching commands through fieldbus).</li> <li>See section <i>Rush control</i> (page 165).</li> </ul>	Not selected
	Not selected	0.	0
	Selected	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	Reserved		817
	Timed function 1	Bit 0 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	18
	Timed function 2	Bit 1 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	19
	Timed function 3	Bit 2 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	20
	Reserved		2123
	Supervision 1	Bit 0 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	24
	Supervision 2	Bit 1 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	25
	Supervision 3	Bit 2 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	26

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
20.26	Jogging 1 start source	<ul> <li>If enabled by parameter 20.25 Jogging enable, selects the source for the activation of jogging function 1. (Jogging function 1 can also be activated through fieldbus regardless of parameter 20.25.)</li> <li>1 = Jogging 1 active.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>Jogging is supported in vector control mode only.</li> <li>If both jogging 1 and 2 are activated, the one that was activated first has priority.</li> <li>This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.</li> </ul>	Not selected
	Not selected	0.	0
	Selected	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	Reserved		817
	Timed function 1	Bit 0 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	18
	Timed function 2	Bit 1 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	19
	Timed function 3	Bit 2 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	20
	Reserved		2123
	Supervision 1	Bit 0 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	24
	Supervision 2	Bit 1 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	25
	Supervision 3	Bit 2 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	26
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
20.27	Jogging 2 start source	If enabled by parameter 20.25 Jogging enable, selects the source for the activation of jogging function 2. (Jogging function 2 can also be activated through fieldbus regardless of parameter 20.25.) 1 = Jogging 2 active. For the selections, see parameter 20.26 Jogging 1 start source. Notes: • Jogging is supported in vector control mode only. • If both jogging 1 and 2 are activated, the one that was activated first has priority. • This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	Not selected

No.	Name/Va	alue	Description		Def/FbEq16
20.30	Enable s warning		parameter can flooding the ev	e signal warnings to be suppressed. This i be used to prevent these warnings from rent log. Whenever a bit of this parameter is set sponding warning is suppressed.	0000h
	Bit	Name		Description	
	0	Enable to r	otate	1 = Warning AFED Enable to rotate is suppress	ed.
	1	Run enable	e missing	1 = Warning AFEB Run enable missing is supp	ressed.
	315	Reserved			
	0000h	FFFFh	Word for disab	ling enable signal warnings.	1 = 1
21 Sta	rt/stop n	node		modes; emergency stop mode and signal on; DC magnetization settings.	
21.01 Start mode		<ul> <li>mode, ie. when</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>The start fu selected by</li> <li>Starting intu- magnetizing</li> <li>With perma must be uss</li> <li>This param- running.</li> </ul>	otor start function for the vector motor control n 99.04 Motor control mode is set to Vector. Inction for the scalar motor control mode is parameter 21.19 Scalar start mode. to a rotating motor is not possible when DC g is selected ( <i>Fast</i> or <i>Const time</i> ). nent magnet motors, <i>Automatic</i> start mode ed. eter cannot be changed while the drive is on <i>DC magnetization</i> (page 161).	Automatic	
	Fast		magnetizing til 200 ms to 2 s o	magnetizes the motor before start. The pre- me is determined automatically, being typically depending on motor size. This mode should be igh break-away torque is required.	0
Const time		magnetizing tii Magnetization pre-magnetizin start must be s brake). This se break-away to enough. MARN magne a full break-aw	magnetizes the motor before start. The pre- me is defined by parameter 21.02 time. This mode should be selected if constant of time is required (for example, if the motor synchronized with the release of a mechanical etting also guarantees the highest possible rque when the pre-magnetizing time is set long <b>ING!</b> The drive will start after the set tizing time has passed even if motor tization is not completed. In applications where ray torque is essential, ensure that the constant me is long enough to allow generation of full and torque.	1	
Automatic		Automatic star It includes the motor) and the control program	t guarantees optimal motor start in most cases. flying start function (starting into a rotating e automatic restart function. The drive motor m identifies the flux as well as the mechanical otor and starts the motor instantly under all	2	

No.	Name/Value	Description		Def/FbEq16
21.02	Magnetization time	<ul> <li>Defines the pre-magnetization</li> <li>parameter 21.01 Start mode motor control mode), or</li> <li>parameter 21.19 Scalar star Torque boost (in scalar moto After the start command, the d premagnetizes the motor for th magnetizing, set this paramete higher than, the rotor time com- rule-of-thumb value given in th</li> </ul>	e is set to <i>Const time</i> (in vector <i>t mode</i> is set to <i>Const time</i> or or control mode). rive automatically ue set time. To ensure full r to the same value as, or stant. If not known, use the	500 ms
		Motor rated power	Constant magnetizing time	
		< 1 kW	≥ 50 to 100 ms	
		1 to 10 kW	≥ 100 to 200 ms	
		10 to 200 kW	<u>&gt;</u> 200 to 1000 ms	
		200 to 1000 kW	≥ 1000 to 2000 ms	
		<b>Note:</b> This parameter cannot b running.	e changed while the drive is	
	010000 ms	Constant DC magnetizing time		1 = 1 ms
21.03	<ul> <li>Stop mode Selects the way the motor is stopped when a stop command is received.</li> <li>Additional braking is possible by selecting flux braking (see parameter 97.05 Flux braking).</li> </ul>		Coast	
	Coast	Stop by switching off the output The motor coasts to a stop. WARNING! If a mechan safe to stop the drive by	nical brake is used, ensure it is	0
	Ramp	Stop along the active decelera group 23 Speed reference ram Frequency reference chain on	1	
	Torque limit	Stop according to torque limits ( This mode is only possible in v		2
21.04	Emergency stop mode	Selects the way the motor is st stop command is received. The source of the emergency s parameter 21.05 Emergency s	stop signal is selected by	Ramp stop (Off1)
	Ramp stop (Off1)		erence type (see section <i>Rush</i> e drive has stopped, it can be mergency stop signal and	0
	Coast stop (Off2)	<ul> <li>With the drive running:</li> <li>1 = Normal operation.</li> <li>0 = Stop by coasting.</li> <li>With the drive stopped:</li> <li>1 = Starting allowed.</li> <li>0 = Starting not allowed.</li> </ul>		1

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Eme ramp stop (Off3)	<ul> <li>With the drive running:</li> <li>1 = Normal operation</li> <li>0 = Stop by ramping along emergency stop ramp defined by parameter 23.23 Emergency stop time. After the drive has stopped, it can be restarted by removing the emergency stop signal and switching the start signal from 0 to 1.</li> <li>With the drive stopped:</li> <li>1 = Starting allowed.</li> <li>0 = Starting not allowed.</li> </ul>	2
21.05	Emergency stop source	Selects the source of the emergency stop signal. The stop mode is selected by parameter 21.04 Emergency stop mode. 0 = Emergency stop active. 1 = Normal operation Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	Inactive (true)
	Active (false)	0.	0
	Inactive (true)	1.	1
	Reserved		2
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	3
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	4
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	5
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	6
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	7
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	8
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
21.06	Zero speed limit	Defines the zero speed limit. The motor is stopped along a speed ramp (when ramped stop is selected or emergency stop time is used) until the defined zero speed limit is reached. After the zero speed delay, the motor coasts to a stop.	30.00 rpm
	0.0030000.00 rpm	Zero speed limit.	See par. 46.01

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
21.07	Zero speed delay	Defines the delay for the zero speed delay function. The function is useful in applications where a smooth and quick restarting is essential. During the delay, the drive knows the rotor position accurately.	0 ms
		<u>Without zero speed delay</u> : The drive receives a stop command and decelerates along a ramp. When actual motor speed falls below the value of parameter 21.06 Zero speed limit, inverter modulation is stopped and the motor coasts to a standstill.	
		Speed	
		Speed controller switched off: Motor coasts to a stop.	
		21.06 Zero speed limit	
		Time	
		With zero speed delay: The drive receives a stop command and decelerates along a ramp. When actual motor speed falls below the value of parameter 21.06 Zero speed limit, the zero speed delay function activates. During the delay the function keeps the speed controller live: the inverter modulates, motor is magnetized and the drive is ready for a quick restart. Zero speed delay can be used, for example, with the jogging function.	
		Speed	
		Speed controller remains active. Motor is decelerated to true zero speed.	
		Delay Time	
	030000 ms	Zero speed delay.	1 = 1 ms

No.	Name/Va	alue	Description	Def/FbEq16
21.08	DC current control		Activates/deactivates the DC hold and post-magnetization functions. See section <i>DC magnetization</i> (page <i>161</i> ). <b>Note:</b> DC magnetization causes the motor to heat up. In applications where long DC magnetization times are required, externally ventilated motors should be used. If the DC magnetization period is long, DC magnetization cannot prevent the motor shaft from rotating if a constant load is applied to the motor.	0000Ь
	Bit	Name	Value	
	0	DC hold	1 = Enable DC hold. See section <i>DC hold</i> (page 162). <b>Note:</b> The DC hold function has no effect if the start signal i	s switched off.
	1	Post- magnetizati	<ul> <li>1 = Enable post-magnetization. See section Settings and d (page 162).</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>Post-magnetization is only available when ramping is the stop mode (see parameter 21.03 Stop mode).</li> </ul>	J.
	2	DC brake	1 = Enable DC brake.	
	315	Reserved		
	0000b	0011b	DC magnetization selection.	1 = 1
21.09 DC hold speed		speed	Defines the DC hold speed in speed control mode. See parameter 21.08 DC current control, and section DC hold (page 162).	5.00 rpm
	0.0010	000.00 rpm	DC hold speed.	See par. 46.01
21.10	DC current reference		Defines the DC hold current in percent of the motor nominal current. See parameter 21.08 DC current control, and section DC magnetization (page 161). After 100 seconds post-magnetization time, the maximum magnetization current is limited to the magnetization current corresponding to the actual flux reference.	30.0%
	0.0100	0.0%	DC hold current.	1 = 1%
21.11	Post magnetization time		Defines the length of time for which post-magnetization is active after stopping the motor. The magnetization current is defined by parameter <i>21.10 DC current reference</i> . See parameter <i>21.08 DC current control</i> .	0 s
	03000	S	Post-magnetization time.	1 = 1 s
21.14	Pre-heat source	ting input	<ul> <li>Selects the source for controlling pre-heating for the motor. The status of the pre-heating is shown as bit 2 of 06.21 Drive status word 3.</li> <li>Notes: <ul> <li>The heating function requires that STO is not triggered.</li> <li>The heating function requires that the drive is not faulted.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Off
	Off		0. Pre-heating is always deactivated.	0
	On		1. Pre-heating is always activated when the drive is stopped.	1
	DI1		Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2		Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3		Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4		Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	Supervision 1	Bit 0 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	8
	Supervision 2	Bit 1 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	9
	Supervision 3	Bit 2 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	10
	Timed function 1	Bit 0 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	11
	Timed function 2	Bit 1 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	12
	Timed function 3	Bit 2 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	13
	MCW user bit 0	Bit 12 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 208).	16
	MCW user bit 1	Bit 13 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 208).	17
	MCW user bit 2	Bit 14 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 208).	18
	MCW user bit 3	Bit 15 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 208).	19
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 196).	-
21.15	Pre-heating time delay	Defines the time delay before pre-heating starts after the drive is stopped.	60 s
	103000 s	Pre-heating time delay.	1 = 1 s
21.16	Pre-heating current	Defines the DC current used to heat the motor. The value is in percent of the nominal motor current.	0.0%
	0.030.0%	Pre-heating current.	1 = 1%
21.18	Auto restart time	The motor can be automatically started after a short supply power failure using the automatic restart function. See section <i>Automatic restart</i> (page 171). When this parameter is set to 0.0 seconds, automatic restarting is disabled. Otherwise, the parameter defines the maximum duration of the power failure after which restarting is attempted. Note that this time also includes the DC precharging delay. See also parameter 21.34 Force auto <i>restart</i> . This parameter has effect only if parameter 95.04 Control <i>board supply</i> is set to <i>External 24V</i> . <b>WARNING!</b> Before you activate the function, make sure that no dangerous situations can occur. The function restarts the drive automatically and continues operation after a supply break.	10.0 s
	0.0 s	Automatic restarting disabled.	0
	0.110.0 s	Maximum power failure duration.	1 = 1 s
21.19	Scalar start mode	<ul> <li>Selects the motor start function for the scalar motor control mode, that is, when 99.04 Motor control mode is set to Scalar.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>The start function for the vector motor control mode is selected by parameter 21.01 Start mode.</li> <li>With permanent magnet motors, Automatic start mode must be used.</li> <li>This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.</li> <li>See also section DC magnetization (page 161).</li> </ul>	Normal
	Normal	Immediate start from zero speed.	0

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Const time	The drive pre-magnetizes the motor before start. The pre- magnetizing time is defined by parameter 21.02 Magnetization time. This mode should be selected if constant pre-magnetizing time is required (for example, if the motor start must be synchronized with the release of a mechanical brake). This setting also guarantees the highest possible break-away torque when the pre-magnetizing time is set long enough. Note: This mode cannot be used to start into a rotating motor. WARNING! The drive will start after the set pre- magnetizing time has passed even if motor magnetization is not completed. In applications where a full break-away torque is essential, ensure that the constant magnetizing time is long enough to allow generation of full magnetization and torque.	1
	Automatic	The drive automatically selects the correct output frequency to start a rotating motor. This is useful for flying starts: if the motor is already rotating, the drive will start smoothly at the current frequency. <b>Note:</b> Cannot be used in multimotor systems.	2
	Torque boost	The drive pre-magnetizes the motor before the start. The pre- magnetizing time is defined by parameter 21.02 Magnetization time. Torque boost is applied at start. Torque boost is stopped when output frequency exceeds 40% of nominal frequency or when it is equal to the reference value. See parameter 21.26 Torque boost current. This mode should selected if a high break-away torque is required. Note: This mode cannot be used to start into a rotating motor. MARNING! The drive will start after the set pre- magnetization is not completed. In applications where a full break-away torque is essential, ensure that the constant magnetizing time is long enough to allow generation of full magnetization and torque.	3
	Automatic+boost	Automatic start with torque boost. Automatic start is performed first and the motor is magnetized. If the speed is found to be zero, torque boost is applied.	4
	Flying start	The drive automatically selects the correct output frequency to start a rotating motor. If the motor is already rotating, drive will start smoothly at the current frequency. – The mode will start the motor with vector control and switch to scalar control on the fly when the motor speed has been found. Compared to the Automatic start mode, Flying start detects the motor speed faster. Flying start requires more accurate information about motor model. Therefore standstill ID run is done automatically when the drive is started for the first time after selecting Flying start. Motor plate values should be accurate. Wrong plate values may decrease the starting performance. <b>Note:</b> During flying start, the drive will at first run in vector control mode. This is why, when using flying start, the drive nominal current setting must be in the allowed range for vector control mode, see parameter 99.06 Motor nominal <i>current</i> .	5

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Flying start+boost	Flying start with torque boost. Flying start is performed first and the motor is magnetized. If the speed is found to be zero, torque boost is applied.	6
21.21	DC hold frequency	Defines the DC hold frequency, which is used instead of parameter 21.09 DC hold speed when the motor is in scalar frequency mode. See parameter 21.08 DC current control, and section DC hold (page 162).	5.00 Hz
	0.001000.00 Hz	DC hold frequency.	1 = 1 Hz
21.22	Start delay	Defines the start delay. After the conditions for start have been fulfilled, the drive waits until the delay has elapsed and then starts the motor. During the delay, warning <i>AFE9 Start</i> <i>delay</i> is shown. Start delay can be used with all start modes.	0.00 s
	0.0060.00 s	Start delay	1 = 1 s
21.23	Smooth start	Selects the forced current vector rotation mode at low speeds. When the smooth start mode is selected, the rate of acceleration is limited by the acceleration and deceleration ramp times. If the process driven by the permanent magnet synchronous motor has high inertia, slow ramp times are recommended. Can be used for permanent magnet synchronous motors only.	Disabled
	Disabled	Disabled.	0
	Enabled always	Enabled always.	1
	Start only	Enabled when starting the motor.	2
21.24	Smooth start current	Current used in the current vector rotation at low speeds. Increase the smooth start current if the application requires motor shaft swinging needs to be minimized. Note that accurate torque control is not possible in the current vector rotation mode. Can be used for permanent magnet synchronous motors only.	50.0%
	10.0200.0%	Value in percent of the nominal motor current.	1 = 1%
21.25	Smooth start speed	Output frequency up to which the current vector rotation is used. See parameter <i>21.19 Scalar start mode</i> . Can be used for permanent magnet synchronous motors only.	10.0%
	2.0100.0%	Value as a percentage of the nominal motor frequency.	1 = 1%
21.26	Torque boost current	Defines the maximum supplied current to motor when ( <i>21.19</i> <i>Scalar start mode</i> is set to <i>Torque boost</i> (see page <i>263</i> ). Parameter value is in percent of the motor nominal current. Nominal value of the parameter is 100.0%. Torque boost is only applied at start, ending when output frequency exceeds 40% of nominal frequency or when output frequency is equal to reference. Can be used in scalar motor control mode only.	100.0%
	15.0300.0%	Value in percent of the nominal motor current.	1 = 1%

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
21.27	Torque boost time	Defines the minimum and maximum torque boost time. If torque boost time is less than 40% of frequency acceleration time (see parameters 28.72 and 28.74), then torque boost time is set at 40% of frequency acceleration time.	20.0 s
	0.060.0 s	Nominal motor time.	1 = 1 s
21.30	Speed compensated stop mode	<ul> <li>Selects the method used to stop the drive. See also section.</li> <li>Speed compensated stop (page 168).</li> <li>Speed compensated stop is active only if <ul> <li>the operation mode is not torque, and</li> <li>parameter 21.03 Stop mode is Ramp, or</li> <li>parameter 20.11 Run enable stop mode is Ramp (in case Run enable is missing).</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Off
	Off	Stop according parameter <i>21.03 Stop mode</i> , no speed compensated stop.	0
	Speed comp FWD	If the direction of rotation is forward, speed compensation is used for constant distance braking. Speed difference (between used speed and maximum speed) is compensated by running the drive with current speed before the motor is stopped along a ramp. If the direction of rotation is reverse, the drive is stopped along a ramp.	1
	Speed comp REV	If the direction of rotation is reverse, speed compensation is used for constant distance braking. Speed difference (between used speed and maximum speed) is compensated by running the drive with current speed before the motor is stopped along a ramp. If the direction of rotation is forward, the drive is stopped along a ramp.	2
	Speed comp bipolar	Regardless of the direction of rotation, speed compensation is used for constant distance braking. Speed difference (between used speed and maximum speed) is compensated by running the drive with current speed before the motor is stopped along a ramp.	3
21.31	Speed comp stop delay	This delay adds distance to the total distance traveled during a stop from maximum speed. It is used to adjust the distance to match requirements so that the distance traveled is not solely determined by the deceleration rate.	0.00 s
	0.001000.00 s	Speed delay.	1 = 1 s
21.32	Speed comp stop threshold	This parameter sets a speed threshold below which the Speed compensated stop feature is disabled. In this speed region, the speed compensated stop is not attempted and the drive stops as it would, using the ramp option.	10%
	0100%	Speed threshold as a percent of the motor nominal speed.	1 = 1%
21.34	Force auto restart	Forces automatic restart. The parameter is applicable only if parameter 95.04 Control board supply is set to External 24V.	Disable
	Disable	Force auto restart disabled. Parameter 21.18 Auto restart time is in effect if its value is more than 0.0 s.	0
	Enable	Force auto restart enabled. Parameter 21.18 Auto restart time is ignored. The drive never trips on the undervoltage fault and the start signal is on forever. When he DC voltage is restored, the normal operation continues.	1
21.35	Preheating power	Defines the power used to heat the motor.	0.00

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	0.0010.00 kW	Preheating power.	100 = 1 kW
21.36	Preheating unit	Defines if preheating is specified as current or power.	Current
	Current		0
Power			1
22 Sp select	eed reference tion	Speed reference selection; motor potentiometer settings. See the control chain diagrams on pages 554559.	
22.01 Speed ref unlimited		Displays the output of the speed reference selection block. See the control chain diagram on page 555. This parameter is read-only.	-
-30000.00 30000.00 rpm		Value of the selected speed reference.	See par. 46.01

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
22.11	0         -           AI         -           FB         -           Other         -           AI         -           FB         -           Other         -           AI         -           FB         -           Other         -	Selects EXT1 speed reference source 1. Two signal sources can be defined by this parameter and 22.12 Ext1 speed ref2. A mathematical function (22.13 Ext1 speed function) applied to the two signals creates an EXT1 reference (A in the figure below). A digital source selected by 19.11 Ext1/Ext2 selection can be used to switch between EXT1 reference and the corresponding EXT2 reference defined by parameters 22.18 Ext2 speed ref1, 22.19 Ext2 speed ref2 and 22.20 Ext2 speed function (B in the figure below). $22.11 \qquad $	Control panel (ref saved)
	Zero	None.	0
	Al1 scaled	12.12 Al1 scaled value (see page 227).	1
	AI2 scaled	12.22 Al2 scaled value (see page 229).	2
	Reserved		3
	FB A ref1	03.05 FB A reference 1 (see page 202).	4
	FB A ref2	03.06 FB A reference 2 (see page 202).	5
	Reserved		67
	EFB ref1	03.09 EFB reference 1 (see page 202).	8
	EFB ref2	03.10 EFB reference 2 (see page 203).	9
	Reserved		1014

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Motor potentiometer	<i>22.80 Motor potentiometer ref act</i> (output of the motor potentiometer).	15
	PID	40.01 Process PID output actual (output of the process PID controller).	16
	Frequency input	11.38 Freq in 1 actual value (when DI5 is used as a frequency input).	17
	Control panel (ref saved)	Control panel reference (03.01 Panel reference, see page 202) saved by the control system for the location where the control returns is used as the reference. Reference	18
	Control panel (ref copied)	Control panel reference (03.01 Panel reference, see page 202) for the previous control location is used as the reference when the control location changes if the references for the two locations are of the same type (for example, frequency/speed/torque/PID); otherwise, the actual signal is used as the new reference. Reference $EXT1 reference$ $EXT1 reference$ $EXT1 reference$ $EXT1 reference$ $CXT1 reference$	19
	Other	Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 196).	-
22.12	Ext1 speed ref2	Selects EXT1 speed reference source 2. For the selections, and a diagram of reference source selection, see parameter 22.11 Ext1 speed ref1.	Zero
22.13	Ext1 speed function	Selects a mathematical function between the reference sources selected by parameters 22.11 Ext1 speed ref1 and 22.12 Ext1 speed ref2. See diagram at 22.11 Ext1 speed ref1.	Ref1
	Ref1	Signal selected by 22.11 Ext1 speed ref1 is used as speed reference 1 as such (no function applied).	0
	Add (ref1 + ref2)	The sum of the reference sources is used as speed reference 1.	1
	Sub (ref1 - ref2)	The subtraction ([22.11 Ext1 speed ref1] - [22.12 Ext1 speed ref2]) of the reference sources is used as speed reference 1.	2
	Mul (ref1 × ref2)	The multiplication of the reference sources is used as speed reference 1.	3
	Min (ref1, ref2)	The smaller of the reference sources is used as speed reference 1.	4
	Max (ref1, ref2)	The greater of the reference sources is used as speed reference 1.	5

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
22.18	Ext2 speed ref1	Selects EXT2 speed reference source 1. Two signal sources can be defined by this parameter and 22.19 Ext2 speed ref2. A mathematical function (22.20 Ext2 speed function) applied to the two signals creates an EXT2 reference. See diagram at 28.11 Ext1 frequency ref1.	Zero
	Zero	None.	0
	Al1 scaled	12.12 Al1 scaled value (see page 227).	1
	Al2 scaled	12.22 Al2 scaled value (see page 229).	2
	Reserved		3
	FB A ref1	03.05 FB A reference 1 (see page 202).	4
	FB A ref2	03.06 FB A reference 2 (see page 202).	5
	Reserved		67
	EFB ref1	03.09 EFB reference 1 (see page 202).	8
	EFB ref2	03.10 EFB reference 2 (see page 203).	9
	Reserved		1014
	Motor potentiometer	22.80 Motor potentiometer ref act (output of the motor potentiometer).	15
	PID	40.01 Process PID output actual (output of the process PID controller).	16
	Frequency input	11.38 Freq in 1 actual value (when DI5 is used as a frequency input).	17
	Control panel (ref saved)	Control panel reference (03.01 Panel reference, see page 202) saved by the control system for the location where the control returns is used as the reference. Reference • EXT1 reference • EXT1 reference • Active reference • Inactive reference	18
	Control panel (ref copied)	Control panel reference (03.01 Panel reference, see page 202) for the previous control location is used as the reference when the control location changes if the references for the two locations are of the same type (for example, frequency/speed/torque/PID); otherwise, the actual signal is used as the new reference. Reference $\begin{array}{c} & \\ & \\ \hline \\ & \\ &$	19
	Other	Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 196).	-
22.19	Ext2 speed ref2	Selects EXT2 speed reference source 2. For the selections, and a diagram of reference source selection, see parameter 22.18 Ext2 speed ref1.	Zero

No.	Name/	Value	Description	Def/FbEq16	
22.20	Ext2 speed function		Selects a mathematical function between the reference sources selected by parameters 22.18 Ext2 speed ref1 and 22.19 Ext2 speed ref2. See diagram at 22.18 Ext2 speed ref1.	Ref1	
	Ref1		Signal selected by <i>Ext2 speed ref1</i> is used as speed reference 1 as such (no function applied).	0	
	Add (re	ef1 + ref2)	The sum of the reference sources is used as speed reference 1.	1	
	Sub (re	ef1 - ref2)	The subtraction ([22.11 Ext1 speed ref1] - [22.12 Ext1 speed ref2]) of the reference sources is used as speed reference 1.	2	
	Mul (re	f1 × ref2)	The multiplication of the reference sources is used as speed reference 1.	3	
	Min (re	f1, ref2)	The smaller of the reference sources is used as speed reference 1.	4	
	Max (re	ef1, ref2)	The greater of the reference sources is used as speed reference 1.	5	
22.21	Constant speed function		Determines how constant speeds are selected, and whether the rotation direction signal is considered or not when applying a constant speed.	0001b	
	Bit	Name	Information		
	0	Constant sp mode	d 1 = Packed: 7 constant speeds are selectable using the three sources defined by parameters 22.22, 22.23 and 22.24.		
			0 = Separate: Constant speeds 1, 2 and 3 are separately the sources defined by parameters 22.22, 22.23 and 22.24 In case of conflict, the constant speed with the smaller num priority.	respectively.	
	1	Direction enable	1 = Start dir: To determine running direction for a constant sign of the constant speed setting (parameters 22.2622 multiplied by the direction signal (forward: +1, reverse: -1) effectively allows the drive to have 14 (7 forward, 7 revers speeds if all values in 22.2622.32 are positive. WARNING: If the direction signal is reverse and th constant speed is negative, the drive will run in the direction.	32) is This e) constant e active forward	
			0 = Accord Par: The running direction for the constant spe determined by the sign of the constant speed setting (para 22.2622.32).		
	215	Reserved			
		FFFFh	Constant speed configuration word.	1 = 1	

No.	Name/\	/alue	Des	cription			Def/FbEq16
22.22	Constar sel1	nt speed	(Sep Whe (Pac spee	barate), selects a sen bit 0 of parametecked), this parameted sel2 and 22.24	source that activate ter 22.21 Constant ter and parameter Constant speed so		DI3
		Source defi by par. 22		Source defined by par. 22.23	Source defined by par. 22.24	Constant speed ac	tive
		0		0	0	None	
		1		0	0	Constant speed	
		0		1	0	Constant speed	
		1		1	0	Constant speed	
		0		0	1	Constant speed	
		1		0	1	Constant speed	
		0		1	1	Constant speed Constant speed	
		I		1	I	Constant speed	1
	Always	off	Alwa	ays off.			0
	Always		Alwa	ays on.			1
	DI1		Digi	tal input DI1 (10.0	2 DI delayed statu	<mark>s</mark> , bit 0).	2
	DI2		Digi	tal input DI2 (10.0	2 DI delayed statu	s, bit 1).	3
	DI3		Digi	tal input DI3 (10.0	2 DI delayed statu	<mark>s</mark> , bit 2).	4
	DI4		Digi	tal input DI4 (10.0	2 DI delayed statu	<mark>s</mark> , bit 3).	5
	DI5		Digi	tal input DI5 ( <mark>10.0</mark>	2 DI delayed statu	<mark>s</mark> , bit 4).	6
	DI6		Digi	tal input DI6 ( <mark>10.0</mark>	2 DI delayed statu	<mark>s</mark> , bit 5).	7
	Reserve	ed					817
	Timed f	unction 1	Bit C	) of 34.01 Timed fo	unctions status (se	e page <mark>327</mark> ).	18
	Timed f	unction 2	Bit 1	of 34.01 Timed for	unctions status (se	e page 327).	19
	Timed f	unction 3	Bit 2	of 34.01 Timed fo	unctions status (se	e page 327).	20
	Reserve	ed					2123
	Supervi	sion 1	Bit C	of 32.01 Supervis	sion status (see pa	ige 319).	24
	Supervi	sion 2	Bit 1	of 32.01 Supervis	<del>sion status</del> (see pa	age <mark>319</mark> ).	25
	Supervi	sion 3	Bit 2	of 32.01 Supervis	sion status (see pa	ige 319).	26
	Other [b	pit]	Sou	rce selection (see	Terms and abbrev	<i>iations</i> on page 196).	-
22.23	Constar sel2	nt speed	(Sep Whe (Pac spec sour at pa	barate), selects a s on bit 0 of paramet oked), this paramet ad sel1 and 22.24 oces that are used arameter 22.22 Co	source that activate ter 22.21 Constant ter and parameter Constant speed so to activate constant constant speed sel1	e/3 select three nt speeds. See table	DI4

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
22.24	Constant speed sel3	When bit 0 of parameter 22.21 Constant speed function is 0 (Separate), selects a source that activates constant speed 3. When bit 0 of parameter 22.21 Constant speed function is 1 (Packed), this parameter and parameters 22.22 Constant speed sel1 and 22.23 Constant speed sel2 select three sources that are used to activate constant speeds. See table at parameter 22.22 Constant speed sel1. For the selections, see parameter 22.22 Constant speed sel1.	Always off
22.26	Constant speed 1	Defines constant speed 1 (the speed the motor will turn when constant speed 1 is selected).	300.00 rpm; 360.00 rpm (95.20 b0)
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Constant speed 1.	See par. 46.01
22.27	Constant speed 2	Defines constant speed 2.	600.00 rpm; 720.00 rpm (95.20 b0)
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Constant speed 2.	See par. 46.01
22.28	Constant speed 3	Defines constant speed 3.	900.00 rpm; 1080.00 rpm (95.20 b0)
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Constant speed 3.	See par. 46.01
22.29	Constant speed 4	Defines constant speed 4.	1200.00 rpm; 1440.00 rpm (95.20 b0)
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Constant speed 4.	See par. 46.01
22.30	Constant speed 5	Defines constant speed 5.	1500.00 rpm; 1800.00 rpm (95.20 b0)
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Constant speed 5.	See par. 46.01
22.31	Constant speed 6	Defines constant speed 6.	2400.00 rpm; 2880.00 rpm (95.20 b0)
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Constant speed 6.	See par. 46.01
22.32	Constant speed 7	Defines constant speed 7.	3000.00 rpm; 3600.00 rpm (95.20 b0)
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Constant speed 7.	See par. 46.01
22.41	Speed ref safe	Defines a safe speed reference value that is used with supervision functions such as         12.03 AI supervision function         49.05 Communication loss action         50.02 FBA A comm loss func.	0.00 rpm
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Safe speed reference.	See par. 46.01

No.	Name/Value		Des	scription	Def/FbEq16
22.42	Jogging	1 ref		fines the speed reference for jogging function 1. For more prmation on jogging, see page <i>165</i> .	0.00 rpm
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm		Spe	eed reference for jogging function 1.	See par. 46.01
22.43	Jogging	2 ref		fines the speed reference for jogging function 2. For more rmation on jogging, see page <i>165</i> .	0.00 rpm
	-30000.0		Spe	eed reference for jogging function 2.	See par. 46.01
22.51	Critical s function	peed	det rota	ables/disables the critical speeds function. Also ermines whether the specified ranges are effective in both ating directions or not. e also section <i>Critical speeds/frequencies</i> (page <i>125</i> ).	0000Ь
	Bit	Name		Information	
	0	Enable		1 = Enable: Critical speeds enabled.	
				0 = Disable: Critical speeds disabled.	
	1	Sign mode		1 = Signed: The signs of parameters 22.5222.57 are tak account.	
				0 = Absolute: Parameters 22.5222.57 are handled as abs Each range is effective in both directions of rotation.	solute values.
	215	Reserved			
	0000b	0011b	Crit	tical speeds configuration word.	1 = 1
22.52	Critical s	peed 1 low	Not	fines the low limit for critical speed range 1. te: This value must be less than or equal to the value of 53 <i>Critical speed 1 high</i> .	0.00 rpm
	-30000.0		Lov	v limit for critical speed 1.	See par. 46.01
22.53	Critical s high	peed 1	Not	fines the high limit for critical speed range 1. te: This value must be greater than or equal to the value of 52 Critical speed 1 low.	0.00 rpm
	-30000.0		Hig	h limit for critical speed 1.	See par. 46.01
22.54	Critical s	peed 2 low	Not	fines the low limit for critical speed range 2. te: This value must be less than or equal to the value of <i>55 Critical speed 2 high</i> .	0.00 rpm
	-30000.0 30000.00		Lov	v limit for critical speed 2.	See par. 46.01
22.55	Critical speed 2 high		Not	fines the high limit for critical speed range 2. te: This value must be greater than or equal to the value of 54 Critical speed 2 low.	0.00 rpm
	-30000.0 30000.00		Hig	h limit for critical speed 2.	See par. <u>46.01</u>
22.56	Critical s	peed 3 low	No	fines the low limit for critical speed range 3. te: This value must be less than or equal to the value of <i>57 Critical speed 3 high</i> .	0.00 rpm
	-30000.0		Lov	v limit for critical speed 3.	See par. 46.01

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
22.57	Critical speed 3 high	Defines the high limit for critical speed range 3. <b>Note:</b> This value must be greater than or equal to the value of 22.56 <i>Critical speed 3 low</i> .	0.00 rpm
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	High limit for critical speed 3.	See par. 46.01
22.71	Motor potentiometer function	Activates and selects the mode of the motor potentiometer. See section <i>Speed compensated stop</i> (page <i>168</i> ).	Disabled
	Disabled	Motor potentiometer is disabled and its value set to 0.	0
	Enabled (init at stop /power-up)	When enabled, the motor potentiometer first adopts the value defined by parameter 22.72 <i>Motor potentiometer initial value</i> . The value can then be adjusted from the up and down sources defined by parameters 22.73 <i>Motor potentiometer up source</i> and 22.74 <i>Motor potentiometer down source</i> . A stop or a power cycle will reset the motor potentiometer to the initial value (22.72).	1
	Enabled (resume always)	As <i>Enabled (init at stop /power-up)</i> , but the motor potentiometer value is retained over a power cycle.	2
	Enabled (init to actual)	Whenever another reference source is selected, the value of the motor potentiometer follows that reference. After the source of reference returns to the motor potentiometer, its value can again be changed by the up and down sources (defined by 22.73 and 22.74).	3
22.72	Motor potentiometer initial value	Defines an initial value (starting point) for the motor potentiometer. See the selections of parameter 22.71 Motor potentiometer function.	0.00
	-32768.00 32767.00	Initial value for motor potentiometer.	1 = 1
22.73	Motor potentiometer up source	Selects the source of motor potentiometer up signal. 0 = No change 1 = Increase motor potentiometer value. (If both the up and down sources are on, the potentiometer value will not change.) Note: Motor potentiometer function up/down source control speed or frequency from zero to maximum speed or frequency. The running direction can be changed with parameter 20.04 Ext1 in2 source. See the figure in section <i>Motor potentiometer</i> on page 150.	Not used
	Not used	0.	0
	Not used	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	Reserved		817
	Timed function 1	Bit 0 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	18
	Timed function 2	Bit 1 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	19
	Timed function 3	Bit 2 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	20

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Reserved		2123
	Supervision 1	Bit 0 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	24
	Supervision 2	Bit 1 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	25
	Supervision 3	Bit 2 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	26
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 196).	-
22.74	Motor potentiometer down source	Selects the source of motor potentiometer down signal. 0 = No change 1 = Decrease motor potentiometer value. (If both the up and down sources are on, the potentiometer value will not change.) Note: Motor potentiometer function up/down source control speed or frequency from zero to maximum speed or frequency. The running direction can be changed with parameter 20.04 Ext1 in2 source. See the figure in section Motor potentiometer on page 150. For the selections, see parameter 22.73 Motor potentiometer up source.	Not used
22.75	Motor potentiometer ramp time	Defines the change rate of the motor potentiometer. This parameter specifies the time required for the motor potentiometer to change from minimum (22.76) to maximum (22.77). The same change rate applies in both directions.	40.0 s
	0.03600.0 s	Motor potentiometer change time.	10 = 1 s
22.76	Motor potentiometer min value	Defines the minimum value of the motor potentiometer. <b>Note:</b> If vector control mode is used, value of this parameter must be changed.	-50.00
	-32768.00 32767.00	Motor potentiometer minimum.	1 = 1
22.77	Motor potentiometer max value	Defines the maximum value of the motor potentiometer. <b>Note:</b> If vector control mode is used, value of this parameter must be changed.	50.00
	-32768.00 32767.00	Motor potentiometer maximum.	1 = 1
22.80	Motor potentiometer ref act	The output of the motor potentiometer function. (The motor potentiometer is configured using parameters 22.7122.74.) This parameter is read-only.	-
	-32768.00 32767.00	Value of motor potentiometer.	1 = 1
22.86	Speed reference act 6	Displays the value of the speed reference (EXT1 or EXT2) that has been selected by 19.11 Ext1/Ext2 selection. See diagram at 22.11 Ext1 speed ref1 or the control chain diagram on page 554. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Speed reference after additive 2.	See par. 46.01

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
22.87	Speed reference act 7	Displays the value of speed reference before application of critical speeds. See the control chain diagram on page 555. The value is received from 22.86 Speed reference act 6 unless overridden by • any constant speed • a jogging reference • network control reference • control panel reference • safe speed reference. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Speed reference before application of critical speeds.	See par. 46.01
23 Spe	ed reference	Speed reference ramp settings (programming of the	
ramp		acceleration and deceleration rates for the drive). See the control chain diagram on page 556.	
23.01	Speed ref ramp input	Displays the used speed reference (in rpm) before it enters the ramping and shaping functions. See the control chain diagram on page 556. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Speed reference before ramping and shaping.	See par. 46.01
23.02	Speed ref ramp output	Displays the ramped and shaped speed reference in rpm. See the control chain diagram on page <u>556</u> . This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Speed reference after ramping and shaping.	See par. 46.01
23.11	Ramp set selection	Selects the source that switches between the two sets of acceleration/deceleration ramp times defined by parameters 23.1223.15. 0 = Acceleration time 1 and deceleration time 1 are active 1 = Acceleration time 2 and deceleration time 2 are active	DI5
	Acc/Dec time 1	0.	0
	Acc/Dec time 2	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	Reserved		817
	FBAA	For Transparent16 and Transparent32 profiles only. DCU control word bit 10 received through the fieldbus adapter A.	18
	Reserved		19
	EFB DCU CW bit 10	Only for the DCU profile. DCU control word bit 10 received through the embedded fieldbus interface.	20
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 196).	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
23.12	Acceleration time 1	Defines acceleration time 1 as the time required for the speed to change from zero to the speed defined by parameter 46.01 Speed scaling (not to parameter 30.12 Maximum speed). If the speed reference increases faster than the set acceleration rate, the motor speed will follow the acceleration rate. If the speed reference increases slower than the set acceleration rate, the motor speed will follow the reference. If the acceleration time is set too short, the drive will automatically prolong the acceleration in order not to exceed the drive torque limits.	5.000 s
	0.0001800.000 s	Acceleration time 1.	10 = 1 s
23.13	Deceleration time 1	Defines deceleration time 1 as the time required for the speed to change from the speed defined by parameter 46.01 Speed scaling (not from parameter 30.12 Maximum speed) to zero. If the speed reference decreases slower than the set deceleration rate, the motor speed will follow the reference. If the reference changes faster than the set deceleration rate, the motor speed will follow the deceleration rate. If the deceleration rate is set too short, the drive will automatically prolong the deceleration in order not to exceed drive torque limits (or not to exceed a safe DC link voltage). If there is any doubt about the deceleration time being too short, ensure that DC overvoltage control is on (parameter 30.30 Overvoltage control). <b>Note:</b> If a short deceleration time is needed for a high inertia application, the drive should be equipped with braking equipment such as a brake chopper and brake resistor.	5.000 s
	0.0001800.000 s	Deceleration time 1.	10 = 1 s
23.14	Acceleration time 2	Defines acceleration time 2. See parameter 23.12 Acceleration time 1.	60.000 s
	0.0001800.000 s	Acceleration time 2.	10 = 1 s
23.15	Deceleration time 2	Defines deceleration time 2. See parameter 23.13 Deceleration time 1.	60.000 s
	0.0001800.000 s	Deceleration time 2.	10 = 1 s
23.20	Acc time jogging	Defines the acceleration time for the jogging function ie. the time required for the speed to change from zero to the speed value defined by parameter <i>46.01 Speed scaling</i> . See section <i>Settings and diagnostics</i> (page <i>165</i> ).	60.000 s
	0.0001800.000 s	Acceleration time for jogging.	10 = 1 s
23.21	Dec time jogging	Defines the deceleration time for the jogging function ie. the time required for the speed to change from the speed value defined by parameter <i>46.01 Speed scaling</i> to zero. See section <i>Settings and diagnostics</i> (page <i>165</i> ).	60.000 s
	0.0001800.000 s	Deceleration time for jogging.	10 = 1 s

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
23.23	Emergency stop time	<ul> <li>Defines the time inside which the drive is stopped if an emergency stop Off3 is activated (that is, the time required for the speed to change from the speed value defined by parameter 46.01 Speed scaling or 46.02 Frequency scaling to zero). Emergency stop mode and activation source are selected by parameters 21.04 Emergency stop mode and 21.05 Emergency stop source respectively. Emergency stop can also be activated through fieldbus.</li> <li>Note:</li> <li>Emergency stop Off1 uses the standard deceleration ramp as defined by parameters 23.1123.15.</li> <li>The same parameter value is also used in frequency control mode (ramp parameters 28.7128.75).</li> </ul>	3.000 s
	0.0001800.000 s	Emergency stop Off3 deceleration time.	10 = 1 s
23.28	Variable slope enable	Activates the variable slope function, which controls the slope of the speed ramp during a speed reference change. This allows for a constantly variable ramp rate to be generated, instead of just the standard two ramps normally available. If the update interval of the signal from an external control system and the variable slope rate (23.29 Variable slope rate) are equal, speed reference (23.02 Speed ref ramp output) is a straight line. Speed reference Speed reference 23.02 Speed ref ramp output Time t = update interval of signal from an external control system A = speed reference change during t This function is only active in remote control.	Off
	Off	Variable slope disabled.	0
	On	Variable slope enabled (not available in local control).	1
23.29	Variable slope rate	Defines the rate of the speed reference change when variable slope is enabled by parameter 23.28 Variable slope enable. For the best result, enter the reference update interval into this parameter.	50 ms
	230000 ms	Variable slope rate.	1 = 1 ms

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Shape time 1	Defines the shape of the acceleration and deceleration ramps used with the set 1. 0.000 s: Linear ramp. Suitable for steady acceleration or deceleration and for slow ramps. 0.0011000.000 s: S-curve ramp. S-curve ramps are ideal for lifting applications. The S-curve consists of symmetrical curves at both ends of the ramp and a linear part in between. Acceleration: Speed Linear ramp: 23.32 = 0 s Linear ramp: 23.32 = 0 s S-curve ramp: 23.32 > 0 s S-curve ramp: 23.32 > 0 s Time	0.000 s
		Deceleration: Speed S-curve ramp: 23.32 > 0 s Linear ramp: 23.32 = 0 s Linear ramp: 23.32 = 0 s Time	
	0.0001800.000 s	Ramp shape at start and end of acceleration and deceleration.	10 = 1 s
23.33	Shape time 2	Defines the shape of the acceleration and deceleration ramps used with the set 2. See parameter 23.32 <i>Shape time 1</i> .	0.000 s
	0.0001800.000 s	Ramp shape at start and end of acceleration and deceleration.	10 = 1 s

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	eed reference ioning	Speed error calculation; speed error window control configuration; speed error step. See the control chain diagram on page 557.	
24.01	Used speed reference	Displays the ramped and corrected speed reference (before speed error calculation). See the control chain diagram on page 557. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Speed reference used for speed error calculation.	See par. 46.01
24.02	Used speed feedback	Displays the speed feedback used for speed error calculation. See the control chain diagram on page 557. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Speed feedback used for speed error calculation.	See par. 46.01
24.03	Speed error filtered	Displays the filtered speed error. See the control chain diagram on page 557. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.0 30000.0 rpm	Filtered speed error.	See par. 46.01
24.04	Speed error inverted	Displays the inverted (unfiltered) speed error. See the control chain diagram on page 557. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.0 30000.0 rpm	Inverted speed error.	See par. 46.01
24.11	Speed correction	Defines a speed reference correction, ie. a value added to the existing reference between ramping and limitation. This is useful to trim the speed if necessary, for example to adjust draw between sections of a paper machine. See the control chain diagram on page 557.	0.00 rpm
	-10000.00 10000.00 rpm	Speed reference correction.	See par. 46.01
24.12	Speed error filter time	Defines the time constant of the speed error low-pass filter. If the used speed reference changes rapidly, the possible interferences in the speed measurement can be filtered with the speed error filter. Reducing the ripple with this filter may cause speed controller tuning problems. A long filter time constant and fast acceleration time contradict one another. A very long filter time results in unstable control.	0 ms
	010000 ms	Speed error filtering time constant. 0 = filtering disabled.	1 = 1 ms
25 Spe	eed control	Speed controller settings. See the control chain diagram on page 557.	
25.01	Torque reference speed control	Displays the speed controller output that is transferred to the torque controller. See the control chain diagram on page 557. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-1600.01600.0%	Limited speed controller output torque.	See par. 46.03

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
25.02	Speed proportional gain	Defines the proportional gain $(K_p)$ of the speed controller. Too high a gain may cause speed oscillation. The figure below shows the speed controller output after an error step when the error remains constant.	5.00
	q	Gain = $K_p = 1$ $T_l =$ Integration time = 0 $T_D =$ Derivation time = 0	
		Error value	
	Controller output = K <sub>p</sub> × e	e =	Error value ne
		If gain is set to 1, a 10% change in error value (reference - actual value) causes the speed controller output to change by 10%, that is, the output value is input × gain.	
	0.00250.00	Proportional gain for speed controller.	100 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
25.03	Speed integration time $K_p \times e \begin{cases} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$	Defines the integration time of the speed controller. The integration time defines the rate at which the controller output changes when the error value is constant and the proportional gain of the speed controller is 1. The shorter the integration time, the faster the continuous error value is corrected. This time constant must be set to the same order of magnitude as the time constant (time to respond) of the actual mechanical system being controlled, otherwise instability will result. Setting the integration time to zero disables the l-part of the controller. This is useful to do when tuning the proportional gain; adjust the proportional gain first, then return the integration time. Anti-windup (the integrator just integrates up to 100%) stops the integrator if the controller output is limited. The figure below shows the speed controller output after an error step when the error remains constant. Controller output Gain = K <sub>p</sub> = 1 $T_l$ = Integration time > $T_D$ = Derivation time = 0 $T_L$	1.50 s
	0.001000.00 s	Integration time for speed controller.	10 = 1 s

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
25.04	Speed derivation time	Defines the derivation time of the speed controller. Derivative action boosts the controller output if the error value changes. The longer the derivation time, the more the speed controller output is boosted during the change. If the derivation time is set to zero, the controller works as a PI controller, otherwise as a PID controller. The derivation makes the control more responsive for disturbances. For simple applications, derivative time is not normally required and should be left at zero. The speed error derivative must be filtered with a low pass filter to eliminate disturbances. The figure below shows the speed controller output after an error step when the error remains constant.	0.000 s
	$K_{p} \times T_{D} \times \frac{\Delta e}{T_{s}} \begin{cases} \dots \\ K_{p} \\ K_{p} \end{cases}$	$x = \begin{cases} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$	alue
	T <sub>I</sub> T <sub>D</sub> T <sub>s</sub>	ain = K <sub>p</sub> = 1 = Integration time > 0 = Derivation time > 0 = Sample time period = 250 μs = Error value change between two samples	
	0.00010.000 s	Derivation time for speed controller.	1000 = 1 s
25.05	Derivation filter time	Defines the derivation filter time constant. See parameter 25.04 Speed derivation time.	8 ms
	010000 ms	Derivation filter time constant.	1 = 1 ms

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
No. 25.06	Name/Value Acc comp derivation time	Description Defines the derivation time for acceleration(/deceleration) compensation. In order to compensate for a high inertia load during acceleration, a derivative of the reference is added to the output of the speed controller. The principle of a derivative action is described under parameter 25.04 Speed derivation time. Note: As a general rule, set this parameter to the value between 50 and 100% of the sum of the mechanical time constants of the motor and the driven machine. The figure below shows the speed responses when a high inertia load is accelerated along a ramp. No acceleration compensation:  Acceleration compensation:	0.00 s
		Time	
	0.001000.00 s	Acceleration compensation derivation time.	10 = 1 s
25.07	Acc comp filter time	Defines the acceleration (or deceleration) compensation filter	8.0 ms
20.07		time constant. See parameters 25.04 Speed derivation time and 25.06 Acc comp derivation time.	
	0.01000.0 ms	Acceleration/deceleration compensation filter time.	1 = 1 ms
25.15	Proportional gain em stop	Defines the proportional gain for the speed controller when an emergency stop is active. See parameter 25.02 Speed proportional gain.	10.00
	1.00250.00	Proportional gain upon an emergency stop.	100 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
25.33	Speed controller autotune	<ul> <li>Activates (or selects a source that activates) the speed controller autotune function. See section Speed controller autotune (page 126).</li> <li>The autotune will automatically set parameters 25.02 Speed proportional gain, 25.03 Speed integration time and 25.37 Mechanical time constant.</li> <li>The prerequisites for performing the autotune routine are:         <ul> <li>the motor identification run (ID run) has been successfully completed</li> <li>the speed and torque limits (parameter group 30 Limits) have been set</li> <li>speed error filtering (24 Speed reference conditioning) and zero speed (21 Start/stop mode) have been set, and</li> <li>the drive has been started and is running in speed control mode.</li> </ul> </li> <li>MARNING: The motor and machinery will run against the torque and speed limits during the autotune routine. MAKE SURE IT IS SAFE TO ACTIVATE THE AUTOTUNE FUNCTION!</li> <li>The autotune contine can be aborted by stopping the drive.</li> <li>0-&gt;1 = Activate speed controller autotune</li> </ul>	Off
	Off	0	0
	On	1	1
25.34	Speed controller autotune mode	Defines a control preset for the speed controller autotune function. The setting affects the way the torque reference will respond to a speed reference step.	Normal
	Smooth	Slow but robust response.	0
	Normal	Medium setting.	1
	Tight	Fast response. May produce too high a gain value for some applications.	2
25.37	Mechanical time constant	Mechanical time constant of the drive and the machinery as determined by the speed controller autotune function. The value can be adjusted manually.	0.00
	0.001000.00 s	Mechanical time constant.	100 = 1 s
25.38	Autotune torque step	Defines an added torque value used by the autotune function. This value is scaled to motor nominal torque. Note that the torque used by the autotune function can also be limited by the torque limits (in parameter group <i>30 Limits</i> ) and nominal motor torque.	10.00%
	0.0020.00%	Autotune torque step.	100 = 1%
25.39	Autotune speed step	Defines a speed value added to the initial speed for the autotune routine. The initial speed (speed used when autotune is activated) plus the value of this parameter is the calculated maximum speed used by the autotune routine. The maximum speed can also be limited by the speed limits (in parameter group <i>30 Limits</i> ) and nominal motor speed. The value is scaled to motor nominal speed. <b>Note:</b> The motor will exceed the calculated maximum speed slightly at the end of each acceleration stage.	10.00%
	0.0020.00%	Autotune speed step.	100 = 1%

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
25.40	Autotune repeat times	Determines how many acceleration/deceleration cycles are performed during the autotune routine. Increasing the value will improve the accuracy of the autotune function, and allow the use of smaller torque or speed step values.	5
	110	Repeat times	1 = 1
25.53	Torque prop reference	Displays the output of the proportional (P) part of the speed controller. See the control chain diagram on page 557. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.0 30000.0%	P-part output of speed controller.	See par. 46.03
25.54	Torque integral reference	Displays the output of the integral (I) part of the speed controller. See the control chain diagram on page 557. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.0 30000.0%	I-part output of speed controller.	See par. 46.03
25.55	Torque deriv reference	Displays the output of the derivative (D) part of the speed controller. See the control chain diagram on page 557. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.0 30000.0%	D-part output of speed controller.	See par. 46.03
25.56	Torque acc compensation	Displays the output of the acceleration compensation function. See the control chain diagram on page 557. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.0 30000.0%	Output of acceleration compensation function.	See par. 46.03

26 Torque reference chain		Settings for the torque reference chain. See the control chain diagrams on pages <i>560</i> and <i>561</i> .	
26.01	Torque reference to TC	Displays the final torque reference given to the torque controller in percent. This reference is then acted upon by various final limiters, like power, torque, load etc. See the control chain diagrams on pages 560 and 561. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-1600.01600.0%	Torque reference for torque control in percent of motor nominal torque (99.12).	See par. 46.03
26.02	Torque reference used	Displays the final torque reference (in percent of motor nominal torque) given to the torque controller, and comes after frequency, voltage and torque limitation. See the control chain diagram on page <i>562</i> . This parameter is read-only.	-
	-1600.01600.0%	Torque reference for torque control in percent of motor nominal torque (99.12).	See par. 46.03
26.08	Minimum torque ref	Defines the minimum torque reference. Allows for local limiting of the torque reference before it is passed on to the torque ramp controller. For absolute torque limiting, refer to parameter <i>30.19 Minimum torque 1</i> .	-300.0%
	-1000.00.0%	Minimum torque reference in percent of motor nominal torque (99.12).	See par. 46.03

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
26.09	Maximum torque ref	Defines the maximum torque reference. Allows for local limiting of the torque reference before it is passed on to the torque ramp controller. For absolute torque limiting, refer to parameter <i>30.20 Maximum torque 1</i> .	300.0%
	0.01000.0%	Maximum torque reference in percent of motor nominal torque (99.12).	See par. 46.03
26.11	Torque ref1 source	Selects torque reference source 1. Two signal sources can be defined by this parameter and 26.12 Torque ref2 source. A digital source selected by 26.14 Torque ref1/2 selection can be used to switch between the two sources, or a mathematical function (26.13 Torque ref1 function) applied to the two signals to create the reference.	Zero
	0 AI FB Other Other 0 AI FB Cher Other	26.70 ADD 0 26.70 SUB 0 MUL 0 MNN 0 1 MAX 0 26.14 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	26.72)
	Zero	None.	0
	AI1 scaled	12.12 Al1 scaled value (see page 227).	1
	AI2 scaled	12.22 Al2 scaled value (see page 229).	2
	Reserved		3
	FB A ref1	03.05 FB A reference 1 (see page 202).	4
	FB A ref2	03.06 FB A reference 2 (see page 202).	5
	Reserved		67
	EFB ref1	03.09 EFB reference 1 (see page 202).	8
	EFB ref2	03.10 EFB reference 2 (see page 203).	9
	Reserved		1014
	Motor potentiometer	22.80 Motor potentiometer ref act (output of the motor potentiometer).	15
	PID	40.01 Process PID output actual (output of the process PID controller).	16
	Frequency input	11.38 Freq in 1 actual value (when DI5 is used as a frequency input).	17

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Control panel (ref saved)	Control panel reference (03.01 Panel reference, see page 202) saved by the control system for the location where the control returns is used as the reference. Reference	18
	Control panel (ref copied)	Control panel reference (03.01 Panel reference, see page 202) for the previous control location is used as the references when the control location changes if the references for the two locations are of the same type (for example, frequency/speed/torque/PID); otherwise, the actual signal is used as the new reference. Reference EXT1 reference EXT1 reference EXT2 reference Active reference Inactive reference	19
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
26.12	Torque ref2 source	Selects torque reference source 2. For the selections, and a diagram of reference source selection, see parameter 26.11 Torque ref1 source.	Zero
26.13	Torque ref1 function	Selects a mathematical function between the reference sources selected by parameters 26.11 Torque ref1 source and 26.12 Torque ref2 source. See diagram at 26.11 Torque ref1 source.	Ref1
	Ref1	Signal selected by 26.11 Torque ref1 source is used as torque reference 1 as such (no function applied).	0
	Add (ref1 + ref2)	The sum of the reference sources is used as torque reference 1.	1
	Sub (ref1 - ref2)	The subtraction ([26.11 Torque ref1 source] - [26.12 Torque ref2 source]) of the reference sources is used as torque reference 1.	2
	Mul (ref1 × ref2)	The multiplication of the reference sources is used as torque reference 1.	3
	Min (ref1, ref2)	The smaller of the reference sources is used as torque reference 1.	4
	Max (ref1, ref2)	The greater of the reference sources is used as torque reference 1.	5
26.14	Torque ref1/2 selection	Configures the selection between torque references 1 and 2. See diagram at 26.11 Torque ref1 source. 0 = Torque reference 1 1 = Torque reference 2	Torque reference 1
	Torque reference 1	0.	0
	Torque reference 2	1.	1

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Follow Ext1/Ext2 selection	Torque reference 1 is used when external control location EXT1 is active. Torque reference 2 is used when external control location EXT2 is active. See also parameter 19.11 Ext1/Ext2 selection.	2
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	3
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	4
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	5
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	6
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	7
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	8
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 196).	-
26.17	Torque ref filter time	Defines a low-pass filter time constant for the torque reference.	0.000 s
	0.00030.000 s	Filter time constant for torque reference.	1000 = 1 s
26.18	Torque ramp up time	Defines the torque reference ramp-up time, that is, the time for the reference to increase from zero to nominal motor torque.	0.000 s
	0.00060.000 s	Torque reference ramp-up time.	100 = 1 s
26.19	Torque ramp down time	Defines the torque reference ramp-down time, that is, the time for the reference to decrease from nominal motor torque to zero.	0.000 s
	0.00060.000 s	Torque reference ramp-down time.	100 = 1 s
26.20	Torque reversal	Selects the source of torque reversal function.	Always off
	Always off	Torque reversal function is disabled.	0
	Always on	Torque reversal function is enabled.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	Reserved		817
	Timed function 1	Bit 0 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	18
	Timed function 2	Bit 1 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	19
	Timed function 3	Bit 2 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	20
	Reserved		2123
	Supervision 1	Bit 0 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	24
	Supervision 2	Bit 1 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	25
	Supervision 3	Bit 2 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	26
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
26.70	Torque reference act 1	Displays the value of torque reference source 1 (selected by parameter 26.11 Torque ref1 source). See the control chain diagram on page 560. This parameter is read-only.	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	-1600.01600.0%	Value of torque reference source 1.	See par. 46.03
26.71	Torque reference act 2	Displays the value of torque reference source 2 (selected by parameter 26.12 Torque ref2 source). See the control chain diagram on page 560. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-1600.01600.0%	Value of torque reference source 2.	See par. 46.03
26.72	Torque reference act 3	Displays the torque reference after the function applied by parameter 26.13 Torque ref1 function (if any), and after selection (26.14 Torque ref1/2 selection). See the control chain diagram on page 560. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-1600.01600.0%	Torque reference after selection.	See par. 46.03
26.73	<i>Torque reference act 4</i>	Displays the torque reference after application of reference additive 1. See the control chain diagram on page 560. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-1600.01600.0%	Torque reference after application of reference additive 1.	See par. 46.03
26.74	Torque ref ramp out	Displays the torque reference after limiting and ramping. See the control chain diagram on page 560. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-1600.01600.0%	Torque reference after limiting and ramping.	See par. 46.03
26.75	<i>Torque reference act 5</i>	Displays the torque reference after control mode selection. See the control chain diagram on page <i>561</i> . This parameter is read-only.	-
	-1600.01600.0%	Torque reference after control mode selection.	See par. 46.03
26.76	<i>Torque reference act 6</i>	Displays the torque reference after torque trim. See the control chain diagram on page <i>561</i> . This parameter is read-only.	-
	-1600.01600.0%	Torque reference after torque trim.	See par. 46.03
26.81	Rush control gain	Rush controller gain term. See section <i>Rush control</i> (page 165).	5.0
	0.010000.0	Rush controller gain.	1 = 1
26.82	Rush control integration time	Rush controller integration time term.	2.0
	0.010.0	Rush controller integration time.	1 = 1 s
28 Fre chain	quency reference	Settings for the frequency reference chain. See the control chain diagrams on pages 552 and 553.	
28.01	Frequency ref ramp	Displays the used frequency reference before ramping. See	-

28.01	Frequency ref ramp input	Displays the used frequency reference before ramping. See the control chain diagram on page 552. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-500.00500.00 Hz	Frequency reference before ramping.	See par. 46.02

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
28.02	Frequency ref ramp output	Displays the final frequency reference (after selection, limitation and ramping). See the control chain diagram on page 552. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-500.00500.00 Hz	Final frequency reference.	See par. 46.02
28.11	Ext1 frequency ref1	Selects EXT1 frequency reference source 1. Two signal sources can be defined by this parameter and 28.12 Ext1 frequency ref2. A mathematical function (28.13 Ext1 frequency function) applied to the two signals creates an EXT1 reference (A in the figure below). A digital source selected by 19.11 Ext1/Ext2 selection can be used to switch between EXT1 reference and the corresponding EXT2 reference defined by parameters 28.15 Ext2 frequency ref1, 28.16 Ext2 frequency ref2 and 28.17 Ext2 frequency function (B in the figure below).	Al1 scaled
	0 Al FB  Other Al FB Other	28.11 28.13 ADD SUB SUB ADD EXT1 (19.11 0 (7)	
	0	28.15 28.17 ADD SUB EXT2 B 28.16 MIN C C C C C C C C C C C C C	<u>3.92</u> )- <b>&gt;</b>
	Zero	None.	0
	Al1 scaled	12.12 Al1 scaled value (see page 227).	1
	Al2 scaled	12.22 Al2 scaled value (see page 229).	2
	Reserved	······································	3
	FB A ref1	03.05 FB A reference 1 (see page 202).	4
	FB A ref2	03.06 FB A reference 2 (see page 202).	5

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Reserved		67
	EFB ref1	03.09 EFB reference 1 (see page 202).	8
	EFB ref2	03.10 EFB reference 2 (see page 203).	9
	Reserved		1014
	Motor potentiometer	22.80 Motor potentiometer ref act (output of the motor potentiometer).	15
	PID	40.01 Process PID output actual (output of the process PID controller).	16
	Frequency input	11.38 Freq in 1 actual value (when DI5 is used as a frequency input).	17
	Control panel (ref saved)	Control panel reference (03.01 Panel reference, see page 202) saved by the control system for the location where the control returns is used as the reference. Reference	18
	Control panel (ref copied)	Control panel reference (03.01 Panel reference, see page 202) for the previous control location is used as the references when the control location changes if the references for the two locations are of the same type (for example, frequency/speed/torque/PID); otherwise, the actual signal is used as the new reference. Reference EXT1 reference EXT1 reference EXT1 reference CXT1 reference CX	19
	Other	Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 196).	-
28.12	Ext1 frequency ref2	Selects EXT1 frequency reference source 2. For the selections, and a diagram of reference source selection, see parameter 28.11 Ext1 frequency ref1.	Zero
28.13	Ext1 frequency function	Selects a mathematical function between the reference sources selected by parameters 28.11 Ext1 frequency ref1 and 28.12 Ext1 frequency ref2. See diagram at 28.11 Ext1 frequency ref1.	Ref1
	Ref1	Signal selected by 28.11 Ext1 frequency ref1 is used as frequency reference 1 as such (no function applied).	0
	Add (ref1 + ref2)	The sum of the reference sources is used as frequency reference 1.	1
	Sub (ref1 - ref2)	The subtraction ([28.11 Ext1 frequency ref1] - [28.12 Ext1 frequency ref2]) of the reference sources is used as frequency reference 1.	2
	Mul (ref1 × ref2)	The multiplication of the reference sources is used as frequency reference 1.	3
	Min (ref1, ref2)	The smaller of the reference sources is used as frequency reference 1.	4

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Max (ref1, ref2)	The greater of the reference sources is used as frequency reference 1.	5
28.15	Ext2 frequency ref1	Selects EXT2 frequency reference source 1. Two signal sources can be defined by this parameter and 28.16 Ext2 frequency ref2. A mathematical function (28.17 Ext2 frequency function) applied to the two signals creates an EXT2 reference. See diagram at 28.11 Ext1 frequency ref1.	Zero
	Zero	None.	0
	AI1 scaled	12.12 Al1 scaled value (see page 227).	1
	AI2 scaled	12.22 Al2 scaled value (see page 229).	2
	Reserved		3
	FB A ref1	03.05 FB A reference 1 (see page 202).	4
	FB A ref2	03.06 FB A reference 2 (see page 202).	5
	Reserved		67
	EFB ref1	03.09 EFB reference 1 (see page 202).	8
	EFB ref2	03.10 EFB reference 2 (see page 203).	9
	Reserved		1014
	Motor potentiometer	22.80 Motor potentiometer ref act (output of the motor potentiometer).	15
	PID	40.01 Process PID output actual (output of the process PID controller).	16
	Frequency input	<i>11.38 Freq in 1 actual value</i> (when DI5 or DI6 is used as a frequency input).	17
	Control panel (ref saved)	Control panel reference (03.01 Panel reference, see page 202) saved by the control system for the location where the control returns is used as the reference. Reference • EXT1 reference • EXT1 reference • Active reference • Inactive reference	18
	Control panel (ref copied)	Control panel reference (03.01 Panel reference, see page 202) for the previous control location is used as the references when the control location changes if the references for the two locations are of the same type (for example, frequency/speed/torque/PID); otherwise, the actual signal is used as the new reference. Reference $EXT1 reference$ $EXT1 reference$ $EXT1 reference$ $EXT1 reference$ $CXT1 reference$ $CXT1 reference$ $CXT1 reference$ $CXT1 reference$ $CXT1 reference$	19
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
28.16	Ext2 frequency ref2	Selects EXT2 frequency reference source 2. For the selections, and a diagram of reference source selection, see parameter 28.15 Ext2 frequency ref1.	Zero

No.	Name/Value		Description	Def/FbEq16		
28.17	Ext2 frequency function		Selects a mathematical function between the reference sources selected by parameters 28.15 Ext2 frequency ref1 and 28.16 Ext2 frequency ref2. See diagram at 28.15 Ext2 frequency ref1.	Ref1		
	Ref1		Signal selected by 28.15 Ext2 frequency ref1 is used as frequency reference 1 as such (no function applied).	0		
	Add (re	ef1 + ref2)	The sum of the reference sources is used as frequency reference 1.	1		
	Sub (re	ef1 - ref2)	The subtraction ([28.15 Ext2 frequency ref1] - [28.16 Ext2 frequency ref2]) of the reference sources is used as frequency reference 1.	2		
	Mul (re	f1 × ref2)	The multiplication of the reference sources is used as frequency reference 1.	3		
	Min (re	f1, ref2)	The smaller of the reference sources is used as frequency reference 1.	4		
	Max (re	ef1, ref2)	The greater of the reference sources is used as frequency reference 1.	5		
28.21	Constant frequency function		Determines how constant frequencies are selected, and whether the rotation direction signal is considered or not when applying a constant frequency.	0001b		
	Bit	Name	Information			
	0	Const freq mode				
			0 = Separate: Constant frequencies 1, 2 and 3 are separa by the sources defined by parameters 28.22, 28.23 and 2 respectively. In case of conflict, the constant frequency w number takes priority.	8.24		
	1	Direction enable	1 = Start dir: To determine running direction for a constant sign of the constant speed setting (parameters 22.2622 multiplied by the direction signal (forward: +1, reverse: -1 effectively allows the drive to have 14 (7 forward, 7 reverses speeds if all values in 22.2622.32 are positive.         Marking: If the direction signal is reverse and the constant speed is negative, the drive will run in the direction.         0 = Accord Par; The running direction for the constant speed	2.32) is ). This se) constant ne active e forward		
			determined by the sign of the constant speed setting (par 22.2622.32).			
	215	Reserved				
		0011b				

No.	Name/\	/alue	Des	cription			Def/FbEq16
28.22	Constant frequency sel1		0 (S freq Whe 1 (P freq	Separate), selects a uency 1. en bit 0 of paramet Packed), this param uency sel2 and 28 e sources whose s	a source that active er 28.21 Constant leter and paramete .24 Constant frequ	frequency function is ers 28.23 Constant	DI3
		Source defi	ned	Source defined	Source defined	Constant frequen	су
		by par. 28.	22	by par. 28.23	by par. 28.24	active	
		0		0	0	None	
		0		1	0	Constant frequenc	,
		1		1	0	Constant frequenc	,
		0		0	1	Constant frequenc	
		1		0	1	Constant frequenc	
		0		1	1	Constant frequenc	y 6
		1		1	1	Constant frequenc	у 7
	Always	off	Alw	ays off.			0
	Always			ays on.			1
	DI1		Digi	tal input DI1 (10.0)	2 DI delayed status	s, bit 0).	2
	DI2				2 DI delayed status		3
	DI3		Digi	tal input DI3 (10.0	2 DI delayed statu	s, bit 2).	4
	DI4		Digi	tal input DI4 (10.0	2 DI delayed statu	s, bit 3).	5
	DI5		Digi	tal input DI5 (10.0	2 DI delayed status	s, bit 4).	6
	DI6		Digi	tal input DI6 (10.0	2 DI delayed status	s, bit 5).	7
	Reserve	ed					817
	Timed f	unction 1	Bit (	) of 34.01 Timed fu	<i>inctions status</i> (se	e page <mark>327</mark> ).	18
	Timed f	unction 2	Bit '	1 of 34.01 Timed fu	unctions status (se	e page <mark>327</mark> ).	19
	Timed f	unction 3	Bit 2	2 of 34.01 Timed fu	unctions status (se	e page <mark>327</mark> ).	20
	Reserve	ed					2123
	Supervi	sion 1	Bit (	) of 32.01 Supervis	sion status (see pa	ge <mark>319</mark> ).	24
	Supervi	sion 2	Bit '	1 of 32.01 Supervis	sion status (see pa	ge <mark>319</mark> ).	25
	Supervi	sion 3	Bit 2	2 of 32.01 Supervis	sion status (see pa	ge <mark>319</mark> ).	26
	Other [b	oit]	Sou	rce selection (see	Terms and abbrev	<i>iations</i> on page 196).	-
28.23	Constai sel2	nt frequency	0 (S freq Whe 1 (P freq thre	Separate), selects a uency 2. en bit 0 of paramet Packed), this param uency sel1 and 28 e sources that are	a source that active er 28.21 Constant neter and parameter .24 Constant frequ	frequency function is ers 28.22 Constant uency sel3 select onstant frequencies.	DI4
				the selections, see		Constant frequency	

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
28.24	Constant frequency sel3	When bit 0 of parameter 28.21 Constant frequency function is 0 (Separate), selects a source that activates constant frequency 3. When bit 0 of parameter 28.21 Constant frequency function is 1 (Packed), this parameter and parameters 28.22 Constant frequency sel1 and 28.23 Constant frequency sel2 select three sources that are used to activate constant frequencies. See table at parameter 28.22 Constant frequency sel1. For the selections, see parameter 28.22 Constant frequency sel1.	Always off
28.26	Constant frequency 1	Defines constant frequency 1 (the frequency the motor will turn when constant frequency 1 is selected).	5.00 Hz; 6.00 Hz (95.20 b0)
	-500.00500.00 Hz	Constant frequency 1.	See par. 46.02
28.27	Constant frequency 2	Defines constant frequency 2.	10.00 Hz; 12.00 Hz (95.20 b0)
	-500.00500.00 Hz	Constant frequency 2.	See par. 46.02
28.28	Constant frequency 3	Defines constant frequency 3.	15.00 Hz; 18.00 Hz (95.20 b0)
	-500.00500.00 Hz	Constant frequency 3.	See par. 46.02
28.29	Constant frequency 4	Defines constant frequency 4.	20.00 Hz; 24.00 Hz (95.20 b0)
	-500.00500.00 Hz	Constant frequency 4.	See par. 46.02
28.30	Constant frequency 5	Defines constant frequency 5.	25.00 Hz; 30.00 Hz (95.20 b0)
	-500.00500.00 Hz	Constant frequency 5.	See par. 46.02
28.31	Constant frequency 6	Defines constant frequency 6.	40.00 Hz; 48.00 Hz (95.20 b0)
	-500.00500.00 Hz	Constant frequency 6.	See par. 46.02
28.32	Constant frequency 7	Defines constant frequency 7.	50.00 Hz; 60.00 Hz (95.20 b0)
	-500.00500.00 Hz	Constant frequency 7.	See par. 46.02
28.41	Frequency ref safe	<ul> <li>Defines a safe frequency reference value that is used with supervision functions such as</li> <li>12.03 AI supervision function</li> <li>49.05 Communication loss action</li> <li>50.02 FBA A comm loss func.</li> </ul>	0.00 Hz
	-500.00500.00 Hz	Safe frequency reference.	See par. 46.02

No.	Name/Value		Des	scription	Def/FbEq16
28.42	Jogging frequenc			fines the frequency reference for jogging function 1 in lar control mode.	0.00 Hz
	-500.00. Hz	500.00	Jog	iging 1 frequency reference.	See par. 46.02
28.43	Jogging frequenc			fines the frequency reference for jogging function 2 in lar control mode.	0.00 Hz
	-500.00. Hz	500.00	Jog	iging 2 frequency reference.	See par. 46.02
28.51	Critical fr function	requency	det rota	ables/disables the critical frequencies function. Also ermines whether the specified ranges are effective in both ating directions or not. e also section <i>Critical speeds/frequencies</i> (page 125).	0000b
	Bit	Name		Information	
	0	Crit freq		1 = Enable: Critical frequencies enabled.	
				0 = Disable: Critical frequencies disabled.	
	1	Sign mode		1 = According to par: The signs of parameters 28.5228.6 into account.	7 are taken
				0 = Absolute: Parameters 28.5228.57 are handled as abs Each range is effective in both directions of rotation.	solute values.
	0000b			tical frequencies configuration word.	1 = 1
28.52	Critical fr low	equency 1	Not	fines the low limit for critical frequency 1. <b>te:</b> This value must be less than or equal to the value of <i>53 Critical frequency 1 high.</i>	0.00 Hz
	-500.00. Hz	500.00	Lov	v limit for critical frequency 1.	See par. 46.02
28.53	Critical fr high	equency 1	Not	fines the high limit for critical frequency 1. te: This value must be greater than or equal to the value of 52 Critical frequency 1 low.	0.00 Hz
	-500.00. Hz	500.00	Hig	h limit for critical frequency 1.	See par. 46.02
28.54	Critical fr Iow	requency 2	Not	fines the low limit for critical frequency 2. te: This value must be less than or equal to the value of <i>55 Critical frequency 2 high</i> .	0.00 Hz
	-500.00. Hz	500.00	Lov	v limit for critical frequency 2.	See par. 46.02
28.55	Critical frequency 2 high		Not	fines the high limit for critical frequency 2. te: This value must be greater than or equal to the value of 54 Critical frequency 2 low.	0.00 Hz
	-500.00. Hz	500.00	Hig	h limit for critical frequency 2.	See par. 46.02
28.56	low	requency 3	Not	fines the low limit for critical frequency 3. t <b>e:</b> This value must be less than or equal to the value of 57 Critical frequency 3 high.	0.00 Hz
	-500.00. Hz	500.00	Lov	v limit for critical frequency 3.	See par. 46.02

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
28.57	Critical frequency 3 high	Defines the high limit for critical frequency 3. <b>Note:</b> This value must be greater than or equal to the value of 28.56 <i>Critical frequency 3 low.</i>	0.00 Hz
	-500.00500.00 Hz	High limit for critical frequency 3.	See par. 46.02
28.71	Freq ramp set selection	Selects a source that switches between the two sets of acceleration/deceleration times defined by parameters 28.7228.75. 0 = Acceleration time 1 and deceleration time 1 are in force 1 = Acceleration time 2 and deceleration time 2 are in force	DI5
	Acc/Dec time 1	0.	0
	Acc/Dec time 2	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	Reserved		817
	FBAA	For Transparent16 and Transparent32 profiles only. DCU control word bit 10 received through the fieldbus adapter.	18
	Reserved		19
	EFB DCU CW bit 10	Only for the DCU profile. DCU control word bit 10 received through the embedded fieldbus interface.	20
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
28.72	Freq acceleration time 1	Defines acceleration time 1 as the time required for the frequency to change from zero to the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling. After this frequency has been reached, the acceleration continues with the same rate to the value defined by parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency. If the reference increases faster than the set acceleration rate, the motor will follow the acceleration rate. If the reference increases slower than the set acceleration rate, the motor frequency will follow the reference. If the acceleration time is set too short, the drive will automatically prolong the acceleration in order not to exceed the drive torque limits.	20.000 s
	0.0001800.000 s	Acceleration time 1.	10 = 1 s
28.73	Freq deceleration time 1	Defines deceleration time 1 as the time required for the frequency to change from the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling ( <b>not</b> from parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency) to zero. If there is any doubt about the deceleration time being too short, ensure that DC overvoltage control (30.30 Overvoltage control) is on. <b>Note:</b> If a short deceleration time is needed for a high inertia application, the drive should be equipped with braking equipment such as a brake chopper and brake resistor.	20.000 s
	0.0001800.000 s	Deceleration time 1.	10 = 1 s

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
28.74	Freq acceleration time 2	Defines acceleration time 2. See parameter 28.72 Freq acceleration time 1.	60.000 s
	0.0001800.000 s	Acceleration time 2.	10 = 1 s
28.75	Freq deceleration time 2	Defines deceleration time 2. See parameter 28.73 Freq deceleration time 1.	60.000 s
	0.0001800.000 s	Deceleration time 2.	10 = 1 s
28.76	Freq ramp in zero source	Selects a source that forces the frequency reference to zero. 0 = Force frequency reference to zero 1 = Normal operation	Inactive
	Active	0.	0
	Inactive	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
No. 28.82	Shape time 1	Defines the shape of the acceleration and deceleration ramps used with the set 1. 0.000 s: Linear ramp. Suitable for steady acceleration or deceleration and for slow ramps. 0.0011000.000 s: S-curve ramp. S-curve ramps are ideal for lifting applications. The S-curve consists of symmetrical curves at both ends of the ramp and a linear part in between. Acceleration: Speed Linear ramp: 28.82 = 0 s S-curve ramp: 28.82 > 0 s S-curve ramp: 28.82 > 0 s Time	0.000 s
		Deceleration:	
		Speed S-curve ramp: 28.82 > 0 s Linear ramp: 28.82 = 0 s Linear ramp: 28.82 = 0 s Linear ramp: 28.82 = 0 s Time	
	0.0001800.000 s	Ramp shape at start and end of acceleration and deceleration.	10 = 1 s
28.83	Shape time 2	Defines the shape of the acceleration and deceleration ramps used with the set 2. See parameter <i>28.82 Shape time 1</i> .	0.000 s
	0.0001800.000 s	Ramp shape at start and end of acceleration and deceleration.	10 = 1 s

No.	Name/Value		Desc	ription	Def/FbEq16
28.92	Frequen	cy ref act 3	parar selec diagra	ays the frequency reference after the function applied by neter 28.13 Ext1 frequency function (if any), and after tion (19.11 Ext1/Ext2 selection). See the control chain am on page 552. parameter is read-only.	-
	-500.00. Hz	500.00	Frequ	ency reference after selection.	See par. 46.02
28.96	Frequen	cy ref act 7	frequ chain	ays the frequency reference after application of constant encies, control panel reference, etc. See the control diagram on page 552. parameter is read-only.	-
	-500.00. Hz	500.00	Frequ	uency reference 7.	See par. 46.02
28.97	Frequency ref unlimited		frequ chain	ays the frequency reference after application of critical encies, but before ramping and limiting. See the control diagram on page <i>553</i> . parameter is read-only.	-
	-500.00. Hz	500.00	Frequ	ency reference before ramping and limiting.	See par. 46.02
30 Lim	its		Drive	operation limits.	
30.01	Limit word 1			ays limit word 1. parameter is read-only.	-
	Bit	Name		Description	
	0	Torq lim		1 = Drive torque is being limited by the motor control (un- control, current control, load angle control or pull-out cont torque limits defined by parameters.	
	12	Reserved			
	3	Torq ref ma	х	1 = Torque reference ramp input is being limited by 26.09 torque ref, 30.20 Maximum torque 1, 30.26 Power motor 30.27 Power generating limit. See the diagram on page 5	<i>ing limit</i> or
	4	Torq ref min		1 = Torque reference ramp input is being limited by 26.00 torque ref, 30.19 Minimum torque 1, 30.26 Power motori 30.27 Power generating limit. See the diagram on page 3	ng limit or
	5	Tlim max s	beed	1 = Torque reference is being limited by the rush control maximum speed limit ( <i>30.12 Maximum speed</i> )	because of
	6	Tlim min sp	eed	1 = Torque reference is being limited by the rush control because of minimum speed limit ( <i>30.11 Minimum speed</i> )	
	7	Max speed	ref lim	1 = Speed reference is being limited by 30.12 Maximum	speed
	8	Min speed i	ref lim	1 = Speed reference is being limited by 30.11 Minimum speed	
	9	Max freq re	f lim	1 = Frequency reference is being limited by 30.14 Maxim	um frequency
	10	Min freq ref	lim	1 = Frequency reference is being limited by 30.13 Minim	um frequency
	1115	Reserved			
	0000h	FFFFh	Limit	word 1.	1 = 1

orque controller limitation status word.				
r is read-only.	-			
tion				
e *1 = Intermediate DC circuit undervoltage *1 = Intermediate DC circuit overvoltage				
				ue is being limited by <i>30.19 Minimum torque 1</i> , <i>limit</i> or <i>30.27 Power generating limit</i>
ue is being limited by 30.20 Maximum torque 1, <i>limit</i> or 30.27 Power generating limit	30.26 Powel			
verter current limit (identified by bits 811) is a	ctive			
(With permanent magnet motors and reluctance motors only) 1 = Load angle limit is active, ie. the motor cannot produce any mo- torque				
ynchronous motors only) ıll-out limit is active, ie. the motor cannot produce	e any more			
1 = Input current is being limited by the main circuit thermal limit				
*1 = Maximum output current (I <sub>MAX</sub> ) is being limited *1 = Output current is being limited by <i>30.17 Maximum current</i>				
		put current is being limited by a calculated therm	al current	
put current is being limited because of estimated ture	I IGBT			
put current is being limited because of IGBT junc ture	ction to case			
*Only one out of bits 03, and one out of bits 911 can be on simultaneously. The bit typicall indicates the limit that is exceeded first.				

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
30.11	Minimum speed	Defines together with 30.12 Maximum speed the allowed speed range. See the figure below.         A positive or zero minimum speed value defines two ranges, one positive and one negative.         A negative minimum speed value defines one range.         Marking!         Marking!         The absolute value of 30.11 Minimum speed.         Marking!         Marking!         In speed.         WARNING!         In speed.         WARNING!         In speed control mode only. In frequency control mode, use frequency limits (30.13 and 30.14).	-1500.00 rpm; -1800.00 rpm (95.20 b0)
	Speed	Speed         20.21 value           30.11 value < 0	
	30.11         Speed range           0         30.11	e allowed Time	Time
		Speed         20.21 value           30.12         30.11 value           30.11         Speed range allowed           -(30.11)         -(30.12)	
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Minimum allowed speed.	See par. 46.01
30.12	Maximum speed	Defines together with 30.11 Minimum speed the allowed	1500.00 rpm;
30.12	Maximum Speed	speed range. See parameter 30.11 Minimum speed. Note: This parameter does not affect the speed acceleration and deceleration ramp times. See parameter 46.01 Speed scaling.	1800.00 rpm (95.20 b0)

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
30.13	Minimum frequency	Defines together with 30.14 Maximum frequency the allowed frequency range. See the figure.         A positive or zero minimum frequency value defines two ranges, one positive and one negative.         A negative minimum frequency value defines one range.         Marking!         WARNING!         Marking!         <	-50.00 Hz; -60.00 Hz (95.20 b0)
	Frequency	30.13 value < 0         Frequency         20.21 value           30.14         30.14         30.14	
	Frequency ra 0 30.13	nge allowed 30.13 Time 0 -(30.13) -(30.14) Frequency range allowed	Time
		30.14 30.13 value > 30.13 value > Frequency range allowed -(30.13) -(30.14)	
	-500.00500.00 Hz	Minimum frequency.	See par. 46.02
30.14	Maximum frequency	Defines together with <i>30.13 Minimum frequency</i> the allowed frequency range. See parameter <i>30.13 Minimum frequency</i> . <b>Note:</b> This parameter does not affect the frequency acceleration and deceleration ramp times. See parameter <i>46.02 Frequency scaling</i> .	50.00 Hz; 60.00 Hz (95.20 b0)
	-500.00500.00 Hz	Maximum frequency.	See par. 46.02
30.17	Maximum current	Defines the maximum allowed motor current. This depends on the drive type; it is automatically determined on the basis of the rating. The system sets the default value to 90% of the rated current	0.00 A
		so you can increase the parameter value by 10% if needed (not valid for ACS580-01-12A7-4 drive type).	

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
30.18	Torq lim sel	Selects a source that switches between two different predefined minimum torque limit sets. 0 = minimum torque limit defined by 30.19 and maximum torque limit defined by 30.20 are active $1 = minimum torque limit selected by  30.21$ and maximum torque limit defined by $30.22$ are active The user can define two sets of torque limits, and switch between the sets using a binary source such as a digital input. The first set of limits is defined by parameters $30.19$ and $30.20$ . The second set has selector parameters for both the minimum ( $30.21$ ) and maximum ( $30.22$ ) limits that allows the use of a selectable analog source (such as an analog input).	Torque limit set 1
		0 Al1 Al2 PID 30.23 Other 30.19 30.22 User-defined minimum torque limit	
		0 Al1 Al2 PID 30.24 Other 30.20 User-defined maximum torque limit	
		<b>Note:</b> In addition to the user-defined limits, torque may be limited for other reasons (such as power limitation). See the block diagram on page 562.	
	Torque limit set 1	0 (minimum torque limit defined by <i>30.19</i> and maximum torque limit defined by <i>30.20</i> are active).	0
	Torque limit set 2	1 (minimum torque limit selected by <i>30.21</i> and maximum torque limit defined by <i>30.22</i> are active).	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	Reserved		810
	EFB	Only for the DCU profile. DCU control word bit 15 received through the embedded fieldbus interface.	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 196).	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
30.19	Minimum torque 1	Defines a minimum torque limit for the drive (in percent of nominal motor torque). See diagram at parameter 30.18 Torq lim sel. The limit is effective when • the source selected by 30.18 Torq lim sel is 0, or • 30.18 is set to Torque limit set 1.	-300.0%
	-1600.00.0%	Minimum torque limit 1.	See par. 46.03
30.20	Maximum torque 1	<ul> <li>Defines a maximum torque limit for the drive (in percent of nominal motor torque). See diagram at parameter 30.18 Torq lim sel.</li> <li>The limit is effective when</li> <li>the source selected by 30.18 Torq lim sel is 0, or</li> <li>30.18 is set to Torque limit set 1.</li> </ul>	300.0%
	0.01600.0%	Maximum torque 1.	See par. 46.03
30.21	Min torque 2 source	<ul> <li>Defines the source of the minimum torque limit for the drive (in percent of nominal motor torque) when</li> <li>the source selected by parameter 30.18 Torq lim sel is 1, or</li> <li>30.18 is set to Torque limit set 2.</li> <li>See diagram at 30.18 Torq lim sel.</li> <li>Note: Any positive values received from the selected source are inverted.</li> </ul>	Minimum torque 2
	Zero	None.	0
	AI1 scaled	12.12 Al1 scaled value (see page 227).	1
	Al2 scaled	12.22 AI2 scaled value (see page 229).	2
	Reserved		314
	PID	40.01 Process PID output actual (output of the process PID controller).	15
	Minimum torque 2	30.23 Minimum torque 2.	16
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
30.22	Max torque 2 source	<ul> <li>Defines the source of the maximum torque limit for the drive (in percent of nominal motor torque) when</li> <li>the source selected by parameter 30.18 Torq lim sel is 1, or</li> <li>30.18 is set to Torque limit set 2.</li> <li>See diagram at 30.18 Torq lim sel.</li> <li>Note: Any negative values received from the selected source are inverted.</li> </ul>	Maximum torque 2
	Zero	None.	0
	Al1 scaled	12.12 Al1 scaled value (see page 227).	1
	AI2 scaled	12.22 Al2 scaled value (see page 229).	2
	Reserved		314
	PID	40.01 Process PID output actual (output of the process PID	15
	FID	controller).	
	Maximum torque 2	controller). 30.24 Maximum torque 2.	16

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
30.23	Minimum torque 2	<ul> <li>Defines the minimum torque limit for the drive (in percent of nominal motor torque) when</li> <li>the source selected by 30.18 Torq lim sel is 1, or</li> <li>30.18 is set to Torque limit set 2 and</li> <li>30.21 Min torque 2 source is set to Minimum torque 2. See diagram at 30.18 Torq lim sel.</li> </ul>	-300.0%
	-1600.00.0%	Minimum torque limit 2.	See par. 46.03
30.24	Maximum torque 2	Defines the maximum torque limit for the drive (in percent of nominal motor torque) when The limit is effective when • the source selected by 30.18 Torq lim sel is 1, or • 30.18 is set to Torque limit set 2 and • 30.22 Max torque 2 source is set to Maximum torque 2. See diagram at 30.18 Torq lim sel.	300.0%
	0.01600.0%	Maximum torque limit 2.	See par. 46.03
30.26	Power motoring limit	Defines the maximum allowed power fed by the inverter to the motor in percent of nominal motor power.	300.00%
	0.00600.00%	Maximum motoring power.	1 = 1%
30.27	Power generating limit	Defines the maximum allowed power fed by the motor to the inverter in percent of nominal motor power. <b>Note:</b> If your application, like a pump or a fan, requires that the motor must rotate in one direction only, use speed/ frequency limit ( <i>30.11 Minimum speed/30.13 Minimum frequency</i> ), or direction limit ( <i>20.21 Direction</i> ) to achieve this. Do not set parameter <i>30.19 Minimum torque 1</i> or <i>30.27 Power generating limit</i> to 0%, as the drive is then not able to stop correctly.	-300.00%
	-600.000.00%	Maximum generating power.	1 = 1%
30.30	Overvoltage control	Enables the overvoltage control of the intermediate DC link. Fast braking of a high inertia load causes the voltage to rise to the overvoltage control limit. To prevent the DC voltage from exceeding the limit, the overvoltage controller automatically decreases the braking torque. <b>Note:</b> If the drive is equipped with a brake chopper and resistor, or a regenerative supply unit, the controller must be disabled.	Enable
	Disable	Overvoltage control disabled.	0
	Enable	Overvoltage control enabled.	1
30.31	Undervoltage control	Enables the undervoltage control of the intermediate DC link. If the DC voltage drops due to input power cut off, the undervoltage controller will automatically decrease the motor torque in order to keep the voltage above the lower limit. By decreasing the motor torque, the inertia of the load will cause regeneration back to the drive, keeping the DC link charged and preventing an undervoltage trip until the motor coasts to a stop. This will act as a power-loss ride-through functionality in systems with high inertia, such as a centrifuge or a fan.	Enable
	Disable	Undervoltage control disabled.	0
	Enable	Undervoltage control enabled.	1

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
30.35	Thermal current limitation	Enables/disables temperature-based output current limitation. The limitation should only be disabled if required by the application.	Enable
	Disable	Thermal current limitation disabled.	0
	Enable	Thermal current limitation enabled.	1
30.36	Speed limit selection	Selects a source that switches between two different predefined adjustable speed limit sets. 0 = minimum speed limit defined by 30.11 and maximum speed limit defined by 30.12 are active 1 = minimum speed limit selected by 30.37 and maximum speed limit defined by 30.38 are active The user can define two sets of speed limits, and switch between the sets using a binary source such as a digital input. The first set of limits is defined by parameters 30.11 Minimum speed and 30.12 Maximum speed. The second set has selector parameters for both the minimum (30.37) and maximum (30.38) limits that allows the use of a selectable analog source (such as an analog input). $\int_{AI1}^{0} \int_{AI2}^{0} \int_{I}^{30.36} \int_{I}^{1} \int_{Imit}^{0} User-defined$ minimum speed limit $\int_{AI1}^{0} \int_{AI2}^{0} \int_{I}^{30.36} \int_{Imit}^{1} \int_{Imit}^{0} User-defined$ minimum speed limit	Not selected
	Not selected	Adjustable speed limits are disabled. (Minimum speed limit defined by <i>30.11 Minimum speed</i> and maximum speed limit defined by <i>30.12 Maximum speed</i> are active).	0
	Selected	Adjustable speed limits are enabled. (Minimum speed limit defined by <i>30.37 Minimum speed</i> <i>source</i> and maximum speed limit defined by <i>30.38 Maximum</i> <i>speed source</i> are active).	1
	Ext1 active	Adjustable speed limits are enabled if EXT1 is active.	2
	Ext2 active	Adjustable speed limits are enabled if EXT2 is active.	3
	Torque control	Adjustable speed limits are enabled if Torque control mode (vector motor control) is active.	4
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	5
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	6
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	7

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	8
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	9
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	10
	Reserved		11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
30.37	Minimum speed source	Defines the source of a minimum speed limit for the drive when the source is selected by <i>30.36 Speed limit selection</i> . <b>Note:</b> In vector motor control mode only. In scalar motor control mode, use frequency limits <i>30.13</i> and <i>30.14</i> .	Minimum speed
	Zero	None.	0
	Al1 scaled	12.12 Al1 scaled value (see page 227).	1
	AI2 scaled	12.22 Al2 scaled value (see page 229).	2
	Reserved		310
	Minimum speed	30.11 Minimum speed.	11
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
30.38	Maximum speed source	Defines the source of a maximum speed limit for the drive when the source is selected by <i>30.36 Speed limit selection</i> . <b>Note:</b> In vector motor control mode only. In scalar motor control mode, use frequency limits <i>30.13</i> and <i>30.14</i> .	Maximum speed
	Zero	None.	0
	AI1 scaled	12.12 Al1 scaled value (see page 227).	1
	Al2 scaled	12.22 Al2 scaled value (see page 229).	2
	Reserved		311
	Maximum speed	30.12 Maximum speed.	12
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
31 Fau	Ilt functions	Configuration of external events; selection of behavior of the drive upon fault situations.	
31.01	External event 1 source	Defines the source of external event 1. See also parameter <i>31.02 External event 1 type</i> . 0 = Trigger event 1 = Normal operation	Inactive (true)
	Active (false)	0.	0
	Inactive (true)	1.	1
	Reserved		2
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	3
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	4
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	5
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	6
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	7
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	8
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
31.02	External event 1 type	Selects the type of external event 1.	Fault
	Fault	The external event generates a fault.	0

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Warning	The external event generates a warning.	1
31.03	External event 2 source	Defines the source of external event 2. See also parameter 31.04 External event 2 type. For the selections, see parameter 31.01 External event 1 source.	Inactive (true)
31.04	External event 2 type	Selects the type of external event 2.	
	Fault	The external event generates a fault.	0
	Warning	The external event generates a warning.	1
31.05	External event 3 source	Defines the source of external event 3. See also parameter 31.06 External event 3 type. For the selections, see parameter 31.01 External event 1 source.	Inactive (true)
31.06	External event 3 type	Selects the type of external event 3.	Fault
	Fault	The external event generates a fault.	0
	Warning	The external event generates a warning.	1
31.07	External event 4 source	Defines the source of external event 4. See also parameter 31.08 External event 4 type. For the selections, see parameter 31.01 External event 1 source.	Inactive (true)
31.08	External event 4 type	Selects the type of external event 4.	Fault
	Fault	The external event generates a fault.	0
	Warning	The external event generates a warning.	1
31.09	External event 5 source	Defines the source of external event 5. See also parameter 31.10 External event 5 type. For the selections, see parameter 31.01 External event 1 source.	Inactive (true)
31.10	External event 5 type	Selects the type of external event 5.	Fault
	Fault	The external event generates a fault.	0
	Warning	The external event generates a warning.	1
31.11	Fault reset selection	<ul> <li>Selects the source of an external fault reset signal. The signal resets the drive after a fault trip if the cause of the fault no longer exists.</li> <li>0 -&gt; 1 = Reset</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>When the start and stop command is through digital inputs (parameter 20.01 Ext1 commands or 20.06 Ext2 commands) or from local control, and you want to use fault reset from the fieldbus, selection FBA A MCW bit 7 or EFB MCW bit 7 can be used.</li> <li>Whenever the drive is in external control through fieldbus (start and stop command and reference are received through fieldbus), the fault can be reset from the fieldbus regardless of the selection of this parameter.</li> </ul>	Not used
	Not used	0.	0
	Not used	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2

No.	Name/Va	alue	Description	Def/FbEq16
	DI2		Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3		Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4		Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5		Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6		Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	Reserve	d		817
	Timed fu	nction 1	Bit 0 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	18
	Timed fu		Bit 1 of <i>34.01 Timed functions status</i> (see page 327).	19
	Timed fu		Bit 2 of <i>34.01 Timed functions status</i> (see page 327).	20
	Reserve			2123
	Supervis	-	Bit 0 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	24
				25
	Supervis		Bit 1 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	-
	Supervis		Bit 2 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	26
	Reserve			2729
	FBA A M	ICW bit 7	Control word bit 7 received through fieldbus interface A.	30
	Reserve	d		31
	EFB MC	W bit 7	Control word bit 7 received through the embedded fieldbus interface.	32
	Other [b	it]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
31.12	Autorese	et selection	Selects faults that are automatically reset. The parameter is a 16-bit word with each bit corresponding to a fault type. Whenever a bit is set to 1, the corresponding fault is automatically reset. MARNING! Before you activate the function, make sure that no dangerous situations can occur. The function restarts the drive automatically and continues operation after a fault. The bits of this binary number correspond to the following faults:	0000h
	Bit	Fault		
	0	Overcurren	t	
	1	Overvoltage	e	
	2	Undervolta		
	3	Al supervis	ion fault	
	49	Reserved		
	10		fault (see parameter 31.13 Selectable fault)	
	11		ult 1 (from source selected by parameter 31.01 External event 1	,
	12		ult 2 (from source selected by parameter 31.03 External event 2	,
	13		ult 3 (from source selected by parameter 31.05 External event 3	,
	14		ult 4 (from source selected by parameter 31.07 External event 4	
	15	External fai	ult 5 (from source selected by parameter 31.09 External event 5	source)
				r
	0000h	FFFFh	Automatic reset configuration word.	1 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
31.13	Selectable fault	Defines the fault that can be automatically reset using parameter <i>31.12 Autoreset selection</i> , bit 10. Faults are listed in chapter <i>Fault tracing</i> (page <i>493</i> ).	0000h
	0000hFFFFh	Fault code.	10 = 1
31.14	Number of trials	Defines the maximum number of automatic resets that the drive is allowed to attempt within the time specified by <i>31.15 Total trials time</i> . If the fault persists, subsequent reset attempts will be made at intervals defined by <i>31.16 Delay time</i> . The faults to be automatically reset are defined by <i>31.12 Autoreset selection</i> .	0
	05	Number of automatic resets.	10 = 1
31.15	Total trials time	Defines a time window for automatic fault resets. The maximum number of attempts made during any period of this length is defined by $31.14$ Number of trials. Note: If the fault condition remains and cannot be reset, each reset attempt will generate an event and start a new time window. In practice, if the specified number of resets ( $31.14$ ) at specified intervals ( $31.16$ ) take longer than the value of $31.15$ , the drive will continue to attempt resetting the fault until the cause is eventually removed.	30.0 s
	1.0600.0 s	Time for automatic resets.	10 = 1 s
31.16	Delay time	Defines the time that the drive will wait after a fault before attempting an automatic reset. See parameter 31.12 <i>Autoreset selection</i> .	0.0 s
	0.0120.0 s	Autoreset delay.	10 = 1 s
31.19	Motor phase loss	<ul> <li>Selects how the drive reacts when a motor phase loss is detected.</li> <li>In scalar motor control mode:</li> <li>The supervision activates above 10% of the motor nominal frequency. If any of the phase currents stays very small for a certain time limit, the output phase loss fault is given.</li> <li>If the motor nominal current is below 1/6 of the drive nominal current or there is no motor connected, ABB recommends to disable the motor output phase loss function.</li> </ul>	Fault
	No action	No action taken.	0
	Fault	The drive trips on fault 3381 Output phase loss.	1
31.21	Supply phase loss	Selects how the drive reacts when a supply phase loss is detected.	Fault
	No action	No action taken.	0
	Fault	The drive trips on fault 3130 Input phase loss.	1

No. Name/Value	Descri	ption			Def/FbEq16	
31.22 STO indication run/stop	<ul> <li>Selects which indications are given when one or both Safe torque off (STO) signals are switched off or lost. The indications also depend on whether the drive is running or stopped when this occurs.</li> <li>The tables at each selection below show the indications generated with that particular setting.</li> <li>When using Warning/Event/No indication and fieldbus control, check that the parameter 06.18 bit 7 STO = 0 before giving start command.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>This parameter does not affect the operation of the STO function itself. The STO function will operate regardless o the setting of this parameter: a running drive will stop upor removal of one or both STO signals, and will not start untib both STO signals are restored and all faults reset.</li> <li>The loss of only one STO signal always generates a fault as it is interpreted as a malfunction. With the CPTC-02 ATEX-certified thermistor protection module, follow the instructions given in the CPTC-02 ATEX-certified thermistor protection module, follow the instructions given in the CPTC-02 ATEX-certified thermistor protection module, follow the instructions given in the CPTC-02 ATEX-certified thermistor protection module, follow the instructions given in the CPTC-02 ATEX-certified thermistor protection module, follow the instructions given in the CPTC-02 ATEX-certified thermistor protection module, follow the instructions given in the CPTC-02 ATEX-certified thermistor protection module, follow the instructions given in the CPTC-02 ATEX-certified thermistor protection module, follow the instruction given in the CPTC-02 ATEX-certified thermistor protection module, follow the instructions given in the CPTC-02 ATEX-certified thermistor protection module follow the instruction given in the CPTC-02 ATEX-certified thermistor protection module follow the instruction given in the CPTC-02 ATEX-certified thermistor protection module follow the instruction given in the CPTC-02 ATEX-certified thermistor protection module follow the instruction given in the</li></ul>				Fault/Fault	
Fault/Fault	torque	torque off function in the Hardware manual of the drive.				
	Inp IN1 0	uts IN2		ing or stopped)	0	
	0	1	Faults 5091 Sat	fe torque off and torque off 1		
	1	0		<i>fe torque off</i> and <i>torque off</i> 2		
	1	1	(Normal o	operation)		
Fault/Warning					1	
	Inp	uts	Indic	ation		
	IN1	IN2	Running	Stopped		
	0	0	Fault 5091 Safe torque off	Warning A5A0 Safe torque off		
	0	1	Faults 5091 Safe torque off and FA81 Safe torque off 1	Warning A5A0 Safe torque off and fault FA81 Safe torque off 1		
	1	0	Faults 5091 Safe torque off and FA82 Safe torque off 2	Warning <i>A5A0 Safe</i> torque off and fault FA82 Safe torque off 2		
	1	1	(Normal o	operation)		

No.	Name/Value	Descr	iption			Def/FbEq16
	Fault/Event					2
			uts	Indic	ation	
		IN1	IN2	Running	Stopped	
		0	0	Fault 5091 Safe torque off	Event <i>B5A0 STO event</i>	
		0	1	Faults 5091 Safe torque off and FA81 Safe torque off 1	Event <i>B5A0 STO event</i> and fault <i>FA81 Safe</i> <i>torque off 1</i>	
		1	0	Faults 5091 Safe torque off and FA82 Safe torque off 2	Event <i>B5A0 STO event</i> and fault <i>FA82 Safe</i> <i>torque off 2</i>	
		1	1	(Normal o	operation)	
	Warning/Warning					3
		Inp IN1	uts IN2	Indication (runr	ning or stopped)	
		0	0	•	Safe torque off	
		0	1	Safe tor	rque off and fault FA81 que off 1	
		1	0		rque off and fault FA82 que off 2	
		1	1	(Normal o	operation)	
	Event/Event					4
		Inp IN1	uts IN2	Indication (runr	ning or stopped)	
		0	0	Event B5A0	0 STO event	
		0	1		nt and fault FA81 Safe e off 1	
		1	0		<i>nt</i> and fault <i>FA82 Safe</i> e off 2	
		1	1	(Normal o	operation)	
	No indication/No					5
	indication	Inp IN1	uts IN2	Indication (runr	ning or stopped)	
		0	0	No	one	
		0	1	Fault FA81 Sa	afe torque off 1	
		1	0		afe torque off 2	
		1	1	(Normal o	operation)	
31.23	Wiring or earth fault	motor	cable c	he drive reacts to incorr onnection (ie. input pow onnection).	ect input power and er cable is connected to	Fault
	No action No action taken.				0	
	Fault	The dr	ive trip	s on fault 3181 Wiring o	r earth fault.	1

	Description	Def/FbEq16
Stall function	<ul> <li>Selects how the drive reacts to a motor stall condition.</li> <li>A stall condition is defined as follows:</li> <li>The drive exceeds the stall current limit (31.25 Stall current limit), and</li> <li>the output frequency is below the level set by parameter 31.27 Stall frequency limit or the motor speed is below the level set by parameter 31.26 Stall speed limit, and</li> <li>the conditions above have been true longer than the time set by parameter 31.28 Stall time.</li> </ul>	No action
No action	None (stall supervision disabled).	0
Warning	The drive generates an A780 Motor stall warning.	1
Fault	The drive trips on fault 7121 Motor stall.	2
Stall current limit	Stall current limit in percent of the nominal current of the motor. See parameter 31.24 Stall function.	200.0%
0.01600.0%	Stall current limit.	-
Stall speed limit	Stall speed limit in rpm. See parameter 31.24 Stall function.	150.00 rpm; 180.00 rpm (95.20 b0)
0.0010000.00 rpm	Stall speed limit.	See par. 46.01
Stall frequency limit	Stall frequency limit. See parameter <i>31.24 Stall function</i> . <b>Note:</b> Setting the limit below 10 Hz is not recommended.	15.00 Hz; 18.00 Hz (95.20 b0)
0.001000.00 Hz	Stall frequency limit.	See par. 46.02
Stall time	Stall time. See parameter 31.24 Stall function.	20 s
03600 s	Stall time.	-
	No action Warning Fault Stall current limit 0.01600.0% Stall speed limit 0.0010000.00 rpm Stall frequency limit 0.001000.00 Hz Stall time	A stall condition is defined as follows:         • The drive exceeds the stall current limit (31.25 Stall current limit), and         • the output frequency is below the level set by parameter 31.27 Stall frequency limit or the motor speed is below the level set by parameter 31.26 Stall speed limit, and         • the conditions above have been true longer than the time set by parameter 31.28 Stall time.         No action       None (stall supervision disabled).         Warning       The drive generates an A780 Motor stall warning.         Fault       The drive trips on fault 7121 Motor stall.         Stall current limit       Stall current limit in percent of the nominal current of the motor. See parameter 31.24 Stall function.         0.01600.0%       Stall current limit.         Stall speed limit       Stall speed limit.         0.0010000.00       Stall speed limit.         Stall frequency limit.       Stall speed limit.         Stall frequency limit.       Stall speed limit.         Stall frequency limit.       Stall frequency limit. See parameter 31.24 Stall function.         0.0010000.00       Stall speed limit.         Stall frequency limit.       Stall frequency limit. See parameter 31.24 Stall function.         Note: Setting the limit below 10 Hz is not recommended.       0.001000.00 Hz         Stall time. See parameter 31.24 Stall function.       Stall frequency limit.

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
<u>No.</u> 31.30	Name/Value Overspeed trip margin	Description         Defines, together with 30.11 Minimum speed and 30.12         Maximum speed, the maximum allowed speed of the motor (overspeed protection). If the speed (24.02 Used speed feedback) exceeds the speed limit defined by parameter 30.11 or 30.12 by more than the value of this parameter, the drive trips on the 7310 Overspeed fault.         Maximum Speed, the maximum speed and 30.12 Used speed feedback) exceeds the speed limit defined by parameter 30.11 or 30.12 by more than the value of this parameter, the drive trips on the 7310 Overspeed fault.         Maximum Speed, the maximum speed is 1420 rpm and speed trip effective in scalar motor control mode.         Example: If the maximum speed is 1420 rpm and speed trip margin is 300 rpm, the drive trips at 1720 rpm.         Speed (24.02)         Overspeed trip level         31.30         Time         30.11	Def/FbEq16 500.00 rpm; 500.00 rpm (95.20 b0)
		→ 31.30 → Overspeed trip level	
	0.0010000.00 rpm	Overspeed trip margin.	See par. 46.01

	Description	Def/FbEq16
31.31 Frequency trip margin	Defines, together with 30.13 Minimum frequency and 30.14 Maximum frequency, the maximum allowed frequency of the motor (overfrequency protection). The absolute value of this overfrequency trip level is calculated by adding the value of this parameter to the higher of the absolute values of 30.13 Minimum frequency and 30.14 Maximum frequency. If the output frequency (01.06 Output frequency) exceeds the overfrequency trip level (ie. the absolute value of the output frequency exceeds the absolute value of the overfrequency trip level), the drive trips on the 73F0 Overfrequency fault. Frequency Overfrequency trip level 31.31 ABS(30.14) Time 30.13 31.31 Overfrequency trip level	15.00 Hz
0.0010000.00 Hz	Overfrequency trip margin.	1 = 1 Hz
31.32 Emergency ramp supervision	Parameters 31.32 Emergency ramp supervision and 31.33 Emergency ramp supervision delay, together with the derivative of 24.02 Used speed feedback, provide a supervision function for emergency stop modes Off1 and Off3. The supervision is based on either • observing the time within which the motor stops, or • comparing the actual and expected deceleration rates. If this parameter is set to 0%, the maximum stop time is directly set in parameter 31.33. Otherwise, 31.32 defines the maximum allowed deviation from the expected deceleration rate, which is calculated from parameters 23.1123.15 (Off1) or 23.23 Emergency stop time (Off3). If the actual deceleration rate (24.02) deviates too much from the expected rate, the drive trips on 73B0 Emergency ramp failed, sets bit 8 of 06.17 Drive status word 2, and coasts to a stop. If 31.32 is set to 0% and 31.33 is set to 0 s, the emergency stop ramp supervision is disabled. See also parameter 21.04 Emergency stop mode.	0%

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
31.33	Emergency ramp supervision delay	If parameter 31.32 Emergency ramp supervision is set to 0%, this parameter defines the maximum time an emergency stop (mode Off1 or Off3) is allowed to take. If the motor has not stopped when the time elapses, the drive trips on 73B0 Emergency ramp failed, sets bit 8 of 06.17 Drive status word 2, and coasts to a stop. If 31.32 is set to a value other than 0%, this parameter defines a delay between the receipt of the emergency stop command and the activation of the supervision. ABB recommends to specify a short delay to allow the speed change rate to stabilize.	0 s
	0100 s	Maximum ramp-down time, or supervision activation delay.	1 = 1 s
31.35	Main fan fault function	<ul> <li>Selects how the drive reacts when a main cooling fan speed problem is detected. For frame sizes R6 or larger only.</li> <li>An event is triggered according to the value of this parameter (fault, warning or no action)</li> <li>if the rotation speed signal from the fan is lower than the measured fan maximum speed (determined during the fan ID run)</li> <li>if the measured fan maximum speed is lower than the predefined minimum value.</li> </ul>	Warning
	Fault	Drive trips on fault <i>5080 Fan</i> .	0
	Warning	Drive generates warning A581 Fan.	1
	No action	No action taken.	2
31.36	Aux fan fault function	Selects how the drive reacts when an auxiliary fan problem is detected. Certain drive types (especially those protected to IP55) have an auxiliary fan built into the front cover as standard. If it is necessary to operate the drive without the front cover (for example, during commissioning), you can set the parameter to value <i>No action</i> within two minutes from power- up to temporarily suppress the fault or warning. Return the value to <i>Fault</i> or <i>Warning</i> afterwards. On frame sizes R1R5, the auxiliary fan is attached to connector X10 and on frame sizes R6 and larger to connector X16.	Warning
	Fault	Drive trips on fault 5081 Auxiliary fan broken. The fault is suppressed for two minutes after power-up.	0
	Warning	Drive generates warning A582 Auxiliary fan missing. The warning is suppressed for two minutes after power-up.	1
	No action	No action taken.	2

No.	Name/Value		Description		Def/FbEq16
31.40	Disable v message	-	word with each	gs to be suppressed. This parameter is a 16-bit n bit corresponding to a warning. Whenever a he corresponding warning is suppressed.	0000h
	Bit	Name		Description	
	0	Reserved			
	1	DC link und	lervoltage	1 = Warning A3A2 DC link undervoltage is supp	oressed.
	24	Reserved		·	
	5	Emergency	1 ( )	1 = Warning AFE1 Emergency stop (off2) is sup	
	6	off3)	stop (off1 or	1 = Warning <i>AFE2 Emergency stop</i> (off1 or off3 suppressed.	) is
	715	Reserved			
	0000h	FFFFh	Word for disab	ling warnings.	1 = 1
31.54	Fault act	ion	Selects the sto	op mode when a non-critical fault occurs.	Coast
	Coast		Drive coasts to	o a stop.	0
	Emerger	icy ramp		he ramp specified for an emergency stop in 23 <i>Emergency stop time</i> .	1
32 Sup	ervision	1	Six values can is generated w	of signal supervision functions 16. be chosen to be monitored; a warning or fault henever predefined limits are exceeded. on <i>Signal supervision</i> (page 186).	
32.01	Supervis	ion status	Indicates whet supervision fur limits. <b>Note:</b> This wor	sion status word. her the values monitored by the signal nctions are within or outside their respective rd is independent of the drive actions defined 32.06, 32.16, 32.26, 32.36, 32.46 and 32.56.	0000h
	Bit	Name		Description	
	0	Supervisior	n 1 active	1 = Signal selected by 32.07 is outside its limits	
	1	Supervisior	n 2 active	1 = Signal selected by 32.17 is outside its limits	
	2	Supervisior		1 = Signal selected by 32.27 is outside its limits	
	3	Supervisior		1 = Signal selected by 32.37 is outside its limits	
	4	Supervision		1 = Signal selected by 32.47 is outside its limits	
	5	Supervisior Reserved	1 6 active	1 = Signal selected by 32.27 is outside its limits	
	615	Reserved			
	0000h	FFFFh	Signal supervis	sion status word.	1 = 1
32.05	<i>function</i> how to its The		how the monitor to its lower and	de of signal supervision function 1. Determines ored signal (see parameter $32.07$ ) is compared d upper limits ( $32.09$ and $32.10$ respectively). be taken when the condition is fulfilled is .06.	Disabled
	Disabled		Signal supervi	sion 1 not in use.	0
	Low		Action is taken	whenever the signal falls below its lower limit.	1
	High		Action is taken limit.	whenever the signal rises above its upper	2

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Abs low	Action is taken whenever the absolute value of the signal falls below its (absolute) lower limit.	3
	Abs high	Action is taken whenever the absolute value of the signal rises above its (absolute) upper limit.	4
	Both	Action is taken whenever the signal falls below its low limit or rises above its high limit.	5
	Abs both	Action is taken whenever the absolute value of the signal falls below its (absolute) low limit or rises above its (absolute) high limit.	6
	Hysteresis	Action is taken whenever the signal rises above the value defined by the upper limit $+ 0.5 \cdot$ hysteresis range (32.11 <i>Supervision 1 hysteresis</i> ). The action is deactivated when the signal falls below the value defined by the lower limit - 0.5 $\cdot$ hysteresis range.	7
32.06	Supervision 1 action	Selects whether the drive generates a fault, warning or neither when the value monitored by signal supervision 1 exceeds its limits. <b>Note:</b> This parameter does not affect the status indicated by 32.01 Supervision status.	No action
	No action	No warning or fault generated.	0
	Warning	Warning A8B0 ABB Signal supervision 1 is generated.	1
	Fault	Drive trips on fault 80B0 Signal supervision 1.	2
	Fault if running	If running, the drive trips on fault 80B0 Signal supervision 1.	3
32.07	Supervision 1 signal	Selects the signal to be monitored by signal supervision function 1.	Frequency
	Zero	None.	0
	Speed	01.01 Motor speed used (page 199).	1
	Reserved		2
	Frequency	01.06 Output frequency (page 199).	3
	Current	01.07 Motor current (page 199).	4
	Reserved		5
	Torque	01.10 Motor torque (page 199).	6
	DC voltage	01.11 DC voltage (page 199).	7
	Output power	01.14 Output power (page 200).	8
	Al1	12.11 Al1 actual value (page 227).	9
	AI2	12.21 Al2 actual value (page 229).	10
	Reserved		1117
	Speed ref ramp in	23.01 Speed ref ramp input (page 276).	18
	Speed ref ramp out	23.02 Speed ref ramp output (page 276).	19
	Speed ref used	24.01 Used speed reference (page 280).	20
	Torque ref used	26.02 Torque reference used (page 286).	21
	Freq ref used	28.02 Frequency ref ramp output (page 291).	22
	Inverter temperature	05.11 Inverter temperature (page 205).	23
	Process PID output	40.01 Process PID output actual (page 353).	24

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Process PID feedback	40.02 Process PID feedback actual (page 353).	25
	Process PID setpoint	40.03 Process PID setpoint actual (page 353).	26
	Process PID deviation	40.04 Process PID deviation actual (page 353).	27
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
32.08	Supervision 1 filter time	Defines a filter time constant for the signal monitored by signal supervision 1.	0.000 s
	0.000 30.000 s	Signal filter time.	1000 = 1 s
32.09	Supervision 1 low	Defines the lower limit for signal supervision 1.	0.00
	-21474836.00 21474836.00	Low limit.	-
32.10	Supervision 1 high	Defines the upper limit for signal supervision 1.	0.00
	-21474836.00 21474836.00	Upper limit.	-
32.11	Supervision 1 hysteresis	Defines the hysteresis for the signal monitored by signal supervision 1. This parameter applies to all selections for parameter 32.35 Supervision 4 function, not just Hysteresis (selection 7). Action is taken whenever the signal rises above the value defined by the upper limit + 0.5 $\cdot$ hysteresis. The action is deactivated when the signal falls below the value defined by the lower limit - 0.5 $\cdot$ hysteresis.	0.00
	0.00100000.00	Hysteresis.	-
32.15	Supervision 2 function	Selects the mode of signal supervision function 2. Determines how the monitored signal (see parameter 32.17) is compared to its lower and upper limits (32.19 and 32.20 respectively). The action to be taken when the condition is fulfilled is selected by 32.16.	Disabled
	Disabled	Signal supervision 2 not in use.	0
	Low	Action is taken whenever the signal falls below its lower limit.	1
	High	Action is taken whenever the signal rises above its upper limit.	2
	Abs low	Action is taken whenever the absolute value of the signal falls below its (absolute) lower limit.	3
	Abs high	Action is taken whenever the absolute value of the signal rises above its (absolute) upper limit.	4
	Both	Action is taken whenever the signal falls below its low limit or rises above its high limit.	5
	Abs both	Action is taken whenever the absolute value of the signal falls below its (absolute) low limit or rises above its (absolute) high limit.	6
	Hysteresis	Action is taken whenever the signal rises above the value defined by the upper limit + $0.5 \cdot$ hysteresis range (32.21 <i>Supervision 2 hysteresis</i> ). The action is deactivated when the signal falls below the value defined by the lower limit - $0.5 \cdot$ hysteresis range.	7

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
32.16	Supervision 2 action	Selects whether the drive generates a fault, warning or neither when the value monitored by signal supervision 2 exceeds its limits.	No action
		<b>Note:</b> This parameter does not affect the status indicated by <i>32.01 Supervision status</i> .	
	No action	No warning or fault generated.	0
	Warning	Warning A8B1 ABB Signal supervision 2 is generated.	1
	Fault	Drive trips on fault 80B1 Signal supervision 2.	2
	Fault if running	If running, the drive trips on fault 80B0 Signal supervision 1.	3
32.17	Supervision 2 signal	Selects the signal to be monitored by signal supervision function 2. For the available selections, see parameter 32.07 Supervision 1 signal.	Current
32.18	Supervision 2 filter time	Defines a filter time constant for the signal monitored by signal supervision 2.	0.000 s
	0.000 30.000 s	Signal filter time.	1000 = 1 s
32.19	Supervision 2 low	Defines the lower limit for signal supervision 2.	0.00
	-21474836.00 21474836.00	Low limit.	-
32.20	Supervision 2 high	Defines the upper limit for signal supervision 2.	0.00
	-21474836.00 21474836.00	Upper limit.	-
32.21	Supervision 2 hysteresis	Defines the hysteresis for the signal monitored by signal supervision 2. This parameter applies to all selections for parameter <i>32.35 Supervision 4 function</i> , not just Hysteresis (selection 7). Action is taken whenever the signal rises above the value defined by the upper limit + 0.5 · hysteresis. The action is deactivated when the signal falls below the value defined by	0.00
	0.00 400000.00	the lower limit - 0.5 · hysteresis.	
00.05	0.00100000.00	Hysteresis.	-
32.25	Supervision 3 function	Selects the mode of signal supervision function 3. Determines how the monitored signal (see parameter 32.27) is compared to its lower and upper limits (32.29 and 32.30 respectively). The action to be taken when the condition is fulfilled is selected by 32.26.	Disabled
	Disabled	Signal supervision 3 not in use.	0
	Low	Action is taken whenever the signal falls below its lower limit.	1
	High	Action is taken whenever the signal rises above its upper limit.	2
	Abs low	Action is taken whenever the absolute value of the signal falls below its (absolute) lower limit.	3
	Abs high	Action is taken whenever the absolute value of the signal rises above its (absolute) upper limit.	4
	Both	Action is taken whenever the signal falls below its low limit or rises above its high limit.	5
	Abs both	Action is taken whenever the absolute value of the signal falls below its (absolute) low limit or rises above its (absolute) high limit.	6

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Hysteresis	Action is taken whenever the signal rises above the value defined by the upper limit $+ 0.5 \cdot$ hysteresis range (32.31 Supervision 3 hysteresis). The action is deactivated when the signal falls below the value defined by the lower limit $- 0.5 \cdot$ hysteresis range.	7
32.26	Supervision 3 action	Selects whether the drive generates a fault, warning or neither when the value monitored by signal supervision 3 exceeds its limits. <b>Note:</b> This parameter does not affect the status indicated by 32.01 Supervision status.	No action
	No action	No warning or fault generated.	0
	Warning	Warning A8B2 ABB Signal supervision 3 is generated.	1
	Fault	Drive trips on fault 80B2 Signal supervision 3.	2
	Fault if running	If running, the drive trips on fault 80B0 Signal supervision 1.	3
32.27	Supervision 3 signal	Selects the signal to be monitored by signal supervision function 3. For the available selections, see parameter 32.07 Supervision 1 signal.	Torque
32.28	Supervision 3 filter time	Defines a filter time constant for the signal monitored by signal supervision 3.	0.000 s
	0.000 30.000 s	Signal filter time.	1000 = 1 s
32.29	Supervision 3 low	Defines the lower limit for signal supervision 3.	0.00
	-21474836.00 21474836.00	Low limit.	-
32.30	Supervision 3 high	Defines the upper limit for signal supervision 3.	0.00
	-21474836.00 21474836.00	Upper limit.	-
32.31	Supervision 3 hysteresis	Defines the hysteresis for the signal monitored by signal supervision 3. This parameter applies to all selections for parameter 32.35 Supervision 4 function, not just Hysteresis (selection 7). Action is taken whenever the signal rises above the value defined by the upper limit + 0.5 $\cdot$ hysteresis. The action is deactivated when the signal falls below the value defined by the lower limit - 0.5 $\cdot$ hysteresis.	0.00
	0.00100000.00	Hysteresis.	-
32.35	Supervision 4 function	Selects the mode of signal supervision function 4. Determines how the monitored signal (see parameter 32.37) is compared to its lower and upper limits (32.39 and 32.30 respectively). The action to be taken when the condition is fulfilled is selected by 32.36.	Disabled
	Disabled	Signal supervision 4 not in use.	0
	Low	Action is taken whenever the signal falls below its lower limit.	1
	High	Action is taken whenever the signal rises above its upper limit.	2
	Abs low	Action is taken whenever the absolute value of the signal falls below its (absolute) lower limit.	3
	Abs high	Action is taken whenever the absolute value of the signal rises above its (absolute) upper limit.	4

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Both	Action is taken whenever the signal falls below its low limit or rises above its high limit.	5
	Abs both	Action is taken whenever the absolute value of the signal falls below its (absolute) low limit or rises above its (absolute) high limit.	6
	Hysteresis	Action is taken whenever the signal rises above the value defined by the upper limit + $0.5 \cdot$ hysteresis range (32.41 <i>Supervision 4 hysteresis</i> ). The action is deactivated when the signal falls below the value defined by the lower limit - $0.5 \cdot$ hysteresis range.	7
32.36	Supervision 4 action	Selects whether the drive generates a fault, warning or neither when the value monitored by signal supervision 4 exceeds its limits. <b>Note:</b> This parameter does not affect the status indicated by <i>32.01 Supervision status</i> .	No action
	No action	No warning or fault generated.	0
	Warning	Warning A8B3 ABB Signal supervision 4 is generated.	1
	Fault	Drive trips on fault 80B3 Signal supervision 4.	2
	Fault if running	Drive trips on fault <i>80B0 Signal supervision 1</i> if the motor is running.	3
32.37	Supervision 4 signal	Selects the signal to be monitored by signal supervision function 4. For the available selections, see parameter <u>32.07</u>	Zero
		Supervision 1 signal.	
32.38	Supervision 4 filter time	Defines a filter time constant for the signal monitored by signal supervision 4.	0.000 s
	0.000 30.000 s	Signal filter time.	1000 = 1 s
32.39	Supervision 4 low	Defines the lower limit for signal supervision 4.	0.00
	-21474836.00 21474836.00	Low limit.	-
32.40	Supervision 4 high	Defines the upper limit for signal supervision 4.	0.00
	-21474836.00 21474836.00	Upper limit.	-
32.41	Supervision 4 hysteresis	Defines the hysteresis for the signal monitored by signal supervision 4. This parameter applies to all selections for parameter 32.35 Supervision 4 function, not just Hysteresis (selection 7). Action is taken whenever the signal rises above the value defined by the upper limit + $0.5 \cdot$ hysteresis. The action is deactivated when the signal falls below the value defined by the lower limit - $0.5 \cdot$ hysteresis.	0.00
	0.00100000.00	Hysteresis.	-
32.45	Supervision 5 function	Selects the mode of signal supervision function 5. Determines how the monitored signal (see parameter 32.47) is compared to its lower and upper limits (32.49 and 32.40 respectively). The action to be taken when the condition is fulfilled is selected by 32.46.	Disabled
	Disabled	Signal supervision 5 not in use.	0
	Low	Action is taken whenever the signal falls below its lower limit.	1
	High	Action is taken whenever the signal rises above its upper limit.	2

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Abs low	Action is taken whenever the absolute value of the signal falls below its (absolute) lower limit.	3
	Abs high	Action is taken whenever the absolute value of the signal rises above its (absolute) upper limit.	4
	Both	Action is taken whenever the signal falls below its low limit or rises above its high limit.	5
	Abs both	Action is taken whenever the absolute value of the signal falls below its (absolute) low limit or rises above its (absolute) high limit.	6
	Hysteresis	Action is taken whenever the signal rises above the value defined by the upper limit $+ 0.5 \cdot$ hysteresis range (32.51 Supervision 5 hysteresis). The action is deactivated when the signal falls below the value defined by the lower limit $- 0.5 \cdot$ hysteresis range.	7
32.46	Supervision 5 action	Selects whether the drive generates a fault, warning or neither when the value monitored by signal supervision 5 exceeds its limits. <b>Note:</b> This parameter does not affect the status indicated by <i>32.01 Supervision status</i> .	No action
	No action	No warning or fault generated.	0
	Warning	Warning A8B4 ABB Signal supervision 5 is generated.	1
	Fault	Drive trips on fault 80B4 Signal supervision 5.	2
	Fault if running	Drive trips on fault 80B0 Signal supervision 1 if the motor is running.	3
32.47	Supervision 5 signal	Selects the signal to be monitored by signal supervision function 5. For the available selections, see parameter 32.07 <i>Supervision 1 signal</i> .	Zero
32.48	Supervision 5 filter time	Defines a filter time constant for the signal monitored by signal supervision 5.	0.000 s
	0.000 30.000 s	Signal filter time.	1000 = 1 s
32.49	Supervision 5 low	Defines the lower limit for signal supervision 5.	0.00
	-21474836.00 21474836.00	Low limit.	-
32.50	Supervision 5 high	Defines the upper limit for signal supervision 5.	0.00
	-21474836.00 21474836.00	Upper limit.	-
32.51	Supervision 5 hysteresis	Defines the hysteresis for the signal monitored by signal supervision 5. This parameter applies to all selections for parameter 32.35 Supervision 4 function, not just Hysteresis (selection 7). Action is taken whenever the signal rises above the value defined by the upper limit + $0.5 \cdot$ hysteresis. The action is deactivated when the signal falls below the value defined by the lower limit - $0.5 \cdot$ hysteresis.	0.00
	0.00100000.00	Hysteresis.	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
32.55	Supervision 6 function	Selects the mode of signal supervision function 6. Determines how the monitored signal (see parameter 32.57) is compared to its lower and upper limits (32.59 and 32.50 respectively). The action to be taken when the condition is fulfilled is selected by 32.56.	Disabled
	Disabled	Signal supervision 6 not in use.	0
	Low	Action is taken whenever the signal falls below its lower limit.	1
	High	Action is taken whenever the signal rises above its upper limit.	2
	Abs low	Action is taken whenever the absolute value of the signal falls below its (absolute) lower limit.	3
	Abs high	Action is taken whenever the absolute value of the signal rises above its (absolute) upper limit.	4
	Both	Action is taken whenever the signal falls below its low limit or rises above its high limit.	5
	Abs both	Action is taken whenever the absolute value of the signal falls below its (absolute) low limit or rises above its (absolute) high limit.	6
	Hysteresis	Action is taken whenever the signal rises above the value defined by the upper limit $+ 0.5 \cdot$ hysteresis range (32.61 <i>Supervision 6 hysteresis</i> ). The action is deactivated when the signal falls below the value defined by the lower limit - 0.5 $\cdot$ hysteresis range.	7
32.56	Supervision 6 action	Selects whether the drive generates a fault, warning or neither when the value monitored by signal supervision 6 exceeds its limits. <b>Note:</b> This parameter does not affect the status indicated by 32.01 Supervision status.	No action
	No action	No warning or fault generated.	0
	Warning	Warning A8B5 ABB Signal supervision 6 is generated.	1
	Fault	Drive trips on fault 80B5 Signal supervision 6.	2
	Fault if running	Drive trips on fault <i>80B0 Signal supervision 1</i> if the motor is running.	3
32.57	Supervision 6 signal	Selects the signal to be monitored by signal supervision function 6. For the available selections, see parameter 32.07 <i>Supervision 1 signal</i> .	Zero
32.58	Supervision 6 filter time	Defines a filter time constant for the signal monitored by signal supervision 6.	0.000 s
	0.000 30.000 s	Signal filter time.	1000 = 1 s
32.59	Supervision 6 low	Defines the lower limit for signal supervision 6.	0.00
	-21474836.00 21474836.00	Low limit.	-
32.60	Supervision 6 high	Defines the upper limit for signal supervision 6.	0.00
	-21474836.00 21474836.00	Upper limit.	-

No.	Name/	Value	Description		Def/FbEq16
32.61	Super hyster	vision 6 esis	supervision 6. parameter 32. (selection 7). Action is taken defined by the deactivated w	steresis for the signal monitored by signal This parameter applies to all selections for 35 Supervision 4 function, not just Hysteresis in whenever the signal rises above the value supper limit $+ 0.5 \cdot$ hysteresis. The action is hen the signal falls below the value defined by $- 0.5 \cdot$ hysteresis.	0.00
	0.00	100000.00	Hysteresis.		-
34 Tin	ned fun	ctions	•	of the timed functions. on <i>Timed functions</i> (page 149).	
34.01	Timed functions status		timer is the log	combined timers. The status of a combined gical OR of all timers connected to it. er is read-only.	-
	Bit	Name		Description	
	0	Timed fund	tion 1	1 = Active.	
	1	Timed fund	tion 2	1 = Active.	
	2	Timed fund	tion 3	1 = Active.	
	315	Reserved			
	0000h	0FFFFh	Status of com	bined timers 13.	1 = 1
34.02	Timer	status	Status of time This paramete	-	
	Bit	Name		Description	
	0	Timer 1		1 = Active.	
	1	Timer 2		1 = Active.	
	2	Timer 3		1 = Active.	
	3	Timer 4		1 = Active.	
	4	Timer 5		1 = Active.	
	5	Timer 6		1 = Active.	
	6	Timer 7		1 = Active.	
	7	Timer 8		1 = Active.	
	8	Timer 9		1 = Active.	
	9	Timer 10		1 = Active.	
	10	Timer 11		1 = Active.	
	11 Timer 12			1 = Active.	
	11				
	11 12…1			3	
				•	

No.	Name/V	alue	Description	Def/FbEq16	
34.04 Season/exception day status		holiday. Only c	ons 14, exception weekday and exception one season can be active at a time. A day can and a holiday at the same time. It is read-only.	-	
	Bit	Name		Description	
	0	Season 1		1 = Active.	
	1	Season 2		1 = Active.	
	2	Season 3		1 = Active.	
	3	Season 4		1 = Active.	
	49	Reserved			
	10 11	Exception v	,	1 = Active.	
		Exception h Reserved	loliday	1 = Active.	
	0000hFFFFh		Status of the s	easons and exception weekday and holiday.	1 = 1
34.10	Timed fu enable	inctions	Selects the so 0 = Disabled. 1 = Enabled.	urce for the timed functions enable signal.	Disabled
	Disabled	1	0.		0
	Enabled		1.		1
	DI1		Digital input D	I1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2		Digital input D	12 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3		Digital input D	I3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4		Digital input D	l4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5		Digital input D	I5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6		Digital input D	l6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	Other [b	it]	Source selection	on (see Terms and abbreviations on page 196).	-

	Name	Value	Description	Def/FbEq1					
11	Timer configi		Defines when timer 1 is active. 0000 0 1000 0						
	Bit	Name		Description					
	0	Monday		1 = Monday is an active start day.					
	1	Tuesday		1 = Tuesday is an active start day.					
	2	Wednesda	у	1 = Wednesday is an active start day.					
	3	Thursday	-	1 = Thursday is an active start day.					
	4	Friday		1 = Friday is an active start day.					
	5	Saturday		1 = Saturday is an active start day.					
	6	Sunday		1 = Sunday is an active start day.					
	7	Season 1		1 = Timer is active in season 1.					
	8	Season 2		1 = Timer is active in season 2.					
	9	Season 3		1 = Timer is active in season 3.					
	10	Season 4		1 = Timer is active in season 4.					
	11	Exceptions		0 = Exceptions days are disabled. The timer for weekday and season settings (bits 010 in th configuration) and the start time and duration of (see 34.12 and 34.13).	e timer 🥤				
				Exception day settings, parameters 34.7034 have any effect on this timer.					
				1 = Exception days are enabled. The timer is a the weekdays and seasons defined with bits 0 times defined by 34.12 and 34.13.					
				In addition, the timer is active during the except defined with bit 12, bit 13 and parameters 34.7/12 and bit 13 are both zero, the timer is inactive exception days.	034.90. If b				
	12	Holidays		This bit has no effect unless bit 11 = 1 (Except enabled).	ions days are				
				When bits 11 and 12 are both 1, the timer is ac weekdays and seasons defined with bits 010 defined by parameters 34.12 and 34.13.	) and times				
				In addition, the timer is active when the ongoir defined as Exception day Holiday by paramete 34.7034.90 and the current time matches wir range defined by 34.12 and 34.13. During Exc weekday and season bits are ignored.	ers th the time				
	13	Workdays		This bit has no effect unless bit 11 = 1 (Except When bits 11 and 13 are both 1, the Timer is ac weekdays and seasons defined with bits 010 defined by parameters 34.12 and 34.13.	tive during th				
				In addition, the timer is active when the ongoin defined as Exception day Workday by parame 34.7034.90 and the current time matches wir range defined by 34.12 and 34.13. During Exc weekday and season bits are ignored.	ters th the time				
	141	5 Reserved		•					

No.	Name/Value				De	esc	rip	tio	n				Def/FbEq16			
	Ex	am	ple	s o	f ho	SW	the	tin	ıer	col	nfig	ura	atio	n d	efines when the Timer is active are shown	below.
	Bits of parameter 34.11 Timer 1 configuration															
	34	.11	~	ner		con	ng	ura	tior	1						
	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday	Season1	Season2	Season3	Season4	Exceptions	Holidays	Workdays		
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	-	Example 1: Timer is active during the tim defined by other parameters <u>every Weekd</u> Season. Exception day settings (34.7034.90) do effect on the Timer.	ay and every
	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	<b>Example 2:</b> Timer is active during the tim defined by other parameters from <u>Mon to</u> Season. Exception day settings ( <u>34.7034.90</u> ) do effect on the Timer.	<u>Fri</u> , every
	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	Example 3: Timer is active during the tim defined by other parameters from Mon to <u>during Season 3</u> (can be configured as, fo summer). Exception day settings (34.7034.90) do effect on the Timer.	Fri, <u>only</u> or example,
	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	Example 4: Timer is active during the tim defined by other parameters from Mon to Season. In addition, the Timer is active <u>every Exce</u> Holidays, regardless what is the day or se	Fri, every
	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	Example 5: Timer is active during the tim defined by other parameters on Mon, We Sun, during Season1 and Season 2. In addition, the Timer is active every <u>Exce</u> Workdays, regardless what is the day or s	d, Fri and
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	Example 6: Timer is active during the tim defined by other parameters every Weekd Season. The Timer is <u>inactive during all Exception</u>	ay and every
	00	001	<u> </u>	FFF	FF	<u>,</u>		C	nfi	iau	rati	on	oft	ime	or 1	1 = 1
34.12	0000hFFFFh Timer 1 start time					De ch Th Fo	changed in second s The timer can be sta For example, if the ti the active session sta					sta nd s sta ne ti n st	rt time of timer 1. The time can be	00:00:00		
	00	:00	:00	2	23:5	59:5	59	Da	aily	sta	art t	ime	e of	f th	e timer.	1 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
34.13	Timer 1 duration	Defines the duration of timer 1. The duration can be changed in minute steps. The duration can extend over the change of the day but if an exception day becomes active, the period is interrupted at midnight. In the same way the period started on an exception day stays active only until the end of the day, even if the duration is longer. The timer will continue after a break if there is duration left.	00 00:00
	00 00:0007 00:00	Timer duration.	1 = 1
34.14	Timer 2 configuration	See 34.11 Timer 1 configuration.	0000 0111 1000 0000b
34.15	Timer 2 start time	See 34.12 Timer 1 start time.	00:00:00
34.16	Timer 2 duration	See 34.13 Timer 1 duration.	00 00:00
34.17	Timer 3 configuration	See 34.11 Timer 1 configuration.	0000 0111 1000 0000b
34.18	Timer 3 start time	See 34.12 Timer 1 start time.	00:00:00
34.19	Timer 3 duration	See 34.13 Timer 1 duration.	00:00
34.20	Timer 4 configuration	See 34.11 Timer 1 configuration.	0000 0111 1000 0000b
34.21	Timer 4 start time	See 34.12 Timer 1 start time.	00:00:00
34.22	Timer 4 duration	See 34.13 Timer 1 duration.	00:00
34.23	Timer 5 configuration	See 34.11 Timer 1 configuration.	0000 0111 1000 0000b
34.24	Timer 5 start time	See 34.12 Timer 1 start time.	00:00:00
34.25	Timer 5 duration	See 34.13 Timer 1 duration.	00:00
34.26	Timer 6 configuration	See 34.11 Timer 1 configuration.	0000 0111 1000 0000b
34.27	Timer 6 start time	See 34.12 Timer 1 start time.	00:00:00
34.28	Timer 6 duration	See 34.13 Timer 1 duration.	00:00
34.29	Timer 7 configuration	See 34.11 Timer 1 configuration.	0000 0111 1000 0000b
34.30	Timer 7 start time	See 34.12 Timer 1 start time.	00:00:00
34.31	Timer 7 duration	See 34.13 Timer 1 duration.	00:00
34.32	Timer 8 configuration	See 34.11 Timer 1 configuration.	0000 0111 1000 0000b
34.33	Timer 8 start time	See 34.12 Timer 1 start time.	00:00:00
34.34	Timer 8 duration	See 34.13 Timer 1 duration.	00:00
34.35	Timer 9 configuration	See 34.11 Timer 1 configuration.	0000 0111 1000 0000b
34.36	Timer 9 start time	See 34.12 Timer 1 start time.	00:00:00
34.37	Timer 9 duration	See 34.13 Timer 1 duration.	00:00
34.38	Timer 10 configuration	See 34.11 Timer 1 configuration.	0000 0111 1000 0000b
34.39	Timer 10 start time	See 34.12 Timer 1 start time.	00:00:00
34.40	Timer 10 duration	See 34.13 Timer 1 duration.	00:00
34.41	Timer 11 configuration	See 34.11 Timer 1 configuration.	0000 0111 1000 0000b

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
34.42	Timer 11 start time	See 34.12 Timer 1 start time.	00:00:00
34.43	Timer 11 duration	See 34.13 Timer 1 duration.	00 00:00
34.44	Timer 12 configuration	See 34.11 Timer 1 configuration.	0000 0111 1000 0000b
34.45	Timer 12 start time	See 34.12 Timer 1 start time.	00:00:00
34.46	Timer 12 duration	See 34.13 Timer 1 duration.	00 00:00
34.60	Season 1 start date	Defines the start date of season 1 in format dd.mm, where dd is the number of the day and mm is the number of the month. The season changes at midnight. One season can be active at a time. Timers are started on exception days even if they are not inside the active season. The season start dates (14) must be given in increasing order to use all seasons. The default value is interpreted that the season is not configured. If the season start dates are not in increasing order and the value is something else than the default value, a season configuration warning is given.	01.01.
	01.0131.12	Season start date.	
34.61	Season 2 start date	Defines the start date of season 2. See 34.60 Season 1 start date.	01.01.
34.62	Season 3 start date	Defines the start date of season 3. See 34.60 Season 1 start date.	01.01.
34.63	Season 4 start date	Defines the start date of season 4. See 34.60 Season 1 start date.	01.01.
34.70	Number of active exceptions	Defines how many of the exceptions are active by specifying the last active one. All preceding exceptions are active. Exceptions 13 are periods (duration can be defined) and exceptions 416 are days (duration is always 24 hours). <b>Example:</b> If the value is 4, exceptions 14 are active, and exceptions 516 are not active.	3
	016	Number of active exception periods or days.	-

No.	Name/	Value	Description	Def/FbEq16		
34.71	Except	iion types	Exceptions 1.	pes of exceptions 116 as workday or holiday. 3 are periods (duration can be defined) and 16 are days (duration is always 24 hours).	0000h	
	Bit	Name				
	0	Exception 2		0 = Workday. 1 = Holiday		
	1	Exception 2	2	0 = Workday. 1 = Holiday		
	2	Exception 3	3	0 = Workday. 1 = Holiday		
	3	Exception 4	ŀ	0 = Workday. 1 = Holiday		
	4	Exception 5	5	0 = Workday. 1 = Holiday		
	5	Exception 6	6	0 = Workday. 1 = Holiday		
	6	Exception 7	,	0 = Workday. 1 = Holiday		
	7	Exception 8	3	0 = Workday. 1 = Holiday		
	8	Exception 9	)	0 = Workday. 1 = Holiday		
	9	Exception 2	0	0 = Workday. 1 = Holiday		
	10	Exception 2	1	0 = Workday. 1 = Holiday		
	11	Exception 7		0 = Workday. 1 = Holiday		
	12	Exception 2		0 = Workday. 1 = Holiday		
	13	Exception 2	4	0 = Workday. 1 = Holiday		
	14	Exception 2	5	0 = Workday. 1 = Holiday		
	15	Exception 2	6	0 = Workday. 1 = Holiday		
	0000h.	FFFFh	Types of exce	ption period or days.	1 = 1	
34.72	Exception 1 start		Defines the st dd.mm, where number of the The timer star 23:59:59 ever The same dat The date is ac	01.01.		
	01.01.	31.12.	Start date of e			
34.73	Except	tion 1 length	Defines the le Exception per consecutive e	0 days		
	060	d	Length of exc	1 = 1		
34.74	Except	tion 2 start	See 34.72 Ex	ception 1 start.	01.01.	
34.75	Except	tion 2 length	See 34.73 Ex	ception 1 length.	0 days	
34.76	Except	tion 3 start	See 34.72 Ex	ception 1 start.	01.01.	
34.77	Except	tion 3 length	See 34.73 Ex	ception 1 length.	0 days	
34.78	Except	tion day 4	Defines the da	ate of exception day 4.	01.01.	
	01.01	31.12.	The timer star	exception day 4. ted on an exception day is always stopped at n if it has duration left.		
34.79	Except	tion day 5	See 34.79 Ex	ception day 4.	01.01	
34.80	Except	tion day 6	See 34.79 Ex	ception day 4.	01.01	
34.81	Except	tion day 7	See 34.79 Ex	ception day 4	01.01	
34.82	Except	tion day 8	See 34.79 Ex	ception day 4.	01.01	

No.	Name/V	alue	Description	Def/FbEq16				
34.83	Exception	on day 9	See 34.79 Ex	See 34.79 Exception day 4.				
34.84	Exceptio	on day 10	See 34.79 Ex	ception day 4.	01.01			
34.85	Exceptio	on day 11	See 34.79 Ex	ception day 4.	01.01			
34.86	Exceptio	on day 12	See 34.79 Ex	ception day 4.	01.01			
34.87	Exceptio	on day 13	See 34.79 Ex	ception day 4.	01.01			
34.88		on day 14		ception day 4.	01.01			
34.89		on day 15		ception day 4.	01.01			
34.90		on day 16		ception day 4.	01.01			
34.100	Timed fu		Defines which 0 = Not connecte 1 = Connecte	timers are connected to combined timer 1.	0000h			
	Bit	Name		Description				
	0	Timer 1		0 = Inactive. 1 = Active.				
	1	Timer 2		0 = Inactive. 1 = Active.				
	2	Timer 3		0 = Inactive. 1 = Active.				
	3	Timer 4		0 = Inactive. 1 = Active.				
	4	Timer 5		0 = Inactive. 1 = Active.				
	5	Timer 6		0 = Inactive. 1 = Active.				
	6	Timer 7		0 = Inactive. 1 = Active.				
	7	Timer 8		0 = Inactive. 1 = Active.				
	8	Timer 9		0 = Inactive. 1 = Active.				
	9	Timer 10		0 = Inactive. 1 = Active.				
	10	Timer 11		0 = Inactive. 1 = Active.				
	11	Timer 12		0 = Inactive. 1 = Active.				
	1215	Reserved						
	0000h	FEEF	Timoro conno	cted to combined timer 1.	1 = 1			
04.404	Timed fu			timers are connected to combined timer 2.				
34.101	Timea ti	Inction 2		med functions status.	0000h			
34.102	Timed fu	Inction 3	Defines which	n timers are connected to combined timer 3. med functions status.	0000h			
34.110	Boost tin	ne function		n combined timers (that is, timers that are the combined timers) are activated with the ction.	0000h			
	Bit	Name		Description				
	0	Timed func	tion 1	0 = Inactive. 1 = Active.				
	1	Timed func		0 = Inactive. 1 = Active.				
	2	Timed func	tion 3	0 = Inactive. 1 = Active.				
	315	Reserved		1				
	0000h	FFFFh	Combined tim	ners including the extra timer.	1 = 1			

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
34.111	Boost time activation source	Selects the source of extra time activation signal. 0 = Disabled. 1 = Enabled.	Off
	Off	0.	0
	On	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 196).	-
34.112	Boost time duration	Defines the time inside which the extra time is deactivated after extra time activation signal is switched off. <b>Example:</b> If parameter 34.111 <i>Boost time activation source</i> is set to <i>DI</i> 1 and 34.112 <i>Boost time duration</i> is set to 00 01:30, the extra time is active for 1 hour and 30 minutes after digital input DI is deactivated.	00 00:00
	00 00:0007 00:00	Extra time duration.	1 = 1
35 Motor thermal protection		Motor thermal protection settings such as temperature measurement configuration, load curve definition and motor fan control configuration. See also section <i>Motor thermal protection</i> (page 177).	
35.01	Motor estimated temperature	Displays the motor temperature as estimated by the internal motor thermal protection model (see parameters 35.5035.55). The unit is selected by parameter 96.16 Unit selection. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-60…1000 °C or -76…1832 °F	Estimated motor temperature.	1 = 1°
35.02	Measured temperature 1	<ul> <li>Displays the temperature received through the source defined by parameter 35.11 Temperature 1 source. The unit is selected by parameter 96.16 Unit selection.</li> <li>Notes: <ul> <li>With a PTC sensor, the unit is ohms.</li> <li>With a PTC sensor connected DI6, the value shown is not a valid measurement. Either 0 ohm (normal temperature) or the value of parameter 35.12 Temperature 1 fault limit (excessive temperature) is shown.</li> </ul> </li> <li>This parameter is read-only.</li> </ul>	-
	-605000 °C or -769032 °F, 05000 ohm or [ <i>35.12</i> ] ohm	Measured temperature 1.	1 = 1 unit

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
35.03	Measured temperature 2	<ul> <li>Displays the temperature received through the source defined by parameter 35.21 Temperature 2 source. The unit is selected by parameter 96.16 Unit selection.</li> <li>Notes: <ul> <li>With a PTC sensor, the unit is ohms.</li> <li>With a PTC sensor connected DI6, the value shown is not a valid measurement. Either 0 ohm (normal temperature) or the value of parameter 35.12 Temperature 1 fault limit (excessive temperature) is shown.</li> </ul> </li> <li>This parameter is read-only.</li> </ul>	-
	-605000 °C or -769032 °F, 05000 ohm or [35.22] ohm	Measured temperature 2.	1 = 1 unit
35.05	Motor overload level	Shows the motor overload level as a percent of the motor overload fault limit. See parameter 35.56 Motor overload action and section Motor overload protection (page 182).	0.0
	0.0300.0%	Motor overload level. 0.0% No motor overloading 88.0% Motor overloaded to warning level 100.0% Motor overloaded to fault level	10 = 1%
35.11	Temperature 1 source	Selects the source from which measured temperature 1 is read. Usually this source is from a sensor connected to the motor controlled by the drive, but it could be used to measure and monitor a temperature from other parts of the process as long as a suitable sensor is used as per the selection list.	Estimated temperature
	Disabled	None. Temperature monitoring function 1 is disabled.	0
	Estimated temperature	Estimated motor temperature (see parameter 35.01 Motor estimated temperature). The temperature is estimated from an internal drive calculation. It is important to set up the ambient temperature of the motor in 35.50 Motor ambient temperature.	1
	KTY84 analog I/O	<ul> <li>KTY84 sensor connected to the analog input selected by parameter 35.14 Temperature 1 AI source and an analog output.</li> <li>The following settings are required:</li> <li>Set the hardware jumper or switch related to the analog input to U (voltage). Any change must be validated by a control unit reboot.</li> <li>Set the appropriate analog input unit selection parameter in group 12 Standard AI to V (volt).</li> <li>In parameter group 13 Standard AO, set the source selection parameter of the analog output to Temp sensor 1 excitation.</li> <li>The analog output feeds a constant current through the sensor. As the resistance of the sensor increases along with its temperature, the voltage over the sensor increases. The voltage is read by the analog input and converted into degrees.</li> </ul>	2
		ucyrees.	

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	1 × Pt100 analog I/O	<ul> <li>Pt100 sensor connected to a standard analog input selected by parameter 35.14 Temperature 1 AI source and an analog output.</li> <li>The following settings are required:</li> <li>Set the hardware jumper or switch related to the analog input to U (voltage). Any change must be validated by a control unit reboot.</li> <li>Set the appropriate analog input unit selection parameter in group 12 Standard AI to V (volt).</li> <li>In parameter group 13 Standard AO, set the source selection parameter of the analog output to Temp sensor 1 excitation.</li> <li>The analog output feeds a constant current through the sensor. As the resistance of the sensor increases along with its temperature, the voltage over the sensor increases. The voltage is read by the analog input and converted into degrees.</li> </ul>	5
	2 × Pt100 analog I/O	As selection 1 × <i>Pt100 analog I/O</i> , but with two sensors connected in series. Using multiple sensors improves measurement accuracy significantly.	6
	3 × Pt100 analog I/O	As selection 1 × <i>Pt100 analog I/O</i> , but with three sensors connected in series. Using multiple sensors improves measurement accuracy significantly.	7
	PTC DI6	PTC sensor is connected to DI6. <b>Note:</b> With a PTC sensor connected DI6, the value shown is not a valid measurement. Either 0 ohm (normal temperature) or the value of parameter 35.22 <i>Temperature 2 fault limit</i> (excessive temperature) is shown.	8
	Reserved		910
	Direct temperature	The temperature is taken from the source selected by parameter 35.14 Temperature 1 Al source. The value of the source is assumed to be in the unit of temperature specified by parameter 96.16 Unit selection.	11
	KTY83 analog I/O	<ul> <li>KTY83 sensor connected to the analog input selected by parameter 35.14 Temperature 1 Al source and an analog output.</li> <li>The following settings are required:</li> <li>Set the hardware jumper or switch related to the analog input to U (voltage). Any change must be validated by a control unit reboot.</li> <li>Set the appropriate analog input unit selection parameter in group 12 Standard Al to V (volt).</li> <li>In parameter group 13 Standard AO, set the source selection parameter of the analog output to Temp sensor 1 excitation.</li> <li>The analog output feeds a constant current through the sensor. As the resistance of the sensor increases along with its temperature, the voltage over the sensor increases. The voltage is read by the analog input and converted into degrees.</li> </ul>	12

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	1 × Pt1000 analog I/O	<ul> <li>Pt1000 sensor connected to a standard analog input selected by parameter 35.14 Temperature 1 AI source and an analog output.</li> <li>The following settings are required:</li> <li>Set the hardware jumper or switch related to the analog input to U (voltage). Any change must be validated by a control unit reboot.</li> <li>Set the appropriate analog input unit selection parameter in group 12 Standard AI to V (volt).</li> <li>In parameter group 13 Standard AO, set the source selection parameter of the analog output to Temp sensor 1 excitation.</li> <li>The analog output feeds a constant current through the sensor. As the resistance of the sensor increases along with its temperature, the voltage over the sensor increases. The voltage is read by the analog input and converted into degrees.</li> </ul>	13
	2 × Pt1000 analog I/O	As selection 1 × <i>Pt1000 analog I/O</i> , but with two sensors connected in series. Using multiple sensors improves measurement accuracy significantly.	14
	3 × Pt1000 analog I/O	As selection 1 × <i>Pt1000 analog I/O</i> , but with three sensors connected in series. Using multiple sensors improves measurement accuracy significantly.	15
	Ni1000	<ul> <li>Ni1000 sensor connected to the analog input selected by parameter 35.14 Temperature 1 AI source and an analog output.</li> <li>Sensors with thermal coefficient 6.18 ohm / 1 °C (6180 ppm/K) are supported. 100 °C corresponds to 1618 ohm.</li> <li>The following settings are required:</li> <li>Set the hardware jumper or switch related to the analog input to U (voltage). Any change must be validated by a control unit reboot.</li> <li>Set the appropriate analog input unit selection parameter in group 12 Standard AI to V (volt).</li> <li>In parameter group 13 Standard AO, set the source selection parameter of the analog output to Temp sensor 1 excitation.</li> <li>The analog output feeds a constant current through the sensor. As the resistance of the sensor increases along with its temperature, the voltage over the sensor increases. The voltage is read by the analog input and converted into degrees.</li> </ul>	16
	Reserved		1718
	PTC extension module	PTC is connected to the CMOD-02 multifunction extension module, which is installed in drive slot 2. See chapter Optional I/O extension modules, section CMOD-02 multifunction extension module (external 24 V AC/DC and isolated PTC interface) in the Hardware manual of the drive).	19
	PTC analog I/O	PTC sensor connected to analog input selected by parameter 35.14 Temperature 1 AI source and an analog output. The required settings are the same as with selection <i>KTY84</i> analog I/O. <b>Note:</b> With this selection, the control program converts the analog signal to PTC resistance value in ohms and shows it in parameter 35.02. The parameter name and unit still refer to temperature.	20

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Therm(0)	PTC sensor or a normally closed thermistor connected relay to digital input DI6. The motor is overheated when the digital input is 0.	21
	Therm(1)	Normally open thermistor relay connected to digital input DI6. The motor is overheated when the digital input is 1.	22
35.12	Temperature 1 fault limit	<ul> <li>Defines the fault limit for temperature supervision function 1.</li> <li>When measured temperature 1 exceeds the limit, the drive trips on fault 4981 External temperature 1.</li> <li>The unit is selected by parameter 96.16 Unit selection.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>With a PTC sensor, the unit is ohms.</li> <li>With a PTC sensor connected DI6, the value shown is not a valid measurement. Either 0 ohm (normal temperature) or the value of parameter 35.12 Temperature 1 fault limit (excessive temperature) is shown.</li> <li>With a PTC sensor, changing the value of this parameter has no effect on fault generation. When PTC is over the triggering threshold of the CMOD-02 (see the Hardware manual of the drive), the fault can be reset manually.</li> </ul>	130 °C or 266 °F or 4500 ohm
	-605000 °C or -769032 °F or 05000 ohm	Fault limit for temperature monitoring function 1.	1 = 1 unit
35.13	Temperature 1 warning limit	<ul> <li>Defines the warning limit for temperature supervision function 1. When measured temperature 1 exceeds the limit, warning A491 External temperature 1 is generated.</li> <li>The unit is selected by parameter 96.16 Unit selection.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>With a PTC sensor, the unit is ohms.</li> <li>With a PTC sensor, changing the value of this parameter has no effect on fault generation. When PTC is over the triggering threshold of the CMOD-02 (see the Hardware manual of the drive), the drive trips on the fault and when PTC has decreased below recovery threshold of the CMOD-02 (see the Hardware manual of the drive), the fault can be reset manually.</li> </ul>	110 °C or 230 °F or 4000 ohm
	-605000 °C or -769032 °F or 05000 ohm	Warning limit for temperature monitoring function 1.	1 = 1 unit
35.14	Temperature 1 AI source	Specifies the analog input when the setting of <i>35.11</i> <i>Temperature 1 source</i> requires measurement through an analog input.	Not selected
	Not selected	None.	0
	AI1 actual value	Analog input AI1 on the control unit.	1
	Al2 actual value	Analog input AI2 on the control unit.	2
	Other	Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 196).	-

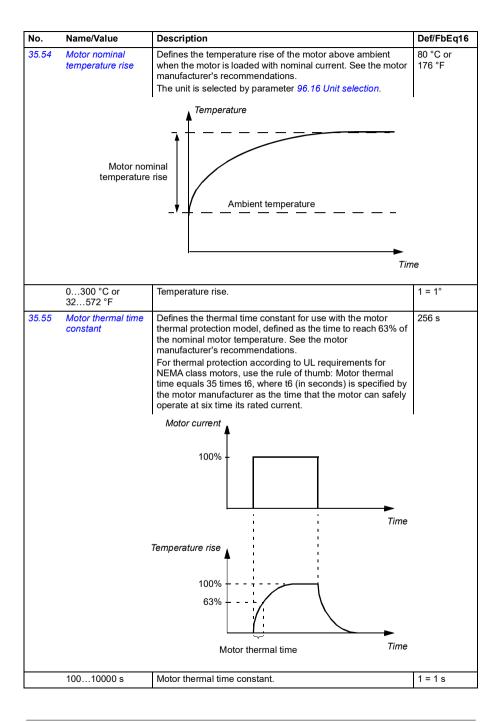
No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
35.21	Temperature 2 source	Selects the source from which measured temperature 2 is read. Usually this source is from a sensor connected to the motor controlled by the drive, but it could be used to measure and monitor a temperature from other parts of the process as long as a suitable sensor is used as per the selection list. See parameter <i>35.11</i> .	Estimated temperature
	Disabled	None. Temperature monitoring function 2 is disabled.	0
	Estimated temperature	Estimated motor temperature (see parameter 35.01 Motor estimated temperature). The temperature is estimated from an internal drive calculation. It is important to set up the ambient temperature of the motor in 35.50 Motor ambient temperature.	1
	KTY84 analog I/O	<ul> <li>KTY84 sensor connected to the analog input selected by parameter 35.24 Temperature 2 AI source and an analog output.</li> <li>The following settings are required:</li> <li>Set the hardware jumper or switch related to the analog input to U (voltage). Any change must be validated by a control unit reboot.</li> <li>Set the appropriate analog input unit selection parameter in group 12 Standard AI to V (volt).</li> <li>In parameter group 13 Standard AO, set the source selection parameter of the analog output to Temp sensor 2 excitation.</li> <li>The analog output feeds a constant current through the sensor. As the resistance of the sensor increases along with its temperature, the voltage over the sensor increases. The voltage is read by the analog input and converted into degrees.</li> </ul>	2
	Reserved		34
	1 × Pt100 analog I/O	<ul> <li>Pt100 sensor connected to a standard analog input selected by parameter 35.24 Temperature 2 AI source and an analog output.</li> <li>The following settings are required:</li> <li>Set the hardware jumper or switch related to the analog input to U (voltage). Any change must be validated by a control unit reboot.</li> <li>Set the appropriate analog input unit selection parameter in group 12 Standard AI to V (volt).</li> <li>In parameter group 13 Standard AO, set the source selection parameter of the analog output to Temp sensor 2 excitation.</li> <li>The analog output feeds a constant current through the sensor. As the resistance of the sensor increases along with its temperature, the voltage over the sensor increases. The voltage is read by the analog input and converted into degrees.</li> </ul>	5
	2 × Pt100 analog I/O	As selection 1 × <i>Pt100 analog I/O</i> , but with two sensors connected in series. Using multiple sensors improves measurement accuracy significantly.	6
	3 × Pt100 analog I/O	As selection 1 × <i>Pt100 analog I/O</i> , but with three sensors connected in series. Using multiple sensors improves measurement accuracy significantly.	7

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	PTC DI6	PTC sensor is connected to DI6. <b>Note:</b> With a PTC sensor connected DI6, the value shown is not a valid measurement. Either 0 ohm (normal temperature) or the value of parameter 35.22 <i>Temperature 2 fault limit</i> (excessive temperature) is shown.	8
	Reserved		910
	Direct temperature	The temperature is taken from the source selected by parameter 35.24 <i>Temperature 2 AI source</i> . The value of the source is assumed to be in the unit of temperature specified by parameter 96.16 <i>Unit selection</i> .	11
	KTY83 analog I/O	<ul> <li>KTY83 sensor connected to the analog input selected by parameter 35.14 Temperature 1 AI source and an analog output.</li> <li>The following settings are required:</li> <li>Set the hardware jumper or switch related to the analog input to U (voltage). Any change must be validated by a control unit reboot.</li> <li>Set the appropriate analog input unit selection parameter in group 12 Standard AI to V (volt).</li> <li>In parameter group 13 Standard AO, set the source selection parameter of the analog output to Temp sensor 2 excitation.</li> <li>The analog output feeds a constant current through the sensor. As the resistance of the sensor increases along with its temperature, the voltage over the sensor increases. The voltage is read by the analog input and converted into degrees.</li> </ul>	12
	1 × Pt1000 analog I/O	<ul> <li>Pt1000 sensor connected to a standard analog input selected by parameter 35.14 Temperature 1 AI source and an analog output.</li> <li>The following settings are required:</li> <li>Set the hardware jumper or switch related to the analog input to <i>U</i> (voltage). Any change must be validated by a control unit reboot.</li> <li>Set the appropriate analog input unit selection parameter in group 12 Standard AI to V (volt).</li> <li>In parameter group 13 Standard AO, set the source selection parameter of the analog output to <i>Temp sensor 2 excitation</i>.</li> <li>The analog output feeds a constant current through the sensor. As the resistance of the sensor increases along with its temperature, the voltage over the sensor increases. The voltage is read by the analog input and converted into degrees.</li> </ul>	13
	2 × Pt1000 analog I/O	As selection 1 × <i>Pt1000 analog I/O</i> , but with two sensors connected in series. Using multiple sensors improves measurement accuracy significantly.	14
	3 × Pt1000 analog I/O	As selection 1 × <i>Pt1000 analog I/O</i> , but with three sensors connected in series. Using multiple sensors improves measurement accuracy significantly.	15

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Ni1000	<ul> <li>Ni1000 sensor connected to the analog input selected by parameter 35.14 Temperature 1 AI source and an analog output.</li> <li>Sensors with thermal coefficient 6.18 ohm / 1 °C (6180 ppm/K) are supported. 100 °C corresponds to 1618 ohm.</li> <li>The following settings are required:</li> <li>Set the hardware jumper or switch related to the analog input to <i>U</i> (voltage). Any change must be validated by a control unit reboot.</li> <li>Set the appropriate analog input unit selection parameter in group 12 Standard AI to V (volt).</li> <li>In parameter group 13 Standard AO, set the source selection parameter of the analog output to Temp sensor 2 excitation.</li> <li>The analog output feeds a constant current through the sensor. As the resistance of the sensor increases along with its temperature, the voltage over the sensor increases. The voltage is read by the analog input and converted into degrees.</li> </ul>	16
	Reserved		1718
	PTC extension module	PTC is connected to the CMOD-02 multifunction extension module, which is installed in drive slot 2. See chapter Optional I/O extension modules, section CMOD-02 multifunction extension module (external 24 V AC/DC and isolated PTC interface) in the Hardware manual of the drive).	19
	PTC analog I/O	PTC sensor connected to analog input selected by parameter 35.24 Temperature 2 AI source and an analog output. The required settings are the same as with selection KTY84 analog I/O. Note: With this selection, the control program converts the analog signal to PTC resistance value in ohms and shows it in parameter 35.03. The parameter name and unit still refer to temperature.	20
	Therm(0)	PTC sensor or a normally closed thermistor connected relay to digital input DI6. The motor is overheated when the digital input is 0 m	21
	Therm(1)	Normally open thermistor relay connected to digital input DI6. The motor is overheated when the digital input is 1.	22
35.22	Temperature 2 fault limit	<ul> <li>Defines the fault limit for temperature supervision function 2.</li> <li>When measured temperature 1 exceeds the limit, the drive trips on fault 4982 External temperature 2.</li> <li>The unit is selected by parameter 96.16 Unit selection.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>With a PTC sensor, the unit is ohms.</li> <li>With a PTC sensor, changing the value of this parameter has no effect on fault generation. When PTC is over the triggering threshold of the CMOD-02 (see the Hardware manual of the drive), the drive trips on the fault and when PTC has decreased below recovery threshold of the CMOD-02 (see the Hardware manual of the drive), the fault can be reset manually.</li> </ul>	130 °C or 266 °F or 4500 ohm
	-605000 °C or -769032 °F or 05000 ohm	Fault limit for temperature monitoring function 2.	1 = 1 unit

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
35.23	Temperature 2 warning limit	<ul> <li>Defines the warning limit for temperature supervision function 2. When measured temperature 1 exceeds the limit, warning A492 External temperature 2 is generated.</li> <li>The unit is selected by parameter 96.16 Unit selection.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>With a PTC sensor, the unit is ohms.</li> <li>With a PTC sensor, changing the value of this parameter has no effect on fault generation. When PTC is over the triggering threshold of the CMOD-02 (see the Hardware manual of the drive), the drive trips on the fault and when PTC has decreased below recovery threshold of the CMOD-02 (see the Hardware manual of the drive), the fault can be reset manual of the drive), the</li> </ul>	110 °C or 230 °F or 4000 ohm
	-605000 °C or -769032 °F or 05000 ohm	Warning limit for temperature monitoring function 2.	1 = 1 unit
35.24	Temperature 2 AI source	Specifies the analog input when the setting of 35.11 Temperature 1 source requires measurement through an analog input.	Not selected
	Not selected	None.	0
	Al1 actual value	Analog input Al1 on the control unit.	1
	Al2 actual value	Analog input AI2 on the control unit.	2
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
35.31	Safe motor temperature enable	Activates or deactivates the Safe motor temperature (SMT) fault indication <i>4991 Safe motor temperature</i> . Automatically activated when the CPTC-02 ATEX-certified thermistor protection module is connected to the drive.	Off
	Off	Activated.	0
	On	Deactivated.	1
35.50	Motor ambient temperature	Defines the ambient temperature of the motor for the motor thermal protection model. The unit is selected by parameter 96.16 Unit selection. The motor thermal protection model estimates the motor temperature on the basis of parameters 35.5035.55. The motor temperature increases if it operates in the region above the load curve, and decreases if it operates in the region below the load curve. WARNING! The model cannot protect the motor if the motor does not cool properly because of dust, dirt, etc.	20 °C or 68 °F
	-60100 °C or -76 212 °F	Ambient temperature.	1 = 1°

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
35.51	Motor load curve	Defines the motor load curve together with parameters 35.52 Zero speed load and 35.53 Break point. The load curve is used by the motor thermal protection model to estimate the motor temperature. When the parameter is set to 100%, the maximum load is taken as the value of parameter 99.06 Motor nominal current (higher loads heat up the motor). The load curve level should be adjusted if the ambient temperature differs from the nominal value set in 35.50 Motor ambient temperature.	110%
	// <sub>N</sub> (%) ▲	/ = Motor current / <sub>N</sub> = Nominal motor current	
	150 -		
	100	35.51	
	50 - 35.52		
		35.53 Drive output frequency	ut
	50150%	Maximum load for the motor load curve.	1 = 1%
35.52	Zero speed load	Defines the motor load curve together with parameters 35.51 Motor load curve and 35.53 Break point. Defines the maximum motor load at zero speed of the load curve. A higher value can be used if the motor has an external motor fan to boost the cooling. See the motor manufacturer's recommendations. See parameter 35.51 Motor load curve.	70%
	25150%	Zero speed load for the motor load curve.	1 = 1%
35.53	Break point	Defines the motor load curve together with parameters 35.51 Motor load curve and 35.52 Zero speed load. Defines the break point frequency of the load curve ie. the point at which the motor load curve begins to decrease from the value of parameter 35.51 Motor load curve towards the value of parameter 35.52 Zero speed load. See parameter 35.51 Motor load curve.	45.00 Hz
	1.00500.00 Hz	Break point for the motor load curve.	See par. 46.02



No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
35.56	Motor overload action	Selects the action taken when motor overload is detected. See section <i>Motor overload protection</i> (page <i>182</i> ).	Warning and fault
	No action	No action taken.	0
	Warning only	Drive generates warning <i>A783 Motor overload</i> when the motor is overloaded to the warning level, that is, parameter <i>35.05 Motor overload level</i> reaches value 88.0%.	1
	Warning and fault	Drive generates warning <i>A783 Motor overload</i> when the motor is overloaded to the warning level, that is, parameter <i>35.05 Motor overload level</i> reaches value 88.0%. Drive trips on fault <i>7122 Motor overload</i> when the motor is overloaded to the fault level, that is, parameter <i>35.05 Motor overload level</i> reaches value 100.0%.	2
35.57	Motor overload class	Defines the motor overload class to be used. The class of protection is specified by the user as the time for tripping at 7.2 times (IEC 60947-4-1) or 6 times (NEMA ICS) the tripping level current. See section <i>Motor overload protection</i> (page 182).	Class 20
	Class 5	Motor overload class 5.	0
	Class 10	Motor overload class 10.	1
	Class 20	Motor overload class 20.	2
	Class 30	Motor overload class 30.	3
	Class 40	Motor overload class 40.	4

36 Loa	ad analyzer	Peak value and amplitude logger settings. See also section <i>Load analyzer</i> (page <i>187</i> ).	
36.01	PVL signal source	Selects the signal to be monitored by the peak value logger. The signal is filtered using the filtering time specified by parameter 36.02 PVL filter time. The peak value is stored, along with other pre-selected signals at the time, into parameters 36.1036.15. The peak value logger can be reset using parameter 36.09 <i>Reset loggers</i> . The logger is also reset whenever the signal source is changed. The date and time of the last reset are stored into parameters 36.16 and 36.17 respectively.	Output power
	Not selected	None (peak value logger disabled).	0
	Motor speed used	01.01 Motor speed used (page 199).	1
	Reserved		2
	Output frequency	01.06 Output frequency (page 199).	3
	Motor current	01.07 Motor current (page 199).	4
	Reserved		5
	Motor torque	01.10 Motor torque (page 199).	6
	DC voltage	01.11 DC voltage (page 199).	7
	Output power	01.14 Output power (page 200).	8
	Reserved		9
	Speed ref ramp in	23.01 Speed ref ramp input (page 276).	10
	Speed ref ramp out	23.02 Speed ref ramp output (page 276).	11
	Speed ref used	24.01 Used speed reference (page 280).	12
	Torque ref used	26.02 Torque reference used (page 286).	13

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Freq ref used	28.02 Frequency ref ramp output (page 291).	14
	Reserved		15
	Process PID out	40.01 Process PID output actual (page 353).	16
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
36.02	PVL filter time	Peak value logger filtering time. See parameter 36.01 PVL signal source.	2.00 s
	0.00120.00 s	Peak value logger filtering time.	100 = 1 s
36.06	AL2 signal source	Selects the signal to be monitored by amplitude logger 2. The signal is sampled at 200 ms intervals. The results are displayed by parameters 36.4036.49. Each parameter represents an amplitude range, and shows what portion of the samples fall within that range. The signal value corresponding to 100% is defined by parameter 36.07 AL2 signal scaling. Amplitude logger 2 can be reset using parameter 36.09 Reset loggers. The logger is also reset whenever the signal source or scaling is changed. The date and time of the last reset are stored into parameters 36.50 and 36.51 respectively. For the selections, see parameter 36.01 PVL signal source.	Motor torque
36.07	AL2 signal scaling	Defines the signal value that corresponds to 100% amplitude.	100.00
	0.0032767.00	Signal value corresponding to 100%.	1 = 1
36.09	Reset loggers	Resets the peak value logger and/or amplitude logger 2. (Amplitude logger 1 cannot be reset.)	Done
	Done	Reset completed or not requested (normal operation).	0
	All	Reset both the peak value logger and amplitude logger 2.	1
	PVL	Reset the peak value logger.	2
	AL2	Reset amplitude logger 2.	3
36.10	PVL peak value	Peak value recorded by the peak value logger.	0.00
	-32768.00 32767.00	Peak value.	1 = 1
36.11	PVL peak date	The date on which the peak value was recorded.	01.01.1980
	-	Peak occurrence date.	-
36.12	PVL peak time	The time at which the peak value was recorded.	00:00:00
	-	Peak occurrence time.	-
36.13	PVL current at peak	Motor current at the moment the peak value was recorded.	0.00 A
	-32768.00 32767.00 A	Motor current at peak.	1 = 1 A
36.14	PVL DC voltage at peak	Voltage in the intermediate DC circuit of the drive at the moment the peak value was recorded.	0.00 V
	0.002000.00 V	DC voltage at peak.	10 = 1 V
36.15	PVL speed at peak	Motor speed at the moment the peak value was recorded.	0.00 rpm
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Motor speed at peak.	See par. 46.01
36.16	PVL reset date	The date on which the peak value logger was last reset.	01.01.1980
	-	Last reset date of the peak value logger.	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
36.17	PVL reset time	The time at which the peak value logger was last reset.	00:00:00
	-	Last reset time of the peak value logger.	-
36.20	AL1 0 to 10%	Percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 1 that fall between 0 and 10%. 100% corresponds to the <i>I</i> <sub>max</sub> value given in the ratings table in chapter Technical data in the <i>Hardware manual</i> of the drive.	0.00%
	0.00100.00%	Amplitude logger 1 samples between 0 and 10%.	1 = 1%
36.21	AL1 10 to 20%	Percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 1 that fall between 10 and 20%.	0.00%
	0.00100.00%	Amplitude logger 1 samples between 10 and 20%.	1 = 1%
36.22	AL1 20 to 30%	Percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 1 that fall between 20 and 30%.	0.00%
	0.00100.00%	Amplitude logger 1 samples between 20 and 30%.	1 = 1%
36.23	AL1 30 to 40%	Percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 1 that fall between 30 and 40%.	0.00%
	0.00100.00%	Amplitude logger 1 samples between 30 and 40%.	1 = 1%
36.24	AL1 40 to 50%	Percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 1 that fall between 40 and 50%.	0.00%
	0.00100.00%	Amplitude logger 1 samples between 40 and 50%.	1 = 1%
36.25	AL1 50 to 60%	Percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 1 that fall between 50 and 60%.	0.00%
	0.00100.00%	Amplitude logger 1 samples between 50 and 60%.	1 = 1%
36.26	AL1 60 to 70%	Percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 1 that fall between 60 and 70%.	0.00%
	0.00100.00%	Amplitude logger 1 samples between 60 and 70%.	1 = 1%
36.27	AL1 70 to 80%	Percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 1 that fall between 70 and 80%.	0.00%
	0.00100.00%	Amplitude logger 1 samples between 70 and 80%.	1 = 1%
36.28	AL1 80 to 90%	Percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 1 that fall between 80 and 90%.	0.00%
	0.00100.00%	Amplitude logger 1 samples between 80 and 90%.	1 = 1%
36.29	AL1 over 90%	Percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 1 that exceed 90%.	0.00%
	0.00100.00%	Amplitude logger 1 samples over 90%.	1 = 1%
36.40	AL2 0 to 10%	Percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 2 that fall between 0 and 10%.	0.00%
	0.00100.00%	Amplitude logger 2 samples between 0 and 10%.	1 = 1%
36.41	AL2 10 to 20%	Percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 2 that fall between 10 and 20%.	0.00%
	0.00100.00%	Amplitude logger 2 samples between 10 and 20%.	1 = 1%
36.42	AL2 20 to 30%	Percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 2 that fall between 20 and 30%.	0.00%
	0.00100.00%	Amplitude logger 2 samples between 20 and 30%.	1 = 1%
36.43	AL2 30 to 40%	Percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 2 that fall between 30 and 40%.	0.00%
	0.00100.00%	Amplitude logger 2 samples between 30 and 40%.	1 = 1%

No.	Name/Value	Name/Value Description	
36.44	AL2 40 to 50%	Percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 2 that fall between 40 and 50%.	0.00%
	0.00100.00%	Amplitude logger 2 samples between 40 and 50%.	1 = 1%
36.45	AL2 50 to 60%	Percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 2 that fall between 50 and 60%.	0.00%
	0.00100.00%	Amplitude logger 2 samples between 50 and 60%.	1 = 1%
36.46	AL2 60 to 70%	Percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 2 that fall between 60 and 70%.	0.00%
	0.00100.00%	Amplitude logger 2 samples between 60 and 70%.	1 = 1%
36.47	AL2 70 to 80%	Percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 2 that fall between 70 and 80%.	0.00%
	0.00100.00%	Amplitude logger 2 samples between 70 and 80%.	1 = 1%
36.48	AL2 80 to 90%	Percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 2 that fall between 80 and 90%.	0.00%
	0.00100.00%	Amplitude logger 2 samples between 80 and 90%.	1 = 1%
36.49	AL2 over 90%	Percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 2 that exceed 90%.	0.00%
	0.00100.00%	Amplitude logger 2 samples over 90%.	1 = 1%
36.50	AL2 reset date	The date on which amplitude logger 2 was last reset.	01.01.1980
	-	Last reset date of amplitude logger 2.	-
36.51	AL2 reset time	The time at which amplitude logger 2 was last reset.	00:00:00
	-	Last reset time of amplitude logger 2.	-

37 User load curve	Settings for user load curve. See also section <i>User load curve</i> (page 129).	
37.01 ULC output status word	Displays the status of the monitored signal. The status is shown only while the drive is running. (The status word is independent of the actions and delays selected by parameters <i>37.03</i> , <i>37.04</i> , <i>37.41</i> and <i>37.42</i> .) This parameter is read-only.	0000h

Bit	Name	Description
0	Under load limit	1 = Signal lower than the underload curve.
1	Within load range	1 = Signal between the underload and overload curve.
2	Overload limit	1 = Signal higher than the overload curve.
3	Outside load limit	1 = Signal lower than the underload curve or higher than the overload curve.
415	Reserved	

	0000hFFFFh	Status of the monitored signal.	1 = 1
37.02	ULC supervision signal	Selects the signal to be monitored. The function compares the absolute value of the signal against the load curve.	Motor torque %
	Not selected	No signal selected (monitoring disabled).	0
	Motor speed %	01.03 Motor speed % (page 199).	1
	Motor current %	01.08 Motor current % of motor nom (page 199).	2
	Motor torque %	01.10 Motor torque (page 199).	3

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Output power % of motor nominal	01.15 Output power % of motor nom (page 200).	4
	Output power % of drive nominal	Output power % of drive nominal.	5
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
37.03	ULC overload actions	Selects how the drive reacts if the absolute value of the monitored signal stays continuously above the overload curve for longer than the value of <i>37.41 ULC overload timer</i> .	Disabled
	Disabled	No action taken.	0
	Warning	The drive generates a warning (A8BE ULC overload warning).	1
	Fault	The drive trips on 8002 ULC overload fault.	2
	Warning/Fault	The drive generates a warning ( <i>A8BE ULC overload warning</i> ) if the signal stays continuously above the overload curve for half of the time defined by parameter <i>37.41 ULC overload timer</i> . The drive trips on <i>8002 ULC overload fault</i> if the signal stays continuously above the overload curve for a time defined by parameter <i>37.41 ULC overload timer</i> .	3
37.04	ULC underload actions	Selects how the drive reacts if the absolute value of the monitored signal stays continuously below the overload curve for longer than the value of 37.42 ULC underload timer.	
	Disabled	No action taken.	
	Warning	The drive generates a warning (A8BF ULC underload warning).	
	Fault	The drive trips on 8001 ULC underload fault.	2
	Warning/Fault	The drive generates a warning ( <i>A8BF ULC underload</i> <i>warning</i> ) if the signal stays continuously below the underload curve for half of the time defined by parameter 37.41 ULC <i>overload timer</i> . The drive trips on 8001 ULC underload fault if the signal stays continuously below the underload curve for a time defined by parameter 37.42 ULC underload timer.	3
37.11	ULC speed table point 1	Defines the first of the five speed points on the X-axis of the user load curve. Speed points are used if parameter 99.04 Motor control mode is set to Vector or if 99.04 Motor control mode is set to Scalar and the reference unit is rpm. The five points must be in order from lowest to highest. The points are defined as positive values, but the range is symmetrically effective also in the negative direction. The monitoring is not active outside these two areas.	150.0 rpm
	-30000.030000.0 rpm	Speed.	1 = 1 rpm
37.12	ULC speed table point 2	Defines the second speed point. See parameter 37.11 ULC speed table point 1.	750.0 rpm
	-30000.030000.0 rpm	Speed.	1 = 1 rpm

No.	Name/Value	ne/Value Description Def/FbE	
37.13	ULC speed table point 3	Defines the third speed point. See parameter 37.11 ULC speed table point 1.	1290.0 rpm
	-30000.030000.0 rpm	Speed.	1 = 1 rpm
37.14	ULC speed table point 4	Defines the fourth speed point. See parameter 37.11 ULC speed table point 1.	1500.0 rpm
	-30000.030000.0 rpm	Speed.	1 = 1 rpm
37.15	ULC speed table point 5	Defines the fifth speed point. See parameter 37.11 ULC speed table point 1.	1800.0 rpm
	-30000.030000.0 rpm	Speed.	1 = 1 rpm
37.16	ULC frequency table point 1	Defines the first of the five frequency points on the X-axis of the user load curve. Frequency points are used if parameter 99.04 Motor control mode is set to Scalar and the reference unit is Hz. The five points must be in order from lowest to highest. The points are defined as positive values, but the range is symmetrically effective also in the negative direction. The monitoring is not active outside these two areas.	5.0 Hz
	-500.0500.0 Hz	Frequency.	1 = 1 Hz
37.17	ULC frequency table point 2	Defines the second frequency point. See parameter 37.16 ULC frequency table point 1.	25.0 Hz
	-500.0500.0 Hz	Frequency.	1 = 1 Hz
37.18	ULC frequency table point 3	Defines the third frequency point. See parameter 37.16 <i>ULC frequency table point 1</i> .	43.0 Hz
	-500.0500.0 Hz	Frequency.	1 = 1 Hz
37.19	ULC frequency table point 4	Defines the fourth frequency point. See parameter 37.16 ULC frequency table point 1.	50.0 Hz
	-500.0500.0 Hz	Frequency.	1 = 1 Hz
37.20	ULC frequency table point 5	Defines the fifth frequency point. See parameter 37.16 ULC frequency table point 1.	60.0 Hz
	-500.0500.0 Hz	Frequency.	1 = 1 Hz
37.21	ULC underload point 1	Defines the first of the five points on the Y-axis that together with the corresponding point on the X-axis (37.11 ULC speed table point 137.15 ULC speed table point 5 or 37.15 ULC speed table point 537.20 ULC frequency table point 5) define the underload (lower) curve. Each point of the underload curve must have a lower value than the corresponding overload point.	10.0%
	-1600.01600.0%	Underload point.	1 = 1%
37.22	ULC underload point 2	Defines the second underload point. See parameter 37.21 ULC underload point 1.	15.0%
	-1600.01600.0%	Underload point.	1 = 1%
37.23	ULC underload point 3	Defines the third underload point. See parameter 37.21 ULC underload point 1	25.0%
	-1600.01600.0%	Underload point.	1 = 1%

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
37.24	ULC underload point 4	Defines the fourth underload point. See parameter <i>37.21 ULC underload point 1</i>	30.0%
	-1600.01600.0%	Underload point.	1 = 1%
37.25	ULC underload point 5	Defines the fifth underload point. See parameter 37.21 ULC underload point 1	30.0%
	-1600.01600.0%	Underload point.	1 = 1%
37.31	ULC overload point 1	Defines the first of the five points on the Y-axis that together with the corresponding point on the X-axis (37.11 ULC speed table point 137.15 ULC speed table point 5 or 37.15 ULC speed table point 537.20 ULC frequency table point 5) define the overload (higher) curve. Each point of the overload curve must have a higher value than the corresponding underload point.	300.0%
	-1600.01600.0%	Overload point.	1 = 1%
37.32	ULC overload point 2	Defines the second overload point. See parameter 37.31 ULC overload point 1.	300.0%
	-1600.01600.0%	Overload point.	1 = 1%
37.33	ULC overload point 3	Defines the third overload point. See parameter 37.31 ULC overload point 1.	300.0%
	-1600.01600.0%	Overload point.	1 = 1%
37.34	ULC overload point 4	Defines the fourth overload point. See parameter 37.31 ULC overload point 1.	300.0%
	-1600.01600.0%	Overload point.	1 = 1%
37.35	ULC overload point 5	Defines the fifth overload point. See parameter 37.31 ULC overload point 1.	300.0%
	-1600.01600.0%	Overload point.	1 = 1%
37.41	ULC overload timer	Defines the time for which the monitored signal must continuously stay above the overload curve before the drive takes the action selected by <i>37.03 ULC overload actions</i> .	20.0 s
	0.010000.0 s	Overload timer.	1 = 1 s
37.42	ULC underload timer	Defines the time for which the monitored signal must continuously stay below the underload curve before the drive takes the action selected by <i>37.04 ULC underload actions</i> .	20.0 s
	0.010000.0 s	Underload timer.	1 = 1 s

No.	Name/Value	Name/Value Description			
40 Pro	cess PID set 1	Parameter values for process PID control. The drive output can be controlled by the process PID. When the process PID control is enabled, the drive controls the process feedback to the reference value. Two different parameter sets can be defined for the process PID. One parameter set is in use at a time. The first set is made up of parameters 40.0740.90 the second set is defined by the parameters in group 41 Process PID set 2. The binary source that defines which set is used is selected by parameter 40.57 PID set1/set2 selection. See also the control chain diagrams on pages 563 and 564. To set the PID customer unit, select Menu - Primary settings - PID - Unit on the control panel.			
40.01	Process PID output actual	Displays the output of the process PID controller. See the control chain diagram on page 564. This parameter is read-only.	-		
	-200000.00 200000.00	Process PID controller output.	1 = 1		
40.02	Process PID feedback actual	Displays the value of process feedback after source selection, mathematical function (parameter 40.10 Set 1 feedback function), and filtering. See the control chain diagram on page 563. This parameter is read-only.	-		
	-200000.00 200000.00 PID customer units	Process feedback.	1 = 1 PID customer unit		
40.03	Process PID setpoint actual	Displays the value of process PID setpoint after source selection, mathematical function ( <i>40.18 Set 1 setpoint function</i> ), limitation and ramping. See the control chain diagram on page <i>563</i> . This parameter is read-only.	-		
	-200000.00 200000.00 PID customer units	Setpoint for process PID controller.	1 = 1 PID customer unit		
40.04	Process PID deviation actual	Displays the process PID deviation. By default, this value equals setpoint - feedback, but deviation can be inverted by parameter 40.31 Set 1 deviation inversion. See the control chain diagram on page 564. This parameter is read-only.	-		
	-200000.00 200000.00 PID customer units	PID deviation.	1 = 1 PID customer unit		
40.05	Process PID trim output act	Displays the process PID trimmed reference output. See control chain diagram on page 564. This parameter is read-only.	-		
	-32768.032767.0	Process PID trimmed reference.	1 = 1		

No.	Name/Value		Description		Def/FbEq16
40.06				rs status information on process PID control. arameter is read-only.	-
	Bit	Name		Value	
	0	PID active		1 = Process PID control active.	
	1 Setpoint frozen		zen	1 = Process PID setpoint frozen.	
	2 Output frozen		en	1 = Process PID controller output frozen.	
	3 PID sleep mode		node	1 = Sleep mode active.	
	4	Sleep boos	t	1 = Sleep boost active.	
	5	Trim mode		1 = Trim mode active	
	6	Tracking m	ode	1 = Tracking function active.	
	7	Output limit	•	1 = PID output is being limited by par. 40.37.	
	8	Output limit		1 = PID output is being limited by par. 40.36.	
	9	Deadband a	active	1 = Deadband active (see par. 40.39)	
	10	PID set		0 = Parameter set 1 in use. 1 = Parameter set 2 in use	
	11	Reserved			
	12	Internal set active	point	1 = Internal setpoint active (see par. 40.1640.23)	
	1315	Reserved			
	0000h	.FFFFh	Proces	s PID control status word.	1 = 1
40.07	Process PID operation mode		Activates/deactivates process PID control. <b>Note:</b> Process PID control is only available in external control; see section <i>Local control vs. external control</i> (page 107).		Off
	Off On		Process PID control inactive.		0
			Proces	rocess PID control active.	
	On whe running	n drive	Proces	s PID control is active when the drive is running.	2
40.08	Set 1 feedback 1 source		Selects the primary source of process feedback. See the control chain diagram on page 563.		Al2 percent
	Not sele	ected	None.		0
	Al1 scal	ed	12.12 Al1 scaled value (see page 227).		1
	Al2 scal	ed	12.22 Al2 scaled value (see page 229).		2
	Freq in :	scaled	11.39 F	.39 Freq in 1 scaled value (see page 225).	
	Reserve	ed			
	Al1 per	ent	12.101 Al1 percent value (see page 230).		8
	Al2 per	ent	12.102	Al2 percent value (see page 230).	9
	Feedba storage	ck data	40.91 Feedback data storage (see page 368).		10
	Other		Source	selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
40.09	Set 1 fe source	edback 2	source inputs.	the second source of process feedback. The second is used only if the setpoint function requires two selections, see parameter <i>40.08 Set 1 feedback 1</i>	Not selecte

No.	Name/Value	Description		Def/FbEq16	
40.10	10Set 1 feedback functionDefines how process feedback is calculated from the two feedback sources selected by parameters 40.08 Set 1 feedback 1 source and 40.09 Set 1 feedback 2 source. The result of the function (for any selection) is multiplied by parameter 40.90 Set 1 feedback multiplier.		parameters <i>40.08 Set 1</i> Set 1 feedback 2 source. ny selection) is multiplied by	In1	
	In1	Source 1.		0	
	In1+In2	Sum of sources 1 and 2.		1	
	In1-In2	Source 2 subtracted from source	ce 1.	2	
	In1*In2	Source 1 multiplied by source 2	2.	3	
	In1/In2	Source 1 divided by source 2.		4	
	MIN(In1,In2)	Smaller of the two sources.		5	
	MAX(In1,In2)	Greater of the two sources.	6		
	AVE(In1,In2)	Average of the two sources.	7		
	sqrt(In1)	Square root of source 1.	8		
	sqrt(In1-In2)	Square root of (source 1 - sour	rce 2).	9	
	sqrt(In1+In2)	Square root of (source 1 + sou	rce 2).	10	
	sqrt(In1)+sqrt(In2)	Square root of source 1 + squa	are root of source 2.	11	
40.11	Set 1 feedback filter time	Defines the filter time constant	for process feedback.	0.000 s	
	0.00030.000 s	Feedback filter time.		1 = 1 s	
40.14	Set 1 setpoint scaling -200000.00	a general scaling factor for the If the parameter is set to zero, activated, where suitable setpoint according to selected setpoint as shown in parameter 40.61 Sety The scaling can be utilized whe setpoint is input in Hz, and the used as an rpm value in speed parameter might be set to 50, a nominal motor speed at 50 Hz. In effect, the output of the PID deviation (setpoint - feedback) <b>Note:</b> The scaling is based on 40.15. For example, the values the same scaling as 1 and 30.	Defines, together with parameter 40.15 Set 1 output scaling, a general scaling factor for the process PID control chain. If the parameter is set to zero, automatic setpoint scaling is activated, where suitable setpoint scale is calculated according to selected setpoint source. Actual setpoint scale is shown in parameter 40.61 Setpoint scaling actual. The scaling can be utilized when, for example, the process setpoint is input in Hz, and the output of the PID controller is used as an rpm value in speed control. In this case, this parameter might be set to 50, and parameter 40.15 to the nominal motor speed at 50 Hz. In effect, the output of the PID controller = [40.15] when deviation (setpoint - feedback) = [40.14] and [40.32] = 1. <b>Note:</b> The scaling is based on the ratio between 40.14 and 40.15. For example, the values 50 and 1500 would produce		
	200000.00	Scaling.		1 = 1	
40.15	Set 1 output scaling	See parameter 40.14 Set 1 set If the parameter is set to zero, according to column Scaling:	, ,	0.00	
		Operation mode (see par. 19.01)	Scaling		
		Speed control	46.01 Speed scaling		
		Frequency control Torque control	46.02 Frequency scaling 100%		
			100 / 0		
	-200000.00 200000.00	Process PID controller output b	Dase.	1 = 1	

No.	Name/Value	Def/FbEq16	
40.16	Set 1 setpoint 1 source	Selects the primary source of process PID setpoint. See the control chain diagram on page 563.	Al1 percent
	Not selected	None.	0
	Reserved		1
	Internal setpoint	Internal setpoint. See parameter 40.19 Set 1 internal setpoint sel1.	2
	Al1 scaled	12.12 Al1 scaled value (see page 227).	3
	AI2 scaled	12.22 Al2 scaled value (see page 229).	4
	Reserved		57
	Motor potentiometer	22.80 Motor potentiometer ref act (output of the motor potentiometer).	8
	Reserved		9
	Freq in scaled	11.39 Freq in 1 scaled value (see page 225).	10
	AI1 percent	12.101 Al1 percent value (see page 230)	11
	AI2 percent	12.102 AI2 percent value (see page 230)	12
	Control panel (ref saved)	Control panel reference (03.01 Panel reference, see page 202) saved by the control system for the location where the control returns is used as the reference. (Selection not available for parameter 71.16 Setpoint 1 source.) Reference $\begin{array}{c} & \\ \hline \\$	13
	Control panel (ref copied)	Control panel reference (03.01 Panel reference, see page 202) for the previous control location is used as the references when the control location changes if the references for the two locations are of the same type (for example, frequency/speed/torque/PID); otherwise, the actual signal is used as the new reference.	14
	FB A ref1	03.05 FB A reference 1 (see page 202).	15
	FB A ref2	03.06 FB A reference 2 (see page 202).	16
	Reserved		1718
	EFB ref1	03.09 EFB reference 1 (see page 202).	19
	EFB ref2	03.10 EFB reference 2 (see page 203).	20
	Reserved		2123
	Setpoint data storage	40.92 Setpoint data storage (see page 368). (Selection not available for parameter 71.16 Setpoint 1 source.)	24

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16					
	Other	Source selection (	see Terms and abl	breviations on page 196).	-			
40.17	Set 1 setpoint 2 source	source is used onl inputs.	For the selections, see parameter 40.16 Set 1 setpoint 1					
40.18	Set 1 setpoint function	parameters 40.16 setpoint 2 source. The result of the fu	Selects a function between the setpoint sources selected by parameters 40.16 Set 1 setpoint 1 source and 40.17 Set 1 setpoint 2 source. The result of the function (for any selection) is multiplied by parameter 40.89 Set 1 setpoint multiplier.					
	In1	Source 1.			0			
	In1+In2	Sum of sources 1	and 2.		1			
	In1-In2	Source 2 subtracte	ed from source 1.		2			
	In1*In2	Source 1 multiplie	d by source 2.		3			
	In1/In2	Source 1 divided b	by source 2.		4			
	MIN(In1,In2)	Smaller of the two	sources.		5			
	MAX(In1,In2)	Greater of the two	Greater of the two sources.					
	AVE(In1,In2)	Average of the two	o sources.		7			
	sqrt(In1)	Square root of sou	irce 1.		8			
	sqrt(In1-In2)	Square root of (so	9					
	sqrt(In1+In2)	Square root of (so	10					
	sqrt(In1)+sqrt(In2)	Square root of sou	Square root of source 1 + square root of source 2.					
40.19	Set 1 internal setpoint sel1	internal setpoint of 40.2140.24. Note: Parameters	Selects together with 40.20 Set 1 internal setpoint sel2 the internal setpoint out of the presets defined by parameters 40.2140.24. <b>Note:</b> Parameters 40.16 Set 1 setpoint 1 source and 40.17 Set 1 setpoint 2 source must be set to Internal setpoint.					
		Source defined by par. 40.19						
		0	0	0 (par. <u>40.24</u> )				
		1	0	1 (par. 40.21)				
		0	1	2 (par. 40.22)				
		1	1	3 (par. 40.23)				
	Not selected	0.			0			
	Selected	1.			1			
			10.02 DI delaved s	tatus bit 0)	2			
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (1			2			
	DI1 DI2	Digital input DI1 (1 Digital input DI2 (1	0.02 DI delayed s	tatus, bit 1).	3			
	DI1 DI2 DI3	Digital input DI1 ( Digital input DI2 ( Digital input DI3 (	0.02 DI delayed s 0.02 DI delayed s	tatus, bit 1). tatus, bit 2).	3			
	DI1 DI2 DI3 DI4	Digital input DI1 (7 Digital input DI2 (7 Digital input DI3 (7 Digital input DI4 (7	0.02 DI delayed s 0.02 DI delayed s 10.02 DI delayed s	<i>tatus</i> , bit 1). <i>tatus</i> , bit 2). <i>tatus</i> , bit 3).	3 4 5			
	DI1 DI2 DI3 DI4 DI5	Digital input DI1 (3 Digital input DI2 (3 Digital input DI3 (3 Digital input DI4 (3 Digital input DI5 (3	0.02 DI delayed s 0.02 DI delayed s 0.02 DI delayed s 0.02 DI delayed s	tatus, bit 1). tatus, bit 2). tatus, bit 3). tatus, bit 4).	3 4 5 6			
	DI1 DI2 DI3 DI4 DI5 DI6	Digital input DI1 (7 Digital input DI2 (7 Digital input DI3 (7 Digital input DI4 (7	0.02 DI delayed s 0.02 DI delayed s 0.02 DI delayed s 0.02 DI delayed s	tatus, bit 1). tatus, bit 2). tatus, bit 3). tatus, bit 4).	3 4 5 6 7			
	DI1 DI2 DI3 DI4 DI5	Digital input DI1 (3 Digital input DI2 (3 Digital input DI3 (3 Digital input DI4 (3 Digital input DI5 (3	0.02 DI delayed s 0.02 DI delayed s 0.02 DI delayed s 0.02 DI delayed s 0.02 DI delayed s	tatus, bit 1). tatus, bit 2). tatus, bit 3). tatus, bit 4). tatus, bit 5).	3 4 5 6			

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Timed function 3	Bit 2 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	20
	Supervision 1	Bit 0 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	21
	Supervision 2	Bit 1 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	22
	Supervision 3	Bit 2 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	23
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
40.20	Set 1 internal setpoint sel2	Selects together with 40.19 Set 1 internal setpoint sel1 the internal setpoint used out of the three internal setpoints defined by parameters 40.2140.23. See table at 40.19 Set 1 internal setpoint sel1.	Not selected
	Not selected	0.	0
	Selected	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	Reserved		817
	Timed function 1	Bit 0 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	18
	Timed function 2	Bit 1 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	19
	Timed function 3	Bit 2 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	20
	Supervision 1	Bit 0 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	21
	Supervision 2	Bit 1 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	22
	Supervision 3	Bit 2 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	23
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 196).	-
40.21	Set 1 internal setpoint 1	Internal process setpoint 1. See parameter 40.19 Set 1 internal setpoint sel1.	0.00 PID customer units
	-200000.00 200000.00 PID customer units	Internal process setpoint 1.	1 = 1 PID customer unit
40.22	Set 1 internal setpoint 2	Internal process setpoint 2. See parameter 40.19 Set 1 internal setpoint sel1.	0.00 PID customer units
	-200000.00 200000.00PID customer units	Internal process setpoint 2.	1 = 1 PID customer unit
40.23	Set 1 internal setpoint 3	Internal process setpoint 3. See parameter 40.19 Set 1 internal setpoint sel1.	0.00 PID customer units
	-200000.00 200000.00 PID customer units	Internal process setpoint 3.	1 = 1 PID customer unit

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
40.24	Set 1 internal setpoint 0	Internal process setpoint 0. See parameter 40.19 Set 1 internal setpoint sel1.	0.00 PID customer units
	-200000.00 200000.00 PID customer units	Internal process setpoint 0.	1 = 1 PID customer unit
40.26	Set 1 setpoint min	Defines a minimum limit for the process PID controller setpoint.	0.00 PID customer units
	-200000.00 200000.00 PID customer units	Minimum limit for process PID controller setpoint.	1 = 1 PID customer unit
40.27	Set 1 setpoint max	Defines a maximum limit for the process PID controller setpoint.	200000.00 PID customer units
	-200000.00 200000.00 PID customer units	Maximum limit for process PID controller setpoint.	1 = 1 PID customer unit
40.28	Set 1 setpoint increase time	Defines the minimum time it takes for the setpoint to increase from 0% to 100%.	0.0 s
	0.01800.0 s	Setpoint increase time.	1 = 1
40.29	Set 1 setpoint decrease time	Defines the minimum time it takes for the setpoint to decrease from 100% to 0%.	0.0 s
	0.01800.0 s	Setpoint decrease time.	1 = 1
40.30	Set 1 setpoint freeze enable	Freezes, or defines a source that can be used to freeze, the setpoint of the process PID controller. This feature is useful when the reference is based on a process feedback connected to an analog input, and the sensor must be serviced without stopping the process. 1 = Process PID controller setpoint frozen See also parameter 40.38 Set 1 output freeze enable.	Not selected
	Not selected	Process PID controller setpoint not frozen.	0
	Selected	Process PID controller setpoint frozen.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	Reserved		817
	Timed function 1	Bit 0 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	18
	Timed function 2	Bit 1 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	19
	Timed function 3	Bit 2 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	20
	Supervision 1	Bit 0 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	21
	Supervision 2	Bit 1 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	22
	Supervision 3	Bit 2 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	23
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 196).	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
40.31	Set 1 deviation inversion	Inverts the input of the process PID controller. 0 = Deviation not inverted (Deviation = Setpoint - Feedback) 1 = Deviation inverted (Deviation = Feedback - Setpoint) See also section <i>Sleep and boost functions for process PID</i> <i>control</i> (page 132).	Not inverted (Ref - Fbk)
	Not inverted (Ref - Fbk)	0.	0
	Inverted (Fbk - Ref)	1.	1
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
40.32	Set 1 gain	Defines the gain for the process PID controller. See parameter 40.33 Set 1 integration time.	1.00
	0.01100.00	Gain for PID controller.	100 = 1
40.33	Set 1 integration time	Defines the integration time for the process PID controller. This time needs to be set to the same order of magnitude as the reaction time of the process being controlled, otherwise instability will result. Error/Controller output $G \times I \begin{pmatrix} 0 & I \\ I & I \\ G \times I \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & I \\ I & I $	60.0 s
	0.09999.0 s	Integration time.	1 = 1 s
40.34	Set 1 derivation time	Defines the derivation time of the process PID controller. The derivative component at the controller output is calculated on basis of two consecutive error values ( $E_{K-1}$ and $E_K$ ) according to the following formula: PID DERIV TIME × ( $E_K - E_{K-1}$ )/ $T_S$ , in which $T_S = 2$ ms sample time E = Error = Process reference - process feedback.	0.000 s
	0.00010.000 s	Derivation time.	1000 = 1 s

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
40.35	Set 1 derivation filter time	Defines the time constant of the 1-pole filter used to smooth the derivative component of the process PID controller.	0.0 s
	0.010.0 s	Filter time constant.	10 = 1 s
40.36	Set 1 output min	Defines the minimum limit for the process PID controller output. Using the minimum and maximum limits, it is possible to restrict the operation range.	0.00
	-200000.00 200000.00	Minimum limit for process PID controller output.	1 = 1
40.37	Set 1 output max	Defines the maximum limit for the process PID controller output. See parameter 40.36 Set 1 output min.	100.00
	-200000.00 200000.00	Maximum limit for process PID controller output.	1 = 1
40.38	Set 1 output freeze enable	Freezes (or defines a source that can be used to freeze) the output of the process PID controller, keeping the output at the value it was before freeze was enabled. This feature can be used when, for example, a sensor providing process feedback must to be serviced without stopping the process. 1 = Process PID controller output frozen See also parameter <i>40.30 Set 1 setpoint freeze enable</i> .	Not selected
	Not selected	Process PID controller output not frozen.	0
	Selected	Process PID controller output frozen.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	Reserved		817
	Timed function 1	Bit 0 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	18
	Timed function 2	Bit 1 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	19
	Timed function 3	Bit 2 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	20

No.	o. Name/Value Description		Def/FbEq16
	Supervision 1	Bit 0 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	21
	Supervision 2	Bit 1 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	22
	Supervision 3	Bit 2 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	23
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
40.39	Set 1 deadband range	Defines a deadband around the setpoint. Whenever process feedback enters the deadband, a delay timer starts. If the feedback remains within the deadband longer than the delay (40.40 Set 1 deadband delay), the PID controller output is frozen. Normal operation resumes after the feedback value leaves the deadband.	0.0 PID customer unit
	40.39 Set 1 deadband range Setpo Feedba PID contro out	pint ack piller	
		40.40 Set 1 deadband delay	
	0200000.0 PID customer units	output	frozen Time
40.40		40.40 Set 1 deadband delay	frozen Time
40.40	customer units Set 1 deadband	Deadband range. Delay for the deadband. See parameter <i>40.39 Set 1</i>	frozen <i>Time</i> 1 = 1 PID customer uni
40.40	customer units Set 1 deadband delay	Deadband range. Delay for the deadband. See parameter 40.39 Set 1 deadband range.	frozen Time 1 = 1 PID customer unit 0.0 s
	customer unitsSet 1 deadbanddelay0.0 3600.0 s	Deadband range.         Delay for the deadband. See parameter 40.39 Set 1         deadband range.         Delay for deadband area.         Defines the start limit for the sleep function. If the value is 0.0, set 1 sleep mode is disabled.         The sleep function compares PID output (parameter 40.01         Process PID output actual) to the value of this parameter. If PID output remains below this value longer than the sleep delay defined by 40.44 Set 1 sleep delay, the drive enters the	frozen <i>Time</i> 1 = 1 PID customer uni 0.0 s 1 = 1 s
40.43	customer units Set 1 deadband delay 0.0 3600.0 s Set 1 sleep level	Deadband range. Delay for the deadband. See parameter 40.39 Set 1 deadband range. Delay for deadband area. Delay for deadband area. Delay for deadband area. Defines the start limit for the sleep function. If the value is 0.0, set 1 sleep mode is disabled. The sleep function compares PID output (parameter 40.01 Process PID output actual) to the value of this parameter. If PID output remains below this value longer than the sleep delay defined by 40.44 Set 1 sleep delay, the drive enters the sleep mode and stops the motor.	frozen <i>Time</i> 1 = 1 PID customer uni 0.0 s 1 = 1 s 0.0
	customer units Set 1 deadband delay 0.0 3600.0 s Set 1 sleep level 0.0200000.0	Deadband range.         Delay for the deadband. See parameter 40.39 Set 1         deadband range.         Delay for deadband area.         Defines the start limit for the sleep function. If the value is 0.0, set 1 sleep mode is disabled.         The sleep function compares PID output (parameter 40.01 <i>Process PID output actual</i> ) to the value of this parameter. If PID output remains below this value longer than the sleep delay defined by 40.44 Set 1 sleep delay, the drive enters the sleep mode and stops the motor.         Sleep start level.         Defines a delay before the sleep function actually becomes enabled, to prevent nuisance sleeping.         The delay timer starts when the sleep mode is enabled by parameter 40.43 Set 1 sleep level, and resets when the sleep	frozen <i>Time</i> 1 = 1 PID customer unit 0.0 s 1 = 1 s 0.0 1 = 1 s
40.43	customer units Set 1 deadband delay 0.03600.0 s Set 1 sleep level 0.0200000.0 Set 1 sleep delay	Deadband range.         Delay for the deadband. See parameter 40.39 Set 1         deadband range.         Delay for deadband area.         Defines the start limit for the sleep function. If the value is 0.0, set 1 sleep mode is disabled.         The sleep function compares PID output (parameter 40.01 <i>Process PID output actual</i> ) to the value of this parameter. If PID output remains below this value longer than the sleep delay defined by 40.44 Set 1 sleep delay, the drive enters the sleep mode and stops the motor.         Sleep start level.         Defines a delay before the sleep function actually becomes enabled, to prevent nuisance sleeping.         The delay timer starts when the sleep mode is enabled by parameter 40.43 Set 1 sleep level, and resets when the sleep mode is disabled.	frozen <i>Time</i> 1 = 1 PID customer unit 0.0 s 1 = 1 s 0.0 1 = 1 60.0 s

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
40.46	Set 1 sleep boost step	When the drive is entering sleep mode, the process setpoint is increased by this value for the time defined by parameter 40.45 Set 1 sleep boost time. If active, sleep boost is aborted when the drive wakes up.	0.0 PID customer units
	0.0200000.0 PID	Sleep boost step.	1 = 1 PID
	customer units		customer unit
40.47	Set 1 wake-up deviation	Defines the wake-up level as deviation between process setpoint and feedback. When the deviation exceeds the value of this parameter, and remains there for the duration of the wake-up delay (40.48 Set 1 wake-up delay), the drive wakes up. See also parameter 40.31 Set 1 deviation inversion.	0.00 PID customer units
	-200000.00 200000.00 PID customer units	Wake-up level (as deviation between process setpoint and feedback).	1 = 1 PID customer unit
40.48	Set 1 wake-up delay	Defines a wake-up delay for the sleep function to prevent nuisance wake-ups. See parameter 40.47 Set 1 wake-up deviation. The delay timer starts when the deviation exceeds the wake- up level (40.47 Set 1 wake-up deviation), and resets if the deviation falls below the wake-up level.	0.50 s
	0.0060.00 s	Wake-up delay.	1 = 1 s
40.49	Set 1 tracking mode	Activates (or selects a source that activates) tracking mode. In tracking mode, the value selected by parameter 40.50 Set 1 tracking ref selection is substituted for the PID controller output. See also section Tracking (page 134). 1 = Tracking mode enabled	Not selected
	Not selected	0.	0
	Selected	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	Reserved		817
	Timed function 1	Bit 0 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	18
	Timed function 2	Bit 1 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	19
	Timed function 3	Bit 2 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	20
	Supervision 1	Bit 0 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	21
	Supervision 2	Bit 1 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	22
	Supervision 3	Bit 2 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	23
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 196).	-
40.50	Set 1 tracking ref selection	Selects the value source for tracking mode. See parameter 40.49 Set 1 tracking mode.	Not selected
	Not selected	None.	0
	AI1 scaled	12.12 Al1 scaled value (see page 227).	1
	Al2 scaled	12.22 Al2 scaled value (see page 229).	2

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	FB A ref1	03.05 FB A reference 1 (see page 202).	3
	FB A ref2	03.06 FB A reference 2 (see page 202).	4
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
40.51	Set 1 trim mode	Activates the trim function and selects between direct and proportional trimming (or a combination of both). With trimming, it is possible to apply a corrective factor to the drive reference (setpoint). The output after trimming is available as parameter 40.05 Process PID trim output act. See section PID trim function (page 135), and the control chain diagram on page 564.	Off
	Off	The trim function is inactive.	0
	Direct	The trim function is active. The trimming factor is relative to the maximum speed, torque or frequency; the selection between these is made by parameter 40.52 Set 1 trim selection.	1
	Proportional	The trim function is active. The trimming factor is relative to the reference selected by parameter 40.53 Set 1 trimmed ref pointer.	2
	Combined	The trim function is active. The trimming factor is a combination of both <i>Direct</i> and <i>Proportional</i> modes; the proportions of each are defined by parameter 40.54 Set 1 trim <i>mix</i> .	3
40.52	Set 1 trim selection	Selects whether trimming is used for correcting the speed, torque or frequency reference.	Speed
	Torque	Torque reference trimming.	1
	Speed	Speed reference trimming.	2
	Frequency	Frequency reference trimming.	3
40.53	Set 1 trimmed ref pointer	Selects the signal source for the trim reference.	Not selected
	Not selected	None.	0
	AI1 scaled	12.12 Al1 scaled value (see page 227).	1
	AI2 scaled	12.22 AI2 scaled value (see page 229).	2
	FB A ref1	03.05 FB A reference 1 (see page 202).	3
	FB A ref2	03.06 FB A reference 2 (see page 202).	4
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
40.54	Set 1 trim mix	When parameter 40.51 Set 1 trim mode is set to Combined, defines the effect of direct and proportional trim sources in the final trimming factor. 0.000 = 100% proportional 0.500 = 50% proportional, 50% direct 1.000 = 100% direct	0.000
	0.000 1.000	Trim mix.	1 = 1
40.55	Set 1 trim adjust	Defines a multiplier for the trimming factor. This value is multiplied by the result of parameter 40.51 Set 1 trim mode. Consequently, the result of the multiplication is used to multiply the result of parameter 40.56 Set 1 trim source.	1.000
	-100.000 100.000	Multiplier for trimming factor.	1 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
40.56	Set 1 trim source	Selects the reference to be trimmed.	PID output
	PID ref	PID setpoint.	1
	PID output	PID controller output.	2
40.57	PID set1/set2 selection	Selects the source that determines whether process PID parameter set 1 (parameters 40.0740.50) or set 2 (group 41 Process PID set 2) is used.	PID set 1
	PID set 1	0. Process PID parameter set 1 in use.	0
	PID set 2	1. Process PID parameter set 2 in use.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	Reserved		817
	Timed function 1	Bit 0 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	18
	Timed function 2	Bit 1 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	19
	Timed function 3	Bit 2 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	20
	Supervision 1	Bit 0 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	21
	Supervision 2	Bit 1 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	22
	Supervision 3	Bit 2 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	23
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
40.58	Set 1 increase prevention	Activates and defines the type of the prevention of PID integration term increase for PID set 1.	No
	No	Increase prevention not in use.	0
	Limiting	The PID integration term is not increased if the maximum value for the PID output is reached. This parameter is valid for the PID set 1.	1
	Ext PID min lim	The process PID integration term is not increased when the output of the external PID has reached its minimum limit. In this setup, the external PID is used as a source for the process PID. This parameter is valid for the PID set 1.	2
	Ext PID max lim	The process PID integration term is not increased when the output of the external PID has reached its maximum limit. In this setup, the external PID is used as a source for the process PID. This parameter is valid for the PID set 1.	3
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
40.59	Set 1 decrease prevention	Prevention of PID integration term decrease for PID set 1.	No
	No	Decrease prevention not in use.	0
	Limiting	The PID integration term is not decreased if the minimum value for the PID output is reached. This parameter is valid for the PID set 1.	1
	Ext PID min lim	The process PID integration term is not decreased when the output of the external PID has reached its minimum limit. In this setup, the external PID is used as a source for the process PID. This parameter is valid for the PID set 1.	2

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Ext PID max lim	The process PID integration term is not decreased when the output of the external PID has reached its maximum limit. In this setup, the external PID is used as a source for the process PID. This parameter is valid for the PID set 1.	3
40.60	Set 1 PID activation source	Selects a source that enables/disables process PID control. See also parameter <i>40.07 Process PID operation mode</i> . 0 = Process PID control disabled. 1 = Process PID control enabled.	On
	Off	0.	0
	On	1.	1
	Follow Ext1/Ext2 selection	Process PID control is disabled when external control location EXT1 is active, and enabled when external control location EXT2 is active. See also parameter 19.11 Ext1/Ext2 selection.	2
	DI1	Digital input DI1 ( <i>10.02 DI delayed status</i> , bit 0).	3
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	4
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	5
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	6
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	7
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	8
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 196).	-
40.61	Setpoint scaling actual	Actual setpoint scaling. See parameter 40.14 Set 1 setpoint scaling.	100.00
	-200000.00 200000.00	Scaling.	1 = 1
40.62	PID internal setpoint actual	Displays the value of the internal setpoint. See the control chain diagram on page 563. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-200000.00 200000.00 PID customer units	Process PID internal setpoint.	1 = 1 PID customer unit
40.65	Trim auto connection	Enables the PID trim auto connection and connects PID trim 40.05 Process PID trim output act to either speed, torque or frequency chains, based on the trim selection parameter 40.52 Set 1 trim selection or 41.52 Set 2 trim selection. See control chain diagram on page 568.	Disable
	Disable	Disable PID trim auto connection.	0
	Enable	Enable PID trim auto connection.	1
40.79	Set 1 units	Unit used for PID set 1.	°C
	User text	User editable text. User text default is "PID unit 1".	0
	%		4
	bar		74
	kPa		75
	Pa		77
	psi		76
	CFM		26
	inH <sub>2</sub> O		58

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	°C		150
	°F		151
	mbar		44
	m <sup>3</sup> /h		78
	dm <sup>3</sup> /h		21
	l/s		79
	l/min		37
	l/h		38
	m <sup>3</sup> /s		88
	m <sup>3</sup> /min		40
	km <sup>3</sup> /h		131
	gal/s		47
	ft <sup>3</sup> /s		50
	ft <sup>3</sup> /min		51
	ft <sup>3</sup> /h		52
	ppm		34
	inHg		29
	kCFM		126
	inWC		85
	gpm		80
	gal/min		48
	in wg		59
	MPa		94
	ftWC		125
	%		4
	bar		74
	kPa		75
	Pa		77
	psi		76
	CFM		26
	inH <sub>2</sub> O		58
	°C		150
	°F		151
	mbar		44
	m <sup>3</sup> /h		78
	dm <sup>3</sup> /h		21
	l/s		79
	l/min		37
	l/h		38
	m <sup>3</sup> /s		88
	m <sup>3</sup> /min		40

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	km <sup>3</sup> /h		131
	gal/s		47
	ft <sup>3</sup> /s		50
	ft <sup>3</sup> /min		51
	ft <sup>3</sup> /h		52
	ppm		34
	inHg		29
	kCFM		126
	inWC		65
	gpm		80
	gal/min		48
	in wg		59
	MPa		94
	ftWC		125
40.80	Set 1 PID output min source	Selects the source for set 1 PID output minimum.	Set1 output min
	None	Not selected.	0
	Set1 output min	40.36 Set 1 output min.	1
40.81	Set 1 PID output max source	Selects the source for set 1 PID output maximum.	Set1 output max
	None	Not selected.	0
	Set1 output max	40.37 Set 1 output max	1
40.89	Set 1 setpoint multiplier	Defines the multiplier with which the result of the function specified by parameter <i>40.18 Set 1 setpoint function</i> is multiplied.	1.00
	-200000.00 200000.00	Multiplier.	1 = 1
40.90	Set 1 feedback multiplier	Defines the multiplier with which the result of the function specified by parameter <i>40.10 Set 1 feedback function</i> is multiplied.	1.00
	-200000.00 200000.00	Multiplier.	1 = 1
40.91	Feedback data storage	Storage parameter for receiving a process feedback value, for example, through the embedded fieldbus interface. The value can be sent to the drive as Modbus I/O data. Set the target selection parameter of that particular data (58.10158.114) to Feedback data storage. In 40.08 Set 1 feedback 1 source (or 40.09 Set 1 feedback 2 source), select Feedback data storage.	-
	-327.68327.67	Storage parameter for process feedback.	100 = 1
40.92	Setpoint data storage	Storage parameter for receiving a process setpoint value, for example, through the embedded fieldbus interface. The value can be sent to the drive as Modbus I/O data. Set the target selection parameter of that particular data (58.10158.114)) to Setpoint data storage. In 40.16 Set 1 setpoint 1 source (or 40.17 Set 1 setpoint 2 source), select Setpoint data storage.	-
	-327.68327.67	Storage parameter for process setpoint.	100 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
40.96	Process PID output %	Percentage scaled signal of parameter 40.01 Process PID feedback actual.	0.00%
	-100.00100.00%	Percentage.	100 = 1%
40.97	Process PID feedback %	Percentage scaled signal of parameter 40.02 Process PID feedback actual.	0.00%
	-100.00100.00%	Percentage.	100 = 1%
40.98	Process PID setpoint %	Percentage scaled signal of parameter 40.03 Process PID setpoint actual.	0.00%
	-100.00100.00%	Percentage.	100 = 1%
40.99	Process PID deviation %	Percentage scaled signal of parameter 40.04 Process PID deviation actual.	0.00%
	-100.00100.00%	Percentage.	100 = 1%
41 Pro	ocess PID set 2	A second set of parameter values for process PID control. The selection between this set and first set (parameter group 40 Process PID set 1) is made by parameter 40.57 PID set1/set2 selection. See also parameters 40.0140.06, and the control chain diagrams on pages 563 and 564.	
41.08	Set 2 feedback 1 source	See parameter 40.08 Set 1 feedback 1 source.	Al2 percent
41.09	Set 2 feedback 2 source	See parameter 40.09 Set 1 feedback 2 source.	Not selected
41.10	Set 2 feedback function	See parameter 40.10 Set 1 feedback function.	In1
41.11	Set 2 feedback filter time	See parameter 40.11 Set 1 feedback filter time.	0.000 s
41.14	Set 2 setpoint scaling	See parameter 40.14 Set 1 setpoint scaling.	0.00
41.15	Set 2 output scaling	See parameter 40.15 Set 1 output scaling.	0.00
41.16	Set 2 setpoint 1 source	See parameter 40.16 Set 1 setpoint 1 source.	Al1 percent
41.17	Set 2 setpoint 2 source	See parameter 40.17 Set 1 setpoint 2 source.	Not selected
41.18	Set 2 setpoint function	See parameter 40.18 Set 1 setpoint function.	In1
41.19	Set 2 internal setpoint sel1	See parameter 40.19 Set 1 internal setpoint sel1.	Not selected
41.20	Set 2 internal setpoint sel2	See parameter 40.20 Set 1 internal setpoint sel2.	Not selected
41.21	Set 2 internal setpoint 1	See parameter 40.21 Set 1 internal setpoint 1.	0.00 PID customer units
41.22	Set 2 internal setpoint 2	See parameter 40.22 Set 1 internal setpoint 2.	0.00 PID customer units
41.23	Set 2 internal setpoint 3	See parameter 40.23 Set 1 internal setpoint 3.	0.00 PID customer units

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
41.24	Set 2 internal setpoint 0	40.24 Set 1 internal setpoint 0.	0.00 PID customer units
41.26	Set 2 setpoint min	See parameter 40.26 Set 1 setpoint min.	0.00 PID customer units
41.27	Set 2 setpoint max	See parameter 40.27 Set 1 setpoint max.	200000.00 PID customer units
41.28	Set 2 setpoint increase time	See parameter 40.28 Set 1 setpoint increase time.	0.0 s
41.29	Set 2 setpoint decrease time	See parameter 40.29 Set 1 setpoint decrease time.	0.0 s
41.30	Set 2 setpoint freeze enable	See parameter 40.30 Set 1 setpoint freeze enable.	Not selected
41.31	Set 2 deviation inversion	See parameter 40.31 Set 1 deviation inversion.	Not inverted (Ref - Fbk)
41.32	Set 2 gain	See parameter 40.32 Set 1 gain.	1.00
41.33	Set 2 integration time	See parameter 40.33 Set 1 integration time.	60.0 s
41.34	Set 2 derivation time	See parameter 40.34 Set 1 derivation time.	0.000 s
41.35	Set 2 derivation filter time	See parameter 40.35 Set 1 derivation filter time.	0.0 s
41.36	Set 2 output min	See parameter 40.36 Set 1 output min.	0.00
41.37	Set 2 output max	See parameter 40.37 Set 1 output max.	100.00
41.38	Set 2 output freeze enable	See parameter 40.38 Set 1 output freeze enable.	Not selected
41.39	Set 2 deadband range	See parameter 40.39 Set 1 deadband range.	0.0 PID customer units
41.40	Set 2 deadband delay	See parameter 40.40 Set 1 deadband delay.	0.0 s
41.43	Set 2 sleep level	See parameter 40.43 Set 1 sleep level.	0.0
41.44	Set 2 sleep delay	See parameter 40.44 Set 1 sleep delay.	60.0 s
41.45	Set 2 sleep boost time	See parameter 40.45 Set 1 sleep boost time.	0.0 s
41.46	Set 2 sleep boost step	See parameter 40.46 Set 1 sleep boost step.	0.0 PID customer units
41.47	Set 2 wake-up deviation	See parameter 40.47 Set 1 wake-up deviation.	0.00 PID customer units
41.48	Set 2 wake-up delay	See parameter 40.48 Set 1 wake-up delay.	0.50 s
41.49	Set 2 tracking mode	See parameter 40.49 Set 1 tracking mode.	Not selected
41.50	Set 2 tracking ref selection	See parameter 40.50 Set 1 tracking ref selection.	Not selected
41.51	Set 2 trim mode	See parameter 40.51 Set 1 trim mode.	Off

1 = 1%

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
41.52	Set 2 trim selection	See parameter 40.52 Set 1 trim selection.	Speed
41.53	Set 2 trimmed ref pointer	See parameter 40.53 Set 1 trimmed ref pointer.	Not selected
41.54	Set 2 trim mix	See parameter 40.54 Set 1 trim mix.	-
41.55	Set 2 trim adjust	See parameter 40.55 Set 1 trim adjust.	1.000
41.56	Set 2 trim source	See parameter 40.56 Set 1 trim source.	PID output
41.58	Set 2 increase prevention	See parameter 40.58 Set 1 increase prevention.	No
41.59	Set 2 decrease prevention	See parameter 40.59 Set 1 decrease prevention.	No
41.60	Set 2 PID activation source	See parameter 40.60 Set 1 PID activation source.	On
41.79	Set 2 units	See parameter 40.79 Set 1 units.	°C
41.80	Set 2 PID output min source	Selects the source for set 2 PID output minimum.	Set2 output min
	None	Not selected.	0
	Set2 output min	41.36 Set 2 output min.	1
41.81	Set 2 PID output max source	Selects the source for set 2 PID output maximum.	Set2 output max
	None	Not selected.	0
	Set2 output max	41.37 Set 2 output max	1
41.89	Set 2 setpoint multiplier	See parameter 40.89 Set 1 setpoint multiplier.	1.00
41.90	Set 2 feedback multiplier	Defines the multiplier k used in formulas of parameter 41.10 Set 2 feedback function. See parameter 40.90 Set 1 feedback multiplier.	1.00
43 Bra	ike chopper	Settings for the internal brake chopper. <b>Note:</b> These parameters apply to internal brake chopper only. When using external brake, you must disable brake chopper function by setting parameter <i>43.06 Brake chopper function</i> to value <i>Disabled</i> .	
43.01	Braking resistor temperature	Displays the estimated temperature of the brake resistor, or how close the brake resistor is to being too hot.	-

The value is given in percent where 100% is the eventual temperature the resistor would reach when loaded long enough with its rated maximum load capacity (43.09 Brake

The temperature calculation is based on the values of parameters 43.08, 43.09 and 43.10, and on the assumption that the resistor is installed as instructed by the manufacturer

resistor Pmax cont).

0.0...120.0%

(that is, it cools down as expected). This parameter is read-only.

Estimated brake resistor temperature.

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
43.06	Brake chopper function	<ul> <li>Enables brake chopper control and selects the brake resistor overload protection method (calculation or measurement).</li> <li>Note: Before enabling brake chopper control, ensure that <ul> <li>a brake resistor is connected</li> <li>overvoltage control is switched off (parameter 30.30 Overvoltage control)</li> <li>the supply voltage range (parameter 95.01 Supply voltage) has been selected correctly.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Note: When using external brake chopper, set this parameter to value Disabled.</li> </ul>	Disabled
	Disabled	Brake chopper control disabled.	0
	Enabled with thermal model	Brake chopper control enabled with brake resistor protection based on the thermal model. If you select this, you must also specify the values needed by the model, ie. parameters 43.08 43.12. See the resistor data sheet.	1
	Enabled without thermal model	Brake chopper control enabled without resistor overload protection based on the thermal model. This setting can be used, for example, if the resistor is equipped with a thermal switch that is wired to open the main contactor of the drive if the resistor overheats. For more information, see chapter <i>Resistor braking</i> in the <i>Hardware manual</i> of the drive	2
	Overvoltage peak protection	<ul> <li>Brake chopper control enabled in an overvoltage condition.</li> <li>This setting is intended for situations where</li> <li>the braking chopper is not needed for runtime operation, ie. to dissipate the inertial energy of the motor,</li> <li>the motor is able to store a considerable amount magnetic energy in its windings, and</li> <li>the motor might, deliberately or inadvertently, be stopped by coasting.</li> <li>In such a situation, the motor would potentially discharge enough magnetic energy towards the drive to cause damage. To protect the drive, the brake chopper can be used with a small resistor dimensioned merely to handle the magnetic energy (not the inertial energy) of the motor.</li> <li>With this setting, the brake chopper is activated only whenever the DC voltage exceeds the overvoltage limit. During normal use, the brake chopper is not operating.</li> </ul>	3
43.07	Brake chopper run enable	Selects the source for quick brake chopper on/off control. 0 = Brake chopper IGBT pulses are cut off 1 = Normal brake chopper IGBT modulation allowed.	On
	Off	0.	0
	On	1.	1
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
43.08	Brake resistor thermal tc	Defines the thermal time constant for the brake resistor thermal model.	0 s
	010000 s	Brake resistor thermal time constant, that is, the rated time to achieve 63% temperature.	1 = 1 s

No.	Name/Va	alue	Descri	ption	Def/FbEq16
43.09	Brake re Pmax co		that will maximu capacit used in model.	the maximum continuous load of the brake resistor leventually raise the resistor temperature to the um allowed value (= continuous heat dissipation y of the resistor in kW) but not above it. The value is the resistor overload protection based on the thermal See parameter 43.06 Brake chopper function and the eet of the brake resistor used.	0.00 kW
	0.00 10000.00	) kW	Maximu	um continuous load of the brake resistor.	1 = 1 kW
43.10	Brake re	sistance	is used	the resistance value of the brake resistor. The value for the brake resistor protection based on the thermal See parameter <i>43.06 Brake chopper function</i> .	0.0 ohm
	0.0100	0.0 ohm	Brake r	esistor resistance value.	1 = 1 ohm
43.11			on the t function 7183 B The val reaches	the fault limit for the brake resistor protection based thermal model. See parameter 43.06 Brake chopper 7. When the limit is exceeded, the drive trips on fault <i>R</i> excess temperature. Iue is given in percent of the temperature the resistor s when loaded with the power defined by parameter Brake resistor Pmax cont.	105%
	0150%	5	Brake r	esistor temperature fault limit.	1 = 1%
43.12	Brake re- warning		based o choppe generat The val reaches	the warning limit for the brake resistor protection on the thermal model. See parameter 43.06 Brake or function. When the limit is exceeded, the drive tes a A793 BR excess temperature warning. Ule is given in percent of the temperature the resistor s when loaded with the power defined by parameter Brake resistor Pmax cont.	95%
	0150%	0	Brake r	esistor temperature warning limit.	1 = 1%
	chanical	brake		iration of mechanical brake control.	
contro				so section Mechanical brake control (page 152).	
44.01	Brake co	ontrol status		's the mechanical brake control status word. rameter is read-only.	-
	Bit	Name		Information	
	0	Open comm		Close/open command to brake actuator (0 = close, 1 = Connect this bit to desired output.	open).
	1	Opening tor request	que	1 = Opening torque requested from drive logic.	
	2	Hold stoppe request	эd	1 = Hold requested from drive logic	
	3	Ramp to sto	opped	1 = Ramping down to zero speed requested from drive	logic
l	4	Enabled		1 = Brake control is enabled	
	5	Closed		1 = Brake control logic in BRAKE CLOSED state	
l	6	Opening		1 = Brake control logic in BRAKE OPENING state	
l	7	Open		1 = Brake control logic in BRAKE OPEN state	
l	8	Closing		1 = Brake control logic in BRAKE CLOSING state	
	915	Reserved			

0000h...FFFFh

Mechanical brake control status word.

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
44.06	Brake control enable	Activates/deactivates (or selects a source that activates/deactivates) the mechanical brake control logic. 0 = Brake control inactive 1 = Brake control active	Not selected
	Not selected	0.	0
	Selected	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	Reserved		817
	Timed function 1	Bit 0 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	18
	Timed function 2	Bit 1 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	19
	Timed function 3	Bit 2 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	20
	Reserved		2123
	Supervision 1	Bit 0 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	24
	Supervision 2	Bit 1 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	25
	Supervision 3	Bit 2 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	26
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
44.08	Brake open delay	Defines the brake open delay, ie. the delay between the internal open brake command and the release of motor speed control. The delay timer starts when the drive has magnetized the motor. Simultaneously with the timer start, the brake control logic energizes the brake control output and the brake starts to open. Set this parameter to the value of mechanical opening delay specified by the brake manufacturer.	0.00 s
	0.005.00 s	Brake open delay.	100 = 1 s
44.13	Brake close delay	Specifies a delay between a close command (that is, when the brake control output is de-energized) and when the drive stops modulating. This is to keep the motor live and under control until the brake actually closes. Set this parameter equal to the value specified by the brake manufacturer as the mechanical wake-up time of the brake.	0.00 s
	0.0060.00 s	Brake close delay.	100 = 1 s
44.14	Brake close level	Defines the brake close speed as an absolute value. After motor speed has decelerated to this level, a close command is given.	100.00 rpm
	0.001000.00 rpm	Brake close speed.	See par. 46.01

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
45 Ene	ergy efficiency	Settings for the energy saving calculators as well as peak and energy loggers. See also section <i>Energy saving calculators</i> (page <i>186</i> ).	
45.01	Saved GW hours	Energy saved in GWh compared to direct-on-line motor connection. This parameter is incremented when 45.02 Saved MW hours rolls over. This parameter is read-only (see parameter 45.21 Energy calculations reset).	-
	065535 GWh	Energy savings in GWh.	1 = 1 GWh
45.02	Saved MW hours	Energy saved in MWh compared to direct-on-line motor connection. This parameter is incremented when 45.03 Saved kW hours rolls over. When this parameter rolls over, parameter 45.01 Saved GW hours is incremented. This parameter is read-only (see parameter 45.21 Energy calculations reset).	-
	0999 MWh	Energy savings in MWh.	1 = 1 MWh
45.03	Saved kW hours	Energy saved in kWh compared to direct-on-line motor connection. If the internal brake chopper of the drive is enabled, all energy fed by the motor to the drive is assumed to be converted into heat, but the calculation still records savings made by controlling the speed. If the chopper is disabled, then regenerated energy from the motor is also recorded here. When this parameter rolls over, parameter <i>45.02 Saved MW hours</i> is incremented. This parameter is read-only (see parameter <i>45.21 Energy calculations reset</i> ).	-
	0.0999.9 kWh	Energy savings in kWh.	10 = 1 kWh
45.04	Saved energy	Energy saved in kWh compared to direct-on-line motor connection. If the internal brake chopper of the drive is enabled, all energy fed by the motor to the drive is assumed to be converted into heat. This parameter is read-only (see parameter 45.21 Energy calculations reset).	-
	0.0214748352.0 kWh	Energy savings in kWh.	1 = 1 kWh
45.05	Saved money x1000	Monetary savings in thousands compared to direct-on-line motor connection. This parameter is incremented when 45.06 Saved money rolls over. You can define the currency during the first start up or from primary settings (Main menu - Primary settings - Clock, region display - Units - Currency). This parameter is read-only (see parameter 45.21 Energy calculations reset).	-
	04294967295 thousands	Monetary savings in thousands of units.	1 = 1 unit

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
45.06	Saved money	Monetary savings compared to direct-on-line motor connection. This value is a calculated by multiplying the saved energy in kWh by the currently active energy tariff (45.14 Tariff selection). When this parameter rolls over, parameter 45.05 Saved money x1000 is incremented.	-
		You can define the currency during the first start up or from primary settings (Main menu - Primary settings - Clock, region display - Units - Currency).	
		This parameter is read-only (see parameter 45.21 Energy calculations reset).	
	0.00999.99 units	Monetary savings.	1 = 1 unit
45.07	Saved amount	Monetary savings compared to direct-on-line motor connection. This value is a calculated by multiplying the saved energy in kWh by the currently active energy tariff (45.14 Tariff selection). You can define the currency during the first start up or from primary settings (Main menu - Primary settings - Clock, region display - Units - Currency). This parameter is read-only (see parameter 45.21 Energy	-
		calculations reset).	
	0.00… 21474830.08 units	Monetary savings.	1 = 1 unit
45.08	CO2 reduction in kilotons	Reduction in $CO_2$ emissions in metric kilotons compared to direct-on-line motor connection. This value is incremented when parameter 45.09 CO2 reduction in tons rolls over. This parameter is read-only (see parameter 45.21 Energy calculations reset).	-
	0…65535 metric kilotons	Reduction in CO <sub>2</sub> emissions in metric kilotons.	1 = 1 metric kiloton
45.09	CO2 reduction in tons	Reduction in CO <sub>2</sub> emissions in metric tons compared to direct-on-line motor connection. This value is calculated by multiplying the saved energy in MWh by the value of parameter 45.18 CO2 conversion factor (by default, 0.5 metric tons/MWh). When this parameter rolls over, parameter 45.08 CO2 reduction in kilotons is incremented. This parameter is read-only (see parameter 45.21 Energy calculations reset).	-
	0.0999.9 metric tons	Reduction in CO <sub>2</sub> emissions in metric tons.	1 = 1 metric ton
45.10	Total saved CO2	Reduction in CO <sub>2</sub> emissions in metric tons compared to direct-on-line motor connection. This value is calculated by multiplying the saved energy in MWh by the value of parameter <i>45.18 CO2 conversion factor</i> (by default, 0.5 metric tons/MWh). This parameter is read-only (see parameter <i>45.21 Energy calculations reset</i> ).	-
	0.0214748300.8. metric tons	Reduction in CO <sub>2</sub> emissions in metric tons.	1 = 1 metric ton

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
45.11	Energy optimizer	Enables/disables the energy optimization function. The function optimizes the motor flux so that total energy consumption and motor noise level are reduced when the drive operates below the nominal load. The total efficiency (motor and drive) can be improved by 120% depending on load torque and speed. Note: With a permanent magnet motor and a synchronous reluctance motor, energy optimization is always enabled regardless of this parameter. Note: Do no use energy optimizer in multimotor systems.	Disable
	Disable	Energy optimization disabled.	0
	Enable	Energy optimization enabled.	1
45.12	Energy tariff 1	Defines energy tariff 1 (price of energy per kWh). Depending on the setting of parameter 45.14 Tariff selection, either this value or 45.13 Energy tariff 2 is used for reference when monetary savings are calculated. You can define the currency during the first start up or from primary settings (Main menu - Primary settings - Clock, region display - Units - Currency). Note: Tariffs are read only at the instant of selection, and are not applied retroactively.	0.100 units
	0.000… 4294966.296 units	Energy tariff 1.	-
45.13	Energy tariff 2	Defines energy tariff 2 (price of energy per kWh). See parameter 45.12 Energy tariff 1.	0.200 units
	0.000 4294966.296 units	Energy tariff 2.	-
45.14	Tariff selection	Selects (or defines a source that selects) which pre-defined energy tariff is used. 0 = 45.12 Energy tariff 1 1 = 45.13 Energy tariff 2	Energy tariff 1
	Energy tariff 1	0.	0
	Energy tariff 2	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
45.18	CO2 conversion factor	Defines a factor for conversion of saved energy into CO <sub>2</sub> emissions (kg/kWh or tn/MWh). Example: 45.10 Total saved CO2 = 45.02 Saved MW hours × 45.18 CO2 conversion factor (tn/MWh).	0.500 tn/MWh (metric ton)
	0.00065.535 tn/MWh	Factor for conversion of saved energy into CO <sub>2</sub> emissions.	1 = 1 tn/MWh

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
45.19	Comparison power	Actual power that the motor absorbs when connected direct- on-line and operating the application. The value is used for reference when energy savings are calculated.	0.00 kW
		<b>Note:</b> The accuracy of the energy savings calculation is directly dependent on the accuracy of this value. If nothing is entered here, then the nominal motor power is used by the calculation, but that may inflate the energy savings reported as many motors do not absorb nameplate power.	
	0.0010000000.00 kW	Motor power.	1 = 1 kW
45.21	Energy calculations reset	Resets the savings counter parameters 45.0145.10.	Done
	Done	Reset not requested (normal operation), or reset complete.	0
	Reset	Reset the savings counter parameters. The value reverts automatically to <i>Done</i> .	1
45.24	Hourly peak power value	Value of the peak power during the last hour, that is, the most recent 60 minutes after the drive has been powered up. The parameter is updated once every 10 minutes unless the hourly peak is found in the most recent 10 minutes. In that case, the values is shown immediately.	0.00 kW
	-3000.00 3000.00 kW	Peak power value.	10 = 1 kW
45.25	Hourly peak power time	Time of the peak power value during the last hour.	00:00:00
		Time.	N/A
45.26	Hourly total energy (resettable)	Total energy consumption during the last hour, that is, the most recent 60 minutes. You can reset the value by setting it to zero.	0.00 kWh
	-3000.00 3000.00 kWh	Total energy.	10 = 1 kWh
45.27	Daily peak power value (resettable)	Value of the peak power since midnight of the present day. You can reset the value by setting it to zero.	0.00 kW
	-3000.00 3000.00 kW	Peak power value.	10 = 1 kW
45.28	Daily peak power time	Time of the peak power since midnight of the present day.	00:00:00
		Time.	N/A
45.29	Daily total energy (resettable)	Total energy consumption since midnight of the present day. You can reset the value by setting it to zero.	0.00 kWh
	-30000.00 30000.00 kWh	Total energy.	1 = 1 kWh
45.30	Last day total energy	Total energy consumption during the previous day, that is, between midnight of the previous day and midnight of the present day	0.00 kWh
	-30000.00 30000.00 kWh	Total energy.	1 = 1 kWh
45.31	Monthly peak power value (resettable)	Value of the peak power during the present month, that is, since midnight of the first day of the present month. You can reset the value by setting it to zero.	0.00 kW
	-3000.00 3000.00 kW	Peak power value.	10 = 1 kW

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
45.32	Monthly peak power date	Date of the peak power during the present month.	1.1.1980
		Date.	N/A
45.33	Monthly peak power time	Time of the peak power during the present month.	00:00:00
		Time.	N/A
45.34	Monthly total energy (resettable)	Total energy consumption from the beginning of the present month. You can reset the value by setting it to zero.	0.00 kWh
	-1000000.00 1000000.00 kWh	Total energy.	0.01 = 1 kWh
45.35	Last month total energy	Total energy consumption during the previous month, that is, between midnight of the first day or the previous month and midnight of the first day of the present month.	0.00 kWh
	-1000000.00 1000000.00 kWh		0.01 = 1 kWh
45.36	Lifetime peak power value	Value of the peak power over the drive lifetime.	0.00 kW
	-3000.00 3000.00 kW	Peak power value.	10 = 1 kW
45.37	Lifetime peak power date	Date of the peak power over the drive lifetime.	1.1.1980
		Date.	N/A
45.38	Lifetime peak power time	Time of the peak power over the drive lifetime.	00:00:00
		Time.	N/A

46 Monitoring/scaling settings		Speed supervision settings; actual signal filtering; general scaling settings.	
46.01	Speed scaling	Defines the maximum speed value used to define the acceleration ramp rate and the initial speed value used to define the deceleration ramp rate (see parameter group 23 <i>Speed reference ramp</i> ). The speed acceleration and deceleration ramp times are therefore related to this value ( <b>not</b> to parameter 30.12 <i>Maximum speed</i> ). Also defines the 16-bit scaling of speed-related parameters. The value of this parameter corresponds to 20000 in, for example, fieldbus communication.	1500.00 rpm; 1800.00 rpm (95.20 b0)
	0.1030000.00 rpm	Acceleration/deceleration terminal/initial speed.	1 = 1 rpm
46.02	Frequency scaling	Defines the maximum frequency value used to define the acceleration ramp rate and the initial frequency value used to define deceleration ramp rate (see parameter group 28 <i>Frequency reference chain</i> ). The frequency acceleration and deceleration ramp times are therefore related to this value ( <b>not</b> to parameter 30.14 <i>Maximum frequency</i> ). Also defines the 16-bit scaling of frequency-related parameters. The value of this parameter corresponds to 20000 in, for example, fieldbus communication.	50.00 Hz; 60.00 Hz (95.20 b0)
	0.101000.00 Hz	Acceleration/deceleration terminal/initial frequency.	10 = 1 Hz

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
46.03	Torque scaling	Defines the 16-bit scaling of torque parameters. The value of this parameter (in percent of nominal motor torque) corresponds to 10000 in, for example, fieldbus communication.	100.0%
	0.11000.0%	Torque corresponding to 10000 on fieldbus.	10 = 1%
46.04	Power scaling	Defines the 16-bit scaling of power parameters. The value of this parameter corresponds to 10000 in the fieldbus communication. The unit is selected by parameter <i>96.16 Unit selection</i> . For 32-bit scaling see <i>46.43 Power decimals</i> .	1000.00
	0.10 30000.00 kW or 0.10 40214.48 hp	Power corresponding to 10000 on fieldbus.	1 = 1
46.05	Current scaling	Defines the 16-bit scaling of current parameters. The value of this parameter corresponds to 10000 in fieldbus communication. For 32-bit scaling see <i>46.44 Current decimals</i> .	10000 A
	030000 A	Current corresponding to 10000 on fieldbus.	1 = 1 A
46.06	Speed ref zero scaling	Defines a speed corresponding to a zero reference received from fieldbus (either the embedded fieldbus interface, or interface FBA A). For example, with a setting of 500, the fieldbus reference range of $020000$ would correspond to a speed of $500[46.01]$ rpm. Note: This parameter is effective only with the ABB Drives communication profile.	0.00 rpm
	0.00 30000.00 rpm	Speed corresponding to minimum fieldbus reference.	1 = 1 rpm
46.07	Frequency ref zero scaling	Defines a frequency corresponding to a zero reference received from fieldbus (either the embedded fieldbus interface, or interface FBA). For example, with a setting of 30, the fieldbus reference range of 020000 would correspond to a speed of 30[46.02] Hz. <b>Note:</b> This parameter is effective only with the ABB Drives communication profile.	0.00 Hz
	0.00 1000.00 Hz	Frequency corresponding to minimum fieldbus reference.	10 = 1 Hz
46.11	Filter time motor speed	Defines a filter time for signals 01.01 Motor speed used and 01.02 Motor speed estimated.	500 ms
	220000 ms	Motor speed signal filter time.	1 = 1 ms
46.12	Filter time output frequency	Defines a filter time for signal 01.06 Output frequency.	500 ms
	220000 ms	Output frequency signal filter time.	1 = 1 ms
46.13	Filter time motor torque	Defines a filter time for signal 01.10 Motor torque.	100 ms
	220000 ms	Motor torque signal filter time.	1 = 1 ms
46.14	Filter time power	Defines a filter time for signal 01.14 Output power.	100 ms
	220000 ms	Output power signal filter time.	1 = 1 ms

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
46.21	At speed hysteresis	Defines the "at setpoint" limits for speed control of the drive. When the difference between reference (22.87 Speed reference act 7) and the speed (24.02 Used speed feedback) is smaller than 46.21 At speed hysteresis, the drive is considered to be "at setpoint". This is indicated by bit 8 of 06.11 Main status word.	50.00 rpm
		24.02 (rpm) Drive at setpoint (06.11 bit 8 = 1) 22.87 + 46.21 (rpm) 22.87 (rpm) 22.87 - 46.21 (rpm) 0 rpm	
	0.0030000.00 rpm	Limit for "at setpoint" indication in speed control.	See par. 46.01
46.22	At frequency hysteresis	Defines the "at setpoint" limits for frequency control of the drive. When the absolute difference between reference (28.96 Frequency ref ramp input) and actual frequency (01.06 Output frequency) is smaller than 46.22 At frequency hysteresis, the drive is considered to be "at setpoint". This is indicated by bit 8 of 06.11 Main status word. 01.06 (Hz) Drive at setpoint (06.11 bit 8 = 1) Drive at setpoint 0 Hz	2.00 Hz
	0.001000.00 Hz	Limit for "at setpoint" indication in frequency control.	See par. 46.02

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
46.23	At torque hysteresis	Defines the "at setpoint" limits for torque control of the drive. When the absolute difference between reference (26.73 <i>Torque reference act 4</i> ) and actual torque (01.10 Motor torque) is smaller than 46.23 At torque hysteresis, the drive is considered to be "at setpoint". This is indicated by bit 8 of 06.11 Main status word. 01.10 (%) Drive at setpoint (06.11 bit 8 = 1) 26.73 + 46.23 (%) 26.73 - 46.23 (%) 0%	5.0%
	0.0300.0%	Limit for "at setpoint" indication in torque control.	See par. 46.03
46.31	Above speed limit	Defines the trigger level for "above limit" indication in speed control. When actual speed exceeds the limit, bit 10 of 06.17 <i>Drive status word 2</i> and bit 10 of 06.11 <i>Main status word</i> are set.	1500.00 rpm; 1800.00 rpm (95.20 b0)
	0.0030000.00 rpm	"Above limit" indication trigger level for speed control.	See par. 46.01
46.32	Above frequency limit	Defines the trigger level for "above limit" indication in frequency control. When actual frequency exceeds the limit, bit 10 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 and bit 10 of 06.11 Main status word are set.	50.00 Hz; 60.00 Hz (95.20 b0)
	0.001000.00 Hz	"Above limit" indication trigger level for frequency control.	See par. 46.02
46.33	Above torque limit	Defines the trigger level for "above limit" indication in torque control. When actual torque exceeds the limit, bit 10 of 06.17 <i>Drive status word 2</i> and bit 10 of 06.11 <i>Main status word</i> are set.	300.0%
	0.01600.0%	"Above limit" indication trigger level for torque control.	See par. 46.03
46.41	kWh pulse scaling	Defines the trigger level for the "kWh pulse" on for 50 ms. The output of the pulse is bit 9 of <i>05.22 Diagnostic word 3</i> .	1.000 kWh
	0.001 1000.000 kWh	"kWh pulse" on trigger level.	1 = 1 kWh
46.43	Power decimals	Defines the number of display decimals places and 32-bit scaling of power-related parameters. The value of this parameter corresponds to the number of decimals assumed in the 32-bit integer fieldbus communication (for 16-bit scaling see 46.04 Power scaling).	2
	03	Number of decimals.	1 = 1
46.44	Current decimals	Defines the number of display decimals places and 32-bit scaling of current-related parameters. The value of this parameter corresponds to the number of decimals assumed in the 32-bit integer fieldbus communication (for 16-bit scaling see <i>46.05 Current scaling</i> ).	1
	03	Number of decimals.	1 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
47 Da	ta storage	Data storage parameters that can be written to and read from using other parameters' source and target settings. Note that there are different storage parameters for different data types. See also section <i>Data storage parameters</i> (page 191).	
47.01	Data storage 1 real32	Data storage parameter 1.	0.000
	-2147483.000 2147483.000	32-bit data.	-
47.02	Data storage 2 real32	Data storage parameter 2.	0.000
	-2147483.000 2147483.000	32-bit data.	-
47.03	Data storage 3 real32	Data storage parameter 3.	0.000
	-2147483.000 2147483.000	32-bit data.	-
47.04	Data storage 4 real32	Data storage parameter 4.	0.000
	-2147483.000 2147483.000	32-bit data.	-
47.11	Data storage 1 int32	Data storage parameter 9.	0
	-2147483648 2147483647	32-bit data.	-
47.12	Data storage 2 int32	Data storage parameter 10.	0
	-2147483648 2147483647	32-bit data.	-
47.13	Data storage 3 int32	Data storage parameter 11.	0
	-2147483648 2147483647	32-bit data.	-
47.14	Data storage 4 int32	Data storage parameter 12.	0
	-2147483648 2147483647	32-bit data.	-
47.21	Data storage 1 int16	Data storage parameter 17.	0
	-3276832767	16-bit data.	1 = 1
47.22	Data storage 2 int16	Data storage parameter 18.	0
	-3276832767	16-bit data.	1 = 1
47.23	Data storage 3 int16	Data storage parameter 19.	0
	-3276832767	16-bit data.	1 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
47.24	Data storage 4 int16	Data storage parameter 20.	0
	-3276832767	16-bit data.	1 = 1
49 Par	nel port	Communication settings for the control panel port on the	
	unication	drive.	
49.01	Node ID number	Defines the node ID of the drive. All devices connected to the network must have a unique node ID. <b>Note:</b> For networked drives, it is advisable to reserve ID 1 for spare/replacement drives.	1
	132	Node ID.	1 = 1
49.03	Baud rate	Defines the transfer rate of the link.	115.2 kbps
	38.4 kbps	38.4 kbit/s.	1
	57.6 kbps	57.6 kbit/s.	2
	86.4 kbps	86.4 kbit/s.	3
	115.2 kbps	115.2 kbit/s.	4
	230.4 kbps	230.4 kbit/s.	5
49.04	Communication loss time	Sets a timeout for control panel (or PC tool) communication. If a communication break lasts longer than the timeout, the action specified by parameter 49.05 Communication loss action is taken.	10.0 s
	0.33000.0 s	Control panel/PC tool communication timeout.	10 = 1 s
49.05	Communication loss action	Selects how the drive reacts to a control panel (or PC tool) communication break.	Fault
	No action	No action taken.	0
	Fault	Drive trips on 7081 Control panel loss.	1
	Last speed	Drive generates an ATEE Panel loss warning and freezes the speed to the level the drive was operating at. The speed is determined on the basis of actual speed using 850 ms low-pass filtering. WARNING! Make sure that it is safe to continue operation in case of a communication break.	2
	Speed ref safe	Drive generates an A7EE Panel loss warning and sets the speed to the speed defined by parameter 22.41 Speed ref safe (or 28.41 Frequency ref safe when frequency reference is being used). WARNING! Make sure that it is safe to continue operation in case of a communication break.	3
49.06	Refresh settings	Applies the settings of parameters 49.0149.05. <b>Note:</b> Refreshing may cause a communication break, so reconnecting the drive may be required.	Done
	Done	Refresh done or not requested.	0
	Configure	Refresh parameters 49.0149.05. The value reverts automatically to <i>Done</i> .	1
49.19	Basic panel home view 1	Selects the parameter that is shown in Home view 1 of the Basic control panel (ACS-BP-S) when the active external control location is EXT1. Home view 1 is toggled automatically between Home view 4 (parameter <i>49.219</i> ) according to the active external control location EXT1 or EXT2, respectively.	Auto

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Auto	Shows the factory default parameters.	0
	Motor speed used	01.01 Motor speed used	1
	Output frequency	01.06 Output frequency	3
	Motor current	01.07 Motor current	4
	Motor current % of motor nominal	01.08 Motor current % of motor nom	5
	Motor torque	01.10 Motor torque	6
	DC voltage	01.11 DC voltage	7
	Output power	01.14 Output power	8
	Speed ref ramp in	23.01 Speed ref ramp input	10
	Speed ref ramp out	23.02 Speed ref ramp output	11
	Speed ref used	24.01 Used speed reference	12
	Freq ref used	28.02 Frequency ref ramp output	14
	Process PID out	40.01 Process PID output actual	16
	Temp sensor 1 excitation	Excitation current to the temperature sensor 1, see parameter 35.11 Temperature 1 source. See also section Motor thermal protection (page 177).	20
	Temp sensor 2 excitation	Excitation current to the temperature sensor 2, see parameter 35.21 Temperature 2 source. See also section Motor thermal protection (page 177).	21
	Abs motor speed used	01.61 Abs motor speed used	26
	Abs motor speed %	01.62 Abs motor speed %	27
	Abs output frequency	01.63 Abs output frequency	28
	Abs motor torque	01.64 Abs motor torque	30
	Abs output power	01.65 Abs output power	31
	Abs motor shaft power	01.68 Abs motor shaft power	32
	External PID1 out	71.01 External PID act value	33
	AO1 data storage	13.91 AO1 data storage	37
	AO2 data storage	13.92 AO2 data storage	38
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 196).	-
49.20	Basic panel home view 2	Selects the parameters that are shown in Home view 2 of the integrated or Basic control panel (ACS-BP-S) when the active external control location is EXT1. Home view 2 is toggled automatically between Home view 5 (parameter 49.220) according to the active external control location EXT1 or EXT2, respectively. For the selections, see parameter 49.19 Basic panel home view 1.	Auto

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
49.21	Basic panel home view 3	Selects the parameters that are shown in Home view 3 of the integrated or Basic control panel (ACS-BP-S) when the active external control location is EXT1.	Auto
		Home view 3 is toggled automatically between Home view 6 (parameter 49.221) according to the active external control location EXT1 or EXT2, respectively. For the selections, see parameter 49.19 Basic panel home view 1.	
49.219	Basic panel home view 4	Selects the parameters that are shown in Home view 4 of the integrated or Basic control panel (ACS-BP-S) when the active external control location is EXT2. Home view 1 (parameter 49.19) is toggled automatically between Home view 4 according to the active external control location EXT1 or EXT2, respectively. For the selections, see parameter 49.19 Basic panel home view 1.	Auto
49.220	Basic panel home view 5	Selects the parameters that are shown in Home view 5 of the integrated or Basic control panel (ACS-BP-S) when the active external control location is EXT2. Home view 2 (parameter 49.20) is toggled automatically between Home view 5 according to the active external control location EXT1 or EXT2, respectively. For the selections, see parameter 49.19 Basic panel home view 1.	Auto
49.221	Basic panel home view 6	Selects the parameters that are shown in Home view 6 of the integrated or Basic control panel (ACS-BP-S) when the active external control location is EXT2. Home view 3 (parameter 49.21) is toggled automatically between Home view 6 according to the active external control location EXT1 or EXT2, respectively. For the selections, see parameter 49.19 Basic panel home view 1.	Auto
	allesse e alemána		
50 Fiel (FBA)	dbus adapter	Fieldbus communication configuration. See also chapter <i>Fieldbus control through a fieldbus adapter</i> (page <i>535</i> ).	
50.01	FBA A enable	Enables/disables communication between the drive and fieldbus adapter A, and specifies the slot the adapter is installed into.	Enable
	Disable	Communication between drive and fieldbus adapter A disabled.	0
	Enable	Communication between drive and fieldbus adapter A enabled. The adapter is in slot 1.	1
50.02	FBA A comm loss func	Selects how the drive reacts upon a fieldbus communication break. The time delay is defined by parameter 50.03 FBA A comm loss t out.	No action
	No action	No action taken.	0
	Fault	Drive trips on 7510 FBA A communication. This only occurs if control is expected from the fieldbus (FBA A selected as source of start/stop/reference in the currently active control location).	1

No.	Name/Value	Description		Def/FbEq16
	Last speed	Drive generates a warning (A70 freezes the speed to the level th only occurs if control is expecte The speed is determined on th 850 ms low-pass filtering. WARNING! Make sure operation in case of a c	he drive was operating at. This ed from the fieldbus. e basis of actual speed using that it is safe to continue	2
	Speed ref safe	(in frequency control). This only from the fieldbus.	ined by parameter 22.41 ol) or 28.41 Frequency ref safe y occurs if control is expected that it is safe to continue	3
	Fault always	Drive trips on 7510 FBA A com though no control is expected f		4
	Warning	Drive generates an A7C1 FBA This only occurs if control is ex WARNING! Make sure operation in case of a c	pected from the fieldbus. that it is safe to continue	5
50.03	FBA A comm loss t out	Defines the time delay before the action defined by parameter 50.02 FBA A comm loss func is taken. Time count starts when the communication link fails to update the message. <b>Note:</b> There is a 60-second boot-up delay immediately after power-up. During the delay, the communication break monitoring is disabled (but communication itself can be active).		0.3 s
	0.36553.5 s	Time delay.		1 = 1 s
50.04	FBA A ref1 type	Selects the type and scaling of fieldbus adapter A. The scaling parameters 46.0146.04, dep type is selected by this parameters 46.0146.0146.04, dep type is selected by this parameters 46.01	of the reference is defined by ending on which reference	Speed or frequency
	Speed or frequency	Type and scaling is chosen aut currently active operation mode		0
		Operation mode (see par. 19.01) Speed control Torque control Frequency control	Reference 1 type Speed Speed Frequency	
	Transparent	No scaling is applied (the 16-bi	it scaling is 1 = 1 unit)	1
	General         Generic reference with a 16-bit scaling of 100 = 1 (ie. integer and two decimals).           Torque         The scaling is defined by parameter 46.03 Torque scaling.           Speed         The scaling is defined by parameter 46.01 Speed scaling.		<b>,</b>	2
			meter 46.03 Torque scaling.	3
			neter 46.01 Speed scaling.	4
	Frequency	The scaling is defined by parag	neter 46.02 Frequency scaling.	5

No.	Name/Value	Description		Def/FbEq16
50.05	FBA A ref2 type	Selects the type and scaling of reference 2 received from fieldbus adapter A. The scaling of the reference is defined by parameters <i>46.0146.04</i> , depending on which reference type is selected by this parameter.		Speed or frequency
	Speed or frequency	requency Type and scaling is chosen automatically according to the currently active operation mode as follows:		0
		Operation mode (see par. 19.01)	Reference 2 type	
		Speed control	Torque	
		Torque control	Torque	
		Frequency control	Torque	
	Transparent	No scaling is applied (the 16-b	it scaling is 1 = 1 unit).	1
	General	Generic reference with a 16-bi and two decimals).	t scaling of 100 = 1 (ie. integer	2
	Torque	The scaling is defined by para	meter 46.03 Torque scaling.	3
	Speed	The scaling is defined by para	meter 46.01 Speed scaling.	4
	Frequency	The scaling is defined by parar	meter 46.02 Frequency scaling.	5
50.06	FBA A SW sel	Selects the source of the Status word to be sent to the fieldbus network through fieldbus adapter A.		Auto
	Auto	Source of the Status word is chosen automatically.		0
	Transparent mode	The source selected by param transparent source is transmitt fieldbus network through fieldb	ed as the Status word to the	1
50.07	FBA A actual 1 type	Selects the type and scaling of actual value 1 transmitted to the fieldbus network through fieldbus adapter A. The scaling of the value is defined by parameters 46.0146.04, depending on which actual value type is selected by this parameter.		Speed or frequency
	Speed or frequency	Type and scaling is chosen automatically according to the currently active operation mode as follows:		0
		Operation mode (see par. 19.01)	Actual value 1 type	
		Speed control	Speed	
		Torque control	Speed	
		Frequency control	Frequency	
	Transparent	transparent source is sent as a	The value selected by parameter <i>50.10 FBA A act1</i> <i>transparent source</i> is sent as actual value 1. No scaling is applied (the 16-bit scaling is 1 = 1 unit).	
	General	The value selected by parame transparent source is sent as a scaling of 100 = 1 unit (ie. integ	actual value 1 with a 16-bit	2
	Torque	01.10 Motor torque is sent as a defined by parameter 46.03 To		3
	Speed	01.01 Motor speed used is sen is defined by parameter 46.01	t as actual value 1. The scaling <i>Speed scaling</i> .	4
	Frequency	01.06 Output frequency is sent is defined by parameter 46.02	t as actual value 1. The scaling <i>Frequency scaling</i> .	5

No.	Name/Value	Description		Def/FbEq16
50.08	FBA A actual 2 type	Selects the type and scaling of actual value 2 transmitted to the fieldbus network through fieldbus adapter A. The scaling of the value is defined by parameters <i>46.0146.04</i> , depending on which actual value type is selected by this parameter.		Speed or frequency
	Speed or frequency	Type and scaling is chosen aut currently active operation mod		0
		Operation mode (see par. 19.01)	Actual value 2 type	
		Speed control	Torque	
		Torque control	Torque	
		Frequency control	Torque	
	Transparent	The value selected by parameters the value selected by parameters the transparent source is sent as a papelled (the 16-bit scaling is 1	actual value 1. No scaling is	1
	General	The value selected by parameter 50.11 FBA A act2         transparent source is sent as actual value 1 with a 16-bit         scaling of 100 = 1 unit (ie. integer and two decimals).         01.10 Motor torque is sent as actual value 1. The scaling is         defined by parameter 46.03 Torque scaling.         01.01 Motor speed used is sent as actual value 1. The scaling is         is defined by parameter 46.01 Speed scaling.		2
	Torque			3
	Speed			4
	Frequency	01.06 Output frequency is sent is defined by parameter 46.02		5
50.09	FBA A SW transparent source	Selects the source of the fields parameter 50.06 FBA A SW se		Not selected
	Not selected	No source selected.		-
	Other	Source selection (see Terms a	nd abbreviations on page 196).	-
50.10	FBA A act1 transparent source	When parameter 50.07 FBA A Transparent, this parameter se 1 transmitted to the fieldbus ne A.	lects the source of actual value	Not selected
	Not selected	No source selected.		-
	Other	Source selection (see Terms a	nd abbreviations on page 196).	-
50.11	FBA A act2 transparent source	When parameter 50.08 FBA A actual 2 type is set to Transparent, this parameter selects the source of actual value 2 transmitted to the fieldbus network through fieldbus adapter A.		Not selected
	Not selected	No source selected.		-
	Other	Source selection (see Terms a	nd abbreviations on page 196).	-
50.12	FBA A debug mode	This parameter enables debug mode. Displays raw (unmodified) data received from and sent to fieldbus adapter A in parameters 50.1350.18.		Disable
	Disable	Debug mode disabled.		0
	Fast	Debug mode enabled. Cyclical possible which increases CPU		1

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
50.13	FBA A control word	Displays the raw (unmodified) control word sent by the master (PLC) to fieldbus adapter A if debugging is enabled by parameter <i>50.12 FBA A debug mode</i> .	-
		This parameter is read-only.	
	00000000h FFFFFFFh	Control word sent by master to fieldbus adapter A.	-
50.14	FBA A reference 1	Displays raw (unmodified) reference REF1 sent by the master (PLC) to fieldbus adapter A if debugging is enabled by parameter <i>50.12 FBA A debug mode</i> . This parameter is read-only.	-
	-2147483648 2147483647	Raw REF1 sent by master to fieldbus adapter A.	-
50.15	FBA A reference 2	Displays raw (unmodified) reference REF2 sent by the master (PLC) to fieldbus adapter A if debugging is enabled by parameter 50.12 FBA A debug mode. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-2147483648 2147483647	Raw REF2 sent by master to fieldbus adapter A.	-
50.16	FBA A status word	Displays the raw (unmodified) status word sent by fieldbus adapter A to the master (PLC) if debugging is enabled by parameter 50.12 FBA A debug mode. This parameter is read-only.	-
	00000000h FFFFFFFh	Status word sent by fieldbus adapter A to master.	-
50.17	FBA A actual value 1	Displays raw (unmodified) actual value ACT1 sent by fieldbus adapter A to the master (PLC) if debugging is enabled by parameter <i>50.12 FBA A debug mode</i> . This parameter is read-only.	-
	-2147483648 2147483647	Raw ACT1 sent by fieldbus adapter A to master.	-
50.18	FBA A actual value 2	Displays raw (unmodified) actual value ACT2 sent by fieldbus adapter A to the master (PLC) if debugging is enabled by parameter <i>50.12 FBA A debug mode</i> . This parameter is read-only.	-
	-2147483648 2147483647	Raw ACT2 sent by fieldbus adapter A to master.	-

51 FBA A settings	Fieldbus adapter A configuration.	
51.01 FBA A type	Displays the type of the connected fieldbus adapter module. If value is <b>0</b> = None, module is not found or is not properly connected, or is disabled by parameter <i>50.01 FBA A enable</i> . <b>1</b> = PROFIBUS-DP <b>32</b> = CANopen <b>37</b> = DeviceNet <b>128</b> = Ethernet <b>132</b> = PROFInet IO <b>135</b> = EtherCAT <b>136</b> = ETH Pwrlink <b>485</b> = RS-485 comm <b>101</b> = ControlNet <b>2222</b> = Ethernet/IP <b>502</b> = Modbus/TCP This parameter is read-only.	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
51.02	FBA A Par2	Parameters 51.0251.26 are adapter module-specific. For more information, see the documentation of the fieldbus adapter module. Note that not all of these parameters are necessarily in use.	-
	065535	Fieldbus adapter configuration parameter.	1 = 1
51.26	FBA A Par26	See parameter 51.02 FBA A Par2.	-
	065535	Fieldbus adapter configuration parameter.	1 = 1
51.27	FBA A par refresh	Validates any changed fieldbus adapter module configuration settings. After refreshing, the value reverts automatically to <i>Done</i> . <b>Note:</b> This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	Done
	Done	Refreshing done.	0
	Configure	Refreshing.	1
51.28	FBA A par table ver	Displays the parameter table revision of the fieldbus adapter module mapping file (stored in the memory of the drive). In format axyz, where ax = major table revision number; yz = minor table revision number. This parameter is read-only.	-
		Parameter table revision of adapter module.	-
51.29	FBA A drive type code	Displays the drive type code in the fieldbus adapter module mapping file (stored in the memory of the drive). This parameter is read-only.	-
	065535	Drive type code stored in the mapping file.	1 = 1
51.30	FBA A mapping file ver	Displays the fieldbus adapter module mapping file revision stored in the memory of the drive in decimal format. This parameter is read-only.	-
	065535	Mapping file revision.	1 = 1
51.31	D2FBA A comm status	Displays the status of the fieldbus adapter module communication.	Not configured
	Not configured	Adapter is not configured.	0
	Initializing	Adapter is initializing.	1
	Time out	A timeout has occurred in the communication between the adapter and the drive.	2
	Configuration error	Adapter configuration error: mapping file not found in the file system of the drive, or mapping file upload has failed more than three times.	3
	Off-line	Fieldbus communication is off-line.	4
	On-line (	Fieldbus communication is on-line, or fieldbus adapter has been configured not to detect a communication break. For more information, see the documentation of the fieldbus adapter.	5
	Reset	Adapter is performing a hardware reset.	6
51.32	FBA A comm SW ver	Displays the common program revision of the adapter module in format axyz, where a = major revision number, xy = minor revision number, z = correction number or letter. Example: 190A = revision 1.90A.	
		Common program revision of adapter module.	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
51.33	FBA A appl SW ver	Displays the application program revision of the adapter module in format axyz, where a = major revision number, xy = minor revision number, z = correction number or letter. Example: 190A = revision 1.90A.	
		Application program version of adapter module.	-
52 FB/	A A data in	Selection of data to be transferred from drive to fieldbus controller through fieldbus adapter A. <b>Note:</b> 32-bit values require two consecutive parameters. Whenever a 32-bit value is selected in a data parameter, the next parameter is automatically reserved.	
52.01	FBA A data in1	Parameters 52.0152.12 select data to be transferred from the drive to the fieldbus controller through fieldbus adapter A.	None
	None	None.	0
	CW 16bit	Control Word (16 bits)	1
	Ref1 16bit	Reference REF1 (16 bits)	2
	Ref2 16bit	Reference REF2 (16 bits)	3
	SW 16bit	Status Word (16 bits)	4
	Act1 16bit	Actual value ACT1 (16 bits)	5
	Act2 16bit	Actual value ACT2 (16 bits)	6
	Reserved		710
	CW 32bit	Control Word (32 bits)	11
	Ref1 32bit	Reference REF1 (32 bits)	12
	Ref2 32bit	Reference REF2 (32 bits)	13
	SW 32bit	Status Word (32 bits)	14
	Act1 32bit	Actual value ACT1 (32 bits)	15
	Act2 32bit	Actual value ACT2 (32 bits)	16
	Reserved		1723
	SW2 16bit	Status Word 2 (16 bits)	24
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
52.12	FBA A data in12	See parameter 52.01 FBA A data in1.	None

53 FBA A data out		Selection of data to be transferred from fieldbus controller to drive through fieldbus adapter A. <b>Note:</b> 32-bit values require two consecutive parameters. Whenever a 32-bit value is selected in a data parameter, the next parameter is automatically reserved.	
53.01	FBA A data out1	Parameters 53.0153.12 select data to be transferred from the fieldbus controller to the drive through fieldbus adapter A.	None
	None	None.	0
	CW 16bit	Control Word (16 bits)	1
	Ref1 16bit	Reference REF1 (16 bits)	2
	Ref2 16bit	Reference REF2 (16 bits)	3
	Reserved		710
	CW 32bit	Control Word (32 bits)	11

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Ref1 32bit	Reference REF1 (32 bits)	12
	Ref2 32bit	Reference REF2 (32 bits)	13
	Reserved		1420
	CW2 16bit	Control Word 2 (16 bits)	21
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
53.12	FBA A data out12	See parameter 53.01 FBA A data out1.	None
58 Em	bedded fieldbus	Configuration of the embedded fieldbus (EFB) interface. See also chapter <i>Fieldbus control through the embedded fieldbus interface (EFB)</i> (page 505).	
58.01	Protocol enable	Enables/disables the embedded fieldbus interface and selects the protocol to use.	None
	None	None (communication disabled).	0
	Modbus RTU	Embedded fieldbus interface is enabled and uses the Modbus RTU protocol.	1
58.02	Protocol ID	Displays the protocol ID and revision. First 4 bits specify the protocol ID and last 12 bits specify the revision. This parameter is read-only.	-
		Protocol ID and revision.	1 = 1
58.03	Node address	Defines the node address of the drive on the fieldbus link. Values 1247 are allowable. Also called Station ID, MAC Address or Device Address. Two devices with the same address are not allowed on-line. Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter 58.06 <i>Communication control (Refresh settings)</i> .	1
	0255	Node address (values 1247 are allowed).	1 = 1
58.04	Baud rate	Selects the transfer rate of the fieldbus link. When using selection <i>Autodetect</i> , the parity setting of the bus must be known and configured in parameter <i>58.05 Parity</i> . When parameter <i>58.04 Baud rate</i> is set to <i>Autodetect</i> , the EFB settings must be refreshed with parameter <i>58.06</i> . The bus is monitored for a period of time and the detected baud rate is set as the value of this parameter. Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter <i>58.06</i> <i>Communication control (Refresh settings)</i> .	Modbus: 19.2 kbps
	Autodetect	Baud rate detected automatically.	0
	4.8 kbps	4.8 kbit/s.	1
	9.6 kbps	9.6 kbit/s.	2
	19.2 kbps	19.2 kbit/s.	3
	38.4 kbps	38.4 kbit/s.	4
	57.6 kbps	57.6 kbit/s.	5
	76.8 kbps	76.8 kbit/s.	6
	115.2 kbps	115.2 kbit/s.	7

58.05	Name	Value	Descripti	on	Def/FbEq16
56.05	Parity		Changes to rebooted of	e type of parity bit and number of stop bits. to this parameter take effect after the control unit is or the new settings validated by parameter 58.06 cation control (Refresh settings).	8 EVEN 1
	8 NONE 1		Eight data bits, no parity bit, one stop bit.		0
	8 NONE 2		Eight data bits, no parity bit, two stop bits.		1
	8 EVEN 1		Eight data bits, even parity bit, one stop bit.		2
	8 ODD	) 1	Eight data	bits, odd parity bit, one stop bit.	3
58.06	Communication control		Takes cha	nged EFB settings in use, or activates silent mode.	Enabled
	Enabled		Normal operation.		0
	Refresh settings		Refreshes settings (parameters <i>58.0158.05</i> , <i>58.1458.17</i> , <i>58.25</i> , <i>58.2258.34</i> ) and takes changed EFB configuration settings in use. Reverts automatically to <i>Enabled</i> .		1
	Silent mode		Silent mod	silent mode (no messages are transmitted). de can be terminated by activating the <i>Refresh</i> election of this parameter.	2
58.07	Communication diagnostics		This parar	he status of the EFB communication. meter is read-only. the name is only visible when the error is present is 1).	-
	Bit Name			Description	
	0	Init failed		1 = EFB initialization failed	
	1	Addr config	err	1 = Node address not allowed by protocol	
	2	Silent mode	1 = Drive not allowed to transmit		
				0 = Drive allowed to transmit	
	3	Autobauding		1 = Automatic detection of baud rate is in use (see $58.04$ )	parameter
	4	Wiring error		1 = Errors detected (A/B wires possibly swapped)	
		winnig en o		1 = Errors detected (A/B wires possibly swapped)	
	5	Parity error		1 = Errors detected (A/B wires possibly swapped) 1 = Error detected: check parameters 58.04 and 58	3.05
	5 6	ů.			
	-	Parity error	error	1 = Error detected: check parameters 58.04 and 58	
	6	Parity error Baud rate e	error	1 = Error detected: check parameters 58.04 and 56 1 = Error detected: check parameters 58.05 and 56 1 = 0 bytes received during last 5 seconds 1 = 0 packets (addressed to any device) detected of seconds	3.04 during last 5
	6 7 8 9	Parity error Baud rate e No bus act No packets Noise or ac error	error vity Idressing	<ul> <li>1 = Error detected: check parameters 58.04 and 56</li> <li>1 = Error detected: check parameters 58.05 and 56</li> <li>1 = 0 bytes received during last 5 seconds</li> <li>1 = 0 packets (addressed to any device) detected of seconds</li> <li>1 = Errors detected (interference, or another device) same address on line)</li> </ul>	3.04 during last 5 e with the
	6 7 8 9 10	Parity error Baud rate e No bus acti No packets Noise or ac error Comm loss	error vity Idressing	<ul> <li>1 = Error detected: check parameters 58.04 and 56</li> <li>1 = Error detected: check parameters 58.05 and 56</li> <li>1 = 0 bytes received during last 5 seconds</li> <li>1 = 0 packets (addressed to any device) detected of seconds</li> <li>1 = Errors detected (interference, or another device same address on line)</li> <li>1 = 0 packets addressed to the drive received withit (58.16)</li> </ul>	3.04 during last 5 e with the in timeout
	6 7 8 9 10 11	Parity error Baud rate e No bus act No packets Noise or ac error Comm loss CW/Ref los	error vity Idressing	<ul> <li>1 = Error detected: check parameters 58.04 and 56</li> <li>1 = Error detected: check parameters 58.05 and 56</li> <li>1 = 0 bytes received during last 5 seconds</li> <li>1 = 0 packets (addressed to any device) detected of seconds</li> <li>1 = Errors detected (interference, or another device same address on line)</li> <li>1 = 0 packets addressed to the drive received within</li> </ul>	3.04 during last 5 e with the in timeout
	6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Parity error Baud rate e No bus act No packets Noise or ac error Comm loss CW/Ref los Reserved	error vity Idressing	<ul> <li>1 = Error detected: check parameters 58.04 and 56</li> <li>1 = Error detected: check parameters 58.05 and 56</li> <li>1 = 0 bytes received during last 5 seconds</li> <li>1 = 0 packets (addressed to any device) detected of seconds</li> <li>1 = Errors detected (interference, or another device same address on line)</li> <li>1 = 0 packets addressed to the drive received withit (58.16)</li> <li>1 = No control word or references received within times</li> </ul>	3.04 during last 5 e with the in timeout
	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Parity error Baud rate e No bus act No packets Noise or ac error Comm loss CW/Ref los Reserved Protocol 1	error vity Idressing	<ul> <li>1 = Error detected: check parameters 58.04 and 56</li> <li>1 = Error detected: check parameters 58.05 and 56</li> <li>1 = 0 bytes received during last 5 seconds</li> <li>1 = 0 packets (addressed to any device) detected of seconds</li> <li>1 = Errors detected (interference, or another device same address on line)</li> <li>1 = 0 packets addressed to the drive received withit (58.16)</li> <li>1 = No control word or references received within time</li> </ul>	3.04 during last 5 e with the in timeout
	6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Parity error Baud rate e No bus act No packets Noise or ac error Comm loss CW/Ref los Reserved	error vity Idressing	<ul> <li>1 = Error detected: check parameters 58.04 and 56</li> <li>1 = Error detected: check parameters 58.05 and 56</li> <li>1 = 0 bytes received during last 5 seconds</li> <li>1 = 0 packets (addressed to any device) detected of seconds</li> <li>1 = Errors detected (interference, or another device same address on line)</li> <li>1 = 0 packets addressed to the drive received withit (58.16)</li> <li>1 = No control word or references received within times</li> </ul>	3.04 during last 5 e with the in timeout

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
58.08	Received packets	Displays a count of valid packets addressed to the drive. During normal operation, this number increases constantly. Can be reset from the control panel by keeping Reset down for over 3 seconds.	-
	04294967295	Number of received packets addressed to the drive.	1 = 1
58.09	Transmitted packets	Displays a count of valid packets transmitted by the drive. During normal operation, this number increases constantly. Can be reset from the control panel by keeping Reset down for over 3 seconds.	-
	04294967295	Number of transmitted packets.	1 = 1
58.10	All packets	Displays a count of valid packets addressed to any device on the bus. During normal operation, this number increases constantly. Can be reset from the control panel by keeping Reset down for over 3 seconds.	-
	04294967295	Number of all received packets.	1 = 1
58.11	UART errors	Displays a count of character errors received by the drive. An increasing count indicates a configuration problem on the bus. Can be reset from the control panel by keeping Reset down for over 3 seconds.	-
	04294967295	Number of UART errors.	1 = 1
58.12	CRC errors	Displays a count of packets with a CRC error received by the drive. An increasing count indicates interference on the bus. Can be reset from the control panel by keeping Reset down for over 3 seconds.	-
	04294967295	Number of CRC errors.	1 = 1
58.14	Communication loss action	Selects how the drive reacts to an EFB communication break. Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter 58.06 <i>Communication control (Refresh settings).</i> See also parameters 58.15 <i>Communication loss mode</i> and 58.16 <i>Communication loss time.</i>	No action
	No action	No action taken (monitoring disabled).	0
	Fault	The drive monitors communication loss when start/stop is expected from the EFB on the currently active control location. The drive trips on <i>6681 EFB comm loss</i> if control in the currently active control location is expected from the EFB or reference is coming from the EFB, and the communication is lost.	1
	Last speed	Drive generates an A7CE EFB comm loss warning and freezes the speed to the level the drive was operating at. The speed is determined on the basis of actual speed using 850 ms low-pass filtering. This occurs if control or reference is expected from the EFB. WARNING! Make sure that it is safe to continue operation in case of a communication break.	2

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Speed ref safe	Drive generates an A7CE EFB comm loss warning and sets the speed to the speed defined by parameter 22.41 Speed ref safe (or 28.41 Frequency ref safe when frequency reference is being used). This occurs if control or reference is expected from the EFB. WARNING! Make sure that it is safe to continue operation in case of a communication break.	3
	Fault always	Drive continuously monitors for communication loss. Drive trips on 6681 EFB comm loss. This happens even though the drive is in a control location where the EFB start/stop or reference is not used.	4
	Warning	Drive generates an A7CE EFB comm loss warning. This occurs even though no control is expected from the EFB. WARNING! Make sure that it is safe to continue operation in case of a communication break.	5
58.15	Communication loss mode	Defines which message types reset the timeout counter for detecting an EFB communication loss. Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter <i>58.06</i> <i>Communication control</i> ( <i>Refresh settings</i> ). See also parameters <i>58.14 Communication loss action</i> and <i>58.16 Communication loss time</i> .	Cw / Ref1 / Ref2
	Any message	Any message addressed to the drive resets the timeout.	1
	Cw / Ref1 / Ref2	A write of the control word or a reference resets the timeout.	2
58.16	Communication loss time	Sets a timeout for EFB communication. If a communication break lasts longer than the timeout, the action specified by parameter 58.14 Communication loss action is taken. Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter 58.06 Communication control ( <i>Refresh settings</i> ). See also parameter 58.15 Communication loss mode. <b>Note:</b> There is a 30-second boot-up delay immediately after power-up.	30.0 s
	0.06000.0 s	EFB communication timeout.	1 = 1
58.17	Transmit delay	Defines a minimum response delay in addition to any fixed delay imposed by the protocol. Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter <i>58.06</i> <i>Communication control (Refresh settings)</i> .	0 ms
	065535 ms	Minimum response delay.	1 = 1
58.18	EFB control word	Displays the raw (unmodified) control word sent by the Modbus controller to the drive. For debugging purposes. This parameter is read-only.	-
	00000000h FFFFFFFh	Control word sent by Modbus controller to the drive.	1 = 1
58.19	EFB status word	Displays the raw (unmodified) status word for debugging purposes. This parameter is read-only.	-
	00000000h FFFFFFFh	Status word sent by the drive to the Modbus controller.	1 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description		Def/FbEq16	
58.25	Control profile	Defines the communication pro protocol. Changes to this parameter take rebooted or the new settings va <i>Communication control (Refres</i> See section <i>About the control p</i>	e effect after the control unit is alidated by parameter <i>58.06</i> sh settings).	ABB Drives	
	ABB Drives	ABB Drives control profile (with	a 16-bit control word)	0	
	DCU Profile	DCU control profile (with a 16 o	or 32-bit control word)	5	
58.26	EFB ref1 type	Selects the type and scaling of the embedded fieldbus interfac The scaled reference is display	e.	Speed or frequency	
	Speed or frequency	Type and scaling is chosen aut currently active operation mode		0	
		Operation mode (see par. 19.01)	Reference 1 type		
		Speed control	Speed		
		Torque control	Speed		
		Frequency control	Frequency		
	Transparent	No scaling is applied.	1		
	General	Generic reference without a sp	2		
	Torque	Torque reference. The scaling i <i>Torque scaling</i> .	Torque reference. The scaling is defined by parameter 46.03		
	Speed	Speed reference. The scaling i Speed scaling.	Speed reference. The scaling is defined by parameter 46.01 Speed scaling.		
	Frequency	Frequency reference. The scal 46.02 Frequency scaling.	Frequency reference. The scaling is defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling.		
58.27	EFB ref2 type	Selects the type and scaling of the embedded fieldbus interfac The scaled reference is display	e.	Torque	
58.28	EFB act1 type	Selects the type of actual value	e 1.	Speed or frequency	
	Speed or frequency	Type and scaling is chosen aut currently active operation mode		0	
		Operation mode (see par. 19.01)	Actual 1 type		
		Speed control	Speed		
		Torque control	Speed		
		Frequency control	Frequency		
	<b>-</b>			4	
	Transparent	No scaling is applied.		1	
	General	Generic reference without a sp	<u> </u>	2	
	Torque	Scaling is defined by paramete		3	
	Speed	Scaling is defined by paramete	er 46.01 Speed scaling.	4	
	Frequency	Scaling is defined by parameter	r 46.02 Frequency scaling.	5	
58.29	EFB act2 type	Selects the type of actual value For the selections, see parame		Transparent	

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
58.31	EFB act1 transparent source	Selects the source of actual value 1 when parameter 58.28 EFB act1 type is set to Transparent.	Not selected
	Not selected	None.	0
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
58.32	EFB act2 transparent source	Selects the source of actual value 2 when parameter 58.29 EFB act2 type is set to Transparent.	Not selected
	Not selected	None.	0
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
58.33	Addressing mode	Defines the mapping between parameters and holding registers in the 400101465535 Modbus register range. Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter 58.06 <i>Communication control (Refresh settings)</i> .	Mode 0
	Mode 0	16-bit values (groups 199, indexes 199):Register address = 400000 + 100 × parameter group +parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would bemapped to register 400000 + 2200 + 80 = 402280.32-bit values (groups 199, indexes 199):Register address = 420000 + 200 × parameter group +2 × parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would bemapped to register 420000 + 4400 + 160 = 424560.	0
	Mode 1	<u>16-bit values (groups 1255, indexes 1255)</u> : Register address = 400000 + 256 × parameter group + parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would be mapped to register 400000 + 5632 + 80 = 405712.	1
	Mode 2	<u>32-bit values (groups 1127, indexes 1255)</u> : Register address = 400000 + 512 × parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would be mapped to register 400000 + 11264 + 160 = 411424.	2
58.34	Word order	Selects in which order 16-bit registers of 32-bit parameters are transferred. For each register, the first byte contains the high order byte and the second byte contains the low order byte. Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter 58.06 <i>Communication control (Refresh settings)</i> .	LO-HI
	HI-LO	The first register contains the high order word, the second contains the low order word.	0
	LO-HI	The first register contains the low order word, the second contains the high order word.	1
58.101	Data I/O 1	Defines the address in the drive which the Modbus master accesses when it reads from or writes to the register address corresponding to Modbus register 1 (400001). The master defines the type of the data (input or output). The value is transmitted in a Modbus frame consisting of two 16-bit words. If the value is 16-bit, it is transmitted in the LSW (least significant word). If the value is 32-bit, the subsequent parameter is also reserved for it and must be set to <i>None</i> .	CW 16bit
	None	No mapping, register is always zero.	0
	CW 16bit	ABB Drives profile: 16-bit ABB drives control word; DCU Profile: lower 16 bits of the DCU control word	1
	Ref1 16bit	Reference REF1 (16 bits)	2

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Ref2 16bit	Reference REF2 (16 bits)	3
	SW 16bit	ABB Drives profile: 16-bit ABB drives status word; DCU Profile: lower 16 bits of the DCU status word	4
	Act1 16bit	Actual value ACT1 (16 bits)	5
	Act2 16bit	Actual value ACT2 (16 bits)	6
	Reserved		710
	CW 32bit	Control Word (32 bits)	11
	Ref1 32bit	Reference REF1 (32 bits)	12
	Ref2 32bit	Reference REF2 (32 bits)	13
	SW 32bit	Status Word (32 bits)	14
	Act1 32bit	Actual value ACT1 (32 bits)	15
	Act2 32bit	Actual value ACT2 (32 bits)	16
	Reserved		1720
	CW2 16bit	ABB Drives profile: not used; DCU Profile: upper 16 bits of the DCU control word	21
	SW2 16bit	ABB Drives profile: not used / always zero; DCU Profile: upper 16 bits of the DCU status word	24
	Reserved		2530
	RO/DIO control word	Parameter 10.99 RO/DIO control word.	31
	AO1 data storage	Parameter 13.91 AO1 data storage.	32
	AO2 data storage	Parameter 13.92 AO2 data storage.	33
	Reserved		3439
	Feedback data storage	Parameter 40.91 Feedback data storage.	40
	Setpoint data storage	Parameter 40.92 Setpoint data storage.	41
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
58.102	Data I/O 2	Defines the address in the drive which the Modbus master accesses when it reads from or writes to register address 400002. For the selections, see parameter <i>58.101 Data I/O 1</i> .	Ref1 16bit
58.103	Data I/O 3	Defines the address in the drive which the Modbus master accesses when it reads from or writes to register address 400003. For the selections, see parameter <i>58.101 Data I/O 1</i> .	Ref2 16bit
58.104	Data I/O 4	Defines the address in the drive which the Modbus master accesses when it reads from or writes to register address 400004. For the selections, see parameter <i>58.101 Data I/O 1</i> .	SW 16bit
58.105	Data I/O 5	Defines the address in the drive which the Modbus master accesses when it reads from or writes to register address 400005. For the selections, see parameter <i>58.101 Data I/O 1</i> .	Act1 16bit
58.106	Data I/O 6	Defines the address in the drive which the Modbus master accesses when it reads from or writes to register address 400006. For the selections, see parameter <i>58.101 Data I/O 1</i> .	Act2 16bit

No.	Name/V	alue	Descri	ption	Def/FbEq16		
58.107	Data I/C	7		eter selector for Modbus register address 400007. e selections, see parameter 58.101 Data I/O 1.	None		
58.114	Data I/C	) 14		eter selector for Modbus register address 400014. e selections, see parameter 58.101 Data I/O 1.	None		
71 Ext	ernal Pl	D1	•	uration of external PID. e control chain diagrams on pages 565 and 566.			
71.01	External value	I PID act	See pa	arameter 40.01 Process PID output actual.	-		
71.02	Feedba	ck act value	See pa	arameter 40.02 Process PID feedback actual.	-		
71.03	Setpoint	act value	See pa	arameter 40.03 Process PID setpoint actual.	-		
71.04	Deviatio	n act value	See pa	arameter 40.04 Process PID deviation actual.	-		
71.06	PID stat	us word		ys status information on process external PID control. arameter is read-only.	-		
	Bit	Name		Value			
	0	PID active		1 = Process PID control active.			
	1	Reserved					
	2	Output froz	en	1 = Process PID controller output frozen. Bit is set if pr 71.38 Output freeze enable is TRUE, or the deadband active (bit 9 is set).			
	36	Reserved					
	7	Output limit	high	1 = PID output is being limited by par. 71.37.			
	8	Output limit		1 = PID output is being limited by par. 71.36.			
	9			active 1 = Deadband is active (see par. 71.39)			
	1011						
	12	Internal set active	point 1 = Internal setpoint active (see par. 71.1671.23)				
	1315	Reserved					
	0000h	EEEb	Procos	s PID control status word.	1 = 1		
74.07							
71.07		ration mode		arameter 40.07 Process PID operation mode.	Off		
71.08		ck 1 source		arameter 40.08 Set 1 feedback 1 source.	AI2 percent		
71.11	Feedba	ck filter time	See pa	arameter 40.11 Set 1 feedback filter time.	0.000 s		
71.14	Setpoint	: scaling	genera scaling setpoir used a parama nomina In effec deviati <b>Note:</b> 71.15.	s, together with parameter 71.15 Output scaling, a Il scaling factor for the external PID control chain. The g can be utilized when, for example, the process it is input in Hz, and the output of the PID controller is s an rpm value in speed control. In this case, this eter might be set to 50, and parameter 71.15 to the al motor speed at 50 Hz. ct, the output of the PID controller [71.15] when on (setpoint - feedback) = [71.14] and [71.32] = 1. The scaling is based on the ratio between 71.14 and For example, the values 50 and 1500 would produce ne scaling as 1 and 3.	1500.00		
	-200000		Proces	s setpoint base.	1 = 1		
	200000.	00					

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	-200000.00 200000.00	Process PID controller output base.	1 = 1
71.16	Setpoint 1 source	See parameter 40.16 Set 1 setpoint 1 source.	Al2 percent
71.19	Internal setpoint sel1	See parameter 40.19 Set 1 internal setpoint sel1.	Not selected
71.20	Internal setpoint sel2	See parameter 40.20 Set 1 internal setpoint sel2.	Not selected
71.21	Internal setpoint 1	See parameter 40.21 Set 1 internal setpoint 1.	0.00 PID customer units
71.22	Internal setpoint 2	See parameter 40.22 Set 1 internal setpoint 2.	0.00 PID customer units
71.23	Internal setpoint 3	See parameter 40.23 Set 1 internal setpoint 3.	0.00 PID customer units
71.26	Setpoint min	See parameter 40.26 Set 1 setpoint min.	0.00 PID customer units
71.27	Setpoint max	See parameter 40.27 Set 1 setpoint max.	200000.00 PID customer units
71.31	Deviation inversion	See parameter 40.31 Set 1 deviation inversion.	Not inverted (Ref - Fbk)
71.32	Gain	See parameter 40.32 Set 1 gain.	1.00
71.33	Integration time	See parameter 40.33 Set 1 integration time.	60.0 s
71.34	Derivation time	See parameter 40.34 Set 1 derivation time.	0.000 s
71.35	Derivation filter time	See parameter 40.35 Set 1 derivation filter time.	0.0 s
71.36	Output min	See parameter 40.36 Set 1 output min.	-200000.00
71.37	Output max	See parameter 40.37 Set 1 output max.	200000.00
71.38	Output freeze enable	See parameter 40.38 Set 1 output freeze enable.	Not selected
71.39	Deadband range	The control program compares the absolute value of parameter 71.04 Deviation act value to the deadband range defined by this parameter. If the absolute value is within the deadband range for the time period defined by parameter 71.40 Deadband delay, PID's deadband mode is activated and 71.06 PID status word bit 9 Deadband active is set. Then PID's output is frozen and 71.06 PID status word bit 2 Output frozen is set. If the absolute value is equal or greater than the deadband range, PID's deadband mode is deactivated.	0.0
	0.0200000.0 PID customer units	Range	1 = 1 PID customer unit
71.40	Deadband delay	Defines the deadband delay for the deadband function. See parameter 71.39 Deadband range.	0.0 s
	0.03600.0 s	Delay	1 = 1 s
71.58	Increase prevention	See parameter 40.58 Set 1 increase prevention.	No
	No	Increase prevention not in use.	0

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Limiting	The PID integration term is not increased if the maximum value for the PID output is reached. This parameter is valid for the PID set 1.	1
	Process PID min lim	The process PID integration term is not increased when the output of the external PID has reached its minimum limit. In this setup, the external PID is used as a source for the process PID.	2
	Process PID max lim	The process PID integration term is not increased when the output of the external PID has reached its maximum limit. In this setup, the external PID is used as a source for the process PID.	3
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
71.59	Decrease prevention	See parameter 40.59 Set 1 decrease prevention.	No
	No	Decrease prevention not in use.	0
	Limiting	The PID integration term is not decreased if the maximum value for the PID output is reached. This parameter is valid for the PID set 1.	1
	Process PID min lim	The process PID integration term is not decreased when the output of the external PID has reached its minimum limit. In this setup, the external PID is used as a source for the process PID.	2
	Process PID max lim	The process PID integration term is not decreased when the output of the external PID has reached its maximum limit. In this setup, the external PID is used as a source for the process PID.	3
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
71.62	Internal setpoint actual	See parameter 40.62 PID internal setpoint actual.	-
71.79	External PID units	Unit used for external PID.	%
		For selections, see parameter 40.79 Set 1 units.	

No.	Name/Va	alue	Description		Def/FbEq16
76 PF(	C configu	uration		fan control) and Autochange configuration also section <i>Pump and fan control (PFC)</i> on	
76.01	76.01 PFC status		PFC1, PFC2, PF correspond to the <i>Autochange auxii</i> <i>only</i> , PFC1 repre PFC2 the first aux 76.74 is set to <i>Ali</i> 2nd. The drive ca	hing/stopped status of the PFC motors. C3, PFC4, PFC5 and PFC6 always e 1st6th motor of the PFC system. If 76.74 <i>liary PFC</i> auxiliary PFC is set to <i>Aux motors</i> sents the motor connected to the drive and kiliary motor (the 2nd motor of the system). If <i>I motors</i> , PFC1 is the first motor, PFC2 the an be connected to any of these motors e Autochange functionality.	-
	Bit	Name		Value	
	0	PFC 1 runn	iing	0 = Stop, 1 = Start	
	1	PFC 2 runn	<u> </u>	0 = Stop, 1 = Start	
	2	PFC 3 runn	0	0 = Stop, 1 = Start	
	3	PFC 4 runn	ing	0 = Stop, 1 = Start	
	4	PFC 5 runn	ling	0 = Stop, 1 = Start	
	5	PFC 6 runn	ling	0 = Stop, 1 = Start	
	615	Reserved			
	0000h	FFFFh	Status of the PFC	C relay outputs.	1 = 1
76.02	Multipum status	np system	quick PFC syster	us of the PFC system in text form. Provides a m overview, for example, if the parameter is ne view on the control panel.	PFC disabled
	PFC disa	abled	PFC (Pump and	fan control) is disabled.	0
	PFC ena started)	bled (not	PFC is enabled b	out not started.	1
	SPFC er started)	nabled (not	SPFC (Soft pump	o and fan control) is enabled but not started.	2
	Running	with VSD	The drive is contr motors are used.	rolling one pump/fan motor, no auxiliary	100
	Running + 1 Aux	with VSD	One auxiliary mo	tor has been taken in use.	101
	Running + 2 Aux	with VSD	Two auxiliary mot	tor have been taken in use.	102
	Running + 3 Aux	with VSD	Three auxiliary m	notor have been taken in use.	103
	Running + 4 Aux	with VSD	Four auxiliary mo	otor have been taken in use.	104
	Running + 5 Aux	with VSD	Five auxiliary mo	tor have been taken in use.	105
	Starting	Aux1	Auxiliary motor 1	is being started.	200
	Starting	Aux2	Auxiliary motor 2	is being started.	201
	Starting	Aux3	Auxiliary motor 3	is being started.	202
	Starting /		Auxiliary motor 4	-	203
	Starting		Auxiliary motor 5	•	200
			-	-	-
	Stopping	I AUX I	Auxiliary motor 1	is being stopped.	300

No.	Name/	Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Stoppir	ng Aux2	Auxiliary motor 2 is being stopped.	301
	Stoppir	ng Aux3	Auxiliary motor 3 is being stopped.	302
	Stoppir	ng Aux4	Auxiliary motor 4 is being stopped.	303
	Stoppir	ng Aux5	Auxiliary motor 5 is being stopped.	304
	Autoch	ange active	Autochange, that is, automatic rotation of the start order is active.	400
		iliary motors le to be	No auxiliary motors are available to be started, for example, all are already running, or a motor in not available due to maintenance.	500
	Regula active	tor bypass	Direct-on-line pumps are automatically started and stopped.	600
	PID sle	ер	PID sleep is in use, and the pump can be stopped in during low demand.	800
	PID sle	ep boost	PID sleep with extended sleep time is in use, and the pump can be stopped in during low demand.	801
	Invalid	configuration	PFC configuration is invalid.	4
	PFC in control	active (local )	PFC is inactive because the drive is in local control.	5
	PFC ina (invalid mode)	active operation	PFC is inactive because of an invalid operation mode.	6
	Drive m interloc		The motor connected to the drive is interlocked (not available). Warning <i>D503 VSD controlled PFC motor interlocked</i> (page <i>492</i> ) is generated.	7
	All motors interlocked		All motors are interlocked (not available). Warning D502 All motors interlocked (page 492) is generated.	8
	PFC in active)	active (ext1	PFC is inactive because external control location EXT1 is in use. PFC is supported in EXT2 only.	9
76.11	Pump/fan status 1		Shows the status of pump or fan 1.	-
	Bit	Name	Value	
	0	Ready	0 = False, 1 = True	
	1	Reserved	,	
	2	Running	0 = False, 1 = True	
	34	Reserved		
	5	In PFC con	trol 0 = False, 1 = True	
	610	Reserved		
	11	Interlocked	0 = False, 1 = True	
	1215	Reserved		
	0000h.	FFFFh	Status of pump or fan 1.	1 = 1
76.12	Pump/f	an status 2	See parameter 76.11 Pump/fan status 1.	-
76.13	Pump/f	an status 3	See parameter 76.11 Pump/fan status 1.	-
76.14		an status 4	See parameter 76.11 Pump/fan status 1.	-
76.15		an status 5	See parameter 76.11 Pump/fan status 1.	-
76.16		an status 6	See parameter 76.11 Pump/fan status 1.	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
76.21	Multipump configuration	Selects the multipump/fan control (PFC) mode.	Off
	Off	PFC disabled.	0
	Reserved		1
	PFC	PFC enabled. One pump at a time is controlled by the drive. The remaining pumps are direct-on-line pumps that are started and stopped by the drive logic The frequency (group 28 Frequency reference chain) / speed (group 22 Speed reference selection) reference must be defined as PID for the PFC functionality to work properly.	2
	SPFC	SPFC enabled. See section <i>Soft pump and fan control</i> ( <i>SPFC</i> ) on page 143.	3
76.25	Number of motors	Total number of motors used in the application, including the motor connected directly to the drive.	1
	16	Number of motors.	1 = 1
76.26	Min number of motors allowed	Minimum number of motors running simultaneously.	1
	06	Minimum number of motors.	1 = 1
76.27	Max number of motors allowed	Maximum number of motors running simultaneously.	1
	16	Maximum number of motors.	1 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
76.30	Start point 1	Defines the start point for the first auxiliary motor. As the motor speed or frequency (defined by the PID output value) exceeds the limit defined by this parameter, a new auxiliary motor is started. To avoid nuisance starts of the second auxiliary motor, the speed of the variable speed motor should be higher than the start speed for the duration defined by parameter 76.55 Start delay. If the speed decreases below the start speed, the auxiliary motor is not started. To maintain the process conditions during the start of the second auxiliary motor, a speed hold on time can be defined with parameter 76.57 PFC speed hold on. Certain pump types do not produce significant flow with low frequencies. The speed hold on time can be used to compensate the time needed to accelerate the second auxiliary motor to a speed where it produces flow. The start of the second auxiliary motor is not aborted if the speed of the first auxiliary motor decreases.	Vector: 1300 rpm; Scalar 48 Hz; 58 Hz (95.20 b0)
	Speed		1
	4	76.55 ▶_	
	Î	→ 76.57	Max. speed
	76.30		
	76.41 -	76.56 76.58 Tim	e
	NO NO Start Stop/Start NO NO NO	Start flow	g
	NO Stor	·	
	₹ " OFF —	Decreasir flow	ng
		Stop	ł
	032767 rpm/Hz		1 = 1 unit
76.31	Start point 2	Defines the start speed (Hz/rpm) for the second auxiliary motor. See parameter 76.31 Start point 1.	Vector: 1300 rpm; Scalar 48 Hz; 58 Hz (95.20 b0)
76.32	Start point 3	Defines the start speed (Hz/rpm) for the third auxiliary motor. See parameter 76.31 Start point 1.	Vector: 1300 rpm; Scalar 48 Hz; 58 Hz (95.20 b0)
76.33	Start point 4	Defines the start speed (Hz/rpm) for the fourth auxiliary motor. See parameter 76.31 Start point 1.	Vector: 1300 rpm; Scalar 48 Hz; 58 Hz (95.20 b0)

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
76.34	Start point 5	Defines the start speed (Hz/rpm) for the fifth auxiliary motor. See parameter 76.31 Start point 1.	Vector: 1300 rpm; Scalar 48 Hz; 58 Hz (95.20 b0)
76.41	Stop point 1	Defines the stop speed (Hz/rpm) for the first auxiliary motor. When the speed (defined by the PID output value) of the motor connected directly to the drive falls below this value and one auxiliary motor is running, the stop delay defined by parameter 76.56 Stop delay is started. If the speed is still at the same level or lower when the stop delay elapses, the first auxiliary motor stops. The running speed of the drive is increased by [Start point 1 - Stop point 1] after the auxiliary motor stops.	Vector: 800 rpm; Scalar 25 Hz; 30 Hz (95.20 b0)
	032767 rpm/Hz	Speed/frequency	1 = 1 unit
76.42	Stop point 2	Defines the stop speed (Hz/rpm) for the second auxiliary motor. See parameter 76.31 Stop point 1.	Vector: 800 rpm; Scalar 25 Hz; 30 Hz (95.20 b0)
76.43	Stop point 3	Defines the stop speed (Hz/rpm) for the third auxiliary motor. See parameter 76.31 Stop point 1.	Vector: 800 rpm; Scalar 25 Hz; 30 Hz (95.20 b0)
76.44	Stop point 4	Defines the stop speed (Hz/rpm) for the fourth auxiliary motor. See parameter 76.31 Stop point 1.	Vector: 800 rpm; Scalar 25 Hz; 30 Hz (95.20 b0)
76.45	Stop point 5	Defines the stop speed (Hz/rpm) for the fifth auxiliary motor. See parameter 76.31 Stop point 1.	Vector: 800 rpm; Scalar 25 Hz; 30 Hz (95.20 b0)
76.55	Start delay	Defines a start delay for auxiliary motors. See parameter 76.31 Start point 1.	10.00 s
	0.0012600.00 s	Time delay.	1 = 1 s
76.56	Stop delay	Defines a stop delay for auxiliary motors. See parameter 76.31 Stop point 1.	10.00 s
	0.0012600.00 s	Time delay.	1 = 1 s
76.57	PFC speed hold on	Hold time for auxiliary motor switch-on. See parameter 76.31 Start point 1.	0.00 s
	0.001000.00 s	Time.	1 = 1 s
76.58	PFC speed hold off	Hold time for auxiliary motor switch-off. See parameter 76.31 <i>Stop point 1</i> .	0.00 s
	0.001000.00 s	Time.	1 = 1 s

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
76.59	PFC contactor delay	Start delay for the motor that is directly controlled by the drive. This does not affect the starting of the auxiliary motors. <b>WARNING!</b> There must always be a delay set if the motors are equipped with star-delta starters. The delay must be set longer than the time setting of the starter. After the motor is switched on by the relay output of the drive, there must be enough time for the star-delta starter to first switch to star and then back to delta before the motor is connected to the drive.	0.50 s
	0.20600.00 s	Time delay.	1 = 1 s
76.60	PFC ramp acceleration time	Defines the acceleration time for the drive motor speed compensation, when an auxiliary motor is stopped. This ramp time is also used for the drive motor to accelerate after an autochange has occurred. Defines the acceleration time if the latest reference received by the drive is higher than the previous reference. This parameter is used also to accelerate the pump when the auxiliary pump is started. The parameter sets the ramp-up time as seconds from zero to maximum frequency (not from the previous reference to the new reference).	1.00 s
	0.001800.00 s	Time.	1 = 1 s
76.61	PFC ramp deceleration time	Defines the deceleration time for the drive motor speed compensation, when an auxiliary motor is started. This ramp time is also used for the drive motor to decelerate after an autochange has occurred. Defines the deceleration time if the latest reference received by the drive is lower than the previous reference. This parameter is used also to decelerate the pump when the auxiliary pump is stopped. The parameter sets the ramp-down time as seconds from maximum to zero frequency (not from the previous reference to the new reference).	1.00 s
	0.001800.00 s	Time.	1 = 1 s
76.70	PFC autochange	Defines the way the autochange is triggered. In all cases except <i>Even wear</i> , the start order is moved one step forward each time the autochange occurs. If the start order initially is 1-2-3-4, after the first autochange the order will be 2-3-4-1, etc. For <i>Even wear</i> , the start order will be determined so that the running times of all motors remain within the defined limit. <b>Note:</b> Autochange only occurs when the speed of the drive is below the speed defined by parameter 76.73 <i>Autochange</i> <i>level</i> . See also section <i>Autochange</i> on page 145.	Not selected
	Not selected	Autochange disabled.	0
	Selected	Rising edge starts the autochange if autochange conditions are met.	1
	DI1	Autochange triggered by the rising edge of digital input DI1 ( <i>10.02 DI delayed status</i> , bit 0).	2
	DI2	Autochange triggered by the rising edge of digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Autochange triggered by the rising edge of digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	DI4	Autochange triggered by the rising edge of digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Autochange triggered by the rising edge of digital input DI5 (10.02 <i>DI delayed status</i> , bit 4).	6
	DI6	Autochange triggered by the rising edge of digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	Timed function 1	Autochange triggered by timed function 1 (bit 0 of 34.01 <i>Timed functions status</i> (see page 327)).	8
	Timed function 2	Autochange triggered by timed function 2 (bit 1 of 34.01 <i>Timed functions status</i> (see page 327)).	9
	Timed function 3	Autochange triggered by timed function 3 (bit 2 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327)).	10
	Fixed interval	Autochange is done when the interval determined in the parameter 76.71 PFC autochange interval has elapsed.	11
	All stop	Autochange is done when all the motors are stopped. The PID sleep feature (parameters 40.43 Set 1 sleep level 40.48 Set 1 wake-up delay) must be used for the drive to stop when the process demand is low.	12
	Even wear	The running time of the motors are balanced by the drive. When the difference in running time between the motors with the least and most running hours exceeds the time defined by parameter 76.72 <i>Maximum wear imbalance</i> , the autochange occurs. The running hours of the motors can be found in group 77 <i>PFC maintenance and monitoring</i> .	13
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 196).	-
76.71	PFC autochange interval	Specifies the interval that is used in setting <i>Fixed interval</i> of parameter 76.70 <i>PFC autochange</i> .	1.00 h
	0.0042949672.95 h	Time.	1 = 1 h
76.72	Maximum wear imbalance	Specifies the maximum wear imbalance, or difference in running times between any motor, used by the <i>Even wear</i> setting of parameter 76.70 <i>PFC autochange</i> .	10.00 h
	0.001000000.00 h	Time.	1 = 1 h
76.73	Autochange level	<ul> <li>Upper speed limit for the Autochange to occur. The Autochange occurs when:</li> <li>the condition defined in 76.70 PFC autochange is fulfilled and,</li> <li>the speed of the drive motor 01.03 Motor speed % is below the speed limit defined in this parameter.</li> <li>Note: When the value is selected as 0%, this speed limit check is disabled.</li> </ul>	100.0%
	0.0300.0%	Speed/frequency in percentage of the nominal speed or frequency of the drive motor.	1 = 1%
76.74	Autochange auxiliary PFC	Selects whether only auxiliary motors or all motors are included in the Autochange function.	Aux motors only

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	All motors	All motors, including the one connected to the drive participates in the autochange. The Autochange logic will connect the drive to each of the motors according to setting of parameter 76.70 <i>PFC autochange</i> . <b>Note:</b> The first motor (PFC1) also requires the appropriate hardware contactor connections and PFC1 must be defined in one of the relay output source parameters.	
	Aux motors only	Only auxiliary (direct-on-line) motors are affected by the autochange function. <b>Note:</b> PFC1 refers to the motor that is fixed to the drive and must not be selected in any of the relay output source parameters. Only the starting order of the auxiliary motors will be rotated.	1
76.81	PFC 1 interlock	Defines if the PFC motor 1 can be started. An interlocked PFC motor cannot be started. 0 = Interlocked (not available), 1 = Available.	Available. PFC motor is available
	Interlocked. PFC motor is not in use	PFC motor is interlocked and not available.	0
	Available. PFC motor is available	PFC motor is available.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	Timed function 1	Bit 0 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	8
	Timed function 2	Bit 1 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	9
	Timed function 3	Bit 2 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	10
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 196).	-
76.82	PFC 2 interlock	See parameter 76.81 PFC 1 interlock.	Available. PFC motor is available
76.83	PFC 3 interlock	See parameter 76.81 PFC 1 interlock.	Available. PFC motor is available
76.84	PFC 4 interlock	See parameter 76.81 PFC 1 interlock.	Available. PFC motor is available
76.85	PFC 5 interlock	See parameter 76.81 PFC 1 interlock.	Available. PFC motor is available
76.86	PFC 6 interlock	See parameter 76.81 PFC 1 interlock.	Available. PFC motor is available
76.95	Regulator bypass control	Defines if direct-on-line pumps are automatically started and stopped. This setting can be used in applications with a low number of sensors and low accuracy requirements.	Disable
	Disable	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	0

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Enable	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	1
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 196).	-
77 PFC maintenance and monitoring		PFC (Pump and fan control) maintenance and monitoring parameters.	
77.10	PFC runtime change	Enables the reset, or arbitrary setting, of 77.11 Pump/fan 1 running time 77.14 Pump/fan 4 running time.	Done
	Done	The parameter automatically reverts back to this value.	0
	Set any PFC run time	Enables the setting of 77.11 <i>Pump/fan 1 running time …</i> 77.14 <i>Pump/fan 4 running time</i> to an arbitrary value.	1
	Reset PFC1 run time	Resets parameter 77.11 Pump/fan 1 running time.	2
	Reset PFC2 run time	Resets parameter 77.12 Pump/fan 2 running time.	3
	Reset PFC3 run time	Resets parameter 77.13 Pump/fan 3 running time.	4
	Reset PFC4 run time	Resets parameter 77.14 Pump/fan 4 running time.	5
	Reset PFC5 run time	Resets parameter 77.15 Pump/fan 5 running time.	6
	Reset PFC6 run time	Resets parameter 77.16 Pump/fan 6 running time.	7
77.11	Pump/fan 1 running time	Running time counter of pump/fan 1. Can be set or reset by parameter 77.10 Pump/fan 1 running time.	0.00 h
	0.00 42949672.95 h	Time	1 = 1 h
77.12	Pump/fan 2 running time	See parameter 77.11 Pump/fan 1 running time.	0.00 h
77.13	Pump/fan 3 running time	See parameter 77.11 Pump/fan 1 running time.	0.00 h
77.14	Pump/fan 4 running time	See parameter 77.11 Pump/fan 1 running time.	0.00 h
77.15	Pump/fan 5 running time	See parameter 77.11 Pump/fan 1 running time.	0.00 h
77.16	Pump/fan 6 running time	See parameter 77.11 Pump/fan 1 running time.	0.00 h

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
95 HW	configuration	Various hardware-related settings.	
95.01	Supply voltage	Selects the supply voltage range. This parameter is used by the drive to determine the nominal voltage of the supply network. The parameter also affects the current ratings and the DC voltage control functions (trip and brake chopper activation limits) of the drive. WARNING! An incorrect setting may cause the motor to rush uncontrollably, or the brake chopper or resistor to overload. Note: The selections shown depend on the hardware of the drive. If only one voltage range is valid for the drive in question, it is selected by default.	Automatic / not selected
	Automatic / not selected	No voltage range selected. The drive will not start modulating before a range is selected, unless parameter <i>95.02 Adaptive voltage limits</i> is set to <i>Enable</i> , in which case the drive estimates the supply voltage itself.	0
	208240 V	208240 V	1
	380415 V	380415 V	2
	440480 V	440480 V	3
	525600 V	525600 V	5
95.02	Adaptive voltage limits	Enables adaptive voltage limits. Adaptive voltage limits can be used if, for example, an IGBT supply unit is used to raise the DC voltage level. If the communication between the inverter and IGBT supply unit is active, the voltage limits are related to the DC voltage reference from the IGBT supply unit. Otherwise the limits are calculated based on the measured DC voltage at the end of the pre-charging sequence. This function is also useful if the AC supply voltage to the drive is high, as the warning levels are raised accordingly.	Enable
	Disable	Adaptive voltage limits disabled.	0
	Enable	Adaptive voltage limits enabled.	1
95.03	Estimated AC supply voltage	AC supply voltage estimated by calculation. Estimation is done every time the drive is powered up and is based on the rise speed of voltage level of the DC bus while the drive charges the DC bus.	-
	065535 V	Voltage.	10 = 1 V
95.04	Control board supply	Specifies how the control unit of the drive is powered.	Internal 24V
	Internal 24V	The drive control unit is powered from the drive power unit it is connected to.	0
	External 24V	The drive control unit is powered from an external power supply.	1

No.	Name/V	alue	Descri	ption	Def/FbEq16	
95.15	Special settings	ΗW	disable Notes: • The para othe drive • With mod ATE (+LS	installation of the hardware specified by this ameter may require derating of drive output, or impose er limitations. Refer to the <i>Hardware manual</i> of the	0000h	
	Bit	Name		Information		
	0	EX motor		<ol> <li>The driven motor is an Ex motor provided by ABB for potentially explosive atmospheres. This sets the required minimum switching frequency for ABB Ex motors.</li> <li>Notes:         <ul> <li>For non-ABB Ex motors, use parameters 97.01 and 97.02 to define the correct minimum switching frequency.</li> <li>If you have a multimotor system, contact your local ABB representative.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>		
	1	ABB Sine filter		1 = An ABB sine filter is connected to the output of the drive.		
	215	Reserved				
		1				
	0000000 FFFFFF		Hardwa	are options configuration word.	1 = 1	
95.20	HW optio	ons word 1	parame	es hardware-related options that require differentiated eter defaults. arameter is not affected by a parameter restore.	0000 0000 0000 0000b	
	Bit	Name		Value		
	0	Supply frequency 60 Hz		See section <i>Differences in the default values between 50 Hz and</i> 60 Hz supply frequency settings on page 437. 0 = 50 Hz. 1 = 60 Hz.		
	112	Reserved		1		
	13	du/dt filter activation		When active, an external du/dt filter is connected to the drive/inverter output. The setting will limit the output switching frequency, and force the fan of the drive/inverter module to full speed. 0 = du/dt filter inactive. 1 = du/dt filter active.		
	1415	Reserved				
	L	1				
	0000h	FFFFh	Hardwa	are options configuration word.	1 = 1	

No.	Name/Value		Descri	Description Def/FbEq16		
95.21 HW options word 2		differer	es more hardware-related options that require ntiated parameter defaults. See parameter <i>95.20 HW</i> s word 1. <b>WARNING!</b> After switching any bits in this word, recheck the values of the affected parameters.	-		
	Bit Name			Information		
	04	Reserved				
	5	Bypass pre	sent	1 = Bypass is used.		
	6	Cabinet ten supervision		0 = Inactive, 1 = Active. Only for frame sizes R6 or larg	er.	
	7	Cabinet fan		0 = Inactive, 1 = Active. Only for frame sizes R6 or larg	er.	
	815	Reserved				
	0000b	0101b	Hardwa	are options configuration word 2.	1 = 1	
95.26	detection	sconnect	disconi When t followir 1. The drive 2. Whe runn drive pan 3. Whe retu disc 4. The <b>Note:</b> This pa	drive detects if the motor is disconnected from the e (all three phases). en a motor disconnection is detected, the drive will stay ing and waits for the motor to be connected again. The e shows warning <i>A784 Motor disconnect</i> on the control el. en motor connection is again detected, the motor rrns back to the last active reference before the onnection was detected. warning message disappears from the panel This feature is only available in scalar control mode. arameter does not affect vector control mode behavior.	Disable	
	Disable		Detect	ing of disconnected motor disabled.	0	
	Enable		Detect	ing of disconnected motor enabled.	1	
95.200	Cooling	fan mode	Cooling	g fan operation mode.	Auto	
	Auto			ns normally: Fan on/off, fan speed reference can ange according to the drive state.	0	
	Always o	on	Fan alv	ways runs at 100% speed reference.	1	

No.	Name/Value	Description				Def/FbEq16
96 Sys	stem	parameter save and re	Language selection; access levels; macro selection; parameter save and restore; control unit reboot; user parameter sets; unit selection; parameter checksum; user lock.			
96.01	Language	Selects the language of displayed information				Not selected
		Drive supports multiple divided in three firmwa Asian. • The default package languages marked languages marked languages marked	e is Global pa with X and G with X and E.	Global, Euro ackage that su European de Asian delta s	pean and upports lta supports	
		Language	Global package	European	Asian	
		English	Х	Х	Х	
		German	Х	Х	Х	
		Spanish	Х	Х	Х	
		Portuguese	Х	Х	Х	
		French	X	Х	х	
		Chinese (Simplified)	Х	X	X	
		Italian	G			
		Finnish	G			
		Polish	G			
		Russian	G			
		Turkish	G			
		Dutch		E		
		Danish		E		
		Swedish		E		
		Czech		E		
		Greek (Ellinika)		E		
		Hungarian (Magyar)		E		
		Hebrew		(E)		
		Korean			Α	
		Japanese			Α	
		Thai			Α	
		<ul> <li>X = Common langua</li> <li>G = Available in Glob</li> <li>E = Available in Euro</li> <li>(E) = Will be available</li> <li>A = Available in Asia</li> </ul>	oal package o opean packag later	only je only	es	

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
		The drives include the language package corresponding to the order's geographical location. No plus code or other actions are needed.	
		Examples:	
		<ul> <li>If the order is placed in Sweden, the drives will be delivered with the Global package (default package).</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>If the order is placed in Poland, the drives will be updated with European package before the delivery.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>If the order is placed in Japan, the drives will be updated with Asian package before the delivery.</li> </ul>	
		All the language package variants are available from your local drives support.	
		Notes:	
		<ul> <li>Not all languages listed below are necessarily supported.</li> <li>This parameter does not affect the languages visible in the Drive composer PC tool. (Those are specified under View &gt; Settings &gt; Drive default language.)</li> </ul>	
	Not selected	None.	0
	English	English.	1033
	Deutsch	German.	1031
	Italiano	Italian.	1040
	Español	Spanish.	3082
	Portugues	Portuguese.	2070
	Nederlands	Dutch.	1043
	Français	French.	1036
	Dansk	Danish.	1030
	Suomi	Finnish.	1035
	Svenska	Swedish.	1053
	Russki	Russian.	1049
	Polski	Polish.	1045
	Ceský	Czech.	1029
	Magyar	Hungarian.	1038
	Chinese (Simplified, PRC)	Simplified Chinese.	2052
	Türkçe	Turkish.	1055

No.	Name/Va	alue	Description		Def/FbEq16
96.02	Pass cod	le	Pass codes can be entered into this parameter to activate further access levels (see parameter 96.03 Access level status) or to configure the user lock. Entering "358" toggles the parameter lock, which prevents the changing of all other parameters through the control panel or the Drive composer PC tool. Entering the user pass code (by default, "10000000") enables parameters 96.10096.102, which can be used to define a new user pass code and to select the actions that are to be prevented. Entering an invalid pass code will close the user lock if open, ie. hide parameters 96.10096.102. After entering the code, check that the parameters are in fact hidden. If they are not, enter another (random) pass code. <b>Note:</b> You must change the default user pass code to maintain a high level of cybersecurity. <u>Store the code in a safe</u> place – THE PROTECTION CANNOT BE DISABLED EVEN <u>BY ABB if the code is lost</u> . See also section User lock (page 192).		
	09999	0000	Pass code.		_
96.03		evel status	Pass code. Shows which access levels have been activated by pass codes entered into parameter 96.02 Pass code.		0001b
	Bit	Name			
	0	End user		0 = Inactive, 1 = Active	
	1	Service	0 = Inactive, 1 = Active		
	2	Advanced p	orogrammer		
	310	Reserved			
	11	OEM acces		0 = Inactive, 1 = Active	
	12	OEM acces			
	13	OEM acces	s level 3	0 = Inactive, 1 = Active	
	14	Parameter	lock		
	15	Reserved			
	0000000	06	Active access levels.		
	FFFFFF		Active access levels.		-
96.04	Macro se	elect	Selects the control macro. See chapter <i>Control macros</i> (page 77) for more information. After a selection is made, the parameter reverts automatically to <i>Done</i> .		Done
	Done		Macro selection comple	ete; normal operation.	0
	ABB star	ndard		ge 78). For scalar motor control.	1
	Hand/Au	to	Hand/Auto macro (see	page <mark>88</mark> ).	2
	Hand/PI	C	Hand/PID macro (see p	oage 90).	3
	3-wire		3-wire macro see page	78).	11
	Alternate	•	Alternate macro see pa	ge <mark>84</mark> ).	12
	Motor potentior	neter	Motor potentiometer ma	acro (see page 86).	13
	PID		PID macro (see page 9	2).	14
		D	Panel PID macro (see page 94).		15

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	PFC	PFC macro (see page 96).	16
	ABB standard (vector)	ABB standard (vector) macro (see page 80). For vector motor control.	17
	Torque control	Torque control macro see (page 98).	28
96.05	Macro active	Shows which control macro is currently selected. See chapter <i>Control macros</i> (page 77) for more information. To change the macro, use parameter 96.04 <i>Macro select</i> .	ABB standard
	ABB standard	Factory macro (see page 78). For scalar motor control.	1
	Hand/Auto	Hand/Auto macro (see page 88).	2
	Hand/PID	Hand/PID macro (see page 90).	3
	3-wire	3-wire macro see page 78).	11
	Alternate	Alternate macro see page 84).	12
	Motor potentiometer	Motor potentiometer macro (see page 86).	13
	PID	PID macro (see page 92).	14
	Panel PID	Panel PID macro (see page 94).	15
	PFC	PFC macro (see page 96).	16
	ABB standard (vector)	ABB standard (vector) macro (see page 80). For vector motor control.	17
	Torque control	Torque control macro (page 98).	28
96.06	Parameter restore	Restores the original settings of the control program, ie. parameter default values. <b>Note:</b> This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	Done
	Done	Restoring is completed.	0
	Restore defaults	<ul> <li>Restores all editable parameter values to default values, except</li> <li>motor data and ID run results</li> <li>I/O extension module settings</li> <li>end user texts, such as customized warnings and faults, and the drive name</li> <li>control panel/PC communication settings</li> <li>fieldbus adapter settings</li> <li>control macro selection and the parameter defaults</li> <li>parameter 95.01 Supply voltage</li> <li>differentiated defaults implemented by parameters 95.20 <i>HW options word</i> 1 and 95.21 <i>HW options word</i> 2</li> <li>user lock configuration parameters 96.10096.102.</li> </ul>	8
	Clear all	<ul> <li>Restores all editable parameter values to default values, except</li> <li>end user texts, such as customized warnings and faults, and the drive name</li> <li>control panel/PC communication settings</li> <li>control macro selection and the parameter defaults</li> <li>parameter 95.01 Supply voltage</li> <li>differentiated defaults implemented by parameters 95.20 <i>HW options word</i> 1 and 95.21 <i>HW options word</i> 2</li> <li>user lock configuration parameters 96.10096.102.</li> <li>group 49 Panel port communication parameters.</li> </ul>	62

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Reset all fieldbus settings	Restores all fieldbus and communication related settings to default values. <b>Note:</b> Fieldbus, control panel and PC tool communication are interrupted during the restore.	32
	Reset home view	Restores the Home view layout back to show the values of the default parameters defined by the control macro in use	512
	Reset end user texts	Restores all end user texts to default values, including the drive name, contact info, customized fault and warning texts, PID unit and currency unit. Note: PID unit is reset only if it is user editable text, that is, parameter 40.79 Set 1 units is set to User text.	1024
	Reset motor data	Restores all motor nominal values and motor ID run results to default values.	2
	All to factory defaults	<ul> <li>Restores settings and all editable parameters back to initial factory values, except</li> <li>differentiated defaults implemented by parameters 95.20 <i>HW options word 1</i> and 95.21 <i>HW options word 2</i>.</li> </ul>	34560
96.07	Parameter save manually	<ul> <li>Saves the valid parameter values to the permanent memory on the drive control unit to ensure that operation can continue after cycling the power. Save the parameters with this parameter</li> <li>to store values sent from the fieldbus</li> <li>when using external +24 V DC power supply to the control unit: to save parameter changes before you power down the control unit. The supply has a very short hold-up time when powered off.</li> <li>Note: A new parameter value is saved automatically when changed from the PC tool or control panel but not when altered through a fieldbus adapter connection.</li> </ul>	Done
	Done	Save completed.	0
	Save	Save in progress.	1
96.08	Control board boot	Changing the value of this parameter to 1 reboots the control unit (without requiring a power off/on cycle of the complete drive module). The value reverts to 0 automatically.	No action
	No action	1 = No action.	0
	Reboot	1 = Reboot the control unit.	1
96.10	User set status	Shows the status of the user parameter sets. This parameter is read-only. See also section <i>User parameter sets</i> (page <i>190</i> ).	n/a
	n/a	No user parameter sets have been saved.	0
	Loading	A user set is being loaded.	1
	Saving	A user set is being saved.	2
	Faulted	Invalid or empty parameter set.	3
	User1 IO active	User set 1 has been selected by parameters 96.12 User set I/O mode in1 and 96.13 User set I/O mode in2.	4
	User2 IO active	User set 2 has been selected by parameters 96.12 User set I/O mode in1 and 96.13 User set I/O mode in2.	5
	User3 IO active	User set 3 has been selected by parameters 96.12 User set I/O mode in1 and 96.13 User set I/O mode in2.	6

No.	Name/Value	Description			Def/FbEq16
	User4 IO active	User set 4 has been I/O mode in1 and 96			7
	Reserved		819		
	User1 backup	User set 1 has been	saved or loaded.		20
	User2 backup	User set 2 has been	saved or loaded.		21
	User3 backup	User set 3 has been	saved or loaded.		22
	User4 backup	User set 4 has been	saved or loaded.		23
96.11	User set save/load	<ul> <li>(groups 1416, 4 in user parameter</li> <li>Parameter change automatically stor- parameter.</li> </ul>	use before powering wer-up. onfiguration settings and fieldbus configu 17, 5058 and 92{	down the drive is in , such as I/O ration parameters 33) are not included g a set are not aved using this	No action
	No action	8	0		
	User set I/O mode	Load or save operation complete; normal operation. Load user parameter set using parameters 96.12 User set I/O mode in1 and 96.13 User set I/O mode in2.			1
	Load set 1	Load user parameter	2		
	Load set 2	Load user parameter	r set 2.		3
	Load set 3	Load user parameter	4		
	Load set 4	Load user parameter	5		
	Reserved		617		
	Save to set 1	Save user paramete	18		
	Save to set 2	Save user paramete	r set 2.		19
	Save to set 3	Save user paramete	20		
	Save to set 4	Save user paramete	21		
96.12	User set I/O mode in1	When parameter 96. I/O mode, selects the parameter 96.13 Use	e user parameter set er set I/O mode in2 a	together with s follows:	Not selected
		Status of source defined by par. <u>96.12</u>	Status of source defined by par. <u>96.13</u>	User parameter set selected	
		0	0	Set 1	
		1	0	Set 2	
		0	1	Set 3	
		1	1	Set 4	
	Not selected	0.			0
	Selected	1.			1

No.	Name/V	/alue	De	scription	Def/FbEq16
	DI1		Dig	gital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2		Dig	jital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3		Dig	gital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4		Dig	gital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5		Dig	jital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6		Dig	jital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	Reserve	ed			817
	Timed for	unction 1	Bit	0 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	18
	Timed for	unction 2	Bit	1 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	19
	Timed for	unction 3	Bit	2 of 34.01 Timed functions status (see page 327).	20
	Reserve	ed			2123
	Supervi	sion 1	Bit	0 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	24
	Supervi	sion 2	Bit	1 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	25
	Supervi	sion 3	Bit	2 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 319).	26
	Other [b	oit]	So	urce selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 196).	-
96.13	User se in2	t I/O mode	Se	e parameter 96.12 User set I/O mode in1.	Not selected
96.16	Unit selection			lects the unit of parameters indicating power, temperature d torque.	0000h
	Bit Name		Information		
	0	Power unit		0 = kW	
				1 = hp	
	1 2	Reserved Temperature		0 = °C	
	2	unit	e	1 = °F	
	3	Reserved			
	4	Torque unit		0 = Nm (N·m)	
				1 = lbft (lb·ft)	
	515	Reserved			
	0000h	.FFFFh	Un	it selection word.	1 = 1
96.20	Time sy source	nc primary		fines the first priority external source for synchronization of a drive's time and date.	Panel link
	Internal		No	external source selected.	0
	Fieldbus A			NA/FPNO can get the time from SNTP server and set it as time for the drive.	3
	Embedo	led FB	Em	nbedded fieldbus has no function.	6
	Panel li	nk		u can set the time using control panel, or Drive composer tool connected to the control panel.	8
	Etherne	t tool link	tim	u can set the time manually using DCP over Ethernet. The e can be set in the same way when you do it with USB and ntrol panel.	9

No.	Name/V	alue	Description	Def/FbEq16
96.51	Clear fai event log		Clears all events from the drive's fault and event logs.	Done
	Done		0 = No action.	0
	Reset		1 = Resets (clears) the loggers.	1
96.54	Checksı	ım action	<ul> <li>Selects how the drive reacts.</li> <li>when 96.55 Checksum control word, bit 8 = 1 (Approved checksum A): if the parameter checksum 96.68 Actual checksumA does not match 96.71 Approved checksum A, and/or</li> <li>when 96.55 Checksum control word, bit 9 = 1 (Approved checksum B): if the parameter checksum 96.69 Actual checksumB does not match 96.72 Approved checksum B.</li> </ul>	No action
	No actio	n	No action taken. (The checksum feature is not in use.)	0
	Pure event		The drive generates an event log entry ( <i>B686 Checksum mismatch</i> ).	1
	Warning		The drive generates a warning (A686 Checksum mismatch).	2
	Warning prevent		The drive generates a warning ( <i>A686 Checksum mismatch</i> ). Starting the drive is prevented.	3
	Fault		The drive trips on 6200 Checksum mismatch.	4
96.55	Checksu word	ım control	<ul> <li>Bits 89 select which comparison(s) are made:</li> <li>Bit 8 = 1 (Approved checksum A): 96.68 Actual checksumA is compared to 96.71 Approved checksum A, and/or</li> <li>Bit 9 = 1 (Approved checksum A): if 96.69 Actual checksumB is compared to 96.72 Approved checksum B.</li> <li>Bits 1213 select approved (reference) checksum parameter(s) into which the actual checksum(s) from parameter(s) are copied:</li> <li>Bit 12 = 1 (Set approved checksum A): Value of 96.68 Actual checksumA is copied into 96.71 Approved checksum A, and/or</li> <li>Bit 13 = 1 (Set approved checksum B): Value of 96.69 Actual checksumA is copied into 96.72 Approved checksum B.</li> </ul>	00000000h
	Bit	Name	Information	
	07	Reserved		
	8	Approved checksum A	1 = Enabled: Checksum A (96.71) is observed. 0 = Disabled.	
	9	Approved checksum E	1 = Enabled: Checksum B (96.72) is observed. 0 = Disabled.	
	1011	Reserved		
	12	Set approve	ed 1 = Set: Copy value of <u>96.68</u> into <u>96.71</u> .	

12	Set approved	1 = Set: Copy value of <u>96.68</u> into <u>96.71</u> .	
	checksum A	0 = Done (copy has been made).	
13	Set approved	1 = Set: Copy value of 96.69 into 96.72.	
	checksum B	0 = Done (copy has been made).	
		1 = lbft (lb·ft)	
1415	Reserved		

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
96.68	Actual checksumA	Displays the actual parameter configuration checksum A. The checksum A is generated and updated whenever an action is selected in 96.54 Checksum action and 96.55 Checksum control word, bit 8 = 1 (Approved checksum A). Checksum A calculation does not include • fieldbus settings. The parameters included in the calculation are user editable parameters in parameter groups 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 28, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35, 36, 37, 40, 41, 43, 45, 46, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 76, 80, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99. See also section Parameter checksum calculation (page 191).	Oh
	00000000 FFFFFFFh	Actual checksum.	-
96.69	Actual checksumB	Displays the actual parameter configuration checksum B. The checksum B is generated and updated whenever an action is selected in 96.54 Checksum action and 96.55 Checksum control word, bit 9 = 1 (Approved checksum B). Checksum B calculation does not include • fieldbus settings • motor data settings • energy data settings. The parameters included in the calculation are user editable parameters in parameter groups 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 28, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35, 36, 37, 40, 41, 43, 46, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 76, 80, 94, 95, 96, 97. See also section Parameter checksum calculation (page 191).	Oh
	00000000h FFFFFFFh	Actual checksum.	-
96.70	Disable adaptive program	Enables/disables the adaptive program (if present). See also section <i>Adaptive programming</i> (page 117).	Yes
	No	Adaptive program enabled.	0
	Yes	Adaptive program disabled.	1
96.71	Approved checksum A	Approved (reference) checksum A.	0h
	00000000h FFFFFFFh	Approved checksum A.	-
96.72	Approved checksum B	Approved (reference) checksum B.	0h
	00000000h FFFFFFFh	Approved checksum B.	-
96.78	550 compatibility mode	Enables/disables a Modbus user to access a select set of parameters using 550 register numbering. See the supported parameters in section <i>Parameters supported by Modbus backwards compatibility with 550</i> on page <i>439</i> .	Disable
	Disable	Using 550 compatibility mode is disabled.	0
	Enable	Using 550 compatibility mode is enabled.	1

No.	Name/V	alue	Descript	tion	Def/FbEq16
96.100	Change code	user pass	To chang this para warning To cance confirmir paramete <i>Control b</i>	when user lock is open) ge the current user pass code, enter a new code into meter as well as 96.101 Confirm user pass code. A will be active until the new pass code is confirmed. I changing the pass code, close the user lock without Ig. To close the lock, enter an invalid pass code in er 96.02 Pass code, activate parameter 96.08 board boot, or cycle the power. section User lock (page 192).	10000000
	1000000 9999999		New use	r pass code.	-
96.101	Confirm code	user pass	•	when user lock is open) the new user pass code entered in 96.100 Change s code.	
	1000000	• • • • •	Confirma	tion of new user pass code.	-
96.102	User loc. functiona		Selects t user lock the user <b>Note:</b> AE	when user lock is open) he actions or functionalities to be prevented by the x. Note that the changes made take effect only when lock is closed. See parameter <i>96.02 Pass code</i> . BB recommends you select all the actions and lities unless otherwise required by the application.	0000h
	Bit	Name		Information	
	0	Disable ABI levels	B access	1 = ABB access levels (service, advanced programm 96.03) disabled	ier, etc.; see
	1	Freeze para lock state	ameter	<ol> <li>Changing the parameter lock state prevented, ie.</li> <li>358 has no effect</li> </ol>	pass code
	2	Disable file download		<ul> <li>1 = Loading of files to drive prevented. This applies t</li> <li>firmware upgrades</li> <li>parameter restore</li> <li>loading an adaptive program</li> <li>changing Home view of control panel</li> <li>editing drive texts</li> <li>editing the favorite parameters list on control panel</li> <li>configuration settings made through control panel</li> <li>time/date formats and enabling/disabling clock dis</li> </ul>	l such as
	310	Reserved		time/date formats and enabling/disabiling clock dis	piay.
	11		M access	1 = OEM access level 1 disabled	
	12	Disable OE level 2	M access	1 = OEM access level 2 disabled	
	13	_	M access	1 = OEM access level 3 disabled	
		level 3			
	1415	Reserved			

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
97 Mo	tor control	Switching frequency; slip gain; voltage reserve; flux braking; anti-cogging (signal injection); IR compensation.	
97.01	Switching frequency reference	<ul> <li>Defines the switching frequency of the drive that is used as long as the drive stays below the thermal limit. See section <i>Switching frequency</i> on page 164.</li> <li>Higher switching frequency results in lower acoustic motor noise. Lower switching frequency generates less switching losses and reduce EMC emissions.</li> <li>Notes: <ul> <li>If you have a multimotor system, contact your local ABB representative.</li> <li>With the CPTC-02 ATEX-certified thermistor protection module, follow the instructions given in the <i>CPTC-02 ATEX-certified thermistor protection module, follow the instructions given in the CPTC-02 (t-L537+Q971) user's manual (3AXD5000030058 [English].</i></li> <li>With an ABB EX motor, follow the instructions given in the ABB EX motor documentation.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	4 kHz
	2 kHz	2 kHz.	2
	4 kHz	4 kHz.	4
	8 kHz	8 kHz.	8
	12 kHz	12 kHz.	12
97.02	Minimum switching frequency	<ul> <li>Lowest switching frequency value that is allowed. Depends on the frame size.</li> <li>When drive is reaching the thermal limit, it will automatically start to reduce the switching frequency until the minimum allowed value is reached. Once the minimum has been reached, the drive will automatically start limiting the output current to keep the temperature below the thermal limit. Inverter temperature.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>With the CPTC-02 ATEX-certified thermistor protection module, follow the instructions given in the <i>CPTC-02 ATEX-certified thermistor protection module, Full (2) GD (+L537+Q971) user's manual (3AXD5000030058 [English].</i></li> <li>With an ABB EX motor, follow the instructions given in the ABB EX motor documentation.</li> </ul>	1.5 kHz
	1.5 kHz	1.5 kHz. Not for all frame sizes.	1
	2 kHz	2 kHz.	2
	4 kHz	4 kHz.	4
	8 kHz	8 kHz.	8
	12 kHz	12 kHz.	12

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
97.03	Slip gain	Defines the slip gain which is used to improve the estimated motor slip. 100% means full slip gain; 0% means no slip gain. The default value is 100%. Other values can be used if a static speed error is detected despite having the setting at full slip gain. <b>Example</b> (with nominal load and nominal slip of 40 rpm): A 1000 rpm constant speed reference is given to the drive. Despite having full slip gain (= 100%), a manual tachometer measurement from the motor axis gives a speed value of 998 rpm. The static speed error is 1000 rpm - 998 rpm = 2 rpm. To compensate the error, the slip gain should be increased to 105% (2 rpm / 40 rpm = 5%).	100%
	0200%	Slip gain.	1 = 1%
97.04	Voltage reserve	Defines the minimum allowed voltage reserve. When the voltage reserve has decreased to the set value, the drive enters the field weakening area. <b>Note:</b> This is an expert level parameter and should not be adjusted without appropriate skill. If the intermediate circuit DC voltage $U_{dc}$ = 550 V and the voltage reserve is 5%, the RMS value of the maximum output voltage in steady-state operation is $0.95 \times 550 V / \text{sqrt}(2) = 369 V$ The dynamic performance of the motor control in the field weakening area can be improved by increasing the voltage reserve value, but the drive enters the field weakening area earlier.	-2%
	-450%	Voltage reserve.	1 = 1%
97.05	Flux braking	Defines the level of flux braking power. (Other stopping and braking modes can be configured in parameter group 21 <i>Start/stop mode</i> ). <b>Note:</b> This is an expert level parameter and should not be adjusted without appropriate skill.	Disabled
	Disabled	Flux braking is disabled.	0
	Moderate	Flux level is limited during the braking. Deceleration time is longer compared to full braking.	1
	Full	Maximum braking power. Almost all available current is used to convert the mechanical braking energy to thermal energy in the motor. MARNING! Using full flux braking heats up the motor especially in cyclic operation. Make sure that the motor can withstand this if you have a cyclic application.	2
97.08	Optimizer minimum torque	This parameter can be used to improve the control dynamics of a synchronous reluctance motor or a salient permanent magnet synchronous motor. As a rule of thumb, define a level to which the output torque must rise with minimum delay. This will increase the motor current and improve the torque response at low speeds.	0.0%
	0.0 1600.0%	Optimizer torque limit.	10 = 1%

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
97.10	Signal injection	<ul> <li>Enables the anti-cogging function: a high-frequency alternating signal is injected to the motor in the low speed region to improve the stability of torque control. This removes the "cogging" that can sometimes be seen as the rotor passes the motor magnetic poles. Anti-cogging can be enabled with different amplitude levels.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>This is an expert level parameter and should not be adjusted without appropriate skill.</li> <li>Use as low a level as possible that gives satisfactory performance.</li> <li>Signal injection cannot be applied to asynchronous motors.</li> <li>For frames R6R9 only.</li> </ul>	Disabled
	Disabled	Anti-cogging disabled.	0
	Enabled (5%)	Anti-cogging enabled with amplitude level of 5%.	1
	Enabled (10%)	Anti-cogging enabled with amplitude level of 10%.	2
	Enabled (15%)	Anti-cogging enabled with amplitude level of 15%.	3
	Enabled (20%)	Anti-cogging enabled with amplitude level of 20%.	4
97.11	TR tuning	Rotor time constant tuning. This parameter can be used to improve torque accuracy in closed-loop control of an induction motor. Normally, the motor identification run provides sufficient torque accuracy, but manual fine-tuning can be applied in exceptionally demanding applications to achieve optimal performance. <b>Note:</b> This is an expert level parameter and should not be adjusted without appropriate skill.	100%
	25400%	Rotor time constant tuning.	1 = 1%

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
97.13	IR compensation	Defines the relative output voltage boost at zero speed (IR compensation). The function is useful in applications with a high break-away torque where vector control cannot be applied. <i>U   U<sub>N</sub></i> (%) Relative output voltage. IR compensation set to 15%. 100% Relative output voltage. IR compensation set to 15%. 100% <i>I</i> <i>I</i> <i>I</i> <i>I</i> <i>I</i> <i>I</i> <i>I</i> <i>I</i>	Type specific (%)
	0.0050.00%	Voltage boost at zero speed in percent of nominal motor voltage.	1 = 1%
97.15	Motor model temperature adaptation	Enables the motor model temperature adaptation. Estimated motor temperature can be used to adapt temperature dependent parameters (for example, resistances) of motor model.	Disabled
	Disabled	Temperature adaptation disabled.	0
	Estimated temperature	Temperature adaptation with motor temperature estimate (parameter 35.01 Motor estimated temperature).	1
97.16	Stator temperature factor	Tunes the motor temperature dependence of stator parameters (stator resistance).	50%
	0200%	Tuning factor.	1 = 1%
97.17	Rotor temperature factor	Tunes the motor temperature dependence of rotor parameters (for example,. rotor resistance).	100%
	0200%	Tuning factor.	1 = 1%
97.20	U/F ratio	Selects the form for the <i>Ulf</i> (voltage to frequency) ratio below field weakening point. For scalar control only. <b>Note:</b> The U/f function cannot be used with energy optimization; if 45.11 <i>Energy optimizer</i> is set to <i>Enable</i> , parameter 97.20 <i>U/F ratio</i> is ignored.	Linear
	Linear	Linear ratio for constant torque applications.	0

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Squared	Squared ratio for centrifugal pump and fan applications. With squared U/f ratio the noise level is lower for most operating frequencies. Not recommended for permanent magnet motors.	1
97.48	Udc stabilizer	Enables or disables the DC bus voltage stabilizer.	Disabled
	Disabled	DC bus voltage stabilizer disabled.	0
	Enabled min	DC bus voltage stabilizer enabled, minimum stabilization.	50
	Enabled mild	DC bus voltage stabilizer enabled, mild stabilization.	100
	Enabled medium	DC bus voltage stabilizer enabled, medium stabilization.	300
	Enabled strong	DC bus voltage stabilizer enabled, strong stabilization.	500
	Enabled max	DC bus voltage stabilizer enabled, maximum stabilization.	800
97.49	Slip gain for scalar	Sets gain for slip compensation in percent when the drive is operating in scalar control mode. A squirrel-cage motor slips under load. Increasing the frequency as the motor torque increases compensates for the slip. <b>Note:</b> This parameter is only effective in scalar motor control mode (parameter <i>99.04 Motor control mode</i> is set to <i>Scalar</i> ).	0%
	0200%	0% = No slip compensation. 0200% = Increasing slip compensation. 100% means full slip compensation according to parameter 99.08 Motor nominal frequency and 99.09 Motor nominal speed.	1 = 1%
97.94	IR comp max frequency	Sets the frequency at which IR compensation set by parameter 97.13 IR compensation reaches 0 V. Unit is percent of the motor nominal frequency.	50.0%
	1.0200.0%	Frequency.	1 = 1%
97.135	Udc ripple	Calculates ripple voltage.	0.0 V
	0.0200.0 V	Voltage.	1 = 1 V

98 User motor parameters	Motor values supplied by the user that are used in the motor model. These parameters are useful for non-standard motors, or to just get more accurate motor control of the motor on site. A better motor model always improves the shaft performance.	
98.01 User motor model mode	<ul> <li>Activates the motor model parameters 98.0298.12 and 98.14.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>Parameter value is automatically set to zero when ID run is selected by parameter 99.13 ID run requested. The values of parameters 98.0298.12 are then updated according to the motor characteristics identified during the ID run.</li> <li>Measurements made directly from the motor terminals during the ID run are likely to produce slightly different values than those on a data sheet from a motor manufacturer.</li> <li>This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.</li> </ul>	Not selected
Not selected	Parameters 98.0298.12 inactive.	0
Motor parameters	The values of parameters 98.02 98.12 are used as the motor model.	1

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
98.02	Rs user	Defines the stator resistance $R_{\rm S}$ of the motor model. With a star-connected motor, $R_{\rm S}$ is the resistance of one winding. With a delta-connected motor, $R_{\rm S}$ is one-third of the resistance of one winding. Resistance value is given at 20 °C (68 °F).	0.00000 p.u.
	0.000000.50000 p.u.	Stator resistance in per unit.	-
98.03	Rr user	Defines the rotor resistance R <sub>R</sub> of the motor model. Resistance value is given at 20 °C (68 °F). <b>Note:</b> This parameter is valid only for asynchronous motors.	0.00000 p.u.
	0.000000.50000 p.u.	Rotor resistance in per unit.	-
98.04	Lm user	Defines the main inductance $L_{\rm M}$ of the motor model. <b>Note:</b> This parameter is valid only for asynchronous motors.	0.00000 p.u.
	0.0000010.00000 p.u.	Main inductance in per unit.	-
98.05	SigmaL user	Defines the leakage inductance $\sigma L_{S}$ . <b>Note:</b> This parameter is valid only for asynchronous motors.	0.00000 p.u.
	0.000001.00000 p.u.	Leakage inductance in per unit.	-
98.06	Ld user	Defines the direct axis (synchronous) inductance. <b>Note:</b> This parameter is valid only for permanent magnet motors.	0.00000 p.u.
	0.0000010.00000 p.u	Direct axis inductance in per unit.	-
98.07	Lq user	Defines the quadrature axis (synchronous) inductance. <b>Note:</b> This parameter is valid only for permanent magnet motors.	0.00000 p.u.
	0.0000010.00000 p.u	Quadrature axis inductance in per unit.	-
98.08	PM flux user	Defines the permanent magnet flux. <b>Note:</b> This parameter is valid only for permanent magnet motors.	0.00000 p.u.
	0.00000 2.00000 p.u	Permanent magnet flux in per unit.	-
98.09	Rs user SI	Defines the stator resistance $R_{\rm S}$ of the motor model. Resistance value is given at 20 °C (68 °F).	0.00000 ohm
	0.00000 100.00000 ohm	Stator resistance.	-
98.10	Rr user SI	Defines the rotor resistance <i>R</i> <sub>R</sub> of the motor model. Resistance value is given at 20 °C (68 °F). <b>Note:</b> This parameter is valid only for asynchronous motors.	0.00000 ohm
	0.00000 100.00000 ohm	Rotor resistance.	-
98.11	Lm user SI	Defines the main inductance $L_{\rm M}$ of the motor model. <b>Note:</b> This parameter is valid only for asynchronous motors.	0.00 mH
	0.00100000.00 mH	Main inductance.	1 = 10000 mH

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
98.12	SigmaL user SI	Defines the leakage inductance $\sigma L_{S}$ . <b>Note:</b> This parameter is valid only for asynchronous motors.	0.00 mH
	0.00100000.00 mH	Leakage inductance.	1 = 10000 mH
98.13	Ld user SI	Defines the direct axis (synchronous) inductance. <b>Note:</b> This parameter is valid only for permanent magnet motors.	0.00 mH
	0.00100000.00 mH	Direct axis inductance.	1 = 10000 mH
98.14	Lq user SI	Defines the quadrature axis (synchronous) inductance. <b>Note:</b> This parameter is valid only for permanent magnet motors.	0.00 mH
	0.00100000.00 mH	Quadrature axis inductance.	1 = 10000 mH

99 Motor data		Motor configuration settings.	
99.03	Motor type	Selects the motor type. <b>Note:</b> This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	Asynchro- nous motor
	Asynchronous motor	Standard squirrel cage AC induction motor (asynchronous induction motor).	0
	Permanent magnet motor	Permanent magnet motor. Three-phase AC synchronous motor with permanent magnet rotor and sinusoidal BackEMF voltage. <b>Note:</b> With permanent magnet motors special attention must be paid on setting the motor nominal values correctly in parameter group <i>99 Motor data.</i> You must use vector control. If the nominal BackEMF voltage of the motor is not available, a full ID run should be performed for improving performance.	1
	SynRM	Synchronous reluctance motor. Three-phase AC synchronous motor with salient pole rotor without permanent magnets. You must use vector control for this selection.	2
99.04	Motor control mode	Selects the motor control mode.	Scalar
	Vector	<ul> <li>Vector control. Vector control has better accuracy than scalar control but cannot be used in all situations (see selection <i>Scalar</i> below).</li> <li>Requires motor identification run (ID run). See parameter <i>99.13 ID run requested</i>.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>In vector control the drive performs a standstill ID run at the first start if ID run has not been previously performed. A new start command is required after standstill ID run.</li> <li>To achieve a better motor control performance, you can perform a normal ID run without load.</li> <li>See also section <i>Operating modes of the drive</i> (page <i>112</i>).</li> </ul>	0

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Scalar	<ul> <li>Scalar control. Suitable for most applications, if top performance is not required.</li> <li>Motor identification run is not required.</li> <li>Note: Scalar control must be used in the following situations:</li> <li>with multimotor systems 1) if the load is not equally shared between the motors, 2) if the motors are of different sizes, or 3) if the motors are going to be changed after the motor identification (ID run)</li> <li>if the nominal current of the motor is less than 1/6 of the nominal output current of the drive (Note: However, when using flying start mode in scalar control, the nominal current must be above 1/6 of the nominal output current of the drive, see parameter 21.19 Scalar start mode, selection Flying start.)</li> <li>if the drive is used with no motor connected (for example, for test purposes).</li> <li>Note: Correct motor operation requires that the magnetizing current of the inverter.</li> <li>See also section Speed compensated stop (page 168), and section Operating modes of the drive (page 112).</li> </ul>	1
99.06	Motor nominal current	<ul> <li>Defines the nominal motor current. Must be equal to the value on the motor rating plate. If multiple motors are connected to the drive, enter the total current of the motors.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>Correct motor operation requires that the magnetizing current of the motor does not exceed 90% of the nominal current of the drive.</li> <li>This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.</li> </ul>	0.0 A
	0.06400.0 A	<ul> <li>Nominal current of the motor. The allowable range:</li> <li>vector control mode: 1/62 × I<sub>N</sub> of the drive</li> <li>scalar control mode: 02 × I<sub>N</sub> with scalar control mode.</li> <li>Note: When using flying start in scalar control mode (see parameter 21.19 Scalar start mode), the nominal current must be in the range allowed for vector control mode.</li> </ul>	1 = 1 A See <i>46.05</i>
99.07	Motor nominal voltage	<ul> <li>Defines the nominal motor voltage supplied to the motor. This setting must match the value on the rating plate of the motor. Notes:</li> <li>With permanent magnet motors, the nominal voltage is the BackEMF voltage at nominal speed of the motor. If the voltage is given as voltage per rpm, for example, 60 V per 1000 rpm, the voltage for a nominal speed of 3000 rpm is 3 × 60 V = 180 V.</li> <li>The stress on the motor insulation is always dependent on the drive supply voltage. This also applies to the case where the motor voltage rating is lower than that of the drive and the supply.</li> <li>This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.</li> </ul>	0.0 V
	0.0960.0 V	Nominal voltage of the motor.	10 = 1 V
99.08	Motor nominal frequency	Defines the nominal motor frequency. This setting must match the value on the rating plate of the motor. <b>Note:</b> This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	50.00 Hz
	0.00500.00 Hz	Nominal frequency of the motor.	10 = 1 Hz

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
99.09	<ul> <li>Motor nominal speed</li> <li>Defines the nominal motor speed. The setting must match the value on the rating plate of the motor.</li> <li>Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.</li> </ul>		0 rpm
	030000 rpm	Nominal speed of the motor.	1 = 1 rpm
99.10 Motor nominal power		Defines the nominal motor power. The setting must match the value on the rating plate of the motor. If multiple motors are connected to the drive, enter the total power of the motors. The unit is selected by parameter <i>96.16 Unit selection</i> . <b>Note:</b> This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	0.00 kW or hp;
	0.00 10000.00 kW or 0.00 13404.83 hp	Nominal power of the motor.	1 = 1 unit See <u>46.04</u>
<ul> <li></li></ul>		<ul> <li>Defines the cosphi of the motor for a more accurate motor model. The value is not obligatory, but is useful with an asynchronous motor, especially when performing a standstill identification run. With a permanent magnet or synchronous reluctance motor, this value is not needed.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>Do not enter an estimated value. If you do not know the exact value, leave the parameter at zero.</li> <li>This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.</li> </ul>	0.00
	0.001.00	Cosphi of the motor.	100 = 1
99.12	Motor nominal torque	Defines the nominal motor shaft torque for a more accurate motor model. Not obligatory. The unit is selected by parameter 96.16 Unit selection. <b>Note:</b> This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	0.000 N·m or lb∙ft
	0.0004000000.000 N·m or 0.0002950248.597 Ib·ft	Nominal motor torque.	1 = 100 unit

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
99.13	ID run requested	<ul> <li>Selects the type of the motor identification routine (ID run) performed at the next start of the drive. During the ID run, the drive will identify the characteristics of the motor for optimum motor control.</li> <li>If no ID run has been performed yet (or if default parameter values have been restored using parameter 96.06 Parameter restore), this parameter is automatically set to Standstill, signifying that an ID run must be performed.</li> <li>After the ID run, the drive stops and this parameter is automatically set to None.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>To ensure that the ID run can work properly, the drive limits in group 30 (maximum speed and minimum speed, and maximum torque and minimum torque) must to be large enough (the range specified by the limits must be wide enough. If, for example, speed limits are less than the motor nominal speed, the ID run cannot be completed.</li> <li>Make sure the motor is stopped before starting the ID run.</li> <li>For the Advanced ID run, the machinery must always be de-coupled from the motor.</li> <li>With a permanent magnet or synchronous reluctance motor, a Normal, Reduced or Standstill ID run requires that the motor shaft is NOT locked and the load torque is less than 10%.</li> <li>With scalar control mode (99.04 Motor control mode = Scalar), the ID run is not requested automatically. However, an ID run can be performed for more accurate torque estimation.</li> <li>Once the ID run is activated, it can be canceled by stopping the drive.</li> <li>The ID run must be performed every time any of the motor parameters (99.04, 99.0699.12) have been changed.</li> <li>Ensure that the Safe Torque Off and emergency stop circuits (if any) are closed during the ID run.</li> <li>Mechanical brake (if present) is not opened by the logic for the ID run.</li> </ul>	None
	None	No motor ID run is requested. This mode can be selected only if the ID run ( <i>Normal/Reduced/Standstill/Advanced</i> ) has already been performed once.	0
	Normal	<ul> <li>Normal ID run. Guarantees good control accuracy for all cases. The ID run takes about 90 seconds. This mode should be selected whenever it is possible.</li> <li>Notes:         <ul> <li>If the load torque will be higher than 20% of motor nominal torque, or if the machinery is not able to withstand the nominal torque transient during the ID run, then the driven machinery must be de-coupled from the motor during a Normal ID run.</li> <li>Check the direction of rotation of the motor before starting the ID run. During the run, the motor will rotate in the forward direction.</li> <li>MARNING! The motor will run at up to approximately 50100% of the nominal speed during the ID run. THE MOTOR BEFORE PERFORMING THE ID RUN!</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	1

No. Na	ame/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
Re	educed	<ul> <li>Reduced ID run. This mode should be selected instead of the <i>Normal</i> or <i>Advanced</i> ID Run if</li> <li>mechanical losses are higher than 20% (ie. the motor cannot be de-coupled from the driven equipment), or if</li> <li>flux reduction is not allowed while the motor is running (ie. in case of a motor with an integrated brake supplied from the motor terminals).</li> <li>With this ID run mode, the resultant motor control in the field weakening area or at high torques is not necessarily as accurate as motor control following a Normal ID run. Reduced ID run is completed faster than the Normal ID Run (&lt; 90 seconds).</li> <li>Note: Check the direction of rotation of the motor before starting the ID run. During the run, the motor will rotate in the forward direction.</li> <li>MARNING! The motor will run at up to approximately 50100% of the nominal speed during the ID run. BEFORE PERFORMING THE ID RUN!</li> </ul>	2
St	andstill	Standstill ID run. The motor is injected with DC current. With an AC induction (asynchronous) motor, the motor shaft is not rotated. With a permanent magnet motor, the shaft can rotate up to half a revolution. <b>Note:</b> This mode should be selected only if the <i>Normal</i> , <i>Reduced</i> or <i>Advanced</i> ID run is not possible due to the restrictions caused by the connected mechanics (eg. with lift or crane applications).	3
Re	eserved		4
me	urrent easurement Ilibration	Current offset and gain measurement calibration is set to calibrate the control loops. The calibration will be performed at next start. Only for frames R6R11.	5
Ac	lvanced	Advanced ID run. Only for frames R6R11. Guarantees the best possible control accuracy. The ID run takes a very long time to complete. This mode should be selected when top performance is needed across the whole operating area. <b>Note:</b> The driven machinery must be de-coupled from the motor because of high torque and speed transients that are applied. <b>WARNING!</b> The motor may run at up to the maximum (positive) and minimum (negative) allowed speed during the ID run. Several accelerations and decelerations are done. The maximum torque, current and speed allowed by the limit parameters may be utilized. ENSURE THAT IT IS SAFE TO RUN THE MOTOR BEFORE PERFORMING THE ID RUN!	6

No.	Name/Value	Description	Def/FbEq16
	Adaptive	Adaptive ID run. Improves the motor model accuracy during normal operation of the drive. The drive performs a Standstill ID run first. Motor parameters are then updated with better accuracy during an adaptation sequence when following user's driving profile. When the adaptation is complete, parameters 99.14 Last ID run performed changes from Standstill to Adaptive. Motor parameters are updated automatically and the user is not required to update any other parameter. Notes: • For vector control only. • For frame sizes R1R5 only.	8
99.14	Last ID run performed	Shows the type of ID run that was performed last. For more information about the different modes, see the selections of parameter 99.13 ID run requested.	None
	None	No ID run has been performed.	0
	Normal	Normal ID run.	1
	Reduced	Reduced ID run.	2
	Standstill	Standstill ID run.	3
	Reserved		4
	Current measurement calibration	Current measurement calibration.	5
	Advanced	Advanced ID run.	6
99.15	Motor polepairs calculated	Calculated number of pole pairs in the motor.	0
	01000	Number of pole pairs.	1 = 1
99.16	Motor phase order	<ul> <li>Switches the rotation direction of motor. This parameter can be used if the motor turns in the wrong direction (for example, because of the wrong phase order in the motor cable), and correcting the cabling is considered impractical.</li> <li>Note:</li> <li>Changing this parameter does not affect speed reference polarities, so positive speed reference will rotate the motor forward. The phase order selection just ensures that "forward" is in fact the correct direction.</li> </ul>	UVW
	UVW	Normal.	0
	UWV	Reversed rotation direction.	1

# Differences in the default values between 50 Hz and 60 Hz supply frequency settings

Parameter 95.20 HW options word 1 bit 0 Supply frequency 60 Hz changes the drive parameter default values according to the supply frequency, 50 Hz or 60 Hz. The bit is set according to the market before the drive is delivered.

If you need to change from 50 Hz to 60 Hz, or vice versa, change the value of the bit and then do a complete reset to the drive. After that you have to reselect the macro to be used.

The table below shows the parameters whose default values depend on the supply frequency setting. The supply frequency setting, with the type designation of the drive, also affects Group *99 Motor data* parameter values though these parameters are not listed in the table.

No <b>Name</b>		95.20 HW options word 1 bit Supply frequency 60 Hz = 50 Hz	95.20 HW options word 1 bit Supply frequency 60 Hz = 60 Hz
11.45	Freq in 1 at scaled max	1500.000	1800.000
15.35	Freq out 1 src max	1500.000	1800.000
12.20	AI1 scaled at AI1 max	50.000	60.000
13.18	AO1 source max	50.0	60.0
22.26	Constant speed 1	300.00 rpm	360.00 rpm
22.27	Constant speed 2	600.00 rpm	720.00 rpm
22.28	Constant speed 3	900 .00 rpm	1080.00 rpm
22.29	Constant speed 4	1200.00 rpm	1440.00 rpm
22.30	Constant speed 5	1500.00 rpm	1800.00 rpm
22.30	Constant speed 6	2400.00 rpm	2880.00 rpm
22.31	Constant speed 7	3000.00 rpm	3600.00 rpm
28.26	Constant frequency 1	5.00 Hz	6.00 Hz
28.27	Constant frequency 2	10.00 Hz	12.00 Hz
28.28	Constant frequency 3	15.00 Hz	18.00 Hz
28.29	Constant frequency 4	20.00 Hz	24.00 Hz
28.30	Constant frequency 5	25.00 Hz	30.00 Hz
28.31	Constant frequency 6	40.00 Hz	48.00 Hz
28.32	Constant frequency 7	50.00 Hz	60.00 Hz

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No	Name	95.20 HW options word 1 bit Supply frequency 60 Hz = <b>50 Hz</b>	95.20 HW options word 1 bit Supply frequency 60 Hz = <b>60 Hz</b>
30.11	Minimum speed	0.00 rpm	0.00 rpm
30.12	Maximum speed	1500.00 rpm	1800.00 rpm
30.13	Minimum frequency	0.00 Hz	0.00 Hz
30.14	Maximum frequency	50.00 Hz	60.00 Hz
31.26	Stall speed limit	150.00 rpm	180.00 rpm
31.27	Stall frequency limit	15.00 Hz	18.00 Hz
31.30	Overspeed trip margin	500.00 rpm	500.00 rpm
46.01	Speed scaling	1500.00 rpm	1800.00 rpm
46.02	Frequency scaling	50.00 Hz	60.00 Hz
46.31	Above speed limit	1500.00 rpm	1800.00 rpm
46.32	Above frequency limit	50.00 Hz	60.00 Hz

# Parameters supported by Modbus backwards compatibility with 550

ACx550 compatibility mode is a way to communicate with an ACx580 drive in such a way that it looks like an ACx550 drive over Modbus RTU or Modbus TCP. This mode can be enabled by changing parameter 96.78 550 compatibility mode to Enable.

In the 550 compatibility mode all supported parameters can be read as if the drive were an ACx550. Some parameters are read only and do not support writes. See the table below to see which parameters support writes.

ACx550 parameter	Name	Read/Write	ACx550 parameter	Name	Read
01.01	SPEED & DIR	Read only	01.34	COMM RO WORD	Read
01.02	SPEED	Read only	01.35	COMM VALUE 1	Read
01.03	OUTPUT FREQ	Read only	01.36	COMM VALUE 2	Read
01.04	CURRENT	Read only	01.41	MWH COUNTER	Read
01.05	TORQUE	Read only	01.43	DRIVE ON TIME	Read
01.06	POWER	Read only	01.45	MOTOR TEMP	Read
01.07	DC BUS VOLTAGE	Read only	01.50	CB TEMP	Read
01.09	OUTPUT VOLTAGE	Read only	01.74	SAVED KWH	Read
01.10	DRIVE TEMP	Read only	01.75	SAVED MWH	Read
01.11	EXTERNAL REF 1	Read only	01.77	SAVED AMOUNT 2	Read
01.13	CTRL LOCATION	Read only	01.78	SAVED CO2	Read
01.14	RUN TIME	Read only	03.01	FB CMD WORD 1	Read
01.15	KWH COUNTER	Read only	03.02	FB CMD WORD 2	Read
01.18	DI 1-3 STATUS	Read only	03.03	FB STS WORD 1	Read
01.19	DI 4-6 STATUS	Read only	03.04	FB STS WORD 2	Read
01.20	AI 1	Read only	03.05	FAULT WORD 1	Read
01.21	AI 2	Read only	03.06	FAULT WORD 2	Read
01.22	RO 1-3 STATUS	Read only	03.07	FAULT WORD 3	Read
01.23	RO 4-6 STATUS	Read only	03.08	ALARM WORD 1	Read
01.24	AO 1	Read only	03.09	ALARM WORD 2	Read
01.25	AO 2	Read only	04.01	LAST FAULT	Read
01.26	PID 1 OUTPUT	Read only	04.12	PREVIOUS FAULT 1	Read
01.27	PID 2 OUTPUT	Read only	04.13	PREVIOUS FAULT 2	Read
01.28	PID 1 SETPNT	Read only	10.01	EXT1 COMMANDS	Read
01.29	PID 2 SETPNT	Read only	10.02	EXT2 COMMANDS	Read
01.30	PID 1 FBK	Read only	10.03	DIRECTION	Read
01.31	PID 2 FBK	Read only	10.04	JOGGING SEL	Read
01.32	PID 1 DEVIATION	Read only	11.02	EXT1/EXT2 SEL	Read
01.33	PID 2 DEVIATION	Read only	11.03	REF1 SELECT	Read

ACx550 parameter	Name	Read/Write	ACx550 parameter	Name	Read/Write
11.04	REF1 MIN	Read/Write	21.05	DC HOLD SPEED	Read/Write
11.05	REF1 MAX	Read/Write	21.06	DC CURR REF	Read/Write
11.06	REF2 SEL	Read/Write	21.09	EMERG STOP SEL	Read/Write
11.07	REF2 MIN	Read/Write	21.12	ZERO SPEED DELAY	Read/Write
11.08	REF2 MAX	Read/Write	21.13	START DELAY	Read/Write
12.01	CONST SPEED SEL	Read/Write	22.02	ACCELER TIME 1	Read/Write
12.02	CONST SPEED 1	Read/Write	22.03	DECELER TIME 1	Read/Write
12.03	CONST SPEED 2	Read/Write	22.04	RAMP SHAPE 1	Read/Write
12.04	CONST SPEED 3	Read/Write	22.05	ACCELER TIME 2	Read/Write
12.05	CONST SPEED 4	Read/Write	22.06	DECELER TIME 2	Read/Write
12.06	CONST SPEED 5	Read/Write	22.07	RAMP SHAPE 2	Read/Write
12.07	CONST SPEED 6	Read/Write	22.08	EMERG DEC TIME	Read/Write
15.02	CONST SPEED 7	Read/Write	23.01	PROP GAIN	Read/Write
15.03	AO1 CONTENT MAX	Read/Write	23.02	INTEGRATION TIME	Read/Write
15.04	MINIMUM AO1	Read/Write	23.03	DERIVATION TIME	Read/Write
15.05	MAXIMUM AO1	Read/Write	23.04	ACC COMPENSATION	Read/Write
15.08	AO2 CONTENT MIN	Read/Write	30.02	PANEL COMM ERR	Read/Write
15.09	AO2 CONTENT MAX	Read/Write	30.03	EXTERNAL REF 1	Read/Write
15.10	MINIMUM AO2	Read/Write	30.04	EXTERNAL REF 2	Read/Write
15.11	MAXIMUM AO2	Read/Write	30.05	MOT THERM POT	Read/Write
16.01	RUN ENABLE	Read/Write	30.06	MOT THERM TIME	Read/Write
16.02	PARAMETER LOCK	Read/Write	30.07	MOT LOAD CURVE	Read/Write
16.03	PASS CODE	Read/Write	30.08	ZERO SPEED LOAD	Read/Write
16.08	START ENABLE 1	Read/Write	30.09	BREAK POINT FREQ	Read/Write
16.09	START ENABLE 2	Read/Write	30.10	STALL FUNCTION	Read/Write
20.01	MINIMUM SPEED	Read/Write	30.11	STALL FREQUENCY	Read/Write
20.02	MAXIMUM SPEED	Read/Write	30.12	STALL TIME	Read/Write
20.03	MAX CURRENT	Read/Write	30.17	EARTH FAULT	Read/Write
20.06	UNDERVOLT CRTL	Read/Write	30.18	COMM FAULT FUNC	Read/Write
20.07	MINIMUM FREQ	Read/Write	30.19	COMM FAULT TIME	Read/Write
20.08	MAXIMUM FREQ	Read/Write	30.22	AI2 FAULT LIMIT	Read/Write
20.13	MIN TORQUE SEL	Read/Write	30.23	WIRING FAULT	Read/Write
20.14	MAX TORQUE SEL	Read/Write	33.01	FIRMWARE	Read only
20.15	MIN TORQUE 1	Read/Write	33.02	LOADING PACKAGE	Read only
20.16	MIN TORQUE 2	Read/Write	33.03	TEST DATE	Read only
20.17	MAX TORQUE 1	Read/Write	33.04	DRIVE RATING	Read only
20.18	MAX TORQUE 2	Read/Write	40.01	GAIN	Read/Write
21.02	STOP FUNCTION	Read/Write	40.02	INTEGRATION TIME	Read/Write
21.03	DC MAGN TIME	Read/Write	40.03	DERIVATION TIME	Read/Write

ACx550 barameter	Name	Read/Write	ACx550 parameter	Name	
40.04	PID DERIV FILTER	Read/Write	41.11	INTERNAL SETPNT	
40.08	0% VALUE	Read/Write	41.12	SETPOINT MIN	
40.09	100% VALUE	Read/Write	41.13	SETPOINT MAX	
40.10	SET POINT SEL	Read/Write	41.14	FBK SEL	
40.11	INTERNAL SETPNT	Read/Write	41.15	FBK MULTIPLIER	
40.12	SETPOINT MIN	Read/Write	41.16	ACT 1 INPUT	
40.13	SETPOINT MAX	Read/Write	41.17	ACT 2 INPUT	
40.14	FBK SEL	Read/Write	41.24	PID SLEEP DELAY	
40.15	FBK MULTIPLIER	Read/Write	41.25	WAKE-UP DEV	
40.16	ACT 1 INPUT	Read/Write	41.26	WAKE-UP DELAY	
40.17	ACT 2 INPUT	Read/Write	42.11	INTERNAL SETPNT	
40.24	PID SLEEP DELAY	Read/Write	53.05	EFB CTRL PROFILE	
40.25	WAKE-UP DEV	Read/Write	99.01	LANGUAGE	
40.26	WAKE-UP DELAY	Read/Write	99.04	MOTOR CTRL MODE	
40.27	PID 1 PARAM SET	Read/Write	99.05	MOTOR NOM VOLT	
41.01	GAIN	Read/Write	99.06	MOTOR NOM CURR	
41.02	INTEGRATION TIME	Read/Write	99.07	MOTOR NOM FREQ	
41.03	DERIVATION TIME	Read/Write	99.08	MOTOR NOM SPEED	
41.04	PID DERIV FILTER	Read/Write	99.09	MOTOR NOM POWER	2
41.08	0% VALUE	Read/Write	99.10	ID RUN	
41.09	100% VALUE	Read/Write	99.15	MOTOR COS PHI	
41.10	SET POINT SEL	Read/Write			

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# 8

# Additional parameter data

## What this chapter contains

This chapter lists the parameters with some additional data such as their ranges and 32-bit fieldbus scaling. For parameter descriptions, see chapter *Parameters* (page 195).

### Terms and abbreviations

Term	Definition
Actual signal	Signal measured or calculated by the drive. Usually can only be monitored but not adjusted; some counter-type signals can however be reset.
Analog src	Analog source: the parameter can be set to the value of another parameter by choosing "Other", and selecting the source parameter from a list. In addition to the "Other" selection, the parameter may offer other pre- selected settings.
Binary src	Binary source: the value of the parameter can be taken from a specific bit in another parameter value ("Other"). Sometimes the value can be fixed to 0 (false) or 1 (true). In addition, the parameter may offer other pre-selected settings.
Data	Data parameter
FbEq32	32-bit fieldbus equivalent: The scaling between the value shown on the panel and the integer used in communication when a 32-bit value is selected for transmission to an external system. The corresponding 16-bit scalings are listed in chapter <i>Parameters</i> (page 195).
List	Selection list.

Term	Definition
No.	Parameter number.
РВ	Packed Boolean (bit list).
Real	Real number.
Туре	Parameter type. See Analog src, Binary src, List, PB, Real.

### **Fieldbus addresses**

Refer to the User's manual of the fieldbus adapter.

## Parameter groups 1...9

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32		
01 Actual values							
01.01	Motor speed used	Real	-30000.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm		
01.02	Motor speed estimated	Real	-30000.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm		
01.03	Motor speed %	Real	-1000.001000.00	%	100 = 1%		
01.06	Output frequency	Real	-500.00500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz		
01.07	Motor current	Real	0.0030000.00	А	100 = 1 A		
01.08	Motor current % of motor nom	Real	0.01000.0	%	10 = 1%		
01.09	Motor current % of drive nom	Real	0.01000.0	%	10 = 1%		
01.10	Motor torque	Real	-1600.01600.0	%	10 = 1%		
01.11	DC voltage	Real	0.002000.00	V	100 = 1 V		
01.13	Output voltage	Real	02000	V	1 = 1 V		
01.14	Output power	Real	-32768.0032767.00	kW	100 = 1 unit		
01.15	Output power % of motor nom	Real	-300.00300.00	%	100 = 1%		
01.17	Motor shaft power	Real	-32768.0032767.00	kW or hp	100 = 1 unit		
01.18	Inverter GWh counter	Real	065535	GWh	1 = 1 GWh		
01.19	Inverter MWh counter	Real	01000	MWh	1 = 1 MWh		
01.20	Inverter kWh counter	Real	01000	kWh	1 = 1 kWh		
01.24	Flux actual %	Real	0200	%	1 = 1%		
01.30	Nominal torque scale	Real	0.0004000000.000	N·m or Ib∙ft	1000 = 1 unit		
01.50	Current hour kWh	Real	0.001000000.00	kWh	100 = 1 kWh		
01.51	Previous hour kWh	Real	0.001000000.00	kWh	100 = 1 kWh		
01.52	Current day kWh	Real	0.001000000.00	kWh	100 = 1 kWh		
01.53	Previous day kWh	Real	0.001000000.00	kWh	100 = 1 kWh		
01.54	Cumulative inverter energy	Real	-200000000.0 200000000.0	kWh	1 = 1 kWh		
01.55	Inverter GWh counter (resettable)	Real	065535	GWh	1 = 1 GWh		
01.56	Inverter MWh counter (resettable)	Real	01000	MWh	1 = 1 MWh		
01.57	Inverter kWh counter (resettable)	Real	01000	kWh	1 = 1 kWh		
01.58	Cumulative inverter energy (resettable)	Real	-200000000.0 200000000.0	kWh	1 = 1 kWh		
01.61	Abs motor speed used		0.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm		
01.62	Abs motor speed %		0.001000.00%	%	100 = 1%		
01.63	Abs output frequency		0.00500.00 Hz	Hz	100 = 1 Hz		
01.64	Abs motor torque		0.01600.0	%	10 = 1%		
01.65	Abs output power		0.0032767.00	kW	100 = 1 kW		
01.66	Abs output power % motor nom		0.00300.00	%	100 = 1%		
01.67	Abs output power % drive nom		0.00300.00	%	100 = 1%		
01.68	Abs motor shaft power		0.0032767.00	kW	100 = 1 kW		

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
03 Inpu	t references				
03.01	Panel reference	Real	-100000.00100000.00	-	100 = 1
03.02	Panel reference remote	Real	-100000.00100000.00	-	100 = 1
03.05	FB A reference 1	Real	-100000.00100000.00	-	100 = 1
03.06	FB A reference 2	Real	-100000.00100000.00	-	100 = 1
03.09	EFB reference 1	Real	-30000.0030000.00	-	100 = 1
03.10	EFB reference 2	Real	-30000.0030000.00	-	100 = 1
04 Warr	nings and faults				
04.01	Tripping fault	Data	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.02	Active fault 2	Data	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.03	Active fault 3	Data	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.06	Active warning 1	Data	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.07	Active warning 2	Data	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.08	Active warning 3	Data	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.11	Latest fault	Data	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.12	2nd latest fault	Data	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.13	3rd latest fault	Data	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.16	Latest warning	Data	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.17	2nd latest warning	Data	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.18	3rd latest warning	Data	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.40	Event word 1	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.41	Event word 1 bit 0 code	Data	0x2310FFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.43	Event word 1 bit 1 code	Data	0x3210FFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.45, 04.47, 04.49,					
04.71	Event word 1 bit 15 code	Data	0x2330FFFFh	-	1 = 1
05 Diag	nostics		I		
05.01	On-time counter	Real	065535	d	1 = 1 d
05.02	Run-time counter	Real	065535	d	1 = 1 d
05.03	Hours run	Real	0.0429496729.5	h	10 = 1 h
05.04	Fan on-time counter	Real	065535	d	1 = 1 d
05.08	Cabinet temperature	Real	-40120	°C or °F	10 = 1 °
05.10	Control board temperature	Real	-100300	°C or °F	10 = 1 °
05.11	Inverter temperature	Real	-40.0160.0	%	10 = 1%
05.20	Diagnostic word 1	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	
05.21	Diagnostic word 2	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	
05.22	Diagnostic word 3	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	
05.80	Motor speed at fault	Real	-30000.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
05.81	Output frequency at fault	Real	-500.00500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
05.82	DC voltage at fault	Real	0.002000.00	V	100 = 1 V

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
05.83	Motor current at fault	Real	0.0030000.00	A	100 = 1 A
05.84	Motor torque at fault	Real	-1600.01600.0	%	10 = 1%
05.85	Main status word at fault	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
05.86	DI delayed status at fault	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
05.87	Inverter temperature at fault	Real	-40160	°C	10 = 1%
05.88	Reference used at fault	Real	-30000.0030000.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
06 Cont	rol and status words				
06.01	Main control word	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
06.11	Main status word	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
06.16	Drive status word 1	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
06.17	Drive status word 2	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
06.18	Start inhibit status word	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
06.19	Speed control status word	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
06.20	Constant speed status word	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
06.21	Drive status word 3	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
06.29	MSW bit 10 selection	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
06.30	MSW bit 11 selection	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
06.31	MSW bit 12 selection	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
06.32	MSW bit 13 selection	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
06.33	MSW bit 14 selection	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
07 Syst	em info				•
07.03	Drive rating id	List	-	-	1 = 1
07.04	Firmware name	List	-	-	1 = 1
07.05	Firmware version	Data	-	-	1 = 1
07.06	Loading package name	List	-	-	1 = 1
07.07	Loading package version	Data	-	-	1 = 1
07.10	Language file set	List	03	-	1 = 1
07.11	Cpu usage	Real	0100	%	1 = 1%
07.25	Customization package name	Data	-	-	1 = 1
07.26	Customization package version	Data	-	-	1 = 1
07.30	Adaptive program status	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
07.31	AP sequence state	Data	020	-	1 = 1
07.35	Drive configuration	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
07.36	Drive configuration 2	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1

## Parameter groups 10...99

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
10 Stan	dard DI, RO			•	•
10.01	DI status	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
10.02	DI delayed status	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
10.03	DI force selection	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
10.04	DI forced data	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
10.05	DI1 ON delay	Real	0.003000.00	s	100 = 1
10.06	DI1 OFF delay	Real	0.003000.00	s	100 = 1
10.07	DI2 ON delay	Real	0.003000.00	s	100 = 1
10.08	DI2 OFF delay	Real	0.003000.00	s	100 = 1
10.09	DI3 ON delay	Real	0.003000.00	s	100 = 1
10.10	DI3 OFF delay	Real	0.003000.00	s	100 = 1
10.11	DI4 ON delay	Real	0.003000.00	s	100 = 1
10.12	DI4 OFF delay	Real	0.003000.00	s	100 = 1
10.13	DI5 ON delay	Real	0.003000.00	s	100 = 1
10.14	DI5 OFF delay	Real	0.003000.00	s	100 = 1
10.15	DI6 ON delay	Real	0.003000.00	s	100 = 1
10.16	DI6 OFF delay	Real	0.003000.00	s	100 = 1
10.21	RO status	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
10.22	RO force selection	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
10.23	RO forced data	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
10.24	RO1 source	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
10.25	RO1 ON delay	Real	0.03000.0	s	10 = 1 s
10.26	RO1 OFF delay	Real	0.03000.0	s	10 = 1 s
10.27	RO2 source	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
10.28	RO2 ON delay	Real	0.03000.0	s	10 = 1 s
10.29	RO2 OFF delay	Real	0.03000.0	s	10 = 1 s
10.30	RO3 source	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
10.31	RO3 ON delay	Real	0.03000.0	s	10 = 1 s
10.32	RO3 OFF delay	Real	0.03000.0	s	10 = 1 s
10.99	RO/DIO control word	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
10.101	RO1 toggle counter	Real	04294967000	-	1 = 1
10.102	RO2 toggle counter	Real	04294967000	-	1 = 1
10.103	RO3 toggle counter	Real	04294967000	-	1 = 1
11 Stan	dard DIO, FI, FO				
11.21	DI5 configuration	List	01	-	1 = 1
11.38	Freq in 1 actual value	Real	016000	Hz	1 = 1 Hz
11.39	Freq in 1 scaled value	Real	-32768.00032767.000	-	1000 = 1

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
11.42	Freq in 1 min	Real	016000	Hz	1 = 1 Hz
11.43	Freq in 1 max	Real	016000	Hz	1 = 1 Hz
11.44	Freq in 1 at scaled min	Real	-32768.00032767.000	-	1000 = 1
11.45	Freq in 1 at scaled max	Real	-32768.00032767.000	-	1000 = 1
12 Stan	dard Al				
12.02	Al force selection	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
12.03	AI supervision function	List	04	-	1 = 1
12.04	AI supervision selection	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
12.11	Al1 actual value	Real	0.00020.000 mA or 0.00010.000 V	mA or V	1000 = 1 unit
12.12	AI1 scaled value	Real	-32768.00032767.000	-	1000 = 1
12.13	Al1 forced value	Real	0.00020.000 mA or 0.00010.000 V	mA or V	1000 = 1 unit
12.15	Al1 unit selection	List	2, 10	-	1 = 1
12.16	AI1 filter time	Real	0.00030.000	s	1000 = 1 s
12.17	Al1 min	Real	0.00020.000 mA or 0.00010.000 V	mA or V	1000 = 1 unit
12.18	Al1 max	Real	0.00020.000 mA or 0.00010.000 V	mA or V	1000 = 1 unit
12.19	Al1 scaled at Al1 min	Real	-32768.00032767.000	-	1000 = 1
12.20	Al1 scaled at Al1 max	Real	-32768.00032767.000	-	1000 = 1
12.21	Al2 actual value	Real	0.00020.000 mA or 0.00010.000 V	mA or V	1000 = 1 unit
12.22	Al2 scaled value	Real	-32768.00032767.000	-	1000 = 1
12.23	Al2 forced value	Real	0.00020.000 mA or 0.00010.000 V	mA or V	1000 = 1 unit
12.25	Al2 unit selection	List	2, 10	-	1 = 1
12.26	Al2 filter time	Real	0.00030.000	s	1000 = 1 s
12.27	Al2 min	Real	0.00020.000 mA or 0.00010.000 V	mA or V	1000 = 1 unit
12.28	Al2 max	Real	0.00020.000 mA or 0.00010.000 V	mA or V	1000 = 1 unit
12.29	Al2 scaled at Al2 min	Real	-32768.00032767.000	-	1000 = 1
12.30	Al2 scaled at Al2 max	Real	-32768.00032767.000	-	1000 = 1
12.101	Al1 percent value	Real	0.00100.00	%	100 = 1%
12.102	Al2 percent value	Real	0.00100.00	%	100 = 1%
13 Stan	dard AO				
13.02	AO force selection	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
13.11	AO1 actual value	Real	0.00022.000 or 0.00011000 V	mA	1000 = 1 mA
13.12	AO1 source	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
13.13	AO1 forced value	Real	0.00022.000 or 0.00011000 V	mA	1000 = 1 mA
13.15	AO1 unit selection	List	2, 10	-	1 = 1

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
13.16	AO1 filter time	Real	0.00030.000	s	1000 = 1 s
13.17	AO1 source min	Real	-32768.032767.0	-	10 = 1
13.18	AO1 source max	Real	-32768.032767.0	-	10 = 1
13.19	AO1 out at AO1 src min	Real	0.00022.000 or 0.00011000 V	mA	1000 = 1 mA
13.20	AO1 out at AO1 src max	Real	0.00022.000 or 0.00011000 V	mA	1000 = 1 mA
13.21	AO2 actual value	Real	0.00022.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
13.22	AO2 source	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
13.23	AO2 forced value	Real	0.00022.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
13.26	AO2 filter time	Real	0.00030.000	s	1000 = 1 s
13.27	AO2 source min	Real	-32768.032767.0	-	10 = 1
13.28	AO2 source max	Real	-32768.032767.0	-	10 = 1
13.29	AO2 out at AO2 src min	Real	0.00022.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
13.30	AO2 out at AO2 src max	Real	0.00022.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
13.91	AO1 data storage	Real	-327.68327.67	-	100 = 1
13.92	AO2 data storage	Real	-327.68327.67	-	100 = 1
15 I/O e	xtension module				
15.01	Extension module type	List	04	-	1 = 1
15.02	Detected extension module	List	04	-	1 = 1
15.03	DI status	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
15.04	RO/DO status	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
15.05	RO/DO force selection	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
15.06	RO/DO forced data	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
15.07	RO4 source	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
15.08	RO4 ON delay	Real	0.03000.0	s	10 = 1 s
15.09	RO4 OFF delay	Real	0.03000.0	s	10 = 1 s
15.10	RO5 source	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
15.11	RO5 ON delay	Real	0.03000.0	s	10 = 1 s
15.12	RO5 OFF delay	Real	0.03000.0	s	10 = 1 s
15.22	DO1 configuration	List	0, 2	-	1 = 1
15.23	DO1 source	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
15.24	DO1 ON delay	Real	0.03000.0	s	10 = 1 s
15.25	DO1 OFF delay	Real	0.03000.0	s	10 = 1 s
15.32	Freq out 1 actual value	Real	016000	Hz	1 = 1 Hz
15.33	Freq out 1 source	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
15.34	Freq out 1 src min	Real	-32768.032767.0	-	1000 = 1
15.35	Freq out 1 src max	Real	-32768.032767.0	-	1000 = 1

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
15.36	Freq out 1 at src min	Real	016000	Hz	1 = 1 Hz
15.37	Freq out 1 at src max	Real	016000	Hz	1 = 1 Hz
19 Oper	ation mode			•	
19.01	Actual operation mode	List	16, 10, 20	-	1 = 1
19.11	Ext1/Ext2 selection	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
19.12	Ext1 control mode	List	15	-	1 = 1
19.14	Ext2 control mode	List	15	-	1 = 1
19.16	Local control mode	List	01	-	1 = 1
19.17	Local control disable	List	01	-	1 = 1
20 Start	/stop/direction				
20.01	Ext1 commands	List	06, 1112, 14	-	1 = 1
20.02	Ext1 start trigger type	List	01	-	1 = 1
20.03	Ext1 in1 source	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
20.04	Ext1 in2 source	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
20.05	Ext1 in3 source	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
20.06	Ext2 commands	List	06, 1112, 14	-	1 = 1
20.07	Ext2 start trigger type	List	01	-	1 = 1
20.08	Ext2 in1 source	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
20.09	Ext2 in2 source	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
20.10	Ext2 in3 source	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
20.11	Run enable stop mode	List	02	-	1 = 1
20.12	Run enable 1 source	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
20.19	Enable start command	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
20.21	Direction	List	02	-	1 = 1
20.22	Enable to rotate	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
20.25	Jogging enable	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
20.26	Jogging 1 start source	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
20.27	Jogging 2 start source	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
20.30	Enable signal warning function	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
21 Start	/stop mode			•	
21.01	Start mode	List	02	-	1 = 1
21.02	Magnetization time	Real	010000	ms	1 = 1 ms

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
21.03	Stop mode	List	02	-	1 = 1
21.04	Emergency stop mode	List	02	-	1 = 1
21.05	Emergency stop source	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
21.06	Zero speed limit	Real	0.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
21.07	Zero speed delay	Real	030000	ms	1 = 1 ms
21.08	DC current control	PB	0000b0011b	-	1 = 1
21.09	DC hold speed	Real	0.001000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
21.10	DC current reference	Real	0.0100.0	%	10 = 1%
21.11	Post magnetization time	Real	03000	s	1 = 1 s
21.14	Pre-heating input source	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
21.15	Pre-heating time delay	Real	103000	s	1 = 1 s
21.16	Pre-heating current	Real	0.030.0	%	10 = 1%
21.18	Auto restart time	Real	0.0, 0.110.0	s	10 = 1 s
21.19	Scalar start mode	List	06	-	1 = 1
21.21	DC hold frequency	Real	0.001000.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
21.22	Start delay	Real	0.0060.00	s	100 = 1 s
21.23	Smooth start	Real	02	-	1 = 1
21.24	Smooth start current	Real	10.0200.0	%	100 = 1%
21.25	Smooth start speed	Real	2.0100.0	%	100 = 1%
21.26	Torque boost current	Real	15.0300.0	%	100 = 1%
21.27	Torque boost time	Real	0.060.0	s	10 = 1 s
21.30	Speed compensated stop mode	Real	03	-	1 = 1
21.31	Speed comp stop delay	Real	0.001000.00	s	100 = 1 s
21.32	Speed comp stop threshold	Real	0100	%	1 = 1%
21.34	Force auto restart	List	01	-	1 = 1
21.35	Preheating power	Real	0.0010.00	kW	100 = 1 kW
21.36	Preheating unit	List	01	-	1 = 1
22 Spee	d reference selection				
22.01	Speed ref unlimited	Real	-30000.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.11	Ext1 speed ref1	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
22.12	Ext1 speed ref2	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
22.13	Ext1 speed function	List	05	-	1 = 1
22.18	Ext2 speed ref1	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
22.19	Ext2 speed ref2	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
22.20	Ext2 speed function	List	05	-	1 = 1
22.21	Constant speed function	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1

22.22       Constant speed sel1       Binary src       -       1 = 1         22.23       Constant speed sel2       Binary src       -       1 = 1         22.24       Constant speed sel3       Binary src       -       1 = 1         22.24       Constant speed sel3       Binary src       -       1 = 1         22.26       Constant speed 1       Real       -30000.0030000.00       rpm       100 = 1 rpm         22.29       Constant speed 3       Real       -30000.0030000.00       rpm       100 = 1 rpm         22.29       Constant speed 6       Real       -30000.0030000.00       rpm       100 = 1 rpm         22.31       Constant speed 6       Real       -30000.0030000.00       rpm       100 = 1 rpm         22.32       Constant speed 7       Real       -30000.0030000.00       rpm       100 = 1 rpm         22.41       Speed ref safe       Real       -30000.0030000.00       rpm       100 = 1 rpm         22.42       Jogging 1 ref       Real       -30000.0030000.00       rpm       100 = 1 rpm         22.52       Critical speed 1 low       Real       -30000.003000.00       rpm       100 = 1 rpm         22.52       Critical speed 3 logh       Real	No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
22.23         Constant speed sel2         Binary src         -         1 = 1           22.24         Constant speed sel3         Binary src         -         1 = 1           22.24         Constant speed 1         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.26         Constant speed 3         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.29         Constant speed 3         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.31         Constant speed 6         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.32         Constant speed 6         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.31         Constant speed 7         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.41         Speed ref safe         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.41         Jogging 1 ref         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.42         Jogging 2 ref         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.52         Critical speed 1 low <td< td=""><td>22.22</td><td>Constant speed sel1</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>1 = 1</td></td<>	22.22	Constant speed sel1		-	-	1 = 1
src         src <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
22.24         Constant speed sel3         Binary src         -         1 = 1           22.26         Constant speed 1         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.27         Constant speed 3         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.28         Constant speed 4         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.30         Constant speed 5         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.31         Constant speed 6         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.32         Constant speed 7         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.43         Jogging 1 ref         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.44         Jogging 2 ref         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.54         Critical speed 1 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.54         Critical speed 1 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.54	22.23	Constant speed sel2		-	-	1 = 1
Link Hamper Brann         Src <sup>2</sup> Image Processor           22.26         Constant speed 1         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.27         Constant speed 3         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.28         Constant speed 4         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.29         Constant speed 5         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.31         Constant speed 6         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.32         Constant speed 7         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.43         Jogging 2 ref         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.43         Jogging 2 ref         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.43         Jogging 2 ref         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.45         Critical speed 1 lwg         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.55         Critical speed 1 lwg         Real	22.24	Constant speed sel3			-	1 = 1
22.27         Constant speed 2         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.28         Constant speed 3         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.29         Constant speed 4         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.30         Constant speed 5         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.31         Constant speed 7         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.32         Constant speed 7         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.41         Speed ref safe         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.42         Jogging 1 ref         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.43         Jogging 2 ref         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.54         Critical speed 1 high         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.55         Critical speed 3 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm <t< td=""><td>22.24</td><td>Constant Speed Selo</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1 – 1</td></t<>	22.24	Constant Speed Selo				1 – 1
22.28         Constant speed 3         Real        30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.29         Constant speed 4         Real        30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.30         Constant speed 5         Real        30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.31         Constant speed 6         Real        30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.32         Constant speed 7         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.43         Jogging 1 ref         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.43         Jogging 2 ref         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.43         Jogging 2 ref         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.45         Ortical speed 1 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.54         Critical speed 1 high         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.55         Critical speed 3 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm	22.26	Constant speed 1	Real	-30000.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.29         Constant speed 4 <i>Real</i> -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.30         Constant speed 5 <i>Real</i> -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.31         Constant speed 6 <i>Real</i> -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.32         Constant speed 7 <i>Real</i> -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.41         Speed ref safe <i>Real</i> -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.42         Jogging 1 ref <i>Real</i> -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.43         Jogging 2 ref <i>Real</i> -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.43         Jogging 1 ref <i>Real</i> -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.54         Critical speed 1 low <i>Real</i> -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.55         Critical speed 3 ligh <i>Real</i> -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.56         Critical speed 3 ligh <i>Real</i> -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100	22.27	Constant speed 2	Real	-30000.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.30         Constant speed 5 <i>Real</i> -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.31         Constant speed 6 <i>Real</i> -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.32         Constant speed 7 <i>Real</i> -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.32         Constant speed 7 <i>Real</i> -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.41         Speed ref safe <i>Real</i> -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.42         Jogging 2 ref <i>Real</i> -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.51         Critical speed function <i>PB</i> 00b11b         -         1 = 1           22.52         Critical speed 1 low <i>Real</i> -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.54         Critical speed 2 low <i>Real</i> -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.55         Critical speed 3 logh <i>Real</i> -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.56         Critical speed 3 logh <i>Real</i> -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm<	22.28	Constant speed 3	Real	-30000.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.31         Constant speed 6         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.32         Constant speed 7         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.41         Speed ref safe         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.42         Jogging 1 ref         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.43         Jogging 2 ref         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.51         Critical speed function         PB         00b11b         -         1 = 1           22.52         Critical speed 1 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.53         Critical speed 2 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.54         Critical speed 3 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.55         Critical speed 3 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.71         Motor potentiometer function         List         03         -         1 = 1           22.	22.29	Constant speed 4	Real	-30000.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.32         Constant speed 7         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.41         Speed ref safe         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.42         Jogging 1 ref         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.43         Jogging 2 ref         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.51         Critical speed function         PB         00b11b         -         1 = 1           22.52         Critical speed 1 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.53         Critical speed 2 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.54         Critical speed 3 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.55         Critical speed 3 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.56         Critical speed 3 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.57         Motor potentiometer function         List         03         -         1 = 1 <td< td=""><td>22.30</td><td>Constant speed 5</td><td>Real</td><td>-30000.0030000.00</td><td>rpm</td><td>100 = 1 rpm</td></td<>	22.30	Constant speed 5	Real	-30000.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.41         Speed ref safe         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.42         Jogging 1 ref         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.43         Jogging 2 ref         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.51         Critical speed function         PB         00b11b         -         1 = 1           22.52         Critical speed 1 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.53         Critical speed 2 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.54         Critical speed 2 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.55         Critical speed 3 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.56         Critical speed 3 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.71         Motor potentiometer function         List         03         -         1 = 1           22.72         Motor potentiometer up source         Binary         -         -         1 = 1           22.73	22.31	Constant speed 6	Real	-30000.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.42         Jogging 1 ref         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.43         Jogging 2 ref         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.51         Critical speed function         PB         00b11b         -         1 = 1           22.52         Critical speed 1 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.53         Critical speed 1 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.54         Critical speed 2 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.55         Critical speed 3 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.56         Critical speed 3 low         Real         -3000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.57         Critical speed 3 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.71         Motor potentiometer function         List         03         -         1 = 1           22.73         Motor potentiometer up source         Binary         -         -         1 = 1           22.74	22.32	Constant speed 7	Real	-30000.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.43         Jogging 2 ref         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.51         Critical speed function         PB         00b11b         -         1 = 1           22.52         Critical speed 1 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.53         Critical speed 1 high         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.54         Critical speed 2 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.55         Critical speed 2 high         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.55         Critical speed 3 high         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.57         Critical speed 3 high         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.57         Critical speed 3 high         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.71         Motor potentiometer function         List         03         -         1 = 1           22.72         Motor potentiometer up source         Binary         -         -         1 = 1	22.41	Speed ref safe	Real	-30000.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.51         Critical speed function         PB         00b11b         1         1           22.52         Critical speed 1 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.53         Critical speed 1 high         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.54         Critical speed 2 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.55         Critical speed 2 high         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.55         Critical speed 3 high         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.57         Critical speed 3 high         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.57         Critical speed 3 high         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.71         Motor potentiometer function         List         03         -         1 = 1           22.72         Motor potentiometer up source         Binary         -         -         100 = 1           22.73         Motor potentiometer ramp time         Real         -0.03600.0         s         100 = 1	22.42	Jogging 1 ref	Real	-30000.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.52         Critical speed 1 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.53         Critical speed 1 high         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.54         Critical speed 2 low         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.55         Critical speed 2 high         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.55         Critical speed 3 high         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.57         Critical speed 3 high         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.57         Critical speed 3 high         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.71         Motor potentiometer function         List         03         -         1 = 1           22.72         Motor potentiometer up source         Binary src         -         -         1 = 1           22.73         Motor potentiometer may time         Real         0.03600.0         s         100 = 1 s           22.74         Motor potentiometer may time         Real         -32768.0032767.00         -         100 = 1	22.43	Jogging 2 ref	Real	-30000.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.53         Critical speed 1 high         Real        30000.030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.54         Critical speed 2 low         Real        30000.030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.55         Critical speed 2 high         Real        30000.030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.55         Critical speed 3 low         Real        30000.030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.57         Critical speed 3 high         Real        30000.030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.57         Critical speed 3 high         Real        30000.030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.71         Motor potentiometer function         List         03         -         1 = 1           22.72         Motor potentiometer up source         Binary src         -         -         100 = 1           22.73         Motor potentiometer may time         Real         0.03600.0         s         10 = 1 s           22.74         Motor potentiometer may time         Real         0.03600.0         s         100 = 1 s           22.75         Motor potentiometer may time         Real         -32768.0032767.00         -         100	22.51	Critical speed function	PB	00b11b	-	1 = 1
22.54         Critical speed 2 low         Real        30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.55         Critical speed 2 high         Real        30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.56         Critical speed 3 low         Real        30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.57         Critical speed 3 high         Real        30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.57         Critical speed 3 high         Real        30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.57         Critical speed 3 high         Real        30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.71         Motor potentiometer function         List         03         -         1 = 1           22.72         Motor potentiometer up source         Binary src          1 = 1         100 = 1           22.73         Motor potentiometer down source         Binary src         -         -         1 = 1           22.74         Motor potentiometer max put me         Real         -0.03600.0         s         10 = 1 s           22.75         Motor potentiometer max put me         Real         -32768.0032767.00         -	22.52	Critical speed 1 low	Real	-30000.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.55         Critical speed 2 high         Real        30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.56         Critical speed 3 low         Real        30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.57         Critical speed 3 high         Real        30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.57         Critical speed 3 high         Real        30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.57         Critical speed 3 high         Real        3000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.71         Motor potentiometer function         List         03         -         1 = 1           22.72         walue         Real        32768.0032767.00         -         100 = 1           22.73         Motor potentiometer down source         Binary src         -         1 = 1           22.74         Motor potentiometer num value         Real         -0.03600.0         s         10 = 1 s           22.75         Motor potentiometer max value         Real        32768.0032767.00         s         100 = 1           22.76         Motor potentiometer ref act         Real        32768.0032767.00         100 = 1         100 = 1      <	22.53	Critical speed 1 high	Real	-30000.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.56         Critical speed 3 low         Real        30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.57         Critical speed 3 high         Real        30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.71         Motor potentiometer function         List         03         -         1 = 1           22.72         Motor potentiometer initial value         Real        32768.0032767.00         -         100 = 1           22.73         Motor potentiometer up source         Binary src         -         -         1 = 1           22.74         Motor potentiometer down source         Binary src         -         -         1 = 1           22.75         Motor potentiometer ramp time         Real         0.03600.0         s         10 = 1           22.75         Motor potentiometer min value         Real        32768.0032767.00         -         1 = 1           22.76         Motor potentiometer max value         Real        32768.0032767.00         -         100 = 1           22.80         Motor potentiometer ref act         Real        32768.0032767.00         -         100 = 1           22.81         Speed reference act 6         Real        30000.003000.00         rpm         100	22.54	Critical speed 2 low	Real	-30000.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.57         Critical speed 3 high         Real        30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.71         Motor potentiometer function         List         03         -         1 = 1           22.72         Motor potentiometer initial value         Real        32768.0032767.00         -         100 = 1           22.73         Motor potentiometer up source         Binary src         -         1 = 1           22.74         Motor potentiometer down source         Binary src         -         1 = 1           22.74         Motor potentiometer ramp time src         Src         -         1 = 1           22.75         Motor potentiometer ramp time src         Real         0.03600.0         s         10 = 1 s           22.75         Motor potentiometer max value         Real        32768.0032767.00         -         100 = 1           22.77         Motor potentiometer ref act         Real        32768.0032767.00         -         100 = 1           22.80         Motor potentiometer ref act         Real        32000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.81         Speed reference act 6         Real        30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.85	22.55	Critical speed 2 high	Real	-30000.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.71         Motor potentiometer function         List         03         -         1 = 1           22.72         Motor potentiometer initial value         Real         -32768.0032767.00         -         100 = 1           22.73         Motor potentiometer up source         Binary src         -         -         1 = 1           22.74         Motor potentiometer down source         Binary src         -         -         1 = 1           22.74         Motor potentiometer ramp time         Real         0.03600.0         s         10 = 1 s           22.75         Motor potentiometer ramp time         Real         0.032767.00         -         100 = 1           22.76         Motor potentiometer max source         Real         -32768.0032767.00         -         100 = 1           22.77         Motor potentiometer ref act         Real         -32768.0032767.00         -         100 = 1           22.80         Motor potentiometer ref act         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.81         Speed reference act 7         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           23.01         Speed ref ramp input         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 =	22.56	Critical speed 3 low	Real	-30000.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.72 ValueMotor potentiometer initial valueReal-32768.0032767.00-100 = 122.73Motor potentiometer up source sourceBinary src1 = 122.74Motor potentiometer down sourceBinary src1 = 122.75Motor potentiometer ramp time Notor potentiometer ramp timeReal0.03600.0s100 = 122.76Motor potentiometer ramp time valueReal-32768.0032767.00-100 = 122.77Motor potentiometer min value valueReal-32768.0032767.00-100 = 122.77Motor potentiometer ref act valueReal-32768.0032767.00-100 = 122.80Motor potentiometer ref act valueReal-30000.003000.00rpm100 = 1 rpm22.81Speed reference act 6Real-30000.003000.00rpm100 = 1 rpm23.01Speed ref ramp inputReal-30000.003000.00rpm100 = 1 rpm23.02Speed ref ramp outputReal-30000.003000.00rpm100 = 1 rpm23.01Ree ref ramp outputReal-30000.003000.00rpm100 = 1 rpm23.01Ree ref ramp outputReal-30000.003000.00rpm100 = 1 rpm23.02Speed ref ramp outputReal-30000.003000.00rpm100 = 1 rpm23.11Ramp set selectionBinary src1 = 123.12Acceleration time 1Real0.00	22.57	Critical speed 3 high	Real	-30000.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
value         value         Image: selection         Image	22.71	Motor potentiometer function	List	03	-	1 = 1
Image: stree	22.72		Real	-32768.0032767.00	-	100 = 1
source         src         src         l           22.75         Motor potentiometer ramp time         Real         0.03600.0         s         10 = 1 s           22.76         Motor potentiometer min value         Real         -32768.0032767.00         -         100 = 1           22.77         Motor potentiometer max value         Real         -32768.0032767.00         -         100 = 1           22.80         Motor potentiometer ref act         Real         -32768.0032767.00         -         100 = 1           22.80         Motor potentiometer ref act         Real         -32768.0032767.00         -         100 = 1           22.80         Motor potentiometer ref act         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1           22.80         Speed reference act 6         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.87         Speed reference act 7         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           23.01         Speed ref ramp input         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           23.02         Speed ref ramp output         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           23.11	22.73	Motor potentiometer up source		-	-	1 = 1
22.76         Motor potentiometer min value         Real         -32768.0032767.00         -         100 = 1           22.77         Motor potentiometer max value         Real         -32768.0032767.00         -         100 = 1           22.80         Motor potentiometer ref act         Real         -32768.0032767.00         -         100 = 1           22.80         Motor potentiometer ref act         Real         -32768.0032767.00         -         100 = 1           22.80         Speed reference act 6         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1           22.81         Speed reference act 7         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.87         Speed reference ramp         -         -         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           23.01         Speed ref ramp input         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           23.02         Speed ref ramp output         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           23.01         Ramp set selection         Binary src         -         -         -         1 = 1           23.11         Ramp set selection time 1         Real         0.0001800.000 <td>22.74</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>1 = 1</td>	22.74			-	-	1 = 1
22.77         Motor potentiometer max value         Real         -32768.0032767.00         -         100 = 1           22.80         Motor potentiometer ref act         Real         -32768.0032767.00         -         100 = 1           22.80         Speed reference act 6         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1           22.81         Speed reference act 7         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.87         Speed reference act 7         Real         -30000.003000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           23.85         Speed reference ramp	22.75	Motor potentiometer ramp time	Real	0.03600.0	s	10 = 1 s
value         value         Image: constraint of the state of the st	22.76	Motor potentiometer min value	Real	-32768.0032767.00	-	100 = 1
22.86         Speed reference act 6         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           22.87         Speed reference act 7         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           23.87         Speed reference act 7         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           23.99         Comparison         Ference ramp	22.77		Real	-32768.0032767.00	-	100 = 1
22.87         Speed reference act 7         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           23 Speed reference ramp         23.01         Speed ref ramp input         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           23.01         Speed ref ramp input         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           23.02         Speed ref ramp output         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           23.11         Ramp set selection         Binary src         -         -         1 = 1           23.12         Acceleration time 1         Real         0.0001800.000         s         1000 = 1 s	22.80	Motor potentiometer ref act	Real	-32768.0032767.00	-	100 = 1
23 Speed reference ramp         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           23.01         Speed ref ramp input         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           23.02         Speed ref ramp output         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           23.11         Ramp set selection         Binary src         -         -         -         1 = 1           23.12         Acceleration time 1         Real         0.0001800.000         s         1000 = 1 s	22.86	Speed reference act 6	Real	-30000.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
23.01         Speed ref ramp input         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           23.02         Speed ref ramp output         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           23.01         Ramp set selection         Binary src         -         -         1 = 1           23.12         Acceleration time 1         Real         0.0001800.000         s         100 = 1 s	22.87	Speed reference act 7	Real	-30000.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
23.02         Speed ref ramp output         Real         -30000.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           23.11         Ramp set selection         Binary src         -         -         1 = 1           23.12         Acceleration time 1         Real         0.0001800.000         s         100 = 1 rpm	23 Spee	d reference ramp				
23.11         Ramp set selection         Binary src         -         1 = 1           23.12         Acceleration time 1         Real         0.0001800.000         s         1000 = 1 s	23.01	Speed ref ramp input	Real	-30000.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
23.12         Acceleration time 1         Real         0.0001800.000         s         1000 = 1 s	23.02	Speed ref ramp output	Real	-30000.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
	23.11	Ramp set selection		-	-	1 = 1
23.13         Deceleration time 1         Real         0.0001800.000         s         1000 = 1 s	23.12	Acceleration time 1	Real	0.0001800.000	s	1000 = 1 s
	23.13	Deceleration time 1	Real	0.0001800.000	s	1000 = 1 s

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
23.14	Acceleration time 2	Real	0.0001800.000	S	1000 = 1 s
23.15	Deceleration time 2	Real	0.0001800.000	s	1000 = 1 s
23.20	Acc time jogging	Real	0.0001800.000	s	1000 = 1 s
23.21	Dec time jogging	Real	0.0001800.000	s	1000 = 1 s
23.23	Emergency stop time	Real	0.0001800.000	S	1000 = 1 s
23.28	Variable slope enable	List	01	-	1 = 1
23.29	Variable slope rate	Real	230000	ms	1 = 1 ms
23.32	Shape time 1	Real	0.0001800.000	s	1000 = 1 s
23.33	Shape time 2	Real	0.0001800.000	s	1000 = 1 s
24 Spee	d reference conditioning	•		•	•
24.01	Used speed reference	Real	-30000.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
24.02	Used speed feedback	Real	-30000.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
24.03	Speed error filtered	Real	-30000.030000.0	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
24.04	Speed error inverted	Real	-30000.030000.0	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
24.11	Speed correction	Real	-10000.0010000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
24.12	Speed error filter time	Real	010000	ms	1 = 1 ms
25 Spee	d control	•		•	•
25.01	Torque reference speed control	Real	-1600.01600.0	%	10 = 1%
25.02	Speed proportional gain	Real	0.00250.00	-	100 = 1
25.03	Speed integration time	Real	0.001000.00	s	1000 = 1 s
25.04	Speed derivation time	Real	0.00010.000	s	1000 = 1 s
25.05	Derivation filter time	Real	010000	ms	1 = 1 ms
25.06	Acc comp derivation time	Real	0.001000.00	s	100 = 1 s
25.07	Acc comp filter time	Real	0.01000.0	ms	10 = 1 ms
25.15	Proportional gain em stop	Real	1.00250.00	-	100 = 1
25.33	Speed controller autotune	List	01	-	1 = 1
25.34	Speed controller autotune mode	List	02	-	1 = 1
25.37	Mechanical time constant	Real	0.001000.00	s	100 = 1 s
25.38	Autotune torque step	Real	0.00100.00	%	100 = 1%
25.39	Autotune speed step	Real	0.00100.00	%	100 = 1%
25.40	Autotune repeat times	Real	110	-	1 = 1
25.53	Torque prop reference	Real	-30000.030000.0	%	10 = 1%
25.54	Torque integral reference	Real	-30000.030000.0	%	10 = 1%
25.55	Torque deriv reference	Real	-30000.030000.0	%	10 = 1%
25.56	Torque acc compensation	Real	-30000.030000.0	%	10 = 1%
26 Torq	ue reference chain				
26.01	Torque reference to TC	Real	-1600.01600.0	%	10 = 1%
26.02	Torque reference used	Real	-1600.01600.0	%	10 = 1%
26.08	Minimum torque ref	Real	-1000.00.0	%	10 = 1%

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
26.09	Maximum torque ref	Real	0.01000.0	%	10 = 1%
26.11	Torque ref1 source	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
26.12	Torque ref2 source	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
26.13	Torque ref1 function	List	05	-	1 = 1
26.14	Torque ref1/2 selection	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
26.17	Torque ref filter time	Real	0.00030.000	s	1000 = 1 s
26.18	Torque ramp up time	Real	0.00060.000	s	1000 = 1 s
26.19	Torque ramp down time	Real	0.00060.000	s	1000 = 1 s
26.20	Torque reversal	List	07, 1820, 2426	-	1 = 1
26.70	Torque reference act 1	Real	-1600.01600.0	%	10 = 1%
26.71	Torque reference act 2	Real	-1600.01600.0	%	10 = 1%
26.72	Torque reference act 3	Real	-1600.01600.0	%	10 = 1%
26.73	Torque reference act 4	Real	-1600.01600.0	%	10 = 1%
26.74	Torque ref ramp out	Real	-1600.01600.0	%	10 = 1%
26.75	Torque reference act 5	Real	-1600.01600.0	%	10 = 1%
26.76	Torque reference act 6	Real	-1600.01600.0	%	10 = 1%
26.81	Rush control gain	Real	0.010000.0	-	10 = 1
26.82	Rush control integration time	Real	0.010.0	s	10 = 1
28 Freq	uency reference chain				
28.01	Frequency ref ramp input	Real	-500.00500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.02	Frequency ref ramp output	Real	-500.00500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.11	Ext1 frequency ref1	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
28.12	Ext1 frequency ref2	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
28.13	Ext1 frequency function	List	05	-	1 = 1
28.15	Ext2 frequency ref1	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
28.16	Ext2 frequency ref2	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
28.17	Ext2 frequency function	List	05	-	1 = 1
28.21	Constant frequency function	PB	00b11b	-	1 = 1
28.22	Constant frequency sel1	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
28.23	Constant frequency sel2	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
28.24	Constant frequency sel3	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
28.26	Constant frequency 1	Real	-500.00500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.27	Constant frequency 2	Real	-500.00500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.28	Constant frequency 3	Real	-500.00500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
28.29	Constant frequency 4	Real	-500.00500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.30	Constant frequency 5	Real	-500.00500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.31	Constant frequency 6	Real	-500.00500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.32	Constant frequency 7	Real	-500.00500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.41	Frequency ref safe	Real	-500.00500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.42	Jogging 1 frequency ref	Real	-500.00500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.43	Jogging 2 frequency ref	Real	-500.00500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.51	Critical frequency function	PB	00b11b	-	1 = 1
28.52	Critical frequency 1 low	Real	-500.00500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.53	Critical frequency 1 high	Real	-500.00500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.54	Critical frequency 2 low	Real	-500.00500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.55	Critical frequency 2 high	Real	-500.00500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.56	Critical frequency 3 low	Real	-500.00500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.57	Critical frequency 3 high	Real	-500.00500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.71	Freq ramp set selection	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
28.72	Freq acceleration time 1	Real	0.0001800.000	s	1000 = 1 s
28.73	Freq deceleration time 1	Real	0.0001800.000	s	1000 = 1 s
28.74	Freq acceleration time 2	Real	0.0001800.000	s	1000 = 1 s
28.75	Freq deceleration time 2	Real	0.0001800.000	s	1000 = 1 s
28.76	Freq ramp in zero source	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
28.82	Shape time 1	Real	0.0001800.000	s	1000 = 1 s
28.83	Shape time 2	Real	0.0001800.000	s	1000 = 1 s
28.92	Frequency ref act 3	Real	-500.00500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.96	Frequency ref act 7	Real	-500.00500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.97	Frequency ref unlimited	Real	-500.00500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
30 Limit	ts	- <b>-</b>			
30.01	Limit word 1	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
30.02	Torque limit status	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
30.11	Minimum speed	Real	-30000.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
30.12	Maximum speed	Real	-30000.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
30.13	Minimum frequency	Real	-500.00500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
30.14	Maximum frequency	Real	-500.00500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
30.17	Maximum current	Real	0.0030000.00	А	100 = 1 A
30.18	Torq lim sel	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
30.19	Minimum torque 1	Real	-1600.00.0	%	10 = 1%
30.20	Maximum torque 1	Real	0.01600.0	%	10 = 1%
30.21	Min torque 2 source	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
30.22	Max torque 2 source	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
30.23	Minimum torque 2	Real	-1600.00.0	%	10 = 1%
30.24	Maximum torque 2	Real	0.01600.0	%	10 = 1%
30.26	Power motoring limit	Real	0.00600.00	%	100 = 1%
30.27	Power generating limit	Real	-600.000.00	%	100 = 1%
30.30	Overvoltage control	List	01	-	1 = 1
30.31	Undervoltage control	List	01	-	1 = 1
30.35	Thermal current limitation	List	01	-	1 = 1
30.36	Speed limit selection	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
30.37	Minimum speed source	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
30.38	Maximum speed source	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
31 Faul	t functions				
31.01	External event 1 source	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
31.02	External event 1 type	List	01	-	1 = 1
31.03	External event 2 source	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
31.04	External event 2 type	List	01	-	1 = 1
31.05	External event 3 source	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
31.06	External event 3 type	List	01	-	1 = 1
31.07	External event 4 source	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
31.08	External event 4 type	List	01	-	1 = 1
31.09	External event 5 source	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
31.10	External event 5 type	List	01	-	1 = 1
31.11	Fault reset selection	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
31.12	Autoreset selection	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
31.13	Selectable fault	Real	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
31.14	Number of trials	Real	05	-	1 = 1
31.15	Total trials time	Real	1.0600.0	s	10 = 1 s
31.16	Delay time	Real	0.0120.0	s	10 = 1 s
31.19	Motor phase loss	List	01	-	1 = 1
31.21	Supply phase loss	List	01	-	1 = 1
31.22	STO indication run/stop	List	05	-	1 = 1
31.23	Wiring or earth fault	List	01	-	1 = 1
31.24	Stall function	List	01	-	1 = 1
31.25	Stall current limit	Real	0.01600.0	%	10 = 1%
31.26	Stall speed limit	Real	0.0010000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
31.27	Stall frequency limit	Real	0.001000.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
31.28	Stall time	Real	03600	s	1 = 1 s
31.30	Overspeed trip margin	Real	0.0010000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
31.31	Frequency trip margin	Real	0.0010000.0	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
31.32	Emergency ramp supervision	Real	0300	%	1 = 1%
31.33	Emergency ramp supervision delay	Real	0100	s	1 = 1 s
31.35	Main fan fault function	List	02	-	1 = 1
31.36	Aux fan fault function	List	02	-	1 = 1
31.40	Disable warning messages	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
31.54	Fault action	List	01	-	1 = 1
32 Supe	rvision	· ·			•
32.01	Supervision status	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
32.05	Supervision 1 function	List	07	-	1 = 1
32.06	Supervision 1 action	List	03	-	1 = 1
32.07	Supervision 1 signal	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
32.08	Supervision 1 filter time	Real	0.00030.000	s	1000 = 1 s
32.09	Supervision 1 low	Real	-21474836.00 21474836.00	-	100 = 1
32.10	Supervision 1 high	Real	-21474836.00 21474836.00	-	100 = 1
32.11	Supervision 1 hysteresis	Real	0.00100000.00	-	100 = 1
32.15	Supervision 2 function	List	07	-	1 = 1
32.16	Supervision 2 action	List	03	-	1 = 1
32.17	Supervision 2 signal	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
32.18	Supervision 2 filter time	Real	0.00030.000	s	1000 = 1 s
32.19	Supervision 2 low	Real	-21474836.00 21474836.00	-	100 = 1
32.20	Supervision 2 high	Real	-21474836.00 21474836.00	-	100 = 1
32.21	Supervision 2 hysteresis	Real	0.00100000.00	-	100 = 1
32.25	Supervision 3 function	List	07	-	1 = 1
32.26	Supervision 3 action	List	03	-	1 = 1
32.27	Supervision 3 signal	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
32.28	Supervision 3 filter time	Real	0.00030.000	s	1000 = 1 s
32.29	Supervision 3 low	Real	-21474836.00 21474836.00	-	100 = 1
32.30	Supervision 3 high	Real	-21474836.00 21474836.00	-	100 = 1
32.31	Supervision 3 hysteresis	Real	0.00100000.00	-	100 = 1
32.35	Supervision 4 function	List	07	-	1 = 1
32.36	Supervision 4 action	List	03	-	1 = 1

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
32.37	Supervision 4 signal	Analog	-	-	1 = 1
		src			
32.38	Supervision 4 filter time	Real	0.00030.000	S	1000 = 1 s
32.39	Supervision 4 low	Real	-21474836.00 21474836.00	-	100 = 1
32.40	Supervision 4 high	Real	-21474836.00 21474836.00	-	100 = 1
32.41	Supervision 4 hysteresis	Real	0.00100000.00	-	100 = 1
32.45	Supervision 5 function	List	07	-	1 = 1
32.46	Supervision 5 action	List	03	-	1 = 1
32.47	Supervision 5 signal	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
32.48	Supervision 5 filter time	Real	0.00030.000	s	1000 = 1 s
32.49	Supervision 5 low	Real	-21474836.00 21474836.00	-	100 = 1
32.50	Supervision 5 high	Real	-21474836.00 21474836.00	-	100 = 1
32.51	Supervision 5 hysteresis	Real	0.00100000.00	-	100 = 1
32.55	Supervision 6 function	List	07	-	1 = 1
32.56	Supervision 6 action	List	03	-	1 = 1
32.57	Supervision 6 signal	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
32.58	Supervision 6 filter time	Real	0.00030.000	s	1000 = 1 s
32.59	Supervision 6 low	Real	-21474836.00 21474836.00	-	100 = 1
32.60	Supervision 6 high	Real	-21474836.00 21474836.00	-	100 = 1
32.61	Supervision 6 hysteresis	Real	0.00100000.00	-	100 = 1
34 Time	d functions			•	
34.01	Timed functions status	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
34.02	Timer status	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
34.04	Season/exception day status	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
34.10	Timed functions enable	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
34.11	Timer 1 configuration	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
34.12	Timer 1 start time	Time	00:00:0023:59:59	s	1 = 1 s
34.13	Timer 1 duration	Duration	00 00:0007 00:00	min	1 = 1 min
34.14	Timer 2 configuration	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
34.15	Timer 2 start time	Time	00:00:0023:59:59	s	1 = 1 s
34.16	Timer 2 duration	Duration	00 00:0007 00:00	min	1 = 1 min
34.17	Timer 3 configuration	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
34.18	Timer 3 start time	Time	00:00:0023:59:59	s	1 = 1 s
34.19	Timer 3 duration	Duration	00 00:0007 00:00	min	1 = 1 min
34.20	Timer 4 configuration	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
34.21	Timer 4 start time	Time	00:00:0023:59:59	s	1 = 1 s
34.22	Timer 4 duration	Duration	00 00:0007 00:00	min	1 = 1 min
34.23	Timer 5 configuration	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
34.24	Timer 5 start time	Time	00:00:0023:59:59	s	1 = 1 s
34.25	Timer 5 duration	Duration	00 00:0007 00:00	min	1 = 1 min
34.26	Timer 6 configuration	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
34.27	Timer 6 start time	Time	00:00:0023:59:59	s	1 = 1 s
34.28	Timer 6 duration	Duration	00 00:0007 00:00	min	1 = 1 min
34.29	Timer 7 configuration	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
34.30	Timer 7 start time	Time	00:00:0023:59:59	s	1 = 1 s
34.31	Timer 7 duration	Duration	00 00:0007 00:00	min	1 = 1 min
34.32	Timer 8 configuration	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
34.33	Timer 8 start time	Time	00:00:0023:59:59	s	1 = 1 s
34.34	Timer 8 duration	Duration	00 00:0007 00:00	min	1 = 1 min
34.35	Timer 9 configuration	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
34.36	Timer 9 start time	Time	00:00:0023:59:59	s	1 = 1 s
34.37	Timer 9 duration	Duration	00 00:0007 00:00	min	1 = 1 min
34.38	Timer 10 configuration	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
34.39	Timer 10 start time	Time	00:00:0023:59:59	s	1 = 1 s
34.40	Timer 10 duration	Duration	00 00:0007 00:00	min	1 = 1 min
34.41	Timer 11 configuration	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
34.42	Timer 11 start time	Time	00:00:0023:59:59	s	1 = 1 s
34.43	Timer 11 duration	Duration	00 00:0007 00:00	min	1 = 1 min
34.44	Timer 12 configuration	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
34.45	Timer 12 start time	Time	00:00:0023:59:59	s	1 = 1 s
34.46	Timer 12 duration	Duration	00 00:0007 00:00	min	1 = 1 min
34.60	Season 1 start date	Date	01.0131.12	d	1 = 1 d
34.61	Season 2 start date	Date	01.0131.12	d	1 = 1 d
34.62	Season 3 start date	Date	01.0131.12	d	1 = 1 d
34.63	Season 4 start date	Date	01.0131.12	d	1 = 1 d
34.70	Number of active exceptions	Real	016	-	1 = 1
34.71	Exception types	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
34.72	Exception 1 start	Date	01.0131.12	d	1 = 1 d
34.73	Exception 1 length	Real	060	d	1 = 1 d
34.74	Exception 2 start	Date	01.0131.12	d	1 = 1 d
34.75	Exception 2 length	Real	060	d	1 = 1 d
34.76	Exception 3 start	Date	01.0131.12	d	1 = 1 d
34.77	Exception 3 length	Real	060	d	1 = 1 d
34.78	Exception day 4	Date	01.0131.12	d	1 = 1 d
34.79	Exception day 5	Date	01.0131.12	d	1 = 1 d
34.80	Exception day 6	Date	01.0131.12	d	1 = 1 d

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
34.81	Exception day 7	Date	01.0131.12	d	1 = 1 d
34.82	Exception day 8	Date	01.0131.12	d	1 = 1 d
34.83	Exception day 9	Date	01.0131.12	d	1 = 1 d
34.84	Exception day 10	Date	01.0131.12	d	1 = 1 d
34.85	Exception day 11	Date	01.0131.12	d	1 = 1 d
34.86	Exception day 12	Date	01.0131.12	d	1 = 1 d
34.87	Exception day 13	Date	01.0131.12	d	1 = 1 d
34.88	Exception day 14	Date	01.0131.12	d	1 = 1 d
34.89	Exception day 15	Date	01.0131.12	d	1 = 1 d
34.90	Exception day 16	Date	01.0131.12	d	1 = 1 d
34.100	Timed function 1	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
34.101	Timed function 2	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
34.102	Timed function 3	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
34.110	Boost time function	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
34.111	Boost time activation source	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
34.112	Boost time duration	Duration	00 00:0007 00:00	min	1 = 1 min
35 Moto	r thermal protection				
35.01	Motor estimated temperature	Real	-60…1000 °C or -76…1832 °F	°C or °F	1 = 1 °
35.02	Measured temperature 1	Real	-60…5000 °C or -76…9032 °F, 0 ohm or [ <i>35.12</i> ] ohm	°C, °F or ohm	1 = 1 unit
35.03	Measured temperature 2	Real	-605000 °C or -769032 °F, 0 ohm or [ <u>35.22</u> ] ohm	°C, °F or ohm	1 = 1 unit
35.05	Motor overload level	Real	0.0300.0	%	10 = 1%
35.11	Temperature 1 source	List	02, 58, 1116, 19, 21, 22	-	1 = 1
35.12	Temperature 1 fault limit	Real	-60…5000 °C or -76…9032 °F	°C, °F or ohm	1 = 1 unit
35.13	Temperature 1 warning limit	Real	-60…5000 °C or -76…9032 °F	°C, °F or ohm	1 = 1 unit
35.14	Temperature 1 AI source	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
35.21	Temperature 2 source	List	02, 57, 1116, 19	-	1 = 1
35.22	Temperature 2 fault limit	Real	-60…5000 °C or -76…9032 °F	°C, °F or ohm	1 = 1 unit
35.23	Temperature 2 warning limit	Real	-60…5000 °C or -76…9032 °F	°C, °F or ohm	1 = 1 unit
35.24	Temperature 2 AI source	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
35.31	Safe motor temperature enable	List	01	-	1 = 1

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
35.50	Motor ambient temperature	Real	-60…100 °C or -76 … 212 °F	°C	1 = 1 °
35.51	Motor load curve	Real	50150	%	1 = 1%
35.52	Zero speed load	Real	25150	%	1 = 1%
35.53	Break point	Real	1.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
35.54	Motor nominal temperature rise	Real	0300 °C or 32572 °F	°C or °F	1 = 1 °
35.55	Motor thermal time constant	Real	10010000	s	1 = 1 s
35.56	Motor overload action	List	01	-	1 = 1
35.57	Motor overload class	List	04	-	1 = 1
36 Load	analyzer				
36.01	PVL signal source	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
36.02	PVL filter time	Real	0.00120.00	s	100 = 1 s
36.06	AL2 signal source	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
36.07	AL2 signal scaling	Real	0.0032767.00	-	100 = 1
36.09	Reset loggers	List	03	-	1 = 1
36.10	PVL peak value	Real	-32768.0032767.00	-	100 = 1
36.11	PVL peak date	Data	-	-	1 = 1
36.12	PVL peak time	Data	-	-	1 = 1
36.13	PVL current at peak	Real	-32768.0032767.00	Α	100 = 1 A
36.14	PVL DC voltage at peak	Real	0.002000.00	V	100 = 1 V
36.15	PVL speed at peak	Real	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
36.16	PVL reset date	Data	-	-	1 = 1
36.17	PVL reset time	Data	-	-	1 = 1
36.20	AL1 0 to 10%	Real	0.00100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.21	AL1 10 to 20%	Real	0.00100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.22	AL1 20 to 30%	Real	0.00100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.23	AL1 30 to 40%	Real	0.00100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.24	AL1 40 to 50%	Real	0.00100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.25	AL1 50 to 60%	Real	0.00100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.26	AL1 60 to 70%	Real	0.00100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.27	AL1 70 to 80%	Real	0.00100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.28	AL1 80 to 90%	Real	0.00100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.29	AL1 over 90%	Real	0.00100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.40	AL2 0 to 10%	Real	0.00100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.41	AL2 10 to 20%	Real	0.00100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.42	AL2 20 to 30%	Real	0.00100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.43	AL2 30 to 40%	Real	0.00100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.44	AL2 40 to 50%	Real	0.00100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.45	AL2 50 to 60%	Real	0.00100.00	%	100 = 1%

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
36.46	AL2 60 to 70%	Real	0.00100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.47	AL2 70 to 80%	Real	0.00100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.48	AL2 80 to 90%	Real	0.00100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.49	AL2 over 90%	Real	0.00100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.50	AL2 reset date	Data	-	-	1 = 1
36.51	AL2 reset time	Data	-	-	1 = 1
37 User	load curve				
37.01	ULC output status word	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
37.02	ULC supervision signal	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
37.03	ULC overload actions	List	03	-	1 = 1
37.04	ULC underload actions	List	03	-	1 = 1
37.11	ULC speed table point 1	Real	-30000.030000.0	rpm	10 = 1 rpm
37.12	ULC speed table point 2	Real	-30000.030000.0	rpm	10 = 1 rpm
37.13	ULC speed table point 3	Real	-30000.030000.0	rpm	10 = 1 rpm
37.14	ULC speed table point 4	Real	-30000.030000.0	rpm	10 = 1 rpm
37.15	ULC speed table point 5	Real	-30000.030000.0	rpm	10 = 1 rpm
37.16	ULC frequency table point 1	Real	-500.0500.0	Hz	10 = 1 Hz
37.17	ULC frequency table point 2	Real	-500.0500.0	Hz	10 = 1 Hz
37.18	ULC frequency table point 3	Real	-500.0500.0	Hz	10 = 1 Hz
37.19	ULC frequency table point 4	Real	-500.0500.0	Hz	10 = 1 Hz
37.20	ULC frequency table point 5	Real	-500.0500.0	Hz	10 = 1 Hz
37.21	ULC underload point 1	Real	-1600.01600.0	%	10 = 1%
37.22	ULC underload point 2	Real	-1600.01600.0	%	10 = 1%
37.23	ULC underload point 3	Real	-1600.01600.0	%	10 = 1%
37.24	ULC underload point 4	Real	-1600.01600.0	%	10 = 1%
37.25	ULC underload point 5	Real	-1600.01600.0	%	10 = 1%
37.31	ULC overload point 1	Real	-1600.01600.0	%	10 = 1%
37.32	ULC overload point 2	Real	-1600.01600.0	%	10 = 1%
37.33	ULC overload point 3	Real	-1600.01600.0	%	10 = 1%
37.34	ULC overload point 4	Real	-1600.01600.0	%	10 = 1%
37.35	ULC overload point 5	Real	-1600.01600.0	%	10 = 1%
37.41	ULC overload timer	Real	0.010000.0	s	10 = 1 s
37.42	ULC underload timer	Real	0.010000.0	s	10 = 1 s
40 Proc	ess PID set 1	•			•
40.01	Process PID output actual	Real	-200000.00200000.00	%	100 = 1 PID customer unit
40.02	Process PID feedback actual	Real	-200000.00200000.00	PID customer units	100 = 1 PID customer unit
40.03	Process PID setpoint actual	Real	-200000.00200000.00	PID customer units	100 = 1 PID customer unit

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No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
40.04	Process PID deviation actual	Real	-200000.00200000.00	PID customer units	100 = 1 PID customer unit
40.05	Process PID trim output act	Real	-3276832768	-	1 = 1
40.06	Process PID status word	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
40.07	Process PID operation mode	List	02	-	1 = 1
40.08	Set 1 feedback 1 source	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
40.09	Set 1 feedback 2 source	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
40.10	Set 1 feedback function	List	011	-	1 = 1
40.11	Set 1 feedback filter time	Real	0.00030.000	s	1000 = 1 s
40.14	Set 1 setpoint scaling	Real	-200000.00200000.00	-	100 = 1
40.15	Set 1 output scaling	Real	-200000.00200000.00	-	100 = 1
40.16	Set 1 setpoint 1 source	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
40.17	Set 1 setpoint 2 source	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
40.18	Set 1 setpoint function	List	011	-	1 = 1
40.19	Set 1 internal setpoint sel1	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
40.20	Set 1 internal setpoint sel2	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
40.21	Set 1 internal setpoint 1	Real	-200000.00200000.00	PID customer units	100 = 1 PID customer unit
40.22	Set 1 internal setpoint 2	Real	-200000.00200000.00	PID customer units	100 = 1 PID customer unit
40.23	Set 1 internal setpoint 3	Real	-200000.00200000.00	PID customer units	100 = 1 PID customer unit
40.24	Set 1 internal setpoint 0	Real	-200000.00200000.00	PID customer units	100 = 1 PID customer unit
40.26	Set 1 setpoint min	Real	-200000.00200000.00	PID customer units	100 = 1 PID customer unit
40.27	Set 1 setpoint max	Real	-200000.00200000.00	PID customer units	100 = 1 PID customer unit
40.28	Set 1 setpoint increase time	Real	0.01800.0	s	10 = 1 s
40.29	Set 1 setpoint decrease time	Real	0.01800.0	s	10 = 1 s
40.30	Set 1 setpoint freeze enable	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
40.31	Set 1 deviation inversion	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
40.32	Set 1 gain	Real	0.01100.00	-	100 = 1

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
40.33	Set 1 integration time	Real	0.09999.0	S	10 = 1 s
40.34	Set 1 derivation time	Real	0.00010.000	s	1000 = 1 s
40.35	Set 1 derivation filter time	Real	0.010.0	s	10 = 1 s
40.36	Set 1 output min	Real	-200000.00200000.00	-	100 = 1
40.37	Set 1 output max	Real	-200000.00200000.00	-	100 = 1
40.38	Set 1 output freeze enable	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
40.39	Set 1 deadband range	Real	0200000.0	PID customer units	10 = 1 PID customer unit
40.40	Set 1 deadband delay	Real	0.0 3600.0	s	10 = 1 s
40.43	Set 1 sleep level	Real	0.0200000.0	-	10 = 1
40.44	Set 1 sleep delay	Real	0.03600.0	S	10 = 1 s
40.45	Set 1 sleep boost time	Real	0.03600.0	S	10 = 1 s
40.46	Set 1 sleep boost step	Real	0.0200000.0	PID customer units	10 = 1 PID customer unit
40.47	Set 1 wake-up deviation	Real	-200000.00200000.00	PID customer units	100 = 1 PID customer unit
40.48	Set 1 wake-up delay	Real	0.0060.00	s	100 = 1 s
40.49	Set 1 tracking mode	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
40.50	Set 1 tracking ref selection	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
40.51	Set 1 trim mode	List	03	-	1 = 1
40.52	Set 1 trim selection	List	13	-	1 = 1
40.53	Set 1 trimmed ref pointer	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
40.54	Set 1 trim mix	Real	0.000 1.000	-	1000 = 1
40.55	Set 1 trim adjust	Real	-100.000 100.000	-	1000 = 1
40.56	Set 1 trim source	List	12	-	1 = 1
40.57	PID set1/set2 selection	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
40.58	Set 1 increase prevention	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
40.59	Set 1 decrease prevention	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
40.60	Set 1 PID activation source	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
40.61	Setpoint scaling actual	Real	-200000.00200000.00	-	100 = 1
40.62	PID internal setpoint actual	Real	-200000.00200000.00	PID customer units	100 = 1 PID customer unit
40.65	Trim auto connection	List	01	-	1 = 1

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
40.70	Compensated setpoint	Real	-200000.00200000.00	PID customer units	100 = 1 PID customer unit
40.79	Set 1 units	List	-	-	1 = 1
40.80	Set 1 PID output min source	List	01	-	1 = 1
40.81	Set 1 PID output max source	List	01	-	1 = 1
40.89	Set 1 setpoint multiplier	Real	-200000.00200000.00	-	100 = 1
40.90	Set 1 feedback multiplier	Real	-200000.00200000.00	-	100 = 1
40.91	Feedback data storage	Real	-327.68327.67	-	100 = 1
40.92	Setpoint data storage	Real	-327.68327.67	-	100 = 1
40.96	Process PID output %	Real	-100.00100.00	%	100 = 1
40.97	Process PID feedback %	Real	-100.00100.00	%	100 = 1
40.98	Process PID setpoint %	Real	-100.00100.00	%	100 = 1
40.99	Process PID deviation %	Real	-100.00100.00	%	100 = 1
41 Proc	ess PID set 2		•		
41.08	Set 2 feedback 1 source	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
41.09	Set 2 feedback 2 source	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
41.10	Set 2 feedback function	List	011	-	1 = 1
41.11	Set 2 feedback filter time	Real	0.00030.000	s	1000 = 1 s
41.14	Set 2 setpoint scaling	Real	-200000.00200000.00	-	100 = 1
41.15	Set 2 output scaling	Real	-200000.00200000.00	-	100 = 1
41.16	Set 2 setpoint 1 source	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
41.17	Set 2 setpoint 2 source	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
41.18	Set 2 setpoint function	List	013	-	1 = 1
41.19	Set 2 internal setpoint sel1	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
41.20	Set 2 internal setpoint sel2	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
41.21	Set 2 internal setpoint 1	Real	-200000.00200000.00	PID customer unit	100 = 1 PID customer unit
41.22	Set 2 internal setpoint 2	Real	-200000.00200000.00	PID customer units	100 = 1 PID customer unit
41.23	Set 2 internal setpoint 3	Real	-200000.00200000.00	PID customer units	100 = 1 PID customer unit
41.24	Set 2 internal setpoint 0	Real	-200000.00200000.00	PID customer units	100 = 1 PID customer unit
41.26	Set 2 setpoint min	Real	-200000.00200000.00	PID customer units	100 = 1 PID customer unit

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
41.27	Set 2 setpoint max	Real	-200000.00200000.00	PID customer units	100 = 1 PID customer unit
41.28	Set 2 setpoint increase time	Real	0.01800.0	s	10 = 1 s
41.29	Set 2 setpoint decrease time	Real	0.01800.0	s	10 = 1 s
41.30	Set 2 setpoint freeze enable	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
41.31	Set 2 deviation inversion	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
41.32	Set 2 gain	Real	0.10100.00	-	100 = 1
41.33	Set 2 integration time	Real	0.09999.0	s	10 = 1 s
41.34	Set 2 derivation time	Real	0.00010.000	s	1000 = 1 s
41.35	Set 2 derivation filter time	Real	0.010.0	s	10 = 1 s
41.36	Set 2 output min	Real	-200000.00200000.00	-	100 = 1
41.37	Set 2 output max	Real	-200000.00200000.00	-	100 = 1
41.38	Set 2 output freeze enable	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
41.39	Set 2 deadband range	Real	0200000.0	-	10 = 1 PID customer unit
41.40	Set 2 deadband delay	Real	0.0 3600.0	s	10 = 1 s
41.43	Set 2 sleep level	Real	0.0200000.0	-	10 = 1
41.44	Set 2 sleep delay	Real	0.03600.0	s	10 = 1 s
41.45	Set 2 sleep boost time	Real	0.03600.0	s	10 = 1 s
41.46	Set 2 sleep boost step	Real	0.0200000.0	PID customer units	10 = 1 PID customer unit
41.47	Set 2 wake-up deviation	Real	-200000.00200000.00	PID customer units	100 = 1 PID customer unit
41.48	Set 2 wake-up delay	Real	0.0060.00	s	100 = 1 s
41.49	Set 2 tracking mode	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
41.50	Set 2 tracking ref selection	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
41.51	Set 2 trim mode	List	03	-	1 = 1
41.52	Set 2 trim selection	List	13	-	1 = 1
41.53	Set 2 trimmed ref pointer	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
41.54	Set 2 trim mix	Real	0.000 1.000	-	1000 = 1
41.55	Set 2 trim adjust	Real	-100.000 100.000	-	1000 = 1
41.56	Set 2 trim source	List	12	-	1 = 1
41.58	Set 2 increase prevention	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
41.59	Set 2 decrease prevention	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1

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No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
41.60	Set 2 PID activation source	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
41.79	Set 2 units	List	-	-	1 = 1
41.80	Set 2 PID output min source	List	01	-	1 = 1
41.81	Set 2 PID output max source	List	01	-	1 = 1
41.89	Set 2 setpoint multiplier	Real	-200000.00200000.00	-	100 = 1
41.90	Set 2 feedback multiplier	Real	-200000.00200000.00	-	100 = 1
43 Brak	e chopper	•			•
43.01	Braking resistor temperature	Real	0.0120.0	%	10 = 1%
43.06	Brake chopper function	List	03	-	1 = 1
43.07	Brake chopper run enable	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
43.08	Brake resistor thermal tc	Real	010000	s	1 = 1 s
43.09	Brake resistor Pmax cont	Real	0.0010000.00	kW	100 = 1 kW
43.10	Brake resistance	Real	0.01000.0	Ohm	10 = 1 ohm
43.11	Brake resistor fault limit	Real	0150	%	1 = 1%
43.12	Brake resistor warning limit	Real	0150	%	1 = 1%
44 Mech	nanical brake control				
44.01	Brake control status	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
44.06	Brake control enable	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
44.08	Brake open delay	Real	0.005.00	S	100 = 1 s
44.13	Brake close delay	Real	0.0060.00	s	100 = 1 s
44.14	Brake close level	Real	0.001000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
45 Ener	gy efficiency				
45.01	Saved GW hours	Real	065535	GWh	1 = 1 GWh
45.02	Saved MW hours	Real	0999	MWh	1 = 1 MWh
45.03	Saved kW hours	Real	0.0999.9	kWh	10 = 1 kWh
45.04	Saved energy	Real	0.0214748364.0	kWh	10 = 1 kWh
45.05	Saved money x1000	Real	04294967295 thousands	(defina- ble)	1 = 1 currency unit
45.06	Saved money	Real	0.00999.99	(defina- ble)	100 = 1 currency unit
45.07	Saved amount	Real	0.0021474830.00	(defina- ble)	100 = 1 currency unit
45.08	CO2 reduction in kilotons	Real	065535	metric kiloton	1 = 1 metric kiloton
45.09	CO2 reduction in tons	Real	0.0999.9	metric ton	10 = 1 metric ton
45.10	Total saved CO2	Real	0.0214748300.8	metric ton	10 = 1 metric ton
45.11	Energy optimizer	List	01	-	1 = 1
45.12	Energy tariff 1	Real	0.0004294966.296	(defina- ble)	1000 = 1 currency unit

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
45.13	Energy tariff 2	Real	0.0004294966.296	(defina- ble)	1000 = 1 currency unit
45.14	Tariff selection	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
45.18	CO2 conversion factor	Real	0.00065.535	tn/ MWh	1000 = 1 tn/MWh
45.19	Comparison power	Real	0.001000000.00	kW	10 = 1 kW
45.21	Energy calculations reset	List	01	-	1 = 1
45.24	Hourly peak power value	Real	-3000.00 3000.00	kW	1 = 1 kW
45.25	Hourly peak power time	Real			N/A
45.26	Hourly total energy (resettable)	Real	-3000.00 3000.00	kWh	1 = 1 kWh
45.27	Daily peak power value (resettable)	Real	-3000.00 3000.00	kW	1 = 1 kW
45.28	Daily peak power time	Real			N/A
45.29	Daily total energy (resettable)	Real	-30000.00 30000.00	kWh	1 = 1 kWh
45.30	Last day total energy	Real	-30000.00 30000.00	kWh	1 = 1 kWh
45.31	Monthly peak power value (resettable)	Real	-3000.00 3000.00	kW	1 = 1 kW
45.32	Monthly peak power date	Real	-		N/A
45.33	Monthly peak power time	Real	-		N/A
45.34	Monthly total energy (resettable)	Real	-1000000.00 1000000.00	kWh	1 = 1 kWh
45.35	Last month total energy	Real	-1000000.00 1000000.00	kWh	1 = 1 kWh
45.36	Lifetime peak power value	Real	-3000.00 3000.00	kW	1 = 1 kW
45.37	Lifetime peak power date	Real			N/A
45.38	Lifetime peak power time	Real	-		N/A
46 Moni	toring/scaling settings				
46.01	Speed scaling	Real	0.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
46.02	Frequency scaling	Real	0.101000.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
46.03	Torque scaling	Real	0.11000.0	%	10 = 1%
46.04	Power scaling	Real	0.1030000.00	-	10 = 1
46.05	Current scaling	Real	030000	Α	1 = 1 A
46.06	Speed ref zero scaling	Real	0.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
46.07	Frequency ref zero scaling	Real	0.001000.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
46.11	Filter time motor speed	Real	220000	ms	1 = 1 ms
46.12	Filter time output frequency	Real	220000	ms	1 = 1 ms
46.13	Filter time motor torque	Real	220000	ms	1 = 1 ms
46.14	Filter time power	Real	220000	ms	1 = 1 ms
46.21	At speed hysteresis	Real	0.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
46.22	At frequency hysteresis	Real	0.001000.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
46.23	At torque hysteresis	Real	0.0300.0	%	1 = 1%
46.31	Above speed limit	Real	0.0030000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
46.32	Above frequency limit	Real	0.001000.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
46.33	Above torque limit	Real	0.01600.0	%	10 = 1%
46.41	kWh pulse scaling	Real	0.0011000.000	kWh	1000 = 1 kWh
46.43	Power decimals	Real	03	-	1 = 1
46.44	Current decimals	Real	03	-	1 = 1
47 Data	storage	•			
47.01	Data storage 1 real32	Real	-2147483.000 2147483.000	-	1000 = 1
47.02	Data storage 2 real32	Real	-2147483.000 2147483.000	-	1000 = 1
47.03	Data storage 3 real32	Real	-2147483.000 2147483.000	-	1000 = 1
47.04	Data storage 4 real32	Real	-2147483.000 2147483.000	-	1000 = 1
47.11	Data storage 1 int32	Real	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
47.12	Data storage 2 int32	Real	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
47.13	Data storage 3 int32	Real	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
47.14	Data storage 4 int32	Real	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
47.21	Data storage 1 int16	Real	-3276832767	-	1 = 1
47.22	Data storage 2 int16	Real	-3276832767	-	1 = 1
47.23	Data storage 3 int16	Real	-3276832767	-	1 = 1
47.24	Data storage 4 int16	Real	-3276832767	-	1 = 1
49 Pane	I port communication				
49.01	Node ID number	Real	132	-	1 = 1
49.03	Baud rate	List	15	-	1 = 1
49.04	Communication loss time	Real	0.33000.0	s	10 = 1 s
49.05	Communication loss action	List	03	-	1 = 1
49.06	Refresh settings	List	01	-	1 = 1
49.19	Basic panel home view 1	List	0, 1, 1012, 14,16, 20, 21, 2628, 3033, 3738	-	1 = 1
49.20	Basic panel home view 2	List	0, 1, 1012, 14,16, 20, 21, 2628, 3033, 3738	-	1 =
49.21	Basic panel home view 3	List	0, 1, 1012, 14,16, 20, 21, 2628, 3033, 3738	-	1 = 1
49.219	Basic panel home view 4	List	0, 1, 1012, 14,16, 20, 21, 2628, 3033, 3738	-	1 = 1
49.220	Basic panel home view 5	List	0, 1, 1012, 14,16, 20, 21, 2628, 3033, 3738	-	1 = 1
49.221	Basic panel home view 6	List	0, 1, 1012, 14,16, 20, 21, 2628, 3033, 3738	-	1 = 1

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
50 Field	bus adapter (FBA)			•	
50.01	FBA A enable	List	01	-	1 = 1
50.02	FBAA comm loss func	List	05	-	1 = 1
50.03	FBAA comm loss t out	Real	0.36553.5	s	10 = 1 s
50.04	FBA A ref1 type	List	05	-	1 = 1
50.05	FBA A ref2 type	List	05	-	1 = 1
50.06	FBA A SW sel	List	01	-	1 = 1
50.07	FBA A actual 1 type	List	05	-	1 = 1
50.08	FBA A actual 2 type	List	05	-	1 = 1
50.09	FBAASW transparent source	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
50.10	FBA A act1 transparent source	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
50.11	FBAA act2 transparent source	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
50.12	FBA A debug mode	List	01	-	1 = 1
50.13	FBA A control word	Data	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1
50.14	FBAA reference 1	Real	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
50.15	FBA A reference 2	Real	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
50.16	FBA A status word	Data	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1
50.17	FBA A actual value 1	Real	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
50.18	FBA A actual value 2	Real	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
51 FBA	A settings			•	
51.01	FBA A type	List	-	-	1 = 1
51.02	FBA A Par2	Real	065535	-	1 = 1
51.26	FBA A Par26	Real	065535	-	1 = 1
51.27	FBA A par refresh	List	01	-	1 = 1
51.28	FBA A par table ver	Data	-	-	1 = 1
51.29	FBA A drive type code	Real	065535	-	1 = 1
51.30	FBA A mapping file ver	Real	065535	-	1 = 1
51.31	D2FBA A comm status	List	06	-	1 = 1
51.32	FBA A comm SW ver	Data	-	-	1 = 1
51.33	FBA A appl SW ver	Data	-	-	1 = 1
52 FBA	A data in				
52.01	FBA A data in1	List	-	-	1 = 1
52.12	FBA A data in 12	List	-	-	1 = 1

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
53 FBA	A data out	•			
53.01	FBA A data out1	List	-	-	1 = 1
53.12	FBA A data out12	List	-	-	1 = 1
58 Emb	edded fieldbus				
58.01	Protocol enable	List	01	-	1 = 1
58.02	Protocol ID	Real	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
58.03	Node address	Real	0255	-	1 = 1
58.04	Baud rate	List	07	-	1 = 1
58.05	Parity	List	03	-	1 = 1
58.06	Communication control	List	02	-	1 = 1
58.07	Communication diagnostics	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
58.08	Received packets	Real	04294967295	-	1 = 1
58.09	Transmitted packets	Real	04294967295	-	1 = 1
58.10	All packets	Real	04294967295	-	1 = 1
58.11	UART errors	Real	04294967295	-	1 = 1
58.12	CRC errors	Real	04294967295	-	1 = 1
58.14	Communication loss action	List	05	-	1 = 1
58.15	Communication loss mode	List	12	-	1 = 1
58.16	Communication loss time	Real	0.06000.0	s	10 = 1 s
58.17	Transmit delay	Real	065535	ms	1 = 1 ms
58.18	EFB control word	PB	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1
58.19	EFB status word	PB	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1
58.25	Control profile	List	0, 5	-	1 = 1
58.26	EFB ref1 type	List	05	-	1 = 1
58.27	EFB ref2 type	List	05	-	1 = 1
58.28	EFB act1 type	List	05	-	1 = 1
58.29	EFB act2 type	List	05	-	1 = 1
58.31	EFB act1 transparent source	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
58.32	EFB act2 transparent source	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
58.33	Addressing mode	List	02	-	1 = 1
58.34	Word order	List	01	-	1 = 1
58.101	Data I/O 1	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
58.102	Data I/O 2	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
58.103	Data I/O 3	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
58.104	Data I/O 4	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
58.105	Data I/O 5	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
58.106	Data I/O 6	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
58.107	Data I/O 7	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
58.114	Data I/O 14	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
71 Exte	mal PID1				
71.01	External PID act value	Real	-200000.00200000.00	%	100 = 1 PID customer unit
71.02	Feedback act value	Real	-200000.00200000.00	PID customer units	100 = 1 PID customer unit
71.03	Setpoint act value	Real	-200000.00200000.00	PID customer units	100 = 1 PID customer unit
71.04	Deviation act value	Real	-200000.00200000.00	PID customer units	100 = 1 PID customer unit
71.06	PID status word	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
71.07	PID operation mode	List	02	-	1 = 1
71.08	Feedback 1 source	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
71.11	Feedback filter time	Real	0.00030.000	s	1000 = 1 s
71.14	Setpoint scaling	Real	-200000.00200000.00	-	100 = 1
71.15	Output scaling	Real	-200000.00200000.00	-	100 = 1
71.16	Setpoint 1 source	Analog src	-	-	1 = 1
71.19	Internal setpoint sel1	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
71.20	Internal setpoint sel2	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
71.21	Internal setpoint 1	Real	-200000.00200000.00	PID customer units	100 = 1 PID customer unit
71.22	Internal setpoint 2	Real	-200000.00200000.00	PID customer units	100 = 1 PID customer unit
71.23	Internal setpoint 3	Real	-200000.00200000.00	PID customer units	100 = 1 PID customer unit
71.26	Setpoint min	Real	-200000.00200000.00	PID customer units	100 = 1 PID customer units
71.27	Setpoint max	Real	-200000.00200000.00	PID customer units	100 = 1 PID customer units

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
71.31	Deviation inversion	Binary	-	-	1 = 1
74.00		src	0.404		400 4
71.32	Gain	Real	0.101100.00	-	100 = 1
71.33	Integration time	Real	0.09999.0	S	10 = 1 s
71.34	Derivation time	Real	0.00010.000	s	1000 = 1 s
71.35	Derivation filter time	Real	0.010.0	S	1000 = 1 s
71.36	Output min	Real	-200000.00200000.00	-	10 = 1
71.37	Output max	Real	-200000.00200000.00	-	10 = 1
71.38	Output freeze enable	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
71.39	Deadband range	Real	0.0200000.0	PID customer units	10 = 1 PID customer unit
71.40	Deadband delay	Real	0.03600.0	s	1000 = 1 s
71.58	Increase prevention	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
71.59	Decrease prevention	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
71.62	Internal setpoint actual	Real	-200000.00200000.00	PID customer units	100 = 1 PID customer unit
71.79	External PID units	List	-	-	1 = 1
76 PFC	configuration				
76.01	PFC status	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
76.02	Multipump system status	List	02, 100103, 200202, 300302, 400, 500, 600, 800801, 49	-	1 = 1
76.11	Pump/fan status 1	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
76.12	Pump/fan status 2	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
76.13	Pump/fan status 3	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
76.14	Pump/fan status 4	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
76.15	Pump/fan status 5	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
76.16	Pump/fan status 6	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
76.21	Multipump configuration	List	0, 23	-	1 = 1
76.25	Number of motors	Real	14	-	1 = 1
76.26	Min number of motors allowed	Real	04	-	1 = 1
76.27	Max number of motors allowed	Real	14	-	1 = 1
76.30	Start point 1	Real	032767	rpm/Hz	1 = 1 unit
76.31	Start point 2	Real	032767	rpm/Hz	1 = 1 unit
76.32	Start point 3	Real	032767	rpm/Hz	1 = 1 unit
76.33	Start point 4	Real	032767	rpm/Hz	1 = 1 unit
76.34	Start point 5	Real	032767	rpm/Hz	1 = 1 unit
76.41	Stop point 1	Real	032767	rpm/Hz	1 = 1 unit
76.42	Stop point 2	Real	032767	rpm/Hz	1 = 1 unit

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
76.43	Stop point 3	Real	032767	rpm/Hz	1 = 1 unit
76.44	Stop point 4	Real	032767	rpm/Hz	1 = 1 unit
76.45	Stop point 5	Real	032767	rpm/Hz	1 = 1 unit
76.55	Start delay	Real	0.0012600.00	s	100 = 1 s
76.56	Stop delay	Real	0.0012600.00	s	100 = 1 s
76.57	PFC speed hold on	Real	0.001000.00	s	100 = 1 s
76.58	PFC speed hold off	Real	0.001000.00	s	100 = 1 s
76.59	PFC contactor delay	Real	0.20600.00	s	100 = 1 s
76.60	PFC ramp acceleration time	Real	0.001800.00	s	100 = 1 s
76.61	PFC ramp deceleration time	Real	0.001800.00	s	100 = 1 s
76.70	PFC autochange	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
76.71	PFC autochange interval	Real	0.0042949672.95	h	100 = 1 h
76.72	Maximum wear imbalance	Real	0.001000000.00	h	100 = 1 h
76.73	Autochange level	Real	0.0300.0	%	10 = 1%
76.74	Autochange auxiliary PFC	List	01	-	1 = 1
76.81	PFC 1 interlock	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
76.82	PFC 2 interlock	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
76.83	PFC 3 interlock	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
76.84	PFC 4 interlock	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
76.85	PFC 5 interlock	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
76.86	PFC 6 interlock	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
76.95	Regulator bypass control	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
77 PFC	maintenance and monitoring				
77.10	PFC runtime change	List	07	-	1 = 1
77.11	Pump/fan 1 running time	Real	0.0042949672.95	h	100 = 1 h
77.12	Pump/fan 2 running time	Real	0.0042949672.95	h	100 = 1 h
77.13	Pump/fan 3 running time	Real	0.0042949672.95	h	100 = 1 h
77.14	Pump/fan 4 running time	Real	0.0042949672.95	h	100 = 1 h
77.15	Pump/fan 5 running time	Real	0.0042949672.95	h	100 = 1 h
77.16	Pump/fan 6 running time	Real	0.0042949672.95	h	100 = 1 h
95 HW o	configuration				
95.01	Supply voltage	List	03, 5	-	1 = 1
95.02	Adaptive voltage limits	List	01	-	1 = 1
95.03	Estimated AC supply voltage	Real	065535	V	1 = 1 V
95.04	Control board supply	List	01	-	1 = 1
95.15	Special HW settings	PB	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
95.20	HW options word 1	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
95.21	HW options word 2	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
95.26	Motor disconnect detection	List	01	-	1 = 1
95.200	Cooling fan mode	List	01	-	1 = 1
96 Syst	em				
96.01	Language	List	-	-	1 = 1
96.02	Pass code	Data	099999999	-	1 = 1
96.03	Access level status	PB	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1
96.04	Macro select	List	03, 1117	-	1 = 1
96.05	Macro active	List	13, 1117	-	1 = 1
96.06	Parameter restore	List	0, 2, 8, 32, 62, 512, 1024, 34560	-	1 = 1
96.07	Parameter save manually	List	01	-	1 = 1
96.08	Control board boot	List	01	-	1 = 1
96.10	User set status	List	07, 2023	-	1 = 1
96.11	User set save/load	List	05, 1821	-	1 = 1
96.12	User set I/O mode in1	Binary src	-	-	-
96.13	User set I/O mode in2	Binary src	-	-	-
96.16	Unit selection	PB	000hFFFFh		1 = 1
96.20	Time sync primary source	List	0, 2, 6, 8, 9	-	1 = 1
96.51	Clear fault and event logger	Real	01	-	1 = 1
96.54	Checksum action	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
96.55	Checksum control word	Binary src	-		
96.68	Actual checksumA	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
96.69	Actual checksumB	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
96.70	Disable adaptive program	List	01	-	1 = 1
96.71	Approved checksum A	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
96.72	Approved checksum B	Binary src	-	-	1 = 1
96.78	550 compatibility mode	List	01	-	1 = 1
96.100	Change user pass code	Data	100000099999999	-	1 = 1
96.101	Confirm user pass code	Data	100000099999999	-	1 = 1
96.102	User lock functionality	PB	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
97 Moto	r control				
97.01	Switching frequency reference	List	2, 4, 8, 12	kHz	1 = 1 kHz
97.02	Minimum switching frequency	List	1.5, 2, 4, 8, 12	kHz	1 = 1 kHz
97.03	Slip gain	Real	0200	%	1 = 1%

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
97.04	Voltage reserve	Real	-450	%	1 = 1%
97.05	Flux braking	List	02	-	1 = 1
97.08	Optimizer minimum torque	Real	0.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
97.10	Signal injection	List	04	-	1 = 1
97.11	TR tuning	Real	25400	%	1 = 1%
97.13	IR compensation	Real	0.0050.00	%	100 = 1%
97.15	Motor model temperature adaptation	List	01	-	1 = 1
97.16	Stator temperature factor	Real	0200	%	1 = 1%
97.17	Rotor temperature factor	Real	0200	%	1 = 1%
97.20	U/F ratio	List	01	-	1 = 1
97.48	Udc stabilizer	List	0, 50, 100, 300, 500, 800	-	1 = 1
97.49	Slip gain for scalar	Real	03	%	1 = 1%
97.94	IR comp max frequency	Real	1.0200.0	%	10 = 1%
97.135	Udc ripple	Real	0.0200.0	V	10 = 1V
98 User	motor parameters	•			•
98.01	User motor model mode	List	01	-	1 = 1
98.02	Rs user	Real	0.00000.50000	p.u.	100000 = 1 p.u.
98.03	Rr user	Real	0.00000.50000	p.u.	100000 = 1 p.u.
98.04	Lm user	Real	0.0000010.00000	p.u.	100000 = 1 p.u.
98.05	SigmaL user	Real	0.000001.00000	p.u.	100000 = 1 p.u.
98.06	Ld user	Real	0.0000010.00000	p.u.	100000 = 1 p.u.
98.07	Lq user	Real	0.0000010.00000	p.u.	100000 = 1 p.u.
98.08	PM flux user	Real	0.000002.00000	p.u.	100000 = 1 p.u.
98.09	Rs user SI	Real	0.00000100.00000	ohm	100000 = 1 p.u.
98.10	Rr user SI	Real	0.00000100.00000	ohm	100000 = 1 p.u.
98.11	Lm user SI	Real	0.00100000.00	mH	100 = 1 mH
98.12	SigmaL user SI	Real	0.00100000.00	mH	100 = 1 mH
98.13	Ld user SI	Real	0.00100000.00	mH	100 = 1 mH
98.14	Lq user SI	Real	0.00100000.00	mH	100 = 1 mH
99 Moto	or data				
99.03	Motor type	List	02	-	1 = 1
99.04	Motor control mode	List	01	-	1 = 1
99.06	Motor nominal current	Real	0.06400.0	А	10 = 1 A
99.07	Motor nominal voltage	Real	0.0960.0	V	10 = 1 V

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No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
99.08	Motor nominal frequency	Real	0.0 500.0	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
99.09	Motor nominal speed	Real	0 30000	rpm	1 = 1 rpm
99.10	Motor nominal power	Real	0.0010000.00 kW or 0.00 13404.83 hp	kW or hp	100 = 1 unit
99.11	Motor nominal cos Φ	Real	0.00 1.00	-	100 = 1
99.12	Motor nominal torque	Real	0.000…4000000.000 N·m or 0.000…2950248.597 lb ft	N·m or Ib∙ft	1000 = 1 unit
99.13	ID run requested	List	03, 56	-	1 = 1
99.14	Last ID run performed	List	03, 56	-	1 = 1
99.15	Motor polepairs calculated	Real	01000	-	1 = 1
99.16	Motor phase order	List	01	-	1 = 1

# 9

# Fault tracing

## What this chapter contains

The chapter lists the warning and fault messages including possible causes and corrective actions. The causes of most warnings and faults can be identified and corrected using the information in this chapter. If not, contact an ABB service representative. If you have a possibility to use the Drive composer PC tool, send the Support package created by the Drive composer to the ABB service representative.

Warnings and faults are listed below in separate tables. Each table is sorted by warning/fault code.

# Safety

**WARNING!** Only qualified electricians are allowed to service the drive. Read the instructions in chapter *Safety instructions* at the beginning of the *Hardware manual* of the drive before working on the drive.

# Indications

#### Warnings and faults

Warnings and faults indicate an abnormal drive status. The codes and names of active warnings and faults are displayed on the control panel of the drive as well as in the Drive composer PC tool. Only the codes of warnings and faults are available over fieldbus.

Warnings do not need to be reset; they stop showing when the cause of the warning ceases. Warnings do not trip the drive and it will continue to operate the motor.

Faults latch inside the drive and cause the drive to trip, and the motor stops. After the cause of a fault has been removed, the fault can be reset from a selectable source (Menu - Primary settings - Advanced functions - Reset faults manually (Reset faults manually from:) on the control panel; or parameter *31.11 Fault reset selection*) such as the control panel, Drive composer PC tool, the digital inputs of the drive, or fieldbus. Reseting the fault creates an event *64FF Fault reset*. After the reset, the drive can be restarted.

Note that some faults require a reboot of the control unit either by switching the power off and on, or using parameter 96.08 Control board boot – this is mentioned in the fault listing wherever appropriate.

#### Pure events

In addition to warnings and faults, there are pure events that are only recorded in the event log of the drive. The codes of these events are included in the *Warning messages* table on page (482).

#### Editable messages

For external events, the action (fault or warning), name and the message text can be edited. To specify external events, select **Menu - Primary settings - Advanced functions - External events**.

Contact information can also be included and the text edited. To specify contact information, select Menu - Primary settings - Clock, region, display - Contact info view.

# Warning/fault history

#### Event log

All indications are stored in the event log with a time stamp and other information. The event log stores information on

- · the last 8 fault recordings, that is, faults that tripped the drive or fault resets
- the last 10 warnings or pure events that occurred.

See section Viewing warning/fault information on page 481.

#### Auxiliary codes

Some events generate an auxiliary code that often helps in pinpointing the problem. On the control panel, the auxiliary code is stored as part of the details of the event; in the Drive composer PC tool, the auxiliary code is shown in the event listing.

#### Viewing warning/fault information

The drive is able to store a list of the active faults actually causing the drive to trip at the present time. The drive also stores a list of faults and warnings that have previously occurred.

For each stored fault, the control panel shows the fault code, time and values of nine parameters (actual signals and status words) stored at the time of the fault. The values for the latest fault are in parameters 05.80...05.88.

For active faults and warnings, see

- Menu Diagnostics Active faults
- Menu Diagnostics Active warnings
- Options Active faults
- Options Active warnings
- parameters in group 04 Warnings and faults (page 203).

For previously occurred faults and warnings, see

- · Menu Diagnostics Fault & event log
- parameters in group 04 Warnings and faults (page 203).

The event log can also be accessed (and reset) using the Drive composer PC tool. See *Drive composer PC tool user's manual* (3AUA0000094606 [English]).

### QR code generation for mobile service application

A QR code (or a series of QR codes) can be generated by the drive for display on the control panel. The QR code contains drive identification data, information on the latest events, and values of status and counter parameters. The code can be read with a mobile device containing the ABB service application, which then sends the data to ABB for analysis. For more information on the application, contact your local ABB service representative.

To generate the QR code, select Menu - System info - QR code.

**Note:** If a control panel which does not support QR code generation (version older than v.6.4x) is used, the **QR code** menu entry will disappear totally and will not be available any longer either with control panels supporting the QR code generation.

# Warning messages

Code (hex)	Warning / Aux. code	Cause	What to do
64FF	Fault reset	A fault has been reset from the control panel, Drive composer PC tool, fieldbus or I/O.	Event. Informative only.
B686	Checksum mismatch	Parameter checksum 96.68 Actual checksumA does not match 96.71 Approved checksum A and/ or parameter checksum 96.69 Actual checksumB does not match 96.72 Approved checksum B.	Event. Informative only.
A2A1	Current calibration	Current offset and gain measurement calibration will occur at next start.	Informative warning. (See parameter 99.13 ID run requested.)
A2B1	Overcurrent	Output current has exceeded internal fault limit. In addition to an actual overcurrent situation, this warning may also be caused by an earth fault or supply phase loss.	Check motor load. Check acceleration times in parameter group 23 Speed reference ramp (speed control), 26 Torque reference chain (torque control) or 28 Frequency reference chain (frequency control). Also check parameters 46.01 Speed scaling, 46.02 Frequency scaling and 46.03 Torque scaling. Check motor and motor cable (including phasing and delta/star connection). Check for an earth fault in motor or motor cables by measuring the insulation resistances of motor and motor cable. See chapter Electrical installation, section Checking the insulation of the assembly in the Hardware manual of the drive. Check there are no contactors opening and closing in motor cable. Check that the start-up data in parameter group 99 Motor data corresponds to the motor rating plate. Check that there are no power factor correction capacitors or surge absorbers in motor cable.
A2B3	Earth leakage	Drive has detected load unbalance typically due to earth fault in motor or motor cable.	Check there are no power factor correction capacitors or surge absorbers in motor cable. Check for an earth fault in motor or motor cables by measuring the insulation resistances of motor and motor cable. See chapter <i>Electrical installation</i> , section <i>Checking the insulation of the</i> <i>assembly</i> in the <i>Hardware manual</i> of the drive. If an earth fault is found, fix or change the motor cable and/or motor. If no earth fault can be detected, contact your local ABB representative.

Note: The list also contains events that only appear in the Event log.

Code (hex)	Warning / Aux. code	Cause	What to do
A2B4	Short circuit	Short-circuit in motor cable(s) or motor.	Check motor and motor cable for cabling errors. Check motor and motor cable (including phasing and delta/star connection). Check for an earth fault in motor or motor cables by measuring the insulation resistances of motor and motor cable. See chapter <i>Electrical installation</i> , section <i>Checking the insulation of the</i> <i>assembly</i> in the <i>Hardware manual</i> of the drive. Check there are no power factor correction capacitors or surge absorbers in motor cable.
A2BA	IGBT overload	Excessive IGBT junction to case temperature. This warning protects the IGBT(s) and can be activated by a short circuit in the motor cable.	Check motor cable. Check ambient conditions. Check air flow and fan operation. Check heatsink fins for dust pick-up. Check motor power against drive power.
A3A1	DC link overvoltage	Intermediate circuit DC voltage too high (when the drive is stopped).	Check the supply voltage setting (parameter 95.01 <i>Supply voltage</i> ). Note that the wrong setting of the parameter
A3A2	DC link undervoltage	Intermediate circuit DC voltage too low (when the drive is stopped).	may cause the motor to rush uncontrollably, or may overload the brake chopper or resistor. Check the supply voltage.
A3AA	DC not charged	The voltage of the intermediate DC circuit has not yet risen to operating level.	If the problem persists, contact your local ABB representative.
A490	Incorrect temperature sensor setup	Temperature cannot be supervised due to incorrect adapter setup. AO settings do not match with <i>35.11</i> and <i>35.21</i> .	Check the settings of temperature source parameters 35.11 and 35.21. Check the settings of temperature source parameters 35.11 and 35.21 against AO parameters 13.12 and 13.22.
A491	External temperature 1 (Editable message text)	Measured temperature 1 has exceeded warning limit.	Check the value of parameter 35.02 Measured temperature 1. Check the cooling of the motor (or other equipment whose temperature is being measured). Check the value of 35.13 Temperature 1 warning limit.
A492	External temperature 2 (Editable message text)	Measured temperature 2 has exceeded warning limit.	Check the value of parameter 35.03 Measured temperature 2. Check the cooling of the motor (or other equipment whose temperature is being measured). Check the value of 35.23 Temperature 2 warning limit.
A4A0	Control board temperature	Control unit temperature is too high.	Check the auxiliary code. See actions for each code below.
	(none)	Temperature above warning limit	Check ambient conditions. Check air flow and fan operation. Check heatsink fins for dust pick-up.
	1	Thermistor broken	Contact an ABB service representative for control unit replacement.

Code (hex)	Warning / Aux. code	Cause	What to do
A4A1	IGBT overtemperature	Estimated drive IGBT temperature is excessive.	Check ambient conditions. Check air flow and fan operation. Check heatsink fins for dust pick-up. Check motor power against drive power.
A4A9	Cooling	Drive module temperature is excessive.	Check ambient temperature. If it exceeds 40 °C/104 °F (IP21 frames R4R9) or if it exceeds 50 °C /122 °F (IP21 frames R1R9), ensure that load current does not exceed derated load capacity of drive. For all P55 frames, check the derating temperatures. See chapter <i>Technical data</i> , section <i>Derating</i> in the <i>Hardware manual</i> of the drive. Check drive module cooling air flow and fan operation. Check inside of cabinet and heatsink of drive module for dust pick-up. Clean whenever necessary.
A4B0	Excess temperature	Power unit module temperature is excessive.	Check ambient conditions. Check air flow and fan operation. Check heatsink fins for dust pick-up. Check motor power against drive power. (1: U-phase, 2: V-phase, 3: W-phase, 4: INT board, 6: Air inlet (sensor connected to INT board X10), 7: PCB compartment fan or power supply board, FA: Ambient temperature).
A4B1	Excess temperature difference	High temperature difference between the IGBTs of different phases.	Check the motor cabling. Check cooling of drive module(s).
A4F6	IGBT temperature	Drive IGBT temperature is excessive.	Check ambient conditions. Check air flow and fan operation. Check heatsink fins for dust pick-up. Check motor power against drive power.
A581	Fan	Cooling fan feedback missing. For frame sizes R6 or larger	Check the auxiliary code to identify the fan. Code <b>0</b> denotes main fan 1. Other codes (format XYZ): "X" specifies state code ( <b>1</b> : ID run, <b>2</b> : normal). "Y" = 0, "Z" specifies the index of the fan ( <b>1</b> : Main fan <b>1</b> , <b>2</b> : Main fan 2, <b>3</b> : Main fan 3). Check fan operation and connection. Replace fan if faulty.
A582	Auxiliary fan missing	An auxiliary cooling fan (IP55 internal fan) is stuck or disconnected.	Check the auxiliary code. Check the auxiliary fan and connection. Replace faulty fan. Make sure the front cover of the drive is in place and tightened. If the commissioning of the drive requires that the cover is off, this warning will be generated even if the corresponding fault is defeated. See fault <i>5081 Auxiliary fan</i> <i>broken</i> (page <i>496</i> ).

Code (hex)	Warning / Aux. code	Cause	What to do
A5A0	Safe torque off Programmable warning: 31.22 STO indication run/stop	Safe torque off function is active, that is, safety circuit signal(s) connected to connector STO is lost.	Check safety circuit connections. For more information, chapter <i>The Safe</i> <i>torque off function</i> in the <i>Hardware</i> <i>manual</i> of the drive and description of parameter 31.22 STO indication run/stop (page 313). Check the value of parameter 95.04 <i>Control board supply</i> .
A5EA	Measurement circuit temperature	Problem with internal temperature measurement of the drive. Aux code depends on control unit type.	Contact your local ABB representative.
		Frames R1R5	
	0000 0001	IGBT temperature	
	0000 0003	Board temperature	
	0000 0006	Power supply temperature	
		Frames R6R11	
	0000 0001	U-phase IGBT	
	0000 0002	V-phase IGBT	
	0000 0003	W-phase IGBT	
	0000 0004	Board temperature	
	0000 0005	Brake chopper	
	0000 0006	Air inlet (TEMP3)	
	0000 0007	Power supply temperature	
	0000 0008	du/dt (TEMP2)	
	0000 0009	TEMP1	
	FAh =1111 1010	Ambient temperature	
A5EB	PU board powerfail	Power unit power supply failure.	Contact your local ABB representative.
A5ED	Measurement circuit ADC	Measurement circuit fault.	Contact your local ABB representative.
A5EE	Measurement circuit DFF	Measurement circuit fault.	Contact your local ABB representative.
A5EF	PU state feedback	State feedback from output phases does not match control signals.	Contact your local ABB representative.
A5F0	Charging feedback	Charging feedback signal missing.	Check the feedback signal coming from the charging system.
A682	Flash erase speed exceeded	The flash memory (in the memory unit) has been erased too frequently, compromising the lifetime of the memory.	Avoid forcing unnecessary parameter saves by parameter 96.07 or cyclic parameter writes (such as user logger triggering through parameters). Check the auxiliary code (format XYYY YZZZ). "X" specifies the source of warning (1: generic flash erase supervision). "ZZZ" specifies the flash subsector number that generated the warning.

Code (hex)	Warning / Aux. code	Cause	What to do
A686	Checksum mismatch	Parameter checksum 96.68 Actual checksumA does not match 96.71 Approved checksum A and/ or parameter checksum 96.69 Actual checksumB does not match 96.72 Approved checksum B.	Revert parameter changes made after approving the checksum. If parameter changes are valid, approve new checksum by setting parameter 96.55 Checksum control word bit 12 (Set approved checksum A) and/or 13 (Set approved checksum B) to 1 = Set.
A6A4	Motor nominal value	The motor parameters are set incorrectly.	Check the auxiliary code. See actions for each code below.
		The drive is not dimensioned correctly.	
	0001	Slip frequency is too small.	Check the settings of the motor
	0002	Synchronous and nominal speeds differ too much.	configuration parameters in groups 98 and 99. Check that the drive is sized correctly for
	0003	Nominal speed is higher than synchronous speed with 1 pole pair.	the motor.
	0004	Nominal current is outside limits	
	0005	Nominal voltage is outside limits.	
	0006	Nominal power is higher than apparent power.	
	0007	Nominal power not consistent with nominal speed and torque.	
A6A5	No motor data	Parameters in group 99 have not been set.	Check that all the required parameters in group 99 have been set. <b>Note:</b> It is normal for this warning to appear during the start-up and continue until the motor data is entered.
A6A6	Voltage category unselected	The voltage category has not been defined.	Set voltage category in parameter 95.01 Supply voltage.
A6A7	System time not set	System time is not set. Timed functions cannot be used and fault log dates are not correct.	Set the system time manually or connect the control panel to the drive to synchronize the clock. If basic control panel is used, synchronize the clock through the EFB or a fieldbus module. Set parameter 34.10 Timed functions enable to Disabled to disable the timed functions if they are not used.
A6B0	User lock is open	The user lock is open, ie. user lock configuration parameters 96.10096.102 are visible.	Close the user lock by entering an invalid pass code in parameter 96.02 Pass code. See section User lock (page 192).
A6B1	User pass code not confirmed	A new user pass code has been entered in parameter 96.100 but not confirmed in 96.101.	Confirm the new pass code by entering the same code in <i>96.101</i> . To cancel, close the user lock without confirming the new code. See section <i>User lock</i> (page <i>192</i> ).

Code (hex)	Warning / Aux. code	Cause	What to do
A6D1	FBA A parameter conflict	The drive does not have a functionality requested by a PLC, or requested functionality has not been activated.	Check PLC programming. Check settings of parameter groups 50 <i>Fieldbus adapter (FBA)</i> .
A6E5	AI parametrization	The current/voltage hardware setting of an analog input does not correspond to parameter settings.	Check the event log for an auxiliary code. The code identifies the analog input whose settings are in conflict. Adjust either the hardware setting (on the drive control unit) or parameter 12.15/12.25. <b>Note:</b> Control unit reboot (either by cycling the power or through parameter 96.08 Control board boot) is required to validate any changes in the hardware settings.
A6E6	ULC configuration	User load curve configuration error.	Check the auxiliary code (format XXXX ZZZZ). "ZZZZ" indicates the problem (see actions for each code below).
	0000	Speed points inconsistent.	Check that each speed point (parameters 37.1137.15) has a higher value than the previous point.
	0001	Frequency points inconsistent.	Check that each frequency point (37.2037.16) has a higher value than the previous point.
	0002	Underload point above overload point.	Check that each overload point (37.3137.35) has a higher value than the corresponding underload point
	0003	Overload point below underload point.	(37.2137.25).
A780	Motor stall Programmable warning: 31.24 Stall function	Motor is operating in stall region because of, for example, excessive load or insufficient motor power.	Check motor load and drive ratings. Check fault function parameters.
A783	Motor overload	Motor current is too high.	Check for overloaded motor. Adjust the parameters used for the motor overload function (35.5135.53) and 35.5535.56.
A784	Motor disconnect	All three output phases are disconnected from motor.	Check that switches between drive and motor are closed. Check that all cables between drive and motor are connected and secured. If no issue was detected and drive output was actually connected to motor, contact ABB.
A792	Brake resistor wiring	Brake resistor short circuit or brake chopper control fault. For frame sizes R6 or larger.	Check brake chopper and brake resistor connection. Ensure brake resistor is not damaged.

Code (hex)	Warning / Aux. code	Cause	What to do
A793	BR excess temperature	Brake resistor temperature has exceeded warning limit defined by parameter 43.12 Brake resistor warning limit.	Stop drive. Let resistor cool down. Check resistor overload protection function settings (parameter group 43 <i>Brake chopper</i> ). Check warning limit setting, parameter 43.12 <i>Brake resistor warning limit.</i> Check that the resistor has been dimensioned correctly. Check that braking cycle meets allowed limits.
A794	BR data	Brake resistor data has not been given.	One or more of the resistor data settings (parameters 43.0843.10) is incorrect. The parameter is specified by the auxiliary code.
	0000 0001	Resistance value too low.	Check value of 43.10.
	0000 0002	Thermal time constant not given.	Check value of 43.08.
	0000 0003	Maximum continuous power not given.	Check value of 43.09.
A79C	BC IGBT excess temperature	Brake chopper IGBT temperature has exceeded internal warning limit.	Let chopper cool down. Check for excessive ambient temperature. Check for cooling fan failure. Check for obstructions in the air flow. Check the dimensioning and cooling of the cabinet. Check resistor overload protection function settings (parameters 43.0643.10). Check minimum allowed resistor value for the chopper being used. Check that braking cycle meets allowed limits. Check that drive supply AC voltage is not excessive.
A7A2	Mechanical brake opening failed	Status of mechanical brake acknowledgement is not as expected during brake open.	Check mechanical brake connection. Check mechanical brake settings in parameter group 44 Mechanical brake control. Check that acknowledgement signal matches the actual status of brake.
A7AB	Extension I/O configuration failure	Installed C-type module is not the same as configured or the communication between the drive and module has been disturbed.	Check that the installed module (shown by parameter 15.02 Detected extension module) is the same as selected by parameter 15.01 Extension module type. Eliminate the disturbance sources.

Code (hex)	Warning / Aux. code	Cause	What to do
A7C1	FBA A communication Programmable warning: 50.02 FBA A comm loss func	Cyclical communication between drive and fieldbus adapter module A or between PLC and fieldbus adapter module A is lost.	Check status of fieldbus communication. See user documentation of fieldbus interface. Check settings of parameter groups 50 <i>Fieldbus adapter (FBA), 51 FBA A</i> <i>settings, 52 FBA A data in</i> and 53 <i>FBA A</i> <i>data out.</i> Check cable connections. Check if communication master is able to communicate.
A7CE	EFB comm loss Programmable warning: 58.14 Communication loss action	Communication break in embedded fieldbus (EFB) communication.	Check the status of the fieldbus master (online/offline/error etc.). Check cable connections to the EIA-485/X5 terminals 29, 30 and 31 on the control unit.
A7EE	Panel loss Programmable warning: 49.05 Communication loss action	Control panel or PC tool selected as active control location for drive has ceased communicating.	Check PC tool or control panel connection. Check control panel connector. Check mounting platform if being used. Disconnect and reconnect the control panel.
A88F	Cooling fan	Maintenance timer limit exceeded.	Consider changing the cooling fan. Parameter 05.04 Fan on-time counter shows the running time of the cooling fan.
A8A0	Al supervision Programmable warning: 12.03 Al supervision function	An analog signal is outside the limits specified for the analog input.	Check signal level at the analog input. Check the wiring connected to the input. Check the minimum and maximum limits of the input in parameter group 12 Standard AI.
A8A1	RO life warning	The relay has changed states more than the recommended number of times.	Change the control unit or stop using the relay output.
	0001	Relay output 1	Change the control unit or stop using relay output 1.
	0002	Relay output 2	Change the control unit or stop using relay output 2.
	0003	Relay output 3	Change the control unit or stop using relay output 3.
A8A2	RO toggle warning	The relay output is changing states faster than recommended, for example, if a fast changing frequency signal is connected to it. The relay lifetime will be exceeded shortly.	Replace the signal connected to the relay output source with a less frequently changing signal.
	0001	Relay output 1	Select a different signal with parameter <i>10.24 RO1 source</i> .
	0002		Select a different signal with parameter 10.27 RO2 source.
	0003	Relay output 3	Select a different signal with parameter <i>10.30 RO3 source</i> .

Code (hex)	Warning / Aux. code	Cause	What to do
A8B0	ABB Signal supervision 1 (Editable message text) Programmable warning: 32.06 Supervision 1 action	Warning generated by the signal supervision function 1.	Check the source of the warning (parameter 32.07 Supervision 1 signal).
A8B1	ABB Signal supervision 2 (Editable message text) Programmable warning: 32.16 Supervision 2 action	Warning generated by the signal supervision function 2.	Check the source of the warning (parameter 32.17 Supervision 2 signal).
A8B2	ABB Signal supervision 3 (Editable message text) Programmable warning: 32.26 Supervision 3 action	Warning generated by the signal supervision function 3.	Check the source of the warning (parameter 32.27 <i>Supervision 3 signal</i> ).
A8B3	ABB Signal supervision 4 (Editable message text) Programmable warning: 32.36 Supervision 4 action	Warning generated by the signal supervision function 4.	Check the source of the warning (parameter 32.37 Supervision 4 signal).
A8B4	ABB Signal supervision 5 (Editable message text) Programmable warning: 32.46 Supervision 5 action	Warning generated by the signal supervision function 5.	Check the source of the warning (parameter 32.47 Supervision 5 signal).
A8B5	ABB Signal supervision 6 (Editable message text) Programmable warning: 32.56 Supervision 6 action	Warning generated by the signal supervision function 6.	Check the source of the warning (parameter <i>32.57 Supervision 6 signal</i> ).
A8BE	ULC overload warning Programmable fault: 37.03 ULC overload actions	Selected signal has exceeded the user overload curve.	Check for any operating conditions increasing the monitored signal (for example, the loading of the motor if the torque or current is being monitored). Check the definition of the load curve (parameter group 37 User load curve).
A8BF	ULC underload warning Programmable fault: 37.04 ULC underload actions	Selected signal has fallen below the user underload curve.	Check for any operating conditions decreasing the monitored signal (for example, loss of load if the torque or current is being monitored). Check the definition of the load curve (parameter group <i>37 User load curve</i> ).
A981	External warning 1 (Editable message text) Programmable warning: 31.01 External event 1 source 31.02 External event 1 type	Fault in external device 1.	Check the external device. Check setting of parameter 31.01 External event 1 source.
A982	External warning 2 (Editable message text) Programmable warning: 31.03 External event 2 source 31.04 External event 2 type	Fault in external device 2.	Check the external device. Check setting of parameter 31.03 <i>External event 2 source</i> .

Code (hex)	Warning / Aux. code	Cause	What to do
A983	External warning 3 (Editable message text) Programmable warning: 31.05 External event 3 source 31.06 External event 3 type	Fault in external device 3.	Check the external device. Check setting of parameter <i>31.05</i> <i>External event 3 source</i> .
A984	External warning 4 (Editable message text) Programmable warning: 31.07 External event 4 source 31.08 External event 4 type	Fault in external device 4.	Check the external device. Check setting of parameter <i>31.07</i> <i>External event 4 source</i> .
A985	External warning 5 (Editable message text) Programmable warning: 31.09 External event 5 source 31.10 External event 5 type	Fault in external device 5.	Check the external device. Check setting of parameter <i>31.09</i> <i>External event 5 source</i> .
AF88	Season configuration warning	You have configured a season which starts before the previous season.	Configure the seasons with increasing start dates, see parameters 34.60 Season 1 start date34.63 Season 4 start date.
AF90	Speed controller autotuning	The speed controller autotune routine did not complete successfully.	Check the auxiliary code (format XXXX YYYY). "YYYY" indicates the problem (see actions for each code below).
	0000	The drive was stopped before the autotune routine finished.	Repeat autotune until successful.
	0001	The drive was started but was not ready to follow the autotune command.	Make sure the prerequisites of the autotune run are fulfilled. See section <i>Before activating the autotune routine</i> (page 127).
	0002	Required torque reference could not be reached before the drive reached maximum speed.	Decrease torque step (parameter 25.38) or increase speed step (25.39).
	0003	Motor could not accelerate/decelerate to maximum/minimum speed.	Increase torque step (parameter 25.38) or decrease speed step (25.39).
	0005	Motor could not decelerate with full autotune torque.	Decrease torque step (parameter 25.38) or speed step (25.39).
AFAA	Autoreset	A fault is about to be autoreset.	Informative warning. See the settings in parameter group <i>31 Fault functions</i> .
AFE1	Emergency stop (off2)	Drive has received an emergency stop (mode selection off2) command.	Check that it is safe to continue operation. Then return emergency stop push button to normal position. Restart
AFE2	Emergency stop (off1 or off3)	Drive has received an emergency stop (mode selection off1 or off3) command.	drive. If the emergency stop was unintentional, check the source selected by parameter 21.05 Emergency stop source.
AFE9	Start delay	The start delay is active and the drive will start the motor after a predefined delay.	Informative warning. See parameter 21.22 Start delay.

Code (hex)	Warning / Aux. code	Cause	What to do
AFEB	Run enable missing	No run enable signal is received.	Check setting of parameter 20.12 Run enable 1 source. Switch signal on (for example, in the fieldbus Control Word) or check wiring of selected source.
AFED	Enable to rotate	Signal to rotate has not been received within a fixed time delay of 240 s.	Switch enable to rotate signal on ((for example, in digital inputs). Check the setting of (and source selected by) parameter 20.22 Enable to rotate.
AFF6	Identification run	Motor ID run will occur at next start.	Informative warning.
AFF8	Motor heating active	Pre-heating is being performed	Informative warning. Motor pre-heating is active. Current specified by parameter 21.16 Pre- heating current is being passed through the motor.
B5A0	STO event Programmable event: 31.22 STO indication run/stop	Safe torque off function is active, ie. safety circuit signal(s) connected to connector STO is lost.	Informative warning. Check safety circuit connections. For more information, see chapter <i>The Safe</i> <i>torque off function</i> in the <i>Hardware</i> <i>manual</i> of the drive and description of parameter 31.22 STO indication run/stop (page 313).
D501	No more available PFC motors	No more PFC motors can be started because they can be interlocked or in the Hand mode.	Check that there are no interlocked PFC motors, see parameters: 76.8176.84. If all motors are in use, the PFC system is not adequately dimensioned to handle the demand.
D502	All motors interlocked	All the motors in the PFC system are interlocked.	Check that there are no interlocked PFC motors, see parameters 76.8176.84.
D503	VSD controlled PFC motor interlocked	The motor connected to the drive is interlocked (unavailable).	Motor connected to the drive is interlocked and thus cannot be started. Remove the corresponding interlock to start the drive controlled PFC motor. See parameters 76.8176.84.

# Fault messages

Code (hex)	Fault / Aux. code	Cause	What to do
1080	Backup/Restore timeout	Control panel or PC tool has failed to communicate with the drive when backup was being made or restored.	Request backup or restore again.
1081	Rating ID fault	Drive software has not been able to read the rating ID of the drive.	Reset the fault to make the drive try to reread the rating ID. If the fault reappears, cycle the power to the drive. You may have to be repeat this. If the fault persists, contact your local ABB representative.
2281	Calibration	Measured offset of output phase current measurement or difference between output phase U2 and W2 current measurement is too great (the values are updated during current calibration).	Try performing the current calibration again (select <i>Current measurement</i> <i>calibration</i> at parameter 99.13). If the fault persists, contact your local ABB representative. Auxiliary codes are shown below.
	0001	Too high offset error in U- phase current.	
	0002	Too high offset error in V- phase current.	
	0003	Too high offset error in W- phase current.	
	0004	Too high gain difference detected between phase current measurements.	
2310	Overcurrent	Output current has exceeded internal fault limit. In addition to an actual overcurrent situation, this fault may also be caused by an earth fault or supply phase loss.	Check motor load. Check acceleration times in parameter group 23 Speed reference ramp (speed control), 26 Torque reference chain (torque control) or 28 Frequency reference chain (frequency control). Also check parameters 46.01 Speed scaling, 46.02 Frequency scaling and 46.03 Torque scaling. Check motor and motor cable (including phasing and delta/star connection). Check there are no contactors opening and closing in motor cable. Check that the start-up data in parameter group 99 corresponds to the motor rating plate. Check that there are no power factor correction capacitors or surge absorbers in motor cable. Check for an earth fault in motor or motor cables by measuring the insulation resistances of motor and motor cable. See chapter <i>Electrical installation</i> , section <i>Checking the insulation of the</i> <i>assembly</i> in the <i>Hardware manual</i> of the drive.

Code (hex)	Fault / Aux. code	Cause	What to do
2330	Earth leakage	Drive has detected load unbalance typically due to earth fault in motor or motor cable.	Check there are no power factor correction capacitors or surge absorbers in motor cable. Check for an earth fault in motor or motor cables by measuring the insulation resistances of motor and motor cable. Try running the motor in scalar control mode if allowed. (See parameter 99.04 <i>Motor control mode.</i> ) If no earth fault can be detected, contact your local ABB representative.
2340	Short circuit	Short-circuit in motor cable(s) or motor	Check motor and motor cable for cabling errors. Check there are no power factor correction capacitors or surge absorbers in motor cable. Cycle the power to the drive.
	0080	State feedback from output phases does not match control signals. For frames R6 and R7.	
2381	IGBT overload	Excessive IGBT junction to case temperature. This fault protects the IGBT(s) and can be activated by a short circuit in the motor cable.	Check motor cable. Check ambient conditions. Check air flow and fan operation. Check heatsink fins for dust pick-up. Check motor power against drive power.
3130	Input phase loss Programmable fault: 31.21 Supply phase loss	Intermediate circuit DC voltage is oscillating due to missing input power line phase or blown fuse.	Check input power line fuses. Check for loose power cable connections. Check for input power supply imbalance.
3181	Wiring or earth fault Programmable fault: 31.23 Wiring or earth fault	Incorrect input power and motor cable connection (ie. input power cable is connected to drive motor connection).	Check input power connections.
3210	DC link overvoltage	Excessive intermediate circuit DC voltage.	Check that overvoltage control is on (parameter 30.30 Overvoltage control). Check that the supply voltage matches the nominal input voltage of the drive. Check the supply line for static or transient overvoltage. Check brake chopper and resistor (if present). Check deceleration time. Use coast-to-stop function (if applicable). Retrofit drive with brake chopper and brake resistor. Check that the brake resistor is dimensioned properly and the resistance is between acceptable range for the drive.

Code (hex)	Fault / Aux. code	Cause	What to do
3220	DC link undervoltage	Intermediate circuit DC voltage is not sufficient because of a missing supply phase, blown fuse or fault in the rectifier bridge.	Check supply cabling, fuses and switchgear.
3381	Output phase loss Programmable fault: 31.19 Motor phase loss	Motor circuit fault due to missing motor connection (all three phases are not connected).	Connect motor cable.
4110	Control board temperature	Control unit temperature is too high.	Check proper cooling of the drive. Check the auxiliary cooling fan.
4210	IGBT overtemperature	Estimated drive IGBT temperature is excessive.	Check ambient conditions. Check air flow and fan operation. Check heatsink fins for dust pick-up. Check motor power against drive power.
4290	Cooling	Drive module temperature is excessive.	Check ambient temperature. If it exceeds 40 °C/104 °F (IP21 frames R4R9) or if it exceeds 50 °C /122 °F (IP21 frames R1R9), ensure that load current does not exceed derated load capacity of drive. For all P55 frames, check the derating temperatures. See chapter <i>Technical data</i> , section <i>Derating</i> in the <i>Hardware manual</i> of the drive. Check drive module cooling air flow and fan operation. Check inside of cabinet and heatsink of drive module for dust pick-up. Clean whenever necessary.
42F1	IGBT temperature	Drive IGBT temperature is excessive.	Check ambient conditions. Check air flow and fan operation. Check heatsink fins for dust pick-up. Check motor power against drive power.
4310	Excess temperature	Power unit module temperature is excessive.	See A4B0 Excess temperature (page 484).
4380	Excess temperature difference	High temperature difference between the IGBTs of different phases.	Check the motor cabling. Check cooling of drive module(s).
4981	External temperature 1 (Editable message text)	Measured temperature 1 has exceeded fault limit.	Check the value of parameter 35.02 Measured temperature 1. Check the cooling of the motor (or other equipment whose temperature is being measured).
4982	External temperature 2 (Editable message text)	Measured temperature 2 has exceeded fault limit.	Check the value of parameter 35.03 Measured temperature 2. Check the cooling of the motor (or other equipment whose temperature is being measured).
4990	CPTC-02 not found	CPTC-02 extension module is not detected in option slot 2.	Power down the drive and check that the module is properly inserted in option slot 2. See also <i>CPTC-02 ATEX-certified thermistor protection module</i> , <i>Ex II (2) GD (+L537+Q971) user's manual (3AXD50000030058 [English].</i>

Code (hex)	Fault / Aux. code	Cause	What to do
4991	Safe motor temperature	<ul> <li>The CPTC-02 module indicates overtemperature:</li> <li>motor temperature is too high, or</li> <li>the thermistor is in short- circuit or disconnected</li> </ul>	Check the cooling of the motor. Check the motor load and drive ratings. Check the wiring of the temperature sensor. Repair wiring if faulty. Measure the resistance of the sensor. Replace the sensor if faulty.
5080	Fan	Cooling fan feedback missing. For frame sizes R6 or larger.	See A581 Fan (page 484).
5081	Auxiliary fan broken	An auxiliary cooling fan (connected to the fan connectors on the control unit) is stuck or disconnected.	Check the auxiliary code. Check auxiliary fan(s) and connection(s). Replace fan if faulty. Make sure the front cover of the drive is in place and tightened. If the commissioning of the drive requires th the cover is off, activate parameter <i>31.36 Aux fan fault function</i> within 2 min from control unit reboot to temporarily suppress the fault. Reboot the control unit (using parameter <i>96.08 Control board boot</i> ) or by cycling power.
	0001	Auxiliary fan 1 broken.	
	0002	Auxiliary fan 2 broken.	
5090	STO hardware failure	STO hardware diagnostics has detected hardware failure.	Contact your local ABB representative for hardware replacement.
5091	Safe torque off Programmable fault: 31.22 STO indication run/stop	Safe torque off function is active, that is, safety circuit signal(s) connected to connector STO is broken during start or run.	Check safety circuit connections. For more information, see chapter <i>The Safe</i> <i>torque off function</i> in the <i>Hardware</i> <i>manual</i> of the drive and description of parameter 31.22 STO indication run/stop (page 313). Check the value of parameter 95.04 <i>Control board supply</i> .
5092	PU logic error	Power unit memory has cleared.	Contact your local ABB representative.
5093	Rating ID mismatch	The hardware of the drive does not match the information stored in the memory. This may occur, for example, after a firmware update.	Cycle the power to the drive. You may have to be repeat this.
5094	Measurement circuit temperature	Problem with internal temperature measurement of the drive.	Contact your local ABB representative.
5089	SMT circuit malfunction	Safe motor temperature fault is generated and STO event/fault/warning is not generated. <b>Note:</b> If only one STO channel is opened, fault <i>5090 STO</i> <i>hardware failure</i> is generated.	Check connection between the relay output of the module and the STO terminal.
5098	I/O communication loss	Communication failure to standard I/O.	Try resetting the fault or cycle the power to the drive.

Code (hex)	Fault / Aux. code	Cause	What to do
50A0	Fan	Cooling fan stuck or disconnected.	Check fan operation and connection. Replace fan if faulty.
5681	PU communication	Communication errors detected between the drive control unit and the power unit.	Check the connection between the drive control unit and the power unit. Check the value of parameter 95.04 Control board supply.
5682	Power unit lost	Connection between the drive control unit and the power unit is lost.	Check the connection between the control unit and the power unit.
5691	Measurement circuit ADC	Measurement circuit fault.	Contact your local ABB representative.
5692	PU board powerfail	Power unit power supply failure.	Contact your local ABB representative.
5693	Measurement circuit DFF	Measurement circuit fault.	Contact your local ABB representative.
5697	Charging feedback	Charging feedback signal missing.	Check the feedback signal coming from the charging system
5698	Unknown PU fault	The power unit logic has generated a fault which is not known by the software.	Check the logic and software compatibility.
6181	FPGA version incompatible	Firmware and FPGA versions are incompatible.	Reboot the control unit (using parameter 96.08 Control board boot) or by cycling power. If the problem persists, contact your local ABB representative
6200	Checksum mismatch	Parameter checksum 96.68 Actual checksumA does not match 96.71 Approved checksum A and/ or parameter checksum 96.69 Actual checksumB does not match 96.72 Approved checksum B.	Revert parameter changes made after approving the checksum. If parameter changes are valid, approve new checksum by setting parameter 96.55 Checksum control word bit 12 (Set approved checksum A) and/or 13 (Set approved checksum B) to 1 = Set.
6306	FBA A mapping file	Fieldbus adapter A mapping file read error.	Contact your local ABB representative.
6481	Task overload	Internal fault.	Reboot the control unit (using parameter 96.08 Control board boot) or by cycling power. If the problem persists, contact your local ABB representative
6487	Stack overflow	Internal fault.	Reboot the control unit (using parameter 96.08 Control board boot) or by cycling power. If the problem persists, contact your local ABB representative
64A1	Internal file load	File read error.	Reboot the control unit (using parameter 96.08 Control board boot) or by cycling power. If the problem persists, contact your local ABB representative
64A4	Rating ID fault	Rating ID load error.	Contact your local ABB representative.

Code (hex)	Fault / Aux. code	Cause	What to do
64A6	Adaptive program	Error running the adaptive program.	Check the auxiliary code (format XXYY ZZZZ). "XX" specifies the number of the state (00=base program) and "YY" specifies the number of the function block (0000=generic error). "ZZZZ" indicates the problem.
	A000	Program corrupted or block non-existent	Restore the template program or download the program to the drive.
	000C	Required block input missing	Check the inputs of the block.
	000E	Program corrupted or block non-existent	Restore the template program or download the program to the drive.
	0011	Program too large.	Remove blocks until the error stops.
	0012	Program is empty.	Correct the program and download it to the drive.
	001C	A non-existing parameter or block is used in the program.	Edit the program to correct the parameter reference, or to use an existing block.
	001D	Parameter type invalid for selected pin.	Edit the program to correct the parameter reference.
	001E	Output to parameter failed because the parameter was write-protected.	Check the parameter reference in the program. Check for other sources affecting the target parameter.
	0023		Adapt the program to current block
	0024	current firmware version.	library and firmware version.
	Other	-	Contact your local ABB representative, quoting the auxiliary code.
64B1	Internal SSW fault	Internal fault.	Reboot the control unit (using parameter 96.08 Control board boot) or by cycling power. If the problem persists, contact your local ABB representative.
64B2	User set fault	Loading of user parameter set failed because • requested set does not exist • set is not compatible with control program • drive was switched off during loading.	Ensure that a valid user parameter set exists. Reload if uncertain.
64B3	Macro parameterization error	Macro parameterization failed, for example, because parameter default value that cannot be changed has been attempted to write.	
64E1	Kernel overload	Operating system error.	Reboot the control unit (using parameter 96.08 Control board boot) or by cycling power. If the problem persists, contact your local ABB representative.
6581	Parameter system	Parameter load or save failed.	Try forcing a save using parameter 96.07 <i>Parameter save manually</i> . Retry.

Code (hex)	Fault / Aux. code	Cause	What to do
6591	Backup/Restore timeout	During backup creating or restoring operation a control panel or PC-tool has failed to communicate with the drive as part this operation.	Check control panel or PC-tool communication and if it is still in backup or restore state.
65A1	FBA A parameter conflict	The drive does not have a functionality requested by PLC, or requested functionality has not been activated.	Check PLC programming. Check settings of parameter groups 50 Fieldbus adapter (FBA) and 51 FBA A settings.
6681	EFB comm loss Programmable fault: 58.14 Communication loss action	Communication break in embedded fieldbus (EFB) communication.	Check the status of the fieldbus master (online/offline/error etc.). Check cable connections to the EIA-485/X5 terminals 29, 30 and 31 on the control unit.
6682	EFB config file	Embedded fieldbus (EFB) configuration file could not be read.	Contact your local ABB representative.
6683	EFB invalid parameterization	Embedded fieldbus (EFB) parameter settings inconsistent or not compatible with selected protocol.	Check the settings in parameter group 58 Embedded fieldbus.
6684	EFB load fault	Embedded fieldbus (EFB) protocol firmware could not be loaded.	Contact your local ABB representative.
		Version mismatch between EFB protocol firmware and drive firmware.	
6685	EFB fault 2	Fault reserved for the EFB protocol application.	Check the documentation of the protocol.
6686	EFB fault 3	Fault reserved for the EFB protocol application.	Check the documentation of the protocol.
6882	Text 32-bit table overflow	Internal fault.	Reset the fault. Contact your local ABB representative if the fault persists.
6885	Text file overflow	Internal fault.	Reset the fault. Contact your local ABB representative if the fault persists.
7081	Control panel loss Programmable fault: 49.05 Communication loss action	Control panel or PC tool selected as active control location for drive has ceased communicating.	Check PC tool or control panel connection. Check control panel connector. Disconnect and reconnect the control panel.
7085	Incompatible option module	Fieldbus option module not supported.	Replace the module with a supported type.
7086	I/O module AI Overvoltage	Overvoltage detected in AI. AI is changed to voltage mode. AI will return automatically back to mA mode when the AI signal level is in accepted limits.	Check AI signal levels.
7121	Motor stall Programmable fault: 31.24 Stall function	Motor is operating in stall region because of, for example, excessive load or insufficient motor power.	Check motor load and drive ratings. Check fault function parameters.

Code (hex)	Fault / Aux. code	Cause	What to do
7122	Motor overload	Motor current is too high.	Check for overloaded motor. Adjust the parameters used for the motor overload function (35.5135.53) and 35.5535.56.
7181	Brake resistor	Brake resistor broken or not connected.	Check that a brake resistor has been connected. Check the condition of the brake resistor. Check the dimensioning of the brake resistor.
7183	BR excess temperature	Brake resistor temperature has exceeded fault limit defined by parameter 43.11 Brake resistor fault limit.	Stop drive. Let resistor cool down. Check resistor overload protection function settings (parameter group 43 <i>Brake chopper</i> ). Check fault limit setting, parameter 43.11 <i>Brake resistor fault limit.</i> Check that braking cycle meets allowed limits.
7184	Brake resistor wiring	Brake resistor short circuit or brake chopper control fault.	Check brake chopper and brake resistor connection. Ensure brake resistor is not damaged.
7191	BC short circuit	Short circuit in brake chopper IGBT.	Ensure brake resistor is connected and not damaged. Check the electrical specifications of the brake resistor against chapter <i>Resistor</i> <i>braking</i> in the <i>Hardware manual</i> of the drive. Replace brake chopper (if replaceable).
7192	BC IGBT excess temperature	Brake chopper IGBT temperature has exceeded internal fault limit.	Let chopper cool down. Check for excessive ambient temperature. Check for cooling fan failure. Check for obstructions in the air flow. Check resistor overload protection function settings (parameter group 43 <i>Brake chopper</i> ). Check that braking cycle meets allowed limits. Check that drive supply AC voltage is not excessive.
7310	Overspeed	Motor is turning faster than highest allowed speed due to incorrectly set minimum/maximum speed, insufficient braking torque or changes in load when using torque reference.	Check minimum/maximum speed settings, parameters 30.11 Minimum speed and 30.12 Maximum speed. Check adequacy of motor braking torque. Check applicability of torque control. Check need for brake chopper and resistor(s).
73B0	Emergency ramp failed	Emergency stop did not finish within expected time.	Check the settings of parameters 31.32 Emergency ramp supervision and 31.33 Emergency ramp supervision delay. Check the predefined ramp times (23.1123.15 for mode Off1, 23.23 for mode Off3).
73F0	Overfrequency	Maximum allowed output frequency exceeded.	Check the auxiliary code.

Code (hex)	Fault / Aux. code	Cause	What to do
	00FA	Motor is turning faster than the highest allowed frequency due to incorrectly set minimum/maximum frequency or the motor rushes because of too high supply voltage or incorrect supply voltage selection in parameter 95.01 Supply voltage.	Check minimum/maximum frequency settings, parameters 30.13 Minimum frequency and 30.14 Maximum frequency. Check used supply voltage and voltage selection parameter 95.01 Supply voltage.
	Other	-	Contact your local ABB representative, quoting the auxiliary code.
7510	FBA A communication Programmable fault: 50.02 FBA A comm loss func	Cyclical communication between drive and fieldbus adapter module A or between PLC and fieldbus adapter module A is lost.	Check status of fieldbus communication. See user documentation of fieldbus interface. Check settings of parameter groups 50 <i>Fieldbus adapter (FBA), 51 FBA A</i> <i>settings, 52 FBA A data in</i> and 53 <i>FBA A</i> <i>data out.</i> Check cable connections. Check if communication master is able to communicate.
8001	ULC underload fault	User load curve: Signal has been too long under the underload curve.	See parameter 37.04 ULC underload actions.
8002	ULC overload fault	User load curve: Signal has been too long over the overload curve.	See parameter 37.03 ULC overload actions.
80A0	Al supervision Programmable fault: 12.03 Al supervision function	An analog signal is outside the limits specified for the analog input.	Check signal level at the analog input. Check the auxiliary code. Check the wiring connected to the input. Check the minimum and maximum limits of the input in parameter group 12 Standard AI.
	0001	AI1LessMIN	
	0002	AI1GreaterMAX	
	0003	Al2LessMIN.	
	0004	AI2GreaterMAX	
80B0	Signal supervision 1 (Editable message text) Programmable fault: 32.06 Supervision 1 action	Fault generated by the signal supervision function 1.	Check the source of the fault (parameter 32.07 Supervision 1 signal).
80B1	Signal supervision 2 (Editable message text) Programmable fault: 32.16 Supervision 2 action	Fault generated by the signal supervision function 2.	Check the source of the fault (parameter 32.17 Supervision 2 signal).
80B2	Signal supervision 3 (Editable message text) Programmable fault: 32.26 Supervision 3 action	Fault generated by the signal supervision function 3.	Check the source of the fault (parameter 32.27 Supervision 3 signal).
80B3	Signal supervision 4 (Editable message text) Programmable fault: 32.36 Supervision 4 action	Fault generated by the signal supervision function 4.	Check the source of the fault (parameter 32.37 Supervision 4 signal).

Code (hex)	Fault / Aux. code	Cause	What to do
80B4	Signal supervision 5 (Editable message text) Programmable fault: 32.46 Supervision 5 action	Fault generated by the signal supervision function 5.	Check the source of the fault (parameter 32.47 Supervision 5 signal).
80B5	Signal supervision 6 (Editable message text) Programmable fault: 32.56 Supervision 6 action	Fault generated by the signal supervision function 6.	Check the source of the fault (parameter 32.57 Supervision 6 signal).
9081	External fault 1 (Editable message text) Programmable fault: 31.01 External event 1 source 31.02 External event 1 type	Fault in external device 1.	Check the external device. Check setting of parameter 31.01 External event 1 source.
9082	External fault 2 (Editable message text) Programmable fault: 31.03 External event 2 source 31.04 External event 2 type	Fault in external device 2.	Check the external device. Check setting of parameter <i>31.03</i> <i>External event 2 source</i> .
9083	External fault 3 (Editable message text) Programmable fault: 31.05 External event 3 source 31.06 External event 3 type	Fault in external device 3.	Check the external device. Check setting of parameter <i>31.05</i> <i>External event 3 source</i> .
9084	External fault 4 (Editable message text) Programmable fault: 31.07 External event 4 source 31.08 External event 4 type	Fault in external device 4.	Check the external device. Check setting of parameter <i>31.07</i> <i>External event 4 source</i> .
9085	External fault 5 (Editable message text) Programmable fault: 31.09 External event 5 source 31.10 External event 5 type	Fault in external device 5.	Check the external device. Check setting of parameter <i>31.09</i> <i>External event 5 source</i> .
FA81	Safe torque off 1	Safe torque off function is active, ie. STO circuit 1 is broken.	Check safety circuit connections. For more information, see chapter <i>The Safe</i> <i>torque off function</i> in the <i>Hardware</i> <i>manual</i> of the drive and description of parameter 31.22 STO <i>indication run/stop</i> (page 313). Check the value of parameter 95.04 <i>Control board supply</i> .
FA82	Safe torque off 2	Safe torque off function is active, ie. STO circuit 2 is broken.	

Code (hex)	Fault / Aux. code	Cause	What to do
FF61	ID run	Motor ID run was not completed successfully.	Check the nominal motor values in parameter group <i>99 Motor data</i> . Check that no external control system is connected to the drive. Cycle the power to the drive (and its control unit, if powered separately). Check that no operation limits prevent the completion of the ID run. Restore parameters to default settings and try again. Check that the motor shaft is not locked. Check the auxiliary code. The second number of the code indicates the problem (see actions for each code below).
	0001	Maximum current limit too low.	Check settings of parameters $99.06$ Motor nominal current and $30.17$ Maximum current. Make sure that 30.17 > 99.06. Check that the drive is dimensioned correctly according to the motor.
	0002	Maximum speed limit or calculated field weakening point too low.	Check settings of parameters • 30.11 Minimum speed • 30.12 Maximum speed • 99.07 Motor nominal voltage • 99.08 Motor nominal frequency • 99.09 Motor nominal speed. Make sure that • $30.12 > (0.55 \times 99.09) >$ $(0.50 \times$ synchronous speed) • $30.11 \le 0$ , and • supply voltage $\ge (0.66 \times 99.07)$ .
	0003	Maximum torque limit too low.	Check settings of parameter 99.12 Motor nominal torque, and the torque limits in group 30 Limits. Make sure that the maximum torque limit in force is greater than 100%.
	0004	Current measurement calibration did not finish within reasonable time	Contact your local ABB representative.
	0005	Motor not connected to the drive.	Check the motor connection.
	00060008	Internal error.	Contact your local ABB representative.
	0009	(Asynchronous motors only) Acceleration did not finish within reasonable time.	Contact your local ABB representative.
	A000	(Asynchronous motors only) Deceleration did not finish within reasonable time.	Contact your local ABB representative.
	000B	(Asynchronous motors only) Speed dropped to zero during ID run.	Contact your local ABB representative.

Code (hex)	Fault / Aux. code	Cause	What to do
	000C	(Permanent magnet motors only) First acceleration did not finish within reasonable time.	Contact your local ABB representative.
	000D	(Permanent magnet motors only) Second acceleration did not finish within reasonable time.	Contact your local ABB representative.
	000E0010	Internal error.	Contact your local ABB representative.
	0011	(Synchronous reluctance motors only) Pulse test error.	Contact your local ABB representative.
	0012	Motor too large for advanced standstill ID run.	Check that the motor and drive sizes are compatible. Contact your local ABB representative.
	0013	(Asynchronous motors only) Motor data error.	Check that the motor nominal value settings in the drive are the same as in the motor nameplate. Contact your local ABB representative.
FF63	STO diagnostics failure.	SW internal malfunction.	Reboot the control unit (using parameter 96.08 Control board boot) or by cycling power.
FF81	FB A force trip	A fault trip command has been received through fieldbus adapter A.	Check the fault information provided by the PLC.
FF8E	EFB force trip	A fault trip command has been received through the embedded fieldbus interface.	Check the fault information provided by the PLC.

# 10

### Fieldbus control through the embedded fieldbus interface (EFB)

#### What this chapter contains

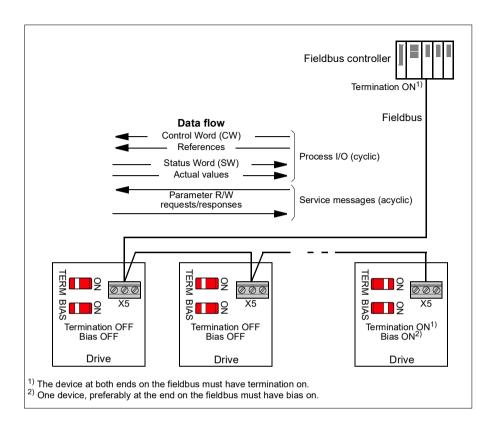
The chapter describes how the drive can be controlled by external devices over a communication network (fieldbus) using the embedded fieldbus interface.

#### System overview

The drive can be connected to an external control system through a communication link using either a fieldbus adapter or the embedded fieldbus interface.

The embedded fieldbus interface supports the Modbus RTU protocol. The drive control program can handle 10 Modbus registers in a 10-millisecond time level. For example, if the drive receives a request to read 20 registers, it will start its response within 22 ms of receiving the request – 20 ms for processing the request and 2 ms overhead for handling the bus. The actual response time depends on other factors as well, such as the baud rate (a parameter setting in the drive).

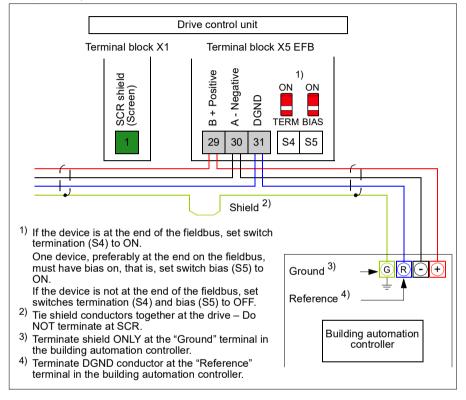
The drive can be set to receive all of its control information through the fieldbus interface, or the control can be distributed between the embedded fieldbus interface and other available sources, for example, digital and analog inputs.



#### Connecting the drive to the fieldbus

Connect terminal block X5 on the control unit of the drive to the fieldbus. The connection diagram is shown below.

Use preferably three conductors and a shield for the connection.



#### Setting up the embedded fieldbus interface

Set the drive up for the embedded fieldbus communication with the parameters shown in the table below. The **Setting for fieldbus control** column gives either the value to use or the default value. The **Function/Information column** gives a description of the parameter.

Parame	eter	Setting for fieldbus control	Function/Information					
COMMUNICATION INITIALIZATION								
58.01	Protocol enable	Modbus RTU	Initializes embedded fieldbus communication.					
EMBED	DED MODBUS C	ONFIGURATION						
58.03	Node address	1 (default)	Node address. There must be no two nodes with the same node address online.					
58.04	Baud rate	19.2 kbps (default)	Defines the communication speed of the link. Use the same setting as in the master station.					
58.05	Parity	8 EVEN 1 (default)	Selects the parity and stop bit setting. Use the same setting as in the master station.					
58.14	Communication loss action	<i>Fault</i> (default)	Defines the action taken when a communication loss is detected.					
58.15	Communication loss mode	<i>Cw / Ref1 / Ref2</i> (default)	Enables/disables communication loss monitoring and defines the means for resetting the counter of the communication loss delay.					
58.16	Communication loss time	3.0 s (default)	Defines the timeout limit for the communication monitoring.					
58.17	Transmit delay	0 ms (default)	Defines a response delay for the drive.					
58.25	Control profile	ABB Drives (default)	Selects the control profile used by the drive. See section <i>Basics of the embedded fieldbus</i> <i>interface</i> (page <i>511</i> ).					
58.26 58.27	EFB ref1 type EFB ref2 type	Speed or frequency (default for 58.26), Transparent, General, Torque (default for 58.27), Speed, Frequency	Defines the types of fieldbus references 1 and 2. The scaling for each reference type is defined by parameters 46.0146.03. With the Speed or frequency setting, the type is selected automatically according to the currently active drive control mode.					
58.28 58.29	EFB act1 type EFB act2 type	Speed or frequency (default for 58.28), Transparent (default for 58.29), General, Torque, Speed, Frequency	Defines the types of actual values 1 and 2. The scaling for each actual value type is defined by parameters 46.0146.03. With the Speed or frequency setting, the type is selected automatically according to the currently active drive control mode.					

Parameter		Setting for fieldbus control	when the 58.26 EFB ref1 type (58.27 EFB ref2 type) is set to Transparent. Defines the mapping between parameters and holding registers in the 400001465536 (10065535) Modbus register range. Defines the order of the data words in the Modbus message frame.		
58.31 58.32	EFB act1 transparent source EFB act2 transparent source	Other	Defines the source of actual values 1 and 2 when the <i>58.26 EFB ref1 type</i> ( <i>58.27 EFB</i> <i>ref2 type</i> ) is set to <i>Transparent</i> .		
58.33	Addressing mode	<i>Mode 0</i> (default)	Defines the mapping between parameters and holding registers in the 400001465536 (10065535) Modbus register range.		
58.34	Word order	LO-HI (default)	Defines the order of the data words in the Modbus message frame.		
	Data I/O 1  Data I/O 14	For example, the default settings (I/Os 16 contain the control word, the status word, two references and two actual values)	Defines the address of the drive parameter which the Modbus master accesses when it reads from or writes to the register address corresponding to Modbus In/Out parameters. Select the parameters that you want to read or write through the Modbus I/O words.		
		RO/DIO control word, AO1 data storage, AO2 data storage, Feedback data storage, Setpoint data storage	These settings write the incoming data into storage parameters 10.99 RO/DIO control word, 13.91 AO1 data storage, 13.92 AO2 data storage, 40.91 Feedback data storage or 40.92 Setpoint data storage.		
58.06	Communication control	Refresh settings	Validates the settings of the configuration parameters.		

The new settings will take effect when the drive is powered up the next time, or when they are validated by parameter *58.06 Communication control* (*Refresh settings*).

#### Setting the drive control parameters

After the embedded fieldbus interface has been set up, check and adjust the drive control parameters listed in the table below. The **Setting for fieldbus control** column gives the value or values to use when the embedded fieldbus signal is the desired source or destination for that particular drive control signal. The

Function/Information column gives a description of the parameter.

Parameter	Setting for fieldbus control	Function/Information	
CONTROL COMMAND SOURCE SELECTION			
20.01 Ext1 commands	Embedded fieldbus	Selects fieldbus as the source for the start and stop commands when EXT1 is selected as the active control location.	

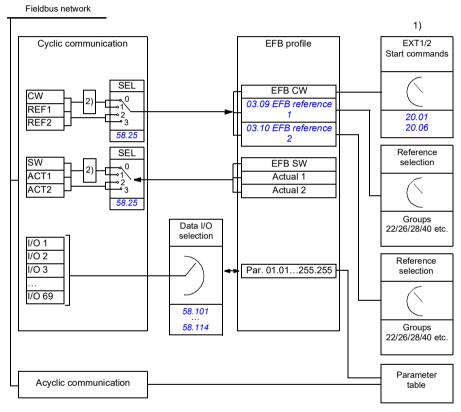
Parameter	Setting for fieldbus control	Function/Information			
20.06 Ext2 commands	Embedded fieldbus	Selects fieldbus as the source for the start and stop commands when EXT2 is selected as the active control location.			
SPEED REFERENCE	SELECTION				
22.11 Ext1 speed ref1	EFB ref1	Selects a reference received through the embedded fieldbus interface as speed reference 1.			
22.18 Ext2 speed ref1	EFB ref1	Selects a reference received through the embedded fieldbus interface as speed reference 2.			
TORQUE REFERENC	E SELECTION				
26.11 Torque ref1 source	EFB ref1	Selects a reference received through the embedded fieldbus interface as torque reference 1.			
26.12 Torque ref2 source	EFB ref1	Selects a reference received through the embedded fieldbus interface as torque reference 2.			
FREQUENCY REFER	ENCE SELECTION				
28.11 Ext1 frequency ref1	EFB ref1	Selects a reference received through the embedded fieldbus interface as frequency reference 1.			
28.15 Ext2 frequency ref1	EFB ref1	Selects a reference received through the embedded fieldbus interface as frequency reference 2.			
OTHER SELECTIONS	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i				
EFB references can be selected as the source at virtually any signal selector parameter by selecting <i>Other</i> , then either 03.09 <i>EFB</i> reference 1 or 03.10 <i>EFB</i> reference 2.					
SYSTEM CONTROL IN	NPUTS				
96.07 Parameter save manually	Save (reverts to Done)	Saves parameter value changes (including those made through fieldbus control) to			

permanent memory.

#### Basics of the embedded fieldbus interface

The cyclic communication between a fieldbus system and the drive consists of 16-bit data words or 32-bit data words (with a transparent control profile).

The diagram below illustrates the operation of the embedded fieldbus interface. The signals transferred in the cyclic communication are explained further below the diagram.



1) See also other parameters which can be controlled through fieldbus.

 Data conversion if parameter 58.25 Control profile is set to ABB Drives. See section About the control profiles (page 514).

#### Control word and Status word

The Control Word (CW) is a 16-bit or 32-bit packed boolean word. It is the principal means of controlling the drive from a fieldbus system. The CW is sent by the fieldbus controller to the drive. With drive parameters, the user selects the EFB CW as the source of drive control commands (such as start/stop, emergency stop, selection between external control locations 1/2, or fault reset). The drive switches between its states according to the bit-coded instructions of the CW.

The fieldbus CW is either written to the drive as it is or the data is converted. See section *About the control profiles* (page 514).

The fieldbus Status Word (SW) is a 16-bit or 32-bit packed boolean word. It contains status information from the drive to the fieldbus controller. The drive SW is either written to the fieldbus SW as it is or the data is converted. See section *About the control profiles* (page 514).

#### References

EFB references 1 and 2 are 16-bit or 32-bit signed integers. The contents of each reference word can be used as the source of virtually any signal, such as the speed, frequency, torque or process reference. In embedded fieldbus communication, references 1 and 2 are displayed by 03.09 EFB reference 1 and 03.10 EFB reference 2 respectively. Whether the references are scaled or not depends on the settings of 58.26 EFB ref1 type and 58.27 EFB ref2 type. See section About the control profiles (page 514).

#### Actual values

Fieldbus actual signals (ACT1 and ACT2) are 16-bit or 32-bit signed integers. They convey selected drive parameter values from the drive to the master. Whether the actual values are scaled or not depends on the settings of *58.28 EFB act1 type* and *58.29 EFB act2 type*. See section *About the control profiles* (page *514*).

#### Data input/outputs

Data input/outputs are 16-bit or 32-bit words containing selected drive parameter values. Parameters 58.101 Data I/O 1 ... 58.114 Data I/O 14 define the addresses from which the master either reads data (input) or to which it writes data (output).

#### Register addressing

The address field of Modbus requests for accessing holding registers is 16 bits. This allows the Modbus protocol to support addressing of 65536 holding registers.

Historically, Modbus master devices used 5-digit decimal addresses from 40001 to 49999 to represent holding register addresses. The 5-digit decimal addressing limited to 9999 the number of holding registers that could be addressed.

Modern Modbus master devices typically provide a means to access the full range of 65536 Modbus holding registers. One of these methods is to use 6-digit decimal addresses from 400001 to 465536. This manual uses 6-digit decimal addressing to represent Modbus holding register addresses.

Modbus master devices that are limited to the 5-digit decimal addressing may still access registers 400001 to 409999 by using 5-digit decimal addresses 40001 to 49999. Registers 410000-465536 are inaccessible to these masters.

See parameter 58.33 Addressing mode.

**Note:** Register addresses of 32-bit parameters cannot be accessed by using 5-digit register numbers.

#### About the control profiles

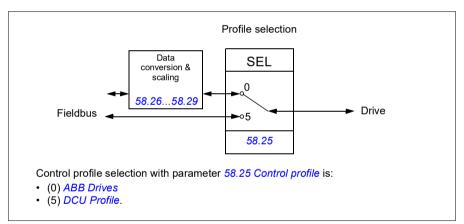
A control profile defines the rules for data transfer between the drive and the fieldbus master, for example:

- · if packed boolean words are converted and how
- · if signal values are scaled and how
- · how drive register addresses are mapped for the fieldbus master.

You can configure the drive to receive and send messages according to one of the two profiles:

- ABB Drives
- DCU Profile.

For the ABB Drives profile, the embedded fieldbus interface of the drive converts the fieldbus data to and from the native data used in the drive. The DCU Profile involves no data conversion or scaling. The figure below illustrates the effect of the profile selection.



#### **Control Word**

#### Control Word for the ABB Drives profile

The table below shows the contents of the fieldbus Control Word for the ABB Drives control profile. The embedded fieldbus interface converts this word to the form in which it is used in the drive. The upper case boldface text refers to the states shown in *State transition diagram for the ABB Drives profile* on page 522.

Bit	Name	Value	STATE/Description
0	OFF1_	1	Proceed to READY TO OPERATE.
	CONTROL	0	Stop along currently active deceleration ramp. Proceed to OFF1 ACTIVE; proceed to READY TO SWITCH ON unless other interlocks (OFF2, OFF3) are active.
1	OFF2_	1	Continue operation (OFF2 inactive).
	CONTROL	0	Emergency OFF, coast to stop. Proceed to <b>OFF2 ACTIVE</b> , proceed to <b>SWITCH-ON</b> INHIBITED.
2	OFF3_	1	Continue operation (OFF3 inactive).
	CONTROL	0	Emergency stop, stop within time defined by drive parameter. Proceed to <b>OFF3 ACTIVE</b> ; proceed to <b>SWITCH-ON INHIBITED</b> .
			<b>Warning:</b> Ensure that the motor and driven machine can be stopped using this stop mode.
3	INHIBIT_	1	Proceed to OPERATION ENABLED.
	OPERATION	RATION	<b>Note:</b> Run enable signal must be active; see the drive documentation. If the drive is set to receive the Run enable signal from the fieldbus, this bit activates the signal. See also parameter <i>06.18 Start inhibit status word</i> (page 212).
		0	Inhibit operation. Proceed to <b>OPERATION INHIBITED</b> .
4	RAMP_OUT_ ZERO	1	Normal operation. Proceed to RAMP FUNCTION GENERATOR: OUTPUT ENABLED.
		0	Force Ramp Function Generator output to zero. Drive ramps to stop (current and DC voltage limits in force).
5	RAMP_HOLD	1	ramp function. Proceed to RAMP FUNCTION GENERATOR: ACCELERATOR ENABLED.
		0	Halt ramping (Ramp Function Generator output held).
6	RAMP_IN_	1	Normal operation. Proceed to <b>OPERATING</b> .
	ZERO		<b>Note:</b> This bit is effective only if the fieldbus interface is set as the source for this signal by drive parameters.
		0	Force Ramp Function Generator input to zero.

Bit	Name	Value	STATE/Description
7	RESET	0=>1	Fault reset if an active fault exists. Proceed to <b>SWITCH-ON INHIBITED</b> .
			<b>Note:</b> This bit is effective only if the fieldbus interface is set as the source for this signal by drive parameters.
		0	Continue normal operation.
8	JOGGING_1	1	Request running at Jogging 1 speed. <b>Note:</b> This bit is effective only if the fieldbus interface is set as the source for this signal by drive parameters.
		0	Continue normal operation.
9	JOGGING_2	1	Request running at Jogging 2 speed. <b>Note:</b> This bit is effective only if the fieldbus interface is set as the source for this signal by drive parameters.
		0	Continue normal operation.
10	REMOTE_ CMD	1	Fieldbus control d.
		0	Control Word <> 0 or Reference <> 0: Retain last Control Word and Reference.
			Control Word = 0 and Reference = 0: Fieldbus control d. Reference and deceleration/acceleration ramp are locked.
11	EXT_CTRL_ LOC	1	Select External Control Location EXT2. Effective if the control location is parameterized to be selected from the fieldbus.
		0	Select External Control Location EXT1. Effective if the control location is parameterized to be selected from the fieldbus.
12	USER_0		Writable control bits that can be combined with drive logic
13	USER_1		for application-specific functionality.
14	USER_2		
15	USER_3		

#### Control Word for the DCU Profile

The embedded fieldbus interface writes the fieldbus Control Word as is to the drive Control Word bits 0 to 15. Bits 16 to 32 of the drive Control Word are not in use.

Bit	Name	Value	State/Description
0	STOP	1	Stop according to the Stop Mode parameter or the stop mode request bits (bits 79).
		0	(no op)
1	START	1	Start the drive.
		0	(no op)

Bit	Name	Value	State/Description
2	REVERSE	1	Reverse direction of motor rotation.
		0	Direction of motor rotation depends on the sign of reference:
			Positive reference: Forward
			Negative reference: Reverse.
3	Reserved		
4	RESET	0=>1	Fault reset if an active fault exists.
		0	(no op)
5	EXT2	1	Select External control location EXT2. Effective if the control location is parameterized to be selected from the fieldbus.
		0	Select External control location EXT1. Effective if the control location is parameterized to be selected from the fieldbus.
6	RUN_DISABLE	1	Run disable. If the drive is set to receive the run enable signal from the fieldbus, this bit deactivates the signal.
		0	Run enable. If the drive is set to receive the run enable signal from the fieldbus, this bit activates the signal.
7	STOPMODE_RA	1	Normal ramp stop mode
	MP	0	(no op) Default to parameter stop mode if bits 7…9 are all 0.
8	STOPMODE_EM	1	Emergency ramp stop mode.
	ERGENCY_RAM P	0	(no op) Default to parameter stop mode if bits 79 are all 0.
9	STOPMODE_CO	1	Coast stop mode.
	AST	0	(no op) Default to parameter stop mode if bits 79 are all 0.
10	RAMP_PAIR _2	1	Select ramp set 2 (Acceleration time 2 / Deceleration time 2) when parameter 23.11 Ramp set selection is set to EFB DCU CW bit 10.
		0	Select ramp set 1 (Acceleration time 1 / Deceleration time 1) when parameter 23.11 Ramp set selection is set to EFB DCU CW bit 10.
11	RAMP_OUT_ZER O	1	Force Ramp Function Generator output to zero. Drive ramps to stop (current and DC voltage limits in force).
		0	Normal operation.
12	RAMP_HOLD	1	Halt ramping (Ramp Function Generator output held).
		0	Normal operation.
13	RAMP_IN_ZERO	1	Force Ramp Function Generator input to zero.
		0	Normal operation.
14	REQ_LOCAL_LO CK	1	Drive does not switch to local control mode (see parameter 19.17 Local control disable).
		0	Drive can switch between local and remote control modes.

Bit	Name	Value	State/Description
15	TORQ_LIM_PAIR _ <sup>2</sup>	1	Select torque limit set 2 (Minimum torque 2 / Maximum torque 2) when parameter <i>30.18 Torq lim sel</i> is set to <i>EFB</i> .
		0	Select torque limit set 1 (Minimum torque 1 / Maximum torque 1) when parameter <i>30.18 Torq lim sel</i> is set to <i>EFB</i> .
16	FB_LOCAL_CTL	1	Local mode for control from the fieldbus is requested. Steal control from the active source.
		0	(no op)
17 F	FB_LOCAL_REF	1	Local mode for reference from the fieldbus is requested. Steal reference from the active source.
		0	(no op)
18	Reserved for RUN_DISABLE_1		Not yet implemented.
19	Reserved		
20	Reserved		
21	Reserved		
22	USER_0		Writable control bits that can be combined with drive logic
23	USER_1		for application-specific functionality.
24	USER_2		1
25	USER_3		1
26 31	Reserved		

#### **Status Word**

#### Status Word for the ABB Drives profile

The table below shows the fieldbus Status Word for the ABB Drives control profile. The embedded fieldbus interface converts the drive Status Word into this form for the fieldbus. The upper case boldface text refers to the states shown in *State transition diagram for the ABB Drives profile* on page 522.

Bit	Name	Value	STATE/Description
0	RDY_ON	1	READY TO SWITCH ON.
		0	NOT READY TO SWITCH ON.
1	RDY_RUN	1	READY TO OPERATE.
		0	OFF1 ACTIVE.
2	RDY_REF	1	OPERATION ENABLED.
		0	OPERATION INHIBITED.
			See also parameter 06.18 Start inhibit status word (page 212).
3	TRIPPED	1	FAULT.
		0	No fault.
4	OFF_2_STATUS	1	OFF2 inactive.
		0	OFF2 ACTIVE.
5	OFF_3_STATUS	1	OFF3 inactive.
		0	OFF3 ACTIVE.
6	SWC_ON_	1	SWITCH-ON INHIBITED.
	INHIB	0	-
7	ALARM	1	Warning/Alarm.
		0	No warning/alarm.
8	AT_ SETPOINT	1	<b>OPERATING</b> . Actual value equals Reference (is within tolerance limits, for example, in speed control, speed error is 10% max. of nominal motor speed).
		0	Actual value differs from Reference (is outside tolerance limits).
9	REMOTE	1	Drive control location: REMOTE (EXT1 or EXT2).
		0	Drive control location: LOCAL.
10	ABOVE_ LIMIT	1	Actual frequency or speed equals or exceeds supervision limit (set by drive parameter). Valid in both directions of rotation. Bit 10 of 06.17 Drive status word 2.
		0	Actual frequency or speed within supervision limit.
		0	Actual inequency of speed within supervision limit.

Bit	Name	Value	STATE/Description
11	USER_0		Status bits that can be combined with drive logic for
12	USER_1		application-specific functionality.
13	USER_2		
14	USER_3		
15	Reserved		

#### Status Word for the DCU Profile

The embedded fieldbus interface writes the drive Status Word bits 0 to 15 to the fieldbus Status Word as is. Bits 16 to 32 of the drive Status Word are not in use.

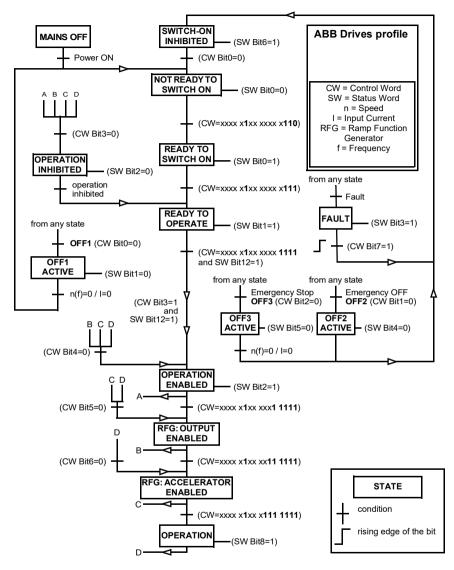
Bit	Name	Value	State/Description
0	READY	1	Drive is ready to receive the start command.
		0	Drive is not ready.
1	ENABLED	1	External run enable signal is active.
		0	External run enable signal is not active.
2	STARTED	1	Drive has received start command.
		0	Drive has not received start command.
3	RUNNING	1	Drive is modulating.
		0	Drive is not modulating.
4	ZERO_SPEED	1	Drive is at zero speed.
		0	Drive is not at zero speed.
5	ACCELERATING	1	Drive speed is increasing.
		0	Drive speed is not increasing.
6	DECELERATING	1	Drive speed is decreasing.
		0	Drive speed is not decreasing.
7	AT_SETPOINT	1	Drive is at setpoint.
		0	Drive is not at setpoint.
8	LIMIT	1	Drive operation is limited.
		0	Drive operation is not limited.
9	SUPERVISION	1	Actual value (speed, frequency or torque) is above a limit. Limit is set with parameters 46.3146.33.
		0	Actual value (speed, frequency or torque) is within limits.
10	REVERSE_REF	1	Drive reference is in the reverse direction.
		0	Drive reference is in the forward direction
11	REVERSE_ACT	1	Drive is running in the reverse direction
		0	Drive is running in the forward direction

Bit	Name	Value	State/Description
12	PANEL_LOCAL	1	Control panel/keypad (or PC tool) is in local control mode.
		0	Control panel/keypad (or PC tool) is not in local control mode.
13	FIELDBUS_LOC	1	Fieldbus is in local control mode.
	AL	0	Fieldbus is not in local control mode.
14	EXT2_ACT	1	External control location EXT2 is active.
		0	External control location EXT1 is active.
15	FAULT	1	Drive is faulted.
		0	Drive is not faulted.
16	ALARM	1	Warning/Alarm is active.
		0	No warning/alarm.
17	Reserved		
18	DIRLOCK	1	Direction lock is ON. (Direction change is locked out.)
		0	Direction lock is OFF.
19	LOCALLOCK	1	Local mode lock is ON. (Local mode is locked out.)
		0	Local mode lock is OFF.
20	CTL_MODE	1	Vector motor control mode is active.
		0	Scalar motor control mode is active.
21	Reserved		
22	USER_0		Status bits that can be combined with drive logic for
23	USER_1		application-specific functionality.
24	USER_2		
25	USER_3		
26	REQ_CTL	1	Control has been granted to this channel.
		0	Control has not been granted to this channel.
27	REQ_REF	1	Reference has been granted to this channel.
		0	Reference has not been granted to this channel.
28 31	Reserved	1	

#### State transition diagrams

#### State transition diagram for the ABB Drives profile

The diagram below shows the state transitions in the drive when the drive is using the ABB Drives profile and the drive is configured to follow the commands of the control word from the embedded fieldbus interface. The upper case texts refer to the states which are used in the tables representing the fieldbus Control and Status words. See sections *Control Word for the ABB Drives profile* on page *515* and *Status Word for the ABB Drives profile* on page *515* and *Status Word for the ABB Drives profile* on page *519*.



Start sequence:

- 476h  $\rightarrow$  NOT READY TO SWITCH ON
- If MSW bit 0 = 1 then
  - 477h  $\rightarrow$  READY TO SWITCH ON (Stopped)
  - 47Fh  $\rightarrow$  OPERATION (Running)

Stop sequence:

- 477h = Stop according to 21.03 Stop mode
- 47Eh = OFF1 ramp stop (Note: uninterruptable ramp stop)

Fault reset:

• Rising edge of MCW bit 7

Start after STO:

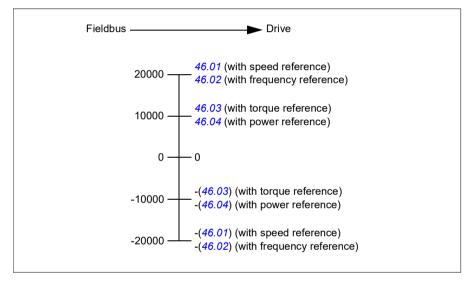
• If 31.22 STO indication run/stop is not Fault/ Fault, check that 06.18 Start inhibit status word, bit 7 STO = 0 before giving a start command.

#### References

#### References for the ABB Drives profile and DCU Profile

The ABB Drives profile supports the use of two references, EFB reference 1 and EFB reference 2. The references are 16-bit words each containing a sign bit and a 15-bit integer. A negative reference is formed by calculating the two's complement from the corresponding positive reference.

The references are scaled as defined by parameters 46.01...46.04; which scaling is in use depends on the setting of 58.26 *EFB ref1 type* and 58.27 *EFB ref2 type* (see page 397).



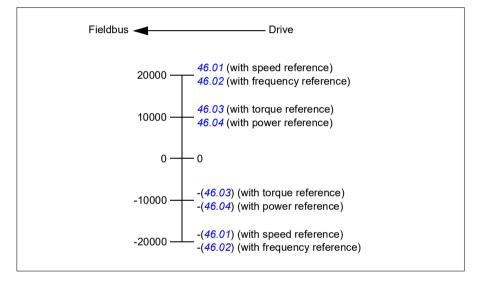
The scaled references are shown by parameters 03.09 *EFB* reference 1 and 03.10 *EFB* reference 2.

#### Actual values

#### Actual values for the ABB Drives profile and DCU Profile

The ABB Drives profile supports the use of two fieldbus actual values, ACT1 and ACT2. The actual values are 16-bit words each containing a sign bit and a 15-bit integer. A negative value is formed by calculating the two's complement from the corresponding positive value.

The actual values are scaled as defined by parameters 46.01...46.04; which scaling is in use depends on the setting of parameters 58.28 EFB act1 type and 58.29 EFB act2 type (see page 397).



#### Modbus holding register addresses

### Modbus holding register addresses for the ABB Drives profile and DCU Profile

The table below shows the default Modbus holding register addresses for the drive data with the ABB Drives profile. This profile provides a converted 16-bit access to the drive data.

**Note:** Only the 16 least significant bits of the drive's 32-bit Control and Status Words can be accessed.

**Note:** Bits 16 through 32 of the DCU Control/Status word are not in use if 16-bit control/status word is used with the DCU Profile.

Register address	Register data (16-bit words)	
400001	Default: Control word ( <i>CW</i> 16bit). See sections <i>Control Word for the ABB Drives profile</i> (page 515) and <i>Control Word for the DCU Profile</i> (page 516).	
	The selection can be changed using parameter 58.101 Data I/O 1.	
400002	Default: Reference 1 (Ref1 16bit).	
	The selection can be changed using parameter 58.102 Data I/O 2.	
400003	Default: Reference 2 (Ref2 16bit).	
	The selection can be changed using parameter 58.102 Data I/O 2.	
400004	Default: Status Word ( <i>SW 16bit</i> ). See sections <i>Status Word for the ABB Drives profile</i> (page 519) and <i>Status Word for the DCU Profile</i> (page 520).	
	The selection can be changed using parameter 58.102 Data I/O 2.	
400005	Default: Actual value 1 (Act1 16bit).	
	The selection can be changed using parameter 58.105 Data I/O 5.	
400006	Actual value 2 (Act2 16bit).	
	The selection can be changed using parameter 58.106 Data I/O 6.	
400007400014	Data in/out 714.	
	Selected by parameters 58.107 Data I/O 7 58.114 Data I/O 14.	
400015400089	Unused	
400090400100	Error code access. See section <i>Error code registers (holding registers 400090400100)</i> (page 534).	
400101465536	Parameter read/write.	
	Parameters are mapped to register addresses according to parameter <i>58.33 Addressing mode</i> .	

#### Modbus function codes

The table below shows the Modbus function codes supported by the embedded fieldbus interface.

Code	Function name	Description
01h	Read Coils	Reads the 0/1 status of coils (0X references).
02h	Read Discrete Inputs	Reads the 0/1 status of discrete inputs (1X references).
03h	Read Holding Registers	Reads the binary contents of holding registers (4X references).
05h	Write Single Coil	Forces a single coil (0X reference) to 0 or 1.
06h	Write Single Register	Writes a single holding register (4X reference).
08h	Diagnostics	<ul> <li>Provides a series of tests for checking the communication, or for checking various internal error conditions.</li> <li>Supported subcodes: <ul> <li>00h Return Query Data: Echo/loopback test.</li> <li>01h Restart Comm Option: Restarts and initializes the EFB, clears communications event counters.</li> <li>04h Force Listen Only Mode</li> <li>0Ah Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register</li> <li>0Bh Return Bus Message Count</li> <li>0Ch Return Bus Comm. Error Count</li> <li>0Dh Return Slave Message Count</li> <li>0Fh Return Slave No Response Count</li> <li>10h Return Slave NAK (negative acknowledge) Count</li> <li>11h Return Slave Busy Count</li> <li>12h Return Bus Character Overrun Count</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
0Bh	Get Comm Event Counter	Returns a status word and an event count.
0Fh	Write Multiple Coils	Forces a sequence of coils (0X references) to 0 or 1.
10h	Write Multiple Registers	Writes the contents of a contiguous block of holding registers (4X references).
16h	Mask Write Register	Modifies the contents of a 4X register using a combination of an AND mask, an OR mask, and the register's current contents.
17h	Read/Write Multiple Registers	Writes the contents of a contiguous block of 4X registers, then reads the contents of another group of registers (the same or different than those written) in a server device.

Code	Function name	Description
2Bh / 0Eh	Encapsulated Interface Transport	<ul> <li>Supported subcodes:</li> <li>OEh Read Device Identification: Allows reading the identification and other information.</li> <li>Supported ID codes (access type):</li> <li>O0h: Request to get the basic device identification</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>(stream access)</li> <li>04h: Request to get one specific identification object (individual access)</li> <li>Supported Object IDs:</li> <li>OOL (and a Name (IADDI))</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>00h: Vendor Name ("ABB")</li> <li>01h: Product Code (for example, "ASCD2" or "ASCD4")</li> </ul>
		O2h: Major Minor Revision (combination of contents of parameters 07.05 <i>Firmware version</i> and 58.02 <i>Protocol ID</i> ).
		<ul><li>03h: Vendor URL ("www.abb.com")</li><li>04h: Product name: ("ACS580").</li></ul>

#### **Exception codes**

The table below shows the Modbus exception codes supported by the embedded fieldbus interface.

Code	Name	Description
01h	ILLEGAL FUNCTION	The function code received in the query is not an allowable action for the server.
02h	ILLEGAL ADDRESS	The data address received in the query is not an allowable address for the server.
03h	ILLEGAL VALUE	The requested quantity of registers is larger than the device can handle. This error does not mean that a value written to the device is outside of the valid range.
04h	DEVICE FAILURE	An unrecoverable error occurred while the server was attempting to perform the requested action. See section <i>Error code registers (holding registers 400090400100)</i> on page 534.

#### Coils (0xxxx reference set)

Coils are 1-bit read/write values. Control Word bits are exposed with this data type. The table below summarizes the Modbus coils (0xxxx reference set). Note that the references are 1-based index which match the address transmitted on the wire.

Reference	ABB Drives profile	DCU Profile
000001	OFF1_CONTROL	STOP
000002	OFF2_CONTROL	START
000003	OFF3_CONTROL	Reserved
000004	INHIBIT_OPERATION	Reserved
000005	RAMP_OUT_ZERO	RESET
000006	RAMP_HOLD	EXT2
000007	RAMP_IN_ZERO	RUN_DISABLE
000008	RESET	STOPMODE_RAMP
000009	JOGGING_1	STOPMODE_EMERGENCY_RAMP
000010	JOGGING_2	STOPMODE_COAST
000011	REMOTE_CMD	Reserved
000012	EXT_CTRL_LOC	RAMP_OUT_ZERO
000013	USER_0	RAMP_HOLD
000014	USER_1	RAMP_IN_ZERO
000015	USER_2	Reserved
000016	USER_3	Reserved
000017	Reserved	FB_LOCAL_CTL
000018	Reserved	FB_LOCAL_REF
000019	Reserved	Reserved
000020	Reserved	Reserved
000021	Reserved	Reserved
000022	Reserved	Reserved
000023	Reserved	USER_0
000024	Reserved	USER_1
000025	Reserved	USER_2
000026	Reserved	USER_3
000027	Reserved	Reserved
000028	Reserved	Reserved
000029	Reserved	Reserved
000030	Reserved	Reserved
000031	Reserved	Reserved
000032	Reserved	Reserved

Reference	ABB Drives profile	DCU Profile
000033	Control for relay output RO1 (parameter 10.99 RO/DIO control word, bit 0)	Control for relay output RO1 (parameter 10.99 RO/DIO control word, bit 0)
000034	Control for relay output RO2 (parameter 10.99 RO/DIO control word, bit 1)	Control for relay output RO2 (parameter 10.99 RO/DIO control word, bit 1)
000035	Control for relay output RO3 (parameter 10.99 RO/DIO control word, bit 2)	Control for relay output RO3 (parameter 10.99 RO/DIO control word, bit 2)
000036	Control for relay output RO4 (parameter 10.99 RO/DIO control word, bit 3)	Control for relay output RO4 (parameter 10.99 RO/DIO control word, bit 3)
000037	Control for relay output RO5 (parameter <i>10.99 RO/DIO control word</i> , bit 4)	Control for relay output RO5 (parameter <i>10.99 RO/DIO control word</i> , bit 4)

#### Discrete inputs (1xxxx reference set)

Discrete inputs are 1-bit read-only values. Status Word bits are exposed with this data type. The table below summarizes the Modbus discrete inputs (1xxxx reference set). Note that the references are 1-based index which match the address transmitted on the wire.

Reference	ABB Drives profile	DCU Profile
100001	RDY_ON	READY
100002	RDY_RUN	D
100003	RDY_REF	Reserved
100004	TRIPPED	RUNNING
100005	OFF_2_STATUS	ZERO_SPEED
100006	OFF_3_STATUS	Reserved
100007	SWC_ON_INHIB	Reserved
100008	ALARM	AT_SETPOINT
100009	AT_SETPOINT	LIMIT
100010	REMOTE	SUPERVISION
100011	ABOVE_LIMIT	Reserved
100012	USER_0	Reserved
100013	USER_1	PANEL_LOCAL
100014	USER_2	FIELDBUS_LOCAL
100015	USER_3	EXT2_ACT
100016	Reserved	FAULT
100017	Reserved	ALARM
100018	Reserved	Reserved
100019	Reserved	Reserved
100020	Reserved	Reserved
100021	Reserved	CTL_MODE
100022	Reserved	Reserved
100023	Reserved	USER_0
100024	Reserved	USER_1
100025	Reserved	USER_2
100026	Reserved	USER_3
100027	Reserved	REQ_CTL
100028	Reserved	Reserved
100029	Reserved	Reserved
100030	Reserved	Reserved
100031	Reserved	Reserved
100032	Reserved	Reserved

Reference	ABB Drives profile	DCU Profile
100033	Delayed status of digital input DI1 (parameter 10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0)	Delayed status of digital input DI1 (parameter <i>10.02 DI</i> <i>delayed status</i> , bit 0)
100034	Delayed status of digital input DI2 (parameter 10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1)	Delayed status of digital input DI2 (parameter <i>10.02 DI</i> <i>delayed status</i> , bit 1)
100035	Delayed status of digital input DI3 (parameter 10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2)	Delayed status of digital input DI3 (parameter <i>10.02 DI</i> <i>delayed status</i> , bit 2)
100036	Delayed status of digital input DI4 (parameter 10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3)	Delayed status of digital input DI4 (parameter <i>10.02 DI</i> <i>delayed status</i> , bit 3)
100037	Delayed status of digital input DI5 (parameter 10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4)	Delayed status of digital input DI5 (parameter <i>10.02 DI</i> <i>delayed status</i> , bit 4)
100038	Delayed status of digital input DI6 (parameter 10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5)	Delayed status of digital input DI6 (parameter <i>10.02 DI</i> <i>delayed status</i> , bit 5)

#### Error code registers (holding registers 400090...400100)

These registers contain information about the last query. The error register is cleared when a query has finished successfully.

Reference	Name	Description
400090	Reset Error Registers	1 = Reset internal error registers (9195). 0 = Do nothing.
400091	Error Function Code	Function code of the failed query.
400092	Error Code	<ul> <li>Set when exception code 04h is generated (see table above).</li> <li>00h No error</li> <li>02h Low/High limit exceeded</li> <li>03h Faulty Index: Unavailable index of an array parameter</li> <li>05h Incorrect Data Type: Value does not match the data type of the parameter</li> <li>65h General Error: Undefined error when handling query</li> </ul>
400093	Failed Register	The last register (discrete input, coil, input register or holding register) that failed to be read or written.
400094	Last Register Written Successfully	The last register (discrete input, coil, input register or holding register) that was written successfully.
400095	Last Register Read Successfully	The last register (discrete input, coil, input register or holding register) that was read successfully.

# 11

## Fieldbus control through a fieldbus adapter

#### What this chapter contains

This chapter describes how the drive can be controlled by external devices over a communication network (fieldbus) through an optional fieldbus adapter module.

The fieldbus control interface of the drive is described first, followed by a configuration example.

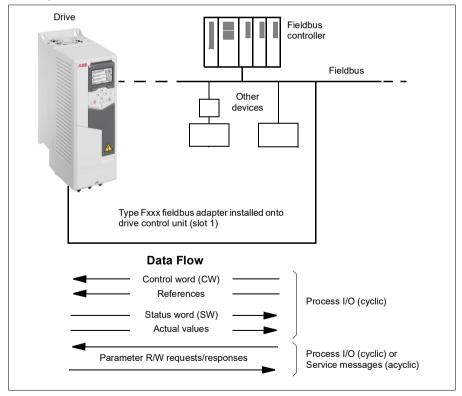
#### System overview

The drive can be connected to an external control system through an optional fieldbus adapter ("fieldbus adapter A" = FBA A) mounted onto the control unit of the drive. The drive can be configured to receive all of its control information through the fieldbus interface, or the control can be distributed between the fieldbus interface and other available sources such as digital and analog inputs, depending on how control locations EXT1 and EXT2 are configured.

Fieldbus adapters are available for various communication systems and protocols, for example

- CANopen (FCAN-01 adapter)
- ControlNet (FCNA-01 adapter)
- DeviceNet<sup>TM</sup> (FDNA-01 adapter)
- Ethernet POWERLINK (FEPL-02 adapter)
- EtherCAT (FECA-01 adapter)
- EtherNet/IP<sup>TM</sup> (FENA-21 adapter)
- Modbus/RTU (FSCA-01 adapter)
- Modbus/TCP (FMBT-21, FENA-21 adapter)
- PROFINET IO (FENA-21 adapter)
- PROFIBUS DP (FPBA-01 adapter)

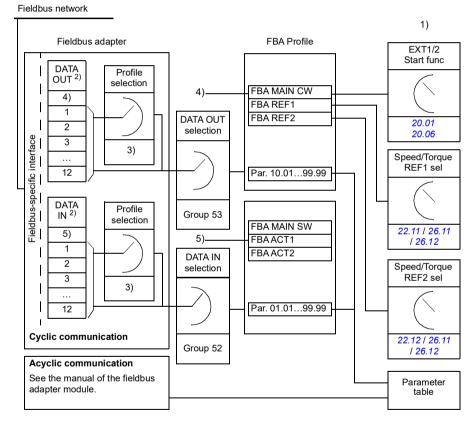
**Note:** The text and examples in this chapter describe the configuration of one fieldbus adapter (FBA A) by parameters 50.01...50.18 and parameter groups 51 FBA A settings...53 FBA A data out.



#### Basics of the fieldbus control interface

The cyclic communication between a fieldbus system and the drive consists of 16- or 32-bit input and output data words. The drive is able to support a maximum of 12 data words (16 bits) in each direction.

Data transmitted from the drive to the fieldbus controller is defined by parameters 52.01 FBA A data in1 ... 52.12 FBA A data in12. The data transmitted from the fieldbus controller to the drive is defined by parameters 53.01 FBA A data out1 ... 53.12 FBA A data out12.



- 1) See also other parameters which can be controlled from fieldbus.
- 2) The maximum number of data words used is protocol-dependent.
- 3) Profile/instance selection parameters. Fieldbus module specific parameters. For more information, see the *User's manual* of the appropriate fieldbus adapter module.
- 4) With DeviceNet, the control part is transmitted directly.
- 5) With DeviceNet, the actual value part is transmitted directly.

#### Control word and Status word

The Control word is the principal means for controlling the drive from a fieldbus system. It is sent by the fieldbus master station to the drive through the adapter module. The drive switches between its states according to the bit-coded instructions in the Control word, and returns status information to the master in the Status word.

For the ABB Drives communication profile, the contents of the Control word and the Status word are detailed on pages 541 and 543 respectively. The drive states are presented in the state diagram (page 544). For other fieldbus-specific communication profiles, see the manual of the fieldbus adapter.

The contents of the Control word and the Status word are detailed on pages 541 and 543 respectively. The drive states are presented in the state diagram (page 544).

#### Debugging the network words

If parameter 50.12 FBA A debug mode is set to Fast, the Control word received from the fieldbus is shown by parameter 50.13 FBA A control word, and the Status word transmitted to the fieldbus network by 50.16 FBA A status word. This "raw" data is very useful to determine if the fieldbus master is transmitting the correct data before handing control to the fieldbus network.

#### References

References are 16-bit words containing a sign bit and a 15-bit integer. A negative reference (indicating reversed direction of rotation) is formed by calculating the two's complement from the corresponding positive reference.

ABB drives can receive control information from multiple sources including analog and digital inputs, the drive control panel and a fieldbus adapter module. In order to have the drive controlled through the fieldbus, the module must be defined as the source for control information such as reference. This is done using the source selection parameters in groups 22 Speed reference selection, 26 Torque reference chain and 28 Frequency reference chain.

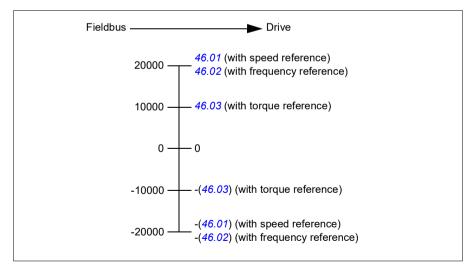
#### Debugging the network words

If parameter 50.12 FBA A debug mode is set to Fast, the references received from the fieldbus are displayed by 50.14 FBA A reference 1 and 50.15 FBA A reference 2.

#### Scaling of references

**Note:** The scalings described below are for the ABB Drives communication profile. Fieldbus-specific communication profiles may use different scalings. For more information, see the manual of the fieldbus adapter.

The references are scaled as defined by parameters 46.01...46.04; which scaling is in use depends on the setting of 50.04 FBA A ref1 type and 50.05 FBA A ref2 type.



The scaled references are shown by parameters 03.05 FB A reference 1 and 03.06 FB A reference 2.

#### Actual values

Actual values are 16-bit words containing information on the operation of the drive. The types of the monitored signals are selected by parameters 50.07 FBA A actual 1 type and 50.08 FBA A actual 2 type.

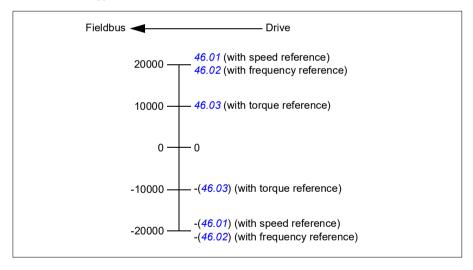
#### Debugging the network words

If parameter 50.12 FBA A debug mode is set to Fast, the actual values sent to the fieldbus are displayed by 50.17 FBA A actual value 1 and 50.18 FBA A actual value 2.

#### Scaling of actual values

**Note:** The scalings described below are for the ABB Drives communication profile. Fieldbus-specific communication profiles may use different scalings. For more information, see the manual of the fieldbus adapter.

The actual values are scaled as defined by parameters 46.01...46.04; which scaling is in use depends on the setting of parameters 50.07 FBA A actual 1 type and 50.08 FBA A actual 2 type.



#### Contents of the fieldbus Control word (ABB Drives profile)

The upper case boldface text refers to the states shown in the state diagram (page 544).

Bit	Name	Value	STATE/Description
0	Off1 control	1	Proceed to READY TO OPERATE.
		0	Stop along currently active deceleration ramp. Proceed to <b>OFF1</b> <b>ACTIVE</b> ; proceed to <b>READY TO SWITCH ON</b> unless other interlocks (OFF2, OFF3) are active.
1	Off2 control	1	Continue operation (OFF2 inactive).
		0	Emergency OFF, coast to a stop. Proceed to OFF2 ACTIVE, proceed to SWITCH-ON INHIBITED.
2	Off3 control	1	Continue operation (OFF3 inactive).
		0	Emergency stop, stop within time defined by drive parameter. Proceed to OFF3 ACTIVE; proceed to SWITCH-ON INHIBITED.
			WARNING: Ensure motor and driven machine can be stopped using this stop mode.
3	Run	1	Proceed to OPERATION ENABLED.
			Note: Run enable signal must be active; see the drive documentation. If the drive is set to receive the Run enable signal from the fieldbus, this bit activates the signal.
		0	Inhibit operation. Proceed to OPERATION INHIBITED.
			See also parameter 06.18 Start inhibit status word (page 212).
4	Ramp out zero	1	Normal operation. Proceed to RAMP FUNCTION GENERATOR: OUTPUT ENABLED.
		0	Force Ramp function generator output to zero. The drive will immediately decelerate to zero speed (observing the torque limits).
5	Ramp hold	1	ramp function. Proceed to RAMP FUNCTION GENERATOR: ACCELERATOR ENABLED.
		0	Halt ramping (Ramp Function Generator output held).
6	Ramp in zero	1	Normal operation. Proceed to <b>OPERATING</b> . <b>Note:</b> This bit is effective only if the fieldbus interface is set as the source for this signal by drive parameters.
		0	Force Ramp function generator input to zero.
7	Reset	0=>1	Fault reset if an active fault exists. Proceed to SWITCH-ON INHIBITED.
			<b>Note:</b> This bit is effective only if the fieldbus interface is set as the source of the reset signal by drive parameters.
		0	Continue normal operation.
8	Inching 1	1	Accelerate to inching (jogging) setpoint 1. Notes:
			• Bits 46 must be 0.
			<ul> <li>See also section Rush control (page 165).</li> </ul>
		0	Inching (jogging) 1 disabled.
9	Inching 2	1	Accelerate to inching (jogging) setpoint 2. See notes at bit 8.
		0	Inching (jogging) 2 disabled.
10	Remote cmd	1	Fieldbus control enabled.
		0	Control word and reference not getting through to the drive, except for bits 02.
11	Ext ctrl loc	1	Select External Control Location EXT2. Effective if control location is parameterized to be selected from fieldbus.
		0	Select External Control Location EXT1. Effective if control location is parameterized to be selected from fieldbus.

#### 542 Fieldbus control through a fieldbus adapter

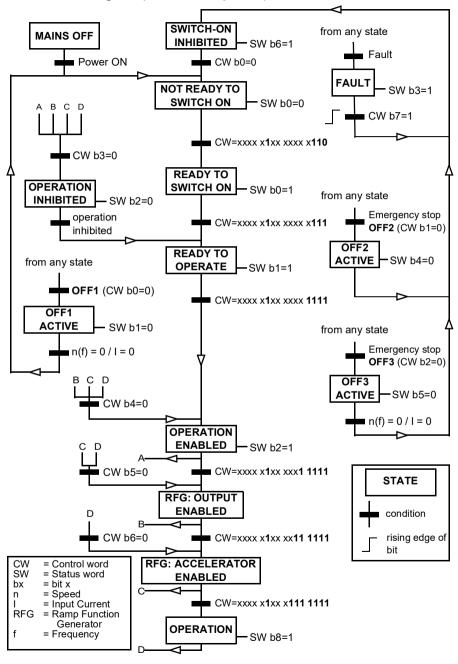
Bit	Name	Value	STATE/Description
12	User bit 0	1	-
13	User bit 1	1	
14	User bit 2	1 0	
15	User bit 3	1 0	

#### Contents of the fieldbus Status word (ABB Drives profile)

The upper case boldface text refers to the states shown in the state diagram (page 544).

Bit	Name	Value	STATE/Description
0	Ready to switch	1	READY TO SWITCH ON.
	ON	0	NOT READY TO SWITCH ON.
1	Ready run	1	READY TO OPERATE.
		0	OFF1 ACTIVE.
2	Ready ref	Ready ref 1 OPERATION ENABLED.	
		0	OPERATION INHIBITED.
			See also parameter 06.18 Start inhibit status word (page 212).
3	Tripped	1	FAULT.
		0	No fault.
4	Off 2 inactive	1	OFF2 inactive.
		0	OFF2 ACTIVE.
5	Off 3 inactive	1	OFF3 inactive.
		0	OFF3 ACTIVE.
6	Switch-on inhibited	1	SWITCH-ON INHIBITED.
		0	-
7	Warning	1	Warning active.
		0	No warning active.
8	At setpoint	1	<b>OPERATING</b> . Actual value equals reference = is within tolerance
			limits (see parameters 46.2146.23).
		0	Actual value differs from reference = is outside tolerance limits.
9	Remote	1	Drive control location: REMOTE (EXT1 or EXT2).
		0	Drive control location: LOCAL.
10	Above limit	-	See bit 10 of 06.17 Drive status word 2.
11	User bit 0	-	See parameter 06.30 MSW bit 11 selection.
12	User bit 1	-	See parameter 06.31 MSW bit 12 selection.
13	User bit 2	-	See parameter 06.32 MSW bit 13 selection.
14	User bit 3	-	See parameter 06.33 MSW bit 14 selection.
15	Reserved		

The state diagram (ABB Drives profile)



#### Setting up the drive for fieldbus control

- 1. Install the fieldbus adapter module mechanically and electrically according to the instructions given in the *User's manual* of the module.
- 2. Power up the drive.
- 3. Enable the communication between the drive and the fieldbus adapter module with parameter 50.01 FBA A enable.
- With 50.02 FBA A comm loss func, select how the drive should react to a fieldbus communication break.
   Note: This function monitors both the communication between the fieldbus master and the adapter module and the communication between the adapter module and the drive.
- 5. With 50.03 FBA A comm loss t out, define the time between communication break detection and the selected action.
- Select application-specific values for the rest of the parameters in group 50 Fieldbus adapter (FBA), starting from 50.04. Examples of appropriate values are shown in the tables below.
- 7. Set the fieldbus adapter module configuration parameters in group 51 FBAA settings. As a minimum, set the required node address and the communication profile.
- Define the process data transferred to and from the drive in parameter groups 52 FBA A data in and 53 FBA A data out.
   Note: Depending on the communication protocol and profile being used, the Control word and Status word may already be configured to be sent/received by the communication system.
- 9. Save the valid parameter values to permanent memory by setting parameter 96.07 Parameter save manually to Save.
- 10. Validate the settings made in parameter groups 51, 52 and 53 by setting parameter 51.27 FBA A par refresh to Configure.
- Configure control locations EXT1 and EXT2 to allow control and reference signals to come from the fieldbus. Examples of appropriate values are shown in the tables below.

## Parameter setting example: FPBA (PROFIBUS DP) with ABB Drives profile

This example shows how to configure a basic speed control application that uses the ABB Drives communication profile with PPO Type 2. The start/stop commands and reference are according to the ABB Drives profile, speed control mode.

The reference values sent over the fieldbus have to be scaled within the drive so they have the desired effect. The reference value  $\pm 16384$  (4000h) corresponds to the range of speed set in parameter 46.01 Speed scaling (both forward and reverse directions). For example, if 46.01 is set to 480 rpm, then 4000h sent over fieldbus will request 480 rpm.

Direction	PZD1	PZD2	PZD3	PZD4	PZD5	PZD6
Out	Control word	Speed reference	Acc time	1	Dec time	e 1
In	Status word	Speed actual value	Motor cu	rrent	DC volta	ige

The table below gives the recommended drive parameter settings.

Drive parameter	Setting for ACX580 drives	Description
50.01 FBA A enable	1 = [slot number]	s communication between the drive and the fieldbus adapter module.
50.04 FBA A ref1 type	4 = Speed	Selects the fieldbus A reference 1 type and scaling.
50.07 FBA A actual 1 type	<b>0</b> = Speed or frequency	Selects the actual value type and scaling according to the currently active Ref1 mode defined in parameter 50.04.
51.01 FBA A type	<b>1</b> = FPBA <sup>1)</sup>	Displays the type of the fieldbus adapter module.
51.02 Node address	3 <sup>2)</sup>	Defines the PROFIBUS node address of the fieldbus adapter module.
51.03 Baud rate	12000 <sup>1)</sup>	Displays the current baud rate on the PROFIBUS network in kbit/s.
51.04 MSG type	<b>1</b> = PPO2 <sup>1)</sup>	Displays the telegram type selected by the PLC configuration tool.
51.05 Profile	1 = ABB Drives	Selects the Control word according to the ABB Drives profile (speed control mode).
51.07 RPBA mode	0 = Disabled	Disables the RPBA emulation mode.
52.01 FBA data in1	<b>4</b> = SW 16bit <sup>1)</sup>	Status word
52.02 FBA data in2	<b>5</b> = Act1 16bit	Actual value 1
52.03 FBA data in3	01.07 <sup>2)</sup>	Motor current
52.05 FBA data in5	01.11 <sup>2)</sup>	DC voltage
53.01 FBA data out1	<b>1</b> = CW 16bit <sup>1)</sup>	Control word
53.02 FBA data out2	<b>2</b> = Ref1 16bit	Reference 1 (speed)

Drive parameter	Setting for ACX580 drives	Description	
53.03 FBA data out3	23.12 <sup>2)</sup>	Acceleration time 1	
53.05 FBA data out5	23.13 <sup>2)</sup>	Deceleration time 1	
51.27 FBA A par refresh	1 = Configure	Validates the configuration parameter settings.	
19.12 Ext1 control mode	2 = Speed	Selects speed control as the control mode 1 for external control location EXT1.	
0.01 Ext1 commands <b>12</b> = Fieldbus A		Selects fieldbus adapter A as the source of the start and stop commands for external control location EXT1.	
20.02 Ext1 start trigger type	1 = <i>Level</i>	Selects a level-triggered start signal for external control location EXT1.	
22.11 Ext1 speed ref1	<b>4</b> = FB A ref1	Selects fieldbus A reference 1 as the source for speed reference 1.	

<sup>1)</sup> Read-only or automatically detected/set

<sup>2)</sup> Example

Control word:

- 477h (1143 decimal) → READY TO SWITCH ON
- 47Fh (1151 decimal) → OPERATING (Speed mode)

#### Start sequence:

- \* 476h  $\rightarrow$  NOT READY TO SWITCH ON
- If MSW bit 0 = 1 then
  - 477h → READY TO SWITCH ON (Stopped)
  - 47Fh  $\rightarrow$  OPERATION (Running)

#### Stop sequence:

- 477h = Stop according to 21.03 Stop mode
- 47Eh = OFF1 ramp stop (Note: uninterruptable ramp stop)

#### Fault reset:

• Rising edge of MCW bit 7

#### Start after STO:

If 31.22 STO indication run/stop is not Fault/ Fault, check that 06.18 Start inhibit status word, bit 7 STO = 0 before giving a start command.

#### Automatic drive configuration for fieldbus control

The parameters set on module detection are shown in the table below. See also parameters 07.35 Drive configuration and 07.36 Drive configuration 2.

Option	50.01 FBA A enable	50.02 FBA A comm loss func	51.02 FBA A Par2	51.04 FBA A Par4	51.05 FBA A Par5	51.06 FBA A Par6
FENA-21	1 (Enable)	0 (No action)	11	0	-	-
FECA-01	1 (Enable)	0 (No action)	0	-	-	-
FPBA-01	1 (Enable)	0 (No action)	-	-	1	-
FCAN-01	1 (Enable)	0 (No action)	-	-	0	-
FSCA-01	1 (Enable)	0 (No action)	-	-	-	10
FEIP-21	1 (Enable)	0 (No action)	100	0	-	-
FMBT-21	1 (Enable)	0 (No action)	0	0	-	-
FPNO-21	1 (Enable)	0 (No action)	11	0	-	-
FEPL-02	1 (Enable)	0 (No action)	-	-	-	-
FDNA-01	1 (Enable)	0 (No action)	-	-	-	-
FCNA-01	1 (Enable)	0 (No action)	-	-	-	-

Option	51.07 FBA A Par7	51.21 FBA A Par21	51.23 FBA A Par23	51.24 FBA A Par24	52.01 FBA data in1	52.02 FBA data in2
FENA-21	-	-	-	-	4	5
FECA-01	-	-	-	-	-	-
FPBA-01	-	-	-	-	4	5
FCAN-01	-	-	-	-	-	-
FSCA-01	1	-	-	-	-	
FEIP-21	-	-	128	128	-	-
FMBT-21	-	1	-	-	-	-
FBIP-21	-	-	-	-	-	-
FPNO-21	-	-	-	-	4	5
FEPL-02	-	-	-	-	-	-
FDNA-01	-	-	-	-	-	-
FCNA-01	-	-	-	-	-	-

Option	53.01 FBA data out1	53.02 FBA data out2
FENA-21	1	2
FECA-01	-	-
FPBA-01	1	2
FCAN-01	-	-
FSCA-01		
FEIP-21	-	-
FMBT-21	-	-
FPNO-21	1	2
FEPL-02	-	-

Option	53.01 FBA data out1	53.02 FBA data out2
FDNA-01	-	-
FCNA-01	-	-

# 12

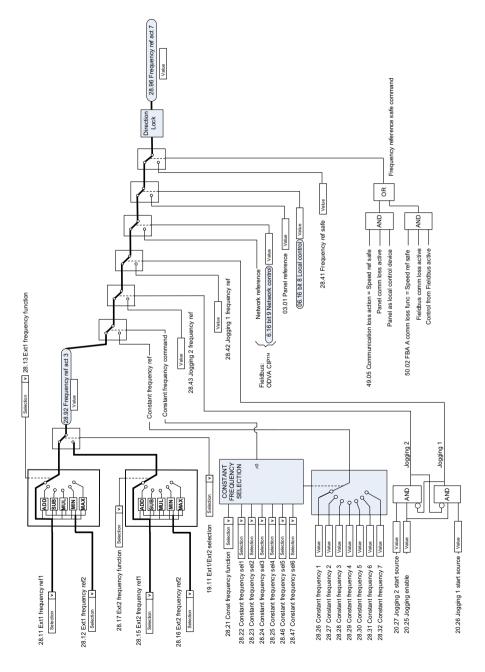
# **Control chain diagrams**

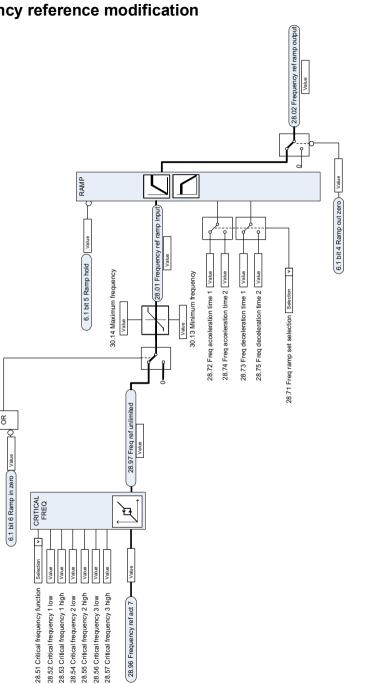
#### Contents of this chapter

The chapter presents the reference chains of the drive. The control chain diagrams can be used to trace how parameters interact and where parameters have an effect within the drive parameter system.

For a more general diagram, see section Operating modes of the drive (page 112).

#### Frequency reference selection

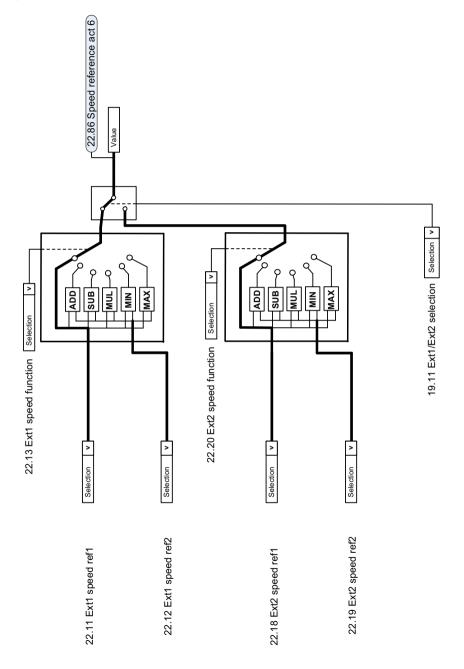




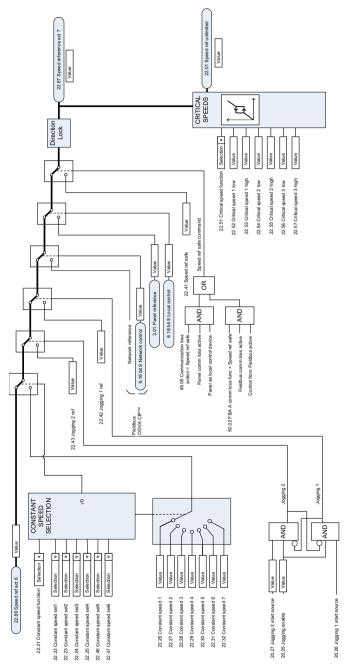
#### Frequency reference modification

28.76 Freq ramp in zero source Selection v Value

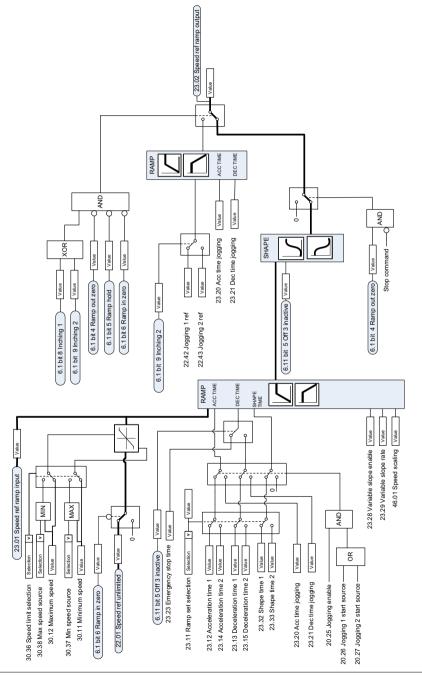
#### Speed reference source selection I

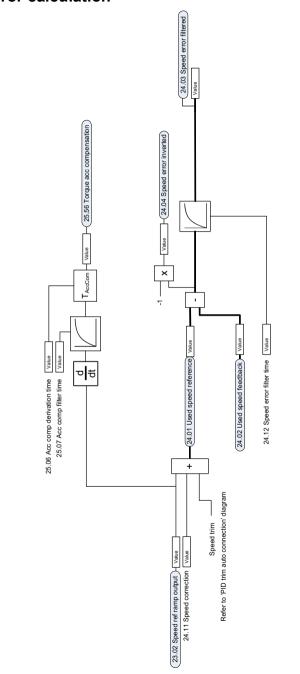


#### Speed reference source selection II



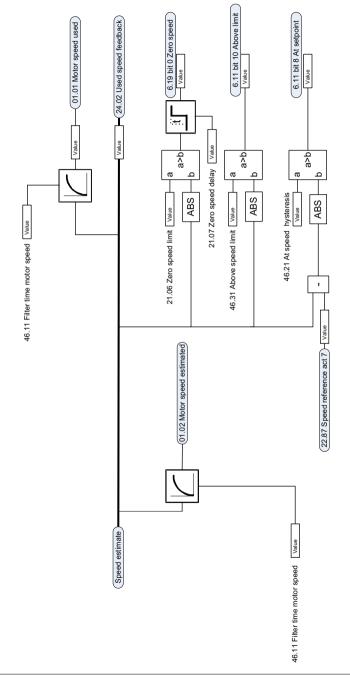


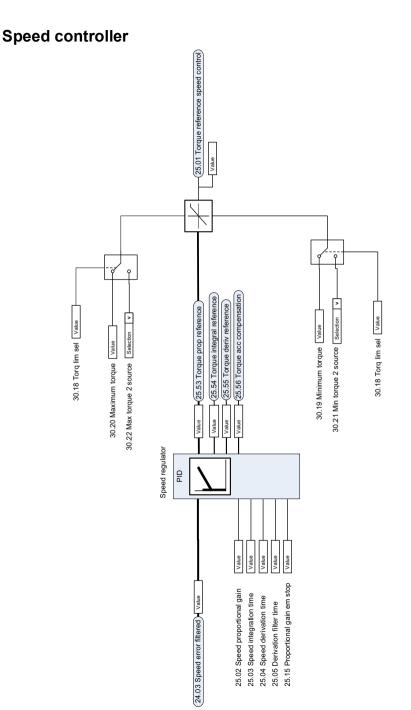


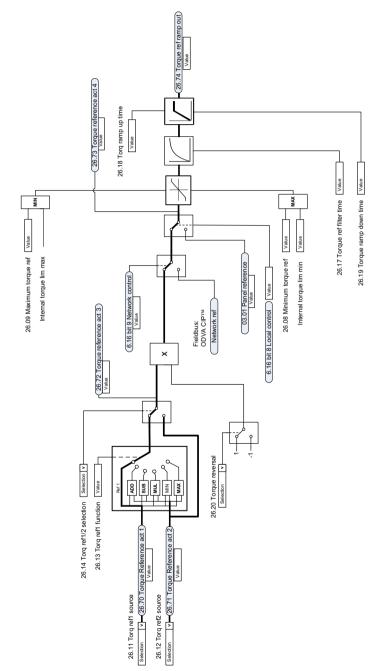


#### Speed error calculation

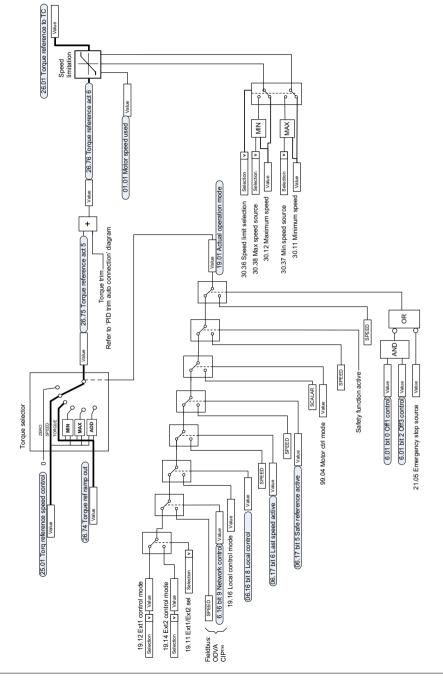
#### Speed feedback





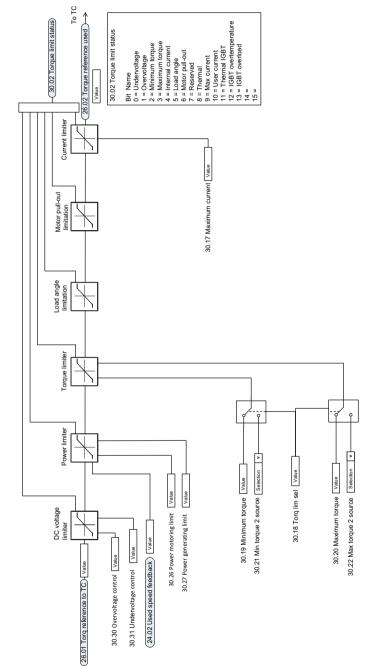


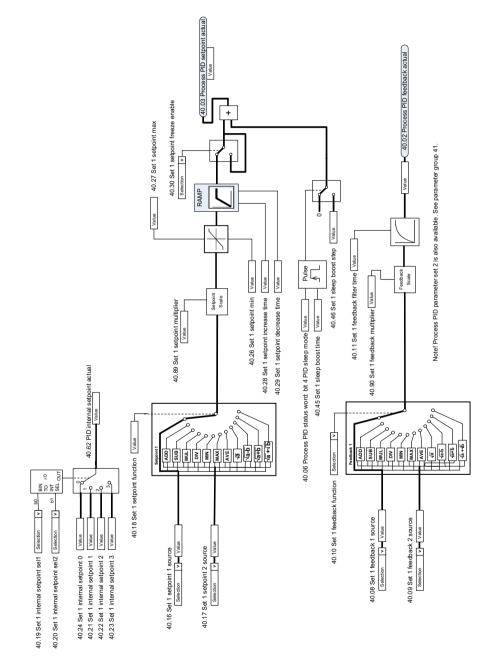
#### Torque reference source selection and modification



#### Reference selection for torque controller

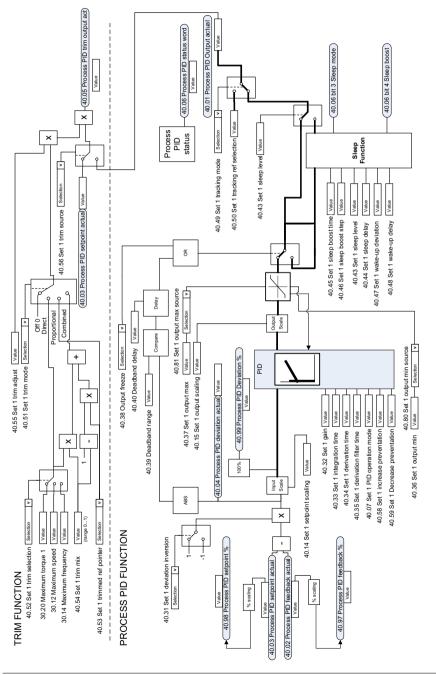
#### **Torque limitation**





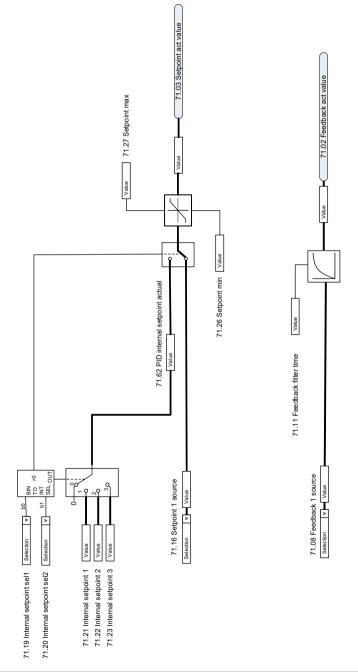
#### Process PID setpoint and feedback source selection

#### **Process PID controller**

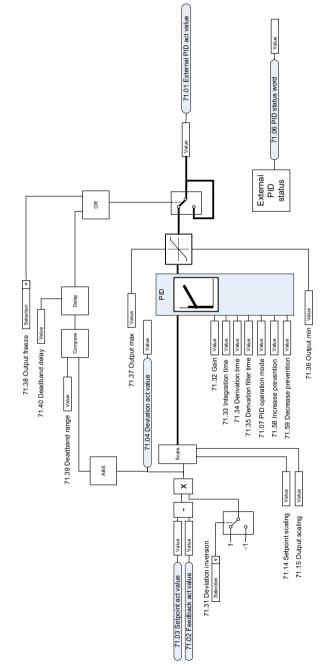


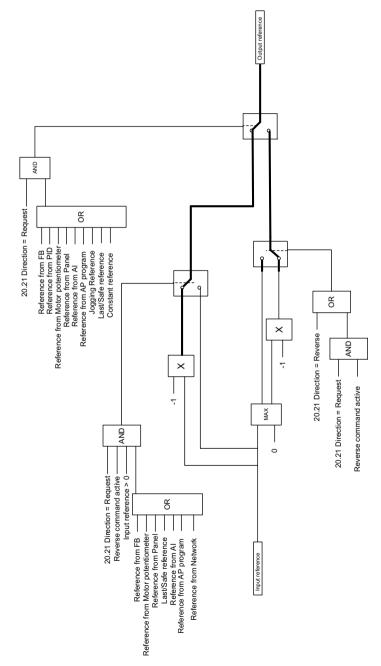
Note! Process PID parameter set 2 is also available. See parameter group 41.

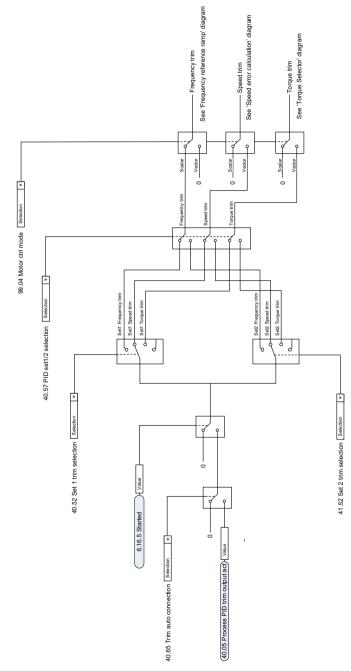












#### **PID trim auto connection**

### **Further information**

#### **Product and service inquiries**

Address any inquiries about the product to your local ABB representative, quoting the type designation and serial number of the unit in question. A listing of ABB sales, support and service contacts can be found by navigating to abb.com/searchchannels.

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